

A public agency providing reliable, quality water at a reasonable cost to the Santa Clarita Valley



Setting Out On a Transformational Path for Santa Clarita Valley Water

This year's budget represents a year of transition. If pending legislation passes and is signed into law, FY 2017/18 will be a year of unprecedented transformation in our region's water supply and delivery organizations, including Castaic Lake Water Agency and Santa Clarita Water Division.

SB 634 would create a new water district consisting of the former Newhall County Water District, Castaic Lake Water Agency, and CLWA's retail subsidiary Santa Clarita Water Division, as of January 1, 2018. The new successor district would take necessary steps for the dissolution and transfer of Valencia Water Company in early 2018.

The resulting Santa Clarita Valley Water District will provide retail water services to over 70,000 metered connections, and manage imported, groundwater, recycled water and conservation efforts at a watershed-wide level. LA County's 1,350 service connection Waterworks District #36 would remain a wholesale customer within the new district, as it is today.

A new 15-member board, consisting of the current CLWA and NCWD board members, will be seated in January 2018 to govern the new water district. Over time, the board will be reduced to 9 members through voter decisions in subsequent election cycles. The new board will oversee the integration of the retail and wholesale entities into a single district, with efficiencies and cost savings estimated at \$14 million over the first 10 years and \$1.6 million per year by year 3. The vision that has been articulated is to bring forth the "best of each" water entity and create a "best in class" new water district to serve this community into the future.

Our management team and staff will dedicate themselves to getting through many details and changes during the transition phase, while continuing to provide excellent customer service and engaging in the wider changing water resources and water policies in our state. These include local implementation of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act, continued efforts to reach the State's 20%x2020 water use efficiency targets (and new State water conservation targets that are being developed in legislation this summer), as well as progress towards the Cal WaterFix to address delta ecosystem and operational reliability concerns for the State Water Project.

We look forward to the challenge ahead.

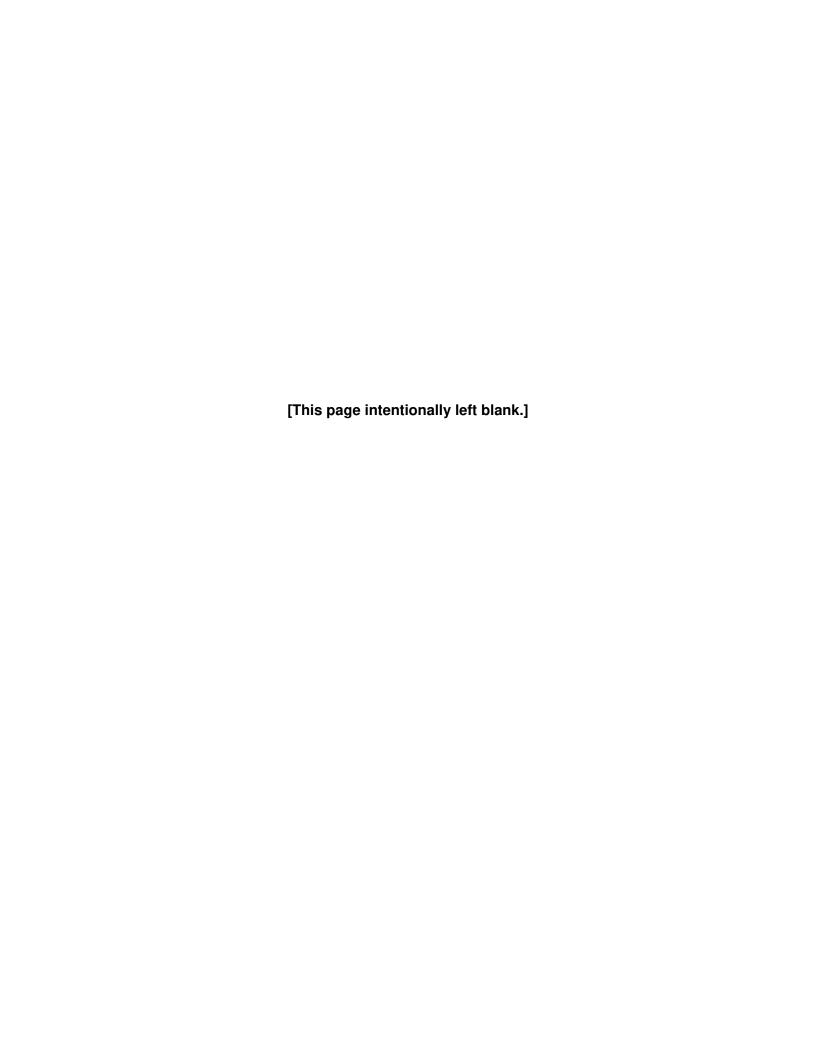
Cover photo:

• Water is treated and fed into one of several water filters at the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant, which overlooks Castaic Lake Water Agency's Water Conservation Garden.

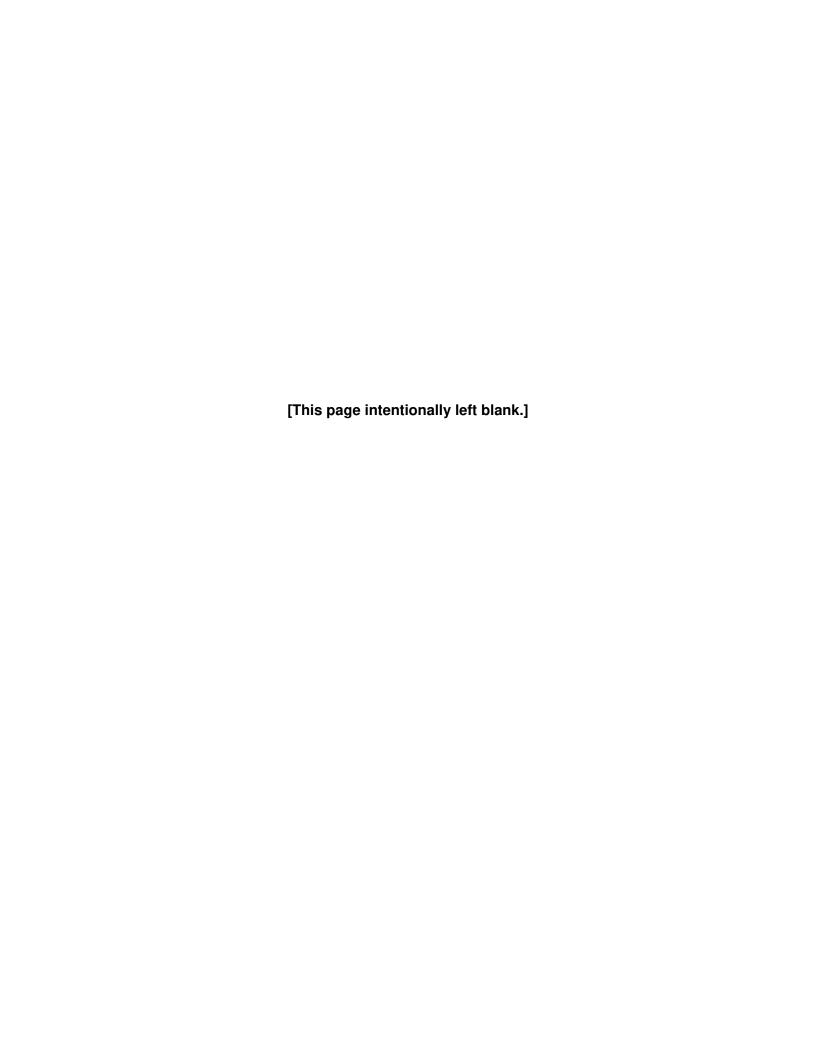


The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the Castaic Lake Water Agency, California for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.









GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

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Santa Clarita Water Division California

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

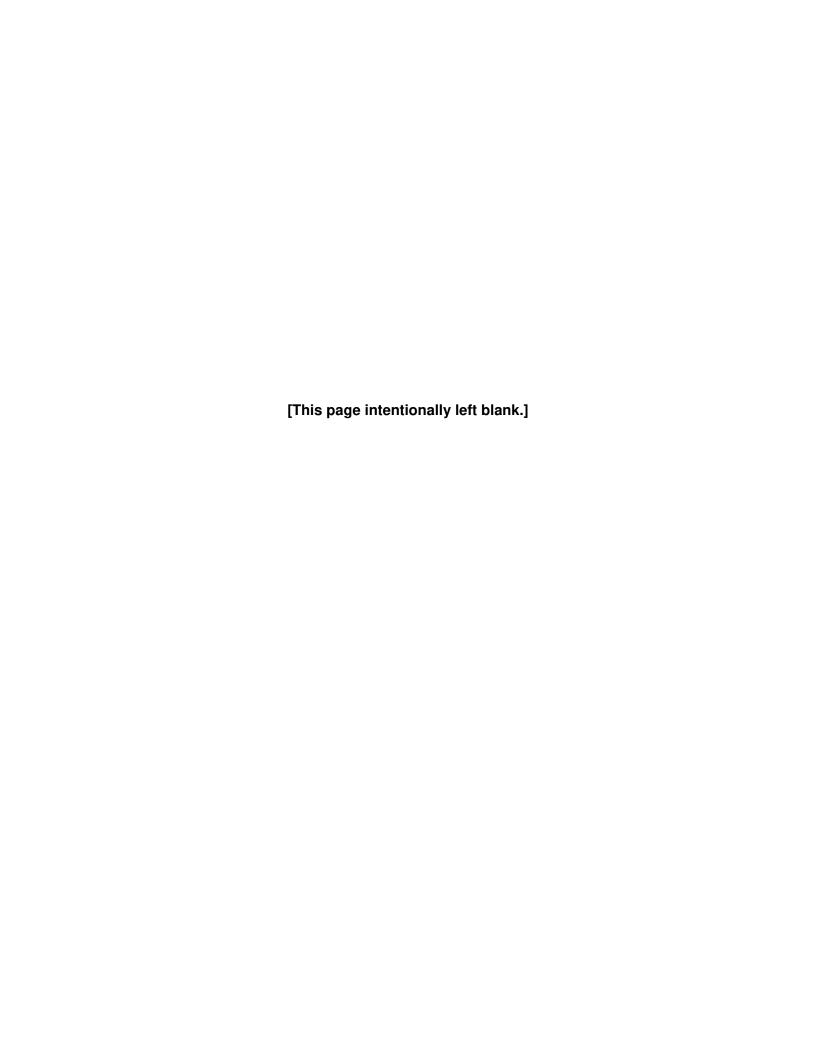
July 1, 2016

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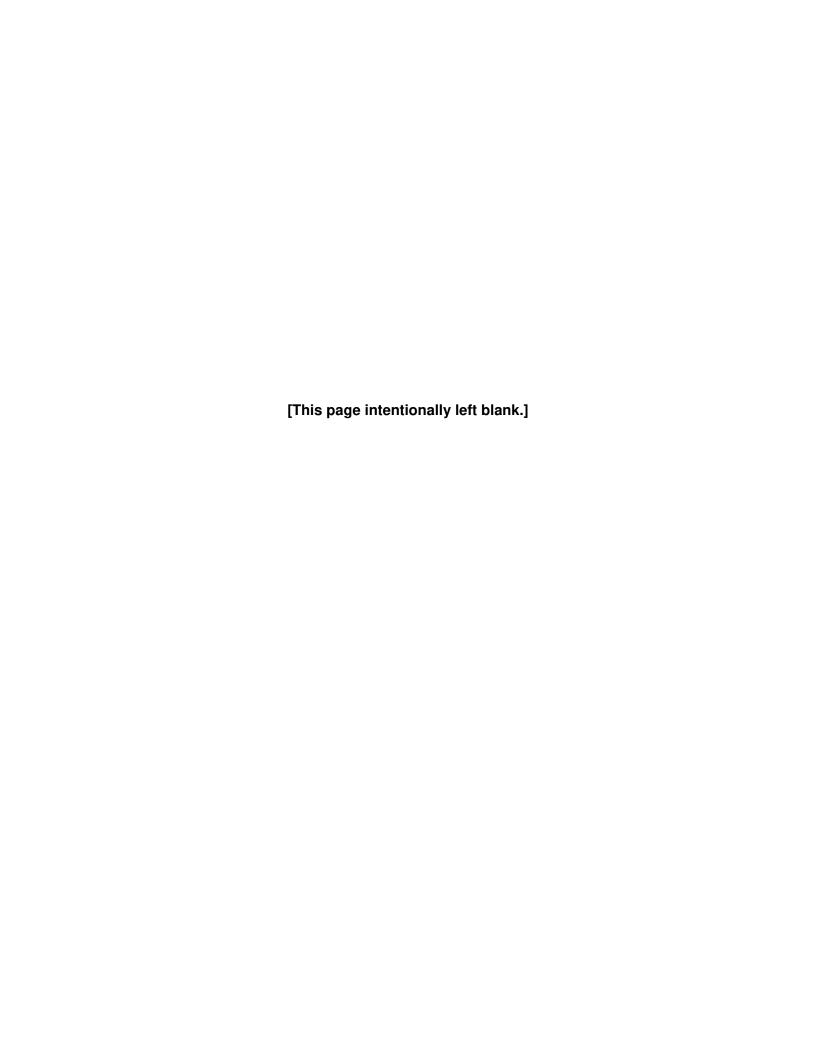
Executive Director

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Water Supply Reliability Near-term Financial Issues

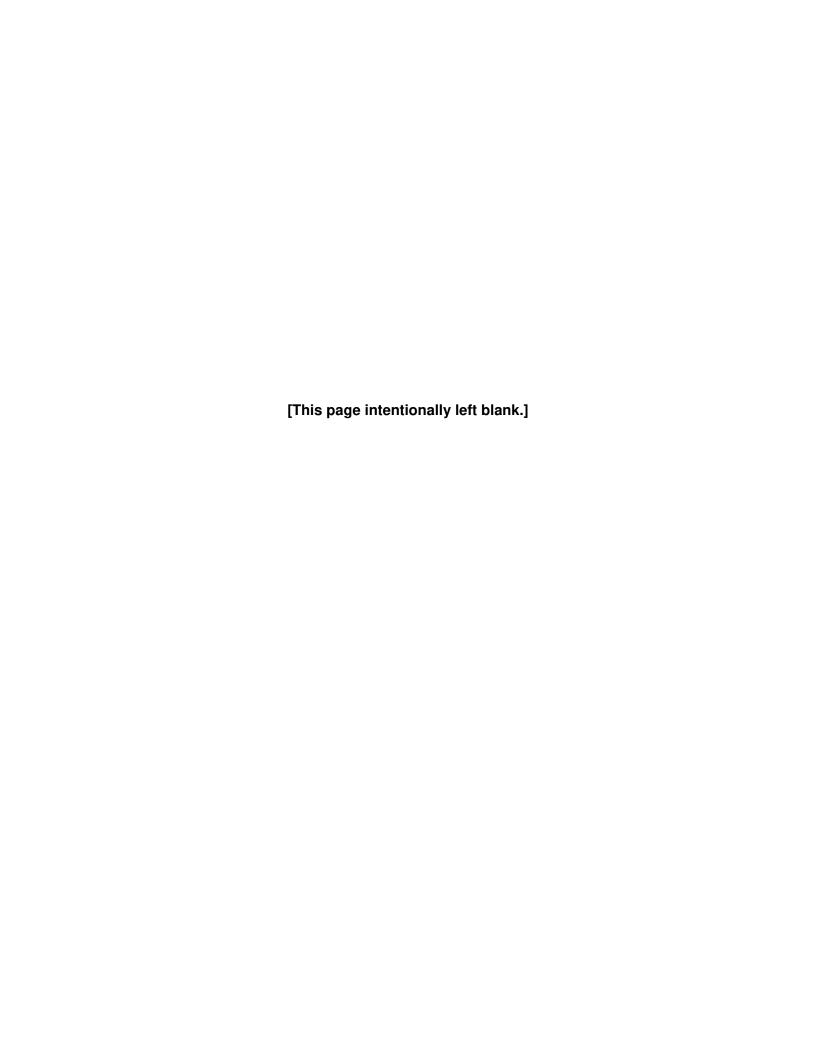
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July 1, 2017

Castaic Lake Water Agency Board of Directors

Management is pleased to present the FY 2017/18 Budget, which reflects the Castaic Lake Water Agency's planned activities to meet the Agency's mission statement and strategic plan. This FY 2017/18 Budget document combines the financial presentations for the wholesale and retail operations of the Agency, and represents the spending plan for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017 and the revenues and resources available to fund the plan. The FY 2017/18 Budget reflects our commitment to providing an affordable, reliable supply of high quality water to our customers. It also serves as a financial plan and operations guide for FY 2017/18. The FY 2017/18 Operating Budgets include modest increases of 3.7% for wholesale operations and 9% for retail operations.



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AGENCY-WIDE KEY INITIATIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Key Initiative - Ongoing Conservation Efforts

During FY 2016/17 and anticipated for FY 2017/18, the Agency takes a well-appreciated break from ongoing drought conditions and state-mandated conservation. On April 7, 2017, the Governor declared an end to the drought and lifted emergency conservation orders. However, the Governor's order kept in place conservation measures that will be a permanent way of life in California, including but not limited to bans on watering lawns within 48 hours of rain and washing cars without a shut-off nozzle on the hose. Water agencies will continue to have to report every month to the California State Water Resources Control Board on how much water is being used. And the Agency is still working to comply with SBX7-7, which calls for a 20 percent reduction in per capita water use by 2020 (i.e., 20% by 2020). This legislation requires each local water retail purveyor to develop a baseline per capita water use, an interim 2015 water use target and a 2020 compliance target. Several pieces of new legislation are pending this year which impose additional water use reduction goals on local water providers across the state beyond 2020. The FY 2017/18 Budget continues funding for a variety of conservation programs to meet these requirements.

Key Initiative – Sustainable Groundwater Management Act

Another outcome of California's historic drought was the 2014 passage of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). The Agency is cooperating with the local retail water retailers, the City of Santa Clarita and the County of Los Angeles to create a Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA). The GSA will be responsible for developing a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) by 2022 which may impact the quantities of groundwater available during dry years. Activities in progress include continued work with a GSA formation workgroup, numerous meetings and public workshops, development of an MOU to establish the GSA and then working to implement the GSA. The FY 2017/18 budget continues funding for this work.

Key Initiative – Continued Development of Technology to Enhance Agency Operations

The Agency continues to implement its asset management and Geographic Information Systems (GIS) programs, as well as enhancements to the Utility Billing/Customer Information Systems (UB/CIS).

Key Initiative - Wholesale Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Funding

The Agency's current CIP for Major Capital projects shows 20 projects being constructed over the next ten years. Assuming the Agency is able to obtain some grant funding for the recycled water projects, this

program would require over \$160 million in additional funding. The Agency typically funds Major Capital Projects through the issuance of debt (Minor Capital and Repair and Replacement Projects are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis). At this time, the FY 2017/18 Budget 10-year forecast includes additional debt issuance of \$30.5 million in 2019 and \$39.1 million in 2021 to cover project funding for the next five years. At this time, the ten-year forecast indicates that additional revenue beyond that forecasted from Facility Capacity Fees and the Agency's share of local 1% property tax revenue would be required to support annual debt service payments for additional bond issues in 2023 (\$38.6 million) and 2024 (\$55.2 million) to complete the projects. To continue funding the long-term CIP, the Agency will need to review is existing revenue streams, review additional availability of grant funding, consider deferring projects and will likely need to consider additional revenue sources.

The most likely revenue source would be to include a capital component in the Agency's wholesale water rates. This would most likely represent a significant increase in wholesale water rates. It would also be a means for the Agency to add a more significant pay-as-you-go component to its Capital Improvement Program funding, and become less reliant on long-term debt.

Key Initiative - Recycled Water Program

At this time, to deal with the ongoing drought situation and mandates for reductions in potable water use, as well as to maximize the use of "local" water supplies, the Agency is moving forward with planning and design of four recycled water projects. However, completion of the environmental impact report and planning documents are deferred pending resolution of environmental documentation issues related to the Santa Clarita Valley Sanitation District's (SCVSD) Chloride Compliance Project. The SCVSD is performing additional studies and analyses in response to legal challenge to its Chloride Compliance Project Environmental Impact Report (EIR). SCVSD's schedule for preparation and adoption of a revised EIR is unknown at this time. The SCVSD work is impacting the Agency's Recycled Water Program activities, including adoption of the Recycled Updated Water Master Plan and Preliminary EIR. The Agency is processing CEQA documentation and final design for the four Recycled Water Phase II projects in preparation for grant application processes. Agency staff is actively pursuing grant funding to help offset project costs. The Phase 2 projects will add approximately 2,400 AFY of recycled water capacity to the existing 475 AFY Phase 1 recycled water system. The wholesale portion of the Agency will construct the Phase II backbone projects, and the retail portion of the Agency will construct and operate Phase 2B – Vista Canyon.

Key Initiative - New Water District

After a year of study and public discussion, on December 13, 2016, the respective Boards of the Castaic Lake Water Agency and the Newhall County Water District voted to seek legislation to create a new public water district for the region. On February 17, 2017, State Senator Scott Wilk of California's 21st District introduced Senate Bill 634, the Santa Clarita Valley Water District Act (Act). The Act is required to create the new water District, and the Agency and NCWD would become part of the new District. The bill is currently being reviewed by various legislative committees. NCWD and CLWA anticipate the bill will be enacted in 2017 with implementation to take place in 2018. This FY 2017/18 Budget does not reflect any potential operational changes related to this effort. The FY 2017/18 Wholesale System budget includes funds for the implementation of a new district, but does not anticipate any operational changes due to the new district.

Staffing Changes

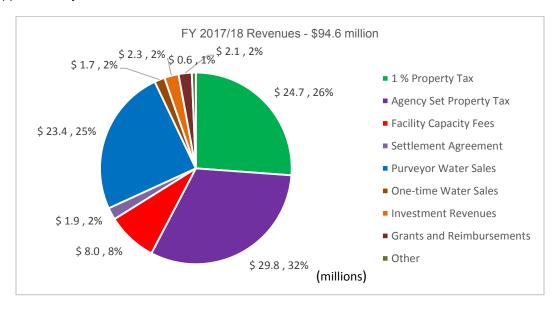
The Proposed FY 2017/18 includes the following staffing changes. For Agency-wide positions, the proposed FY 2017/18 Budget includes one new position of Assistant General Manager and one new position of Human Resources Analyst as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017, allocated to both wholesale and retail operations. For Wholesale Operations positions, one new position of Principal Water Resources Planner and one new position of Accounting Technician II as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017, as well as an upgrade of one Public Affairs Specialist III position to a Public Information Officer as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017 and

reallocation of one position of Water Conservation Education Specialist to Event Coordinator to support outreach activities. For Retail Operations Positions, one new position of Senior Instrumentation Technician to support SCADA operations and a reallocation of one Senior Engineer to Principal Engineer.

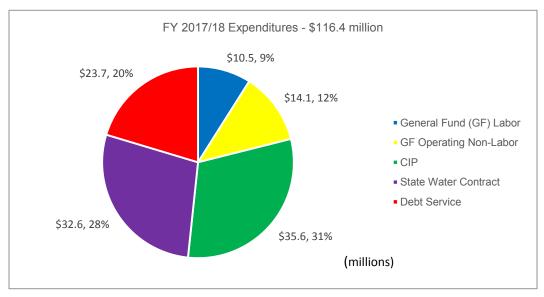
Total staffing will be 145 positions, of which 78 are assigned to wholesale operations, 59 to retail operations and eight (8) shared Agency-wide.

FY 2017/18 BUDGET AND PROGRAMS FOR WHOLESALE SYSTEM

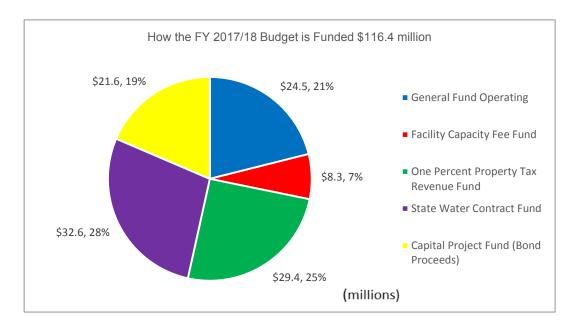
The total revenues of \$94.6 million are comprised of \$29.8 million in Agency-set property tax revenues, \$24.7 million in one percent property tax revenues, \$23.4 million in water sales based on retail purveyor FY 2017/18 requests of 45,650 acre-feet (AF), \$1.6 million for one-time sales of surplus water to other agencies, \$8.0 million in Facility Capacity Fees, \$2.3 million in investment revenues, \$2.1 million in grants and reimbursements, \$1.9 million from perchlorate contamination settlement agreement reimbursements and approximately \$800,000 in other revenues.



Total expenditures for FY 2017/18 are budgeted at \$116.4 million and are comprised of General Fund/Operating Budget expenditures of \$24.5 million, debt service payments of \$23.7 million, State Water Contract Fund expenditures of \$32.6 million and capital improvement program (CIP) expenditures of \$35.6 million.



These expenditures are funded by a combination of current year revenues, available fund balances from prior year revenues and bond proceeds received in May 2016.



Revenue Situation

Revenue levels in FY 2017/18 are very similar to those of FY 2016/17.

- Based on local water retail purveyor requests for FY 2017/18, variable rate water revenue is projected to be \$9,052,700. However, to be fiscally conservative, the budget only assumes \$8,000,000 in variable rate revenue. Fixed and variable water revenues are budgeted at \$22.6 million.
- ♦ The Agency's assessed valuation is projected to increase by 5 percent, a similar increase as in FY 2016/17, resulting in modest increases in one percent property tax revenues and the Agency-set tax revenue that funds SWP expenditures. The FY 2017/18 Budget does not anticipate any change in the Agency-set tax rate.
 - o Agency-set Tax Revenues increase from \$28.4 million to \$29.8 million.
 - One Percent Property Tax Revenues increase from \$23.5 million to \$24.7 million.
- Facility Capacity Fee revenues are budgeted at \$8 million, the same as estimated revenues of \$8 million in FY 2016/17. The 2017 Facility Capacity Fee study is underway and may result in changes to the fees and revenue stream.
- Grants and Reimbursements Revenues are projected to be \$2.1 million, consisting principally of:
 - \$1.0 million for the Foothill Feeder Project.
 - o \$700,000 million for the Rosedale Rio Brave Extraction Project.
 - \$200,000 for Saugus Dry Year Reliability Wells.

General Fund/Operating Budget

The proposed FY 2017/18 General Fund/Operating Budget has a modest increase of 3.7%, from \$23,680,100 to \$24,546,700, which is consistent with the current wholesale water rate structure. The Operating Budget does not include any new programs or initiatives but continues current programs. The Operating Budget does include four new positions as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017. These positions are to address current programs and workload and are consistent with the current wholesale water rate schedule. The significant components of the General Fund/Operating Budget are:

- One new position of Assistant General Manager in the Management Budget as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017 (\$300,000).
- ◆ Two new positions in accounting and human resources in the Administration Department as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017 (\$100,000).
- ♦ In the Water Resources Department, one new position of Principal Water Resources Planner (\$109,000) and upgrade of a Public Affairs Specialist III position to a Public Information Officer (\$36,000) as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017.
- ♦ Reduced funding for the Water Resources Department BMP Implementation account due to reduced demand for water conservation activities and deferral of a drought outreach campaign (reduction of \$850,000).
- Continued transfer of 550 AF of BV/RRB water from the Capital Budget to the Operating Budget and an increased cost based on a ten-year contractual adjustment (\$986,600).
- Placeholder funds for grant administration activities pending the results of an organizational study (\$70,000).
- ♠ Reduced funding for Water Treatment Operations Electricity Treatment Plants based on solar project credits (reduction of \$152,000).
- Increased funding for Recycled Water Purchase for the grading of Mission Village of the Newhall Ranch project (\$135,000).

Facility Capacity Fees and Interfund Loan

Beginning in FY 2012/13, the Agency's Facility Capacity Fee Fund was depleted and was unable to pay future users' debt service. While revenue levels are starting to increase, they are still below the revenue required to fully fund future users' debt service for the next few years. At this time, one percent property tax revenues are paying a significant portion of the future users' debt service that should be funded by Facility Capacity Fees. This is considered an Interfund loan, and future Facility Capacity Fees will repay the one percent property tax revenue fund with interest. Facility Capacity Fee revenues and the future of the Interfund Loan will be addressed during the upcoming 2017 Facility Capacity Fee Study.

	FCF Share of Debt Service		FCF Availability		Pro	One Percent Property Tax Borrowing		nterest	В	umulative alance of rfund Loan
FY 2012/13	\$	18,200,228	\$	11,461,661	\$	6,738,600	\$	45,157	\$	6,783,724
FY 2013/14		19,639,869		8,997,948		10,641,921		149,227		17,574,872
FY 2014/15		16,604,930		8,495,954		8,108,976		218,323		25,902,171
FY 2015/16		16,884,533		4,814,418		12,070,115		329,806		38,302,092
Adjustment*										32,969,652
FY 2016/17		18,510,600		5,296,000		13,214,600		330,000		46,514,252
FY 2017/18		20,395,600		5,263,500		15,132,100		350,000		61,996,352

^{*}Adjustment for final allocation of 2011A bonds.

Capital Improvement Program

The FY 2017/18 Budget for Major Capital Projects is \$23.2 million, based on significant construction on the following projects: Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications, ESFP Clearwell/CT Improvements, ESIPS Pipeline Improvements, Foothill Feeder Connection and the Rosedale Rio-Bravo Extraction project. The Budget also includes continued funding for design of recycled water projects.

FY 2017/18 BUDGET AND PROGRAMS FOR RETAIL SYSTEM

Operating Revenues

Operating Revenues for FY 2017/18 are based on an increase in consumption of eight (8) percent from Estimated FY 2016/17 Revenues plus 10 percent for major development grading operations for a total

increase in consumption of 18 percent. Consumption is anticipated to increase due to Governor Brown's declaration that the Drought State of Emergency in most of California which includes Santa Clarita ended on April 7, 2017.

Total Operating Revenues are \$36.2 million, an overall anticipated increase of 15 percent from last year's \$31.5 million Estimated Revenues. The net increase is due to a projected 1.6 percent growth in accounts from new development and anticipated overall higher water consumption by 18 percent. There is no rate increase in the FY 2017/18 budget so the rates remain the same as FY 2016/17.

Currently SCWD is in the process of performing a rate study analyzing a revised rate structure and providing for rate adjustments to reflect increases in Wholesale Purchased Water rates. On April 1, 2016, CLWA changed the Purchased Water rate structure effective through December 2018. SCWD has been absorbing the increased purchased water costs since April 1, 2016. The current rate study will provide for passing-through wholesale water rate increases.

Operating Expenditures

Total Operating Expenditures included in the FY 2017/18 Budget are \$27.5 million, an increase of \$2.3 million or 9 percent, from FY 2016/17 Estimated. Six percent (6) percent of the \$2.3 million increase is attributable to an increase in water demand. The major changes to the Budget are as follows:

- Increase of \$1,049,300 for Purchased Water, based on an anticipated increase in water demand and increased costs for wholesale water purchases (increase of \$1,386,900) offset by an increased use of groundwater reducing purchased water from 91% to 84% (337,600).
- ♦ Increase of \$487,800 for labor for a new position of Senior Instrumentation Technician to provide SCADA support, full year funding of positions previously vacant and projected increases in medical insurance premiums which includes \$89,400 for cost of living adjustment of two percent.
- ♦ Increase of \$365,200 in outside services for additional engineering services for GIS surveys and CEQA documentation and to provide for emergency repair services.
- ♦ Increase of \$100,000 for a new position of Assistant General Manager and one Human Resources Analyst as approved by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2017.

Operating Income

Operating Income is expected to increase to \$8.7 million in FY 2017/18 from \$6.3 million FY 2016/17 estimated due to higher revenues as discussed in the Operating Revenues section. Operating Income provides funds for non-operating activities, debt service payments for Certificates of Participation (COP) and Revenue Bonds, partial funding for FY 2017/18 CIP programs excluding expansion funds and FY 2017/18 reserve targets. Additional funding for the CIP programs will be funded by utilizing some of the unrestricted reserve fund balance.

End of the Drought

Although Governor Brown rescinded the drought proclamation which began in January 2014, several years of strict conservation targets have become a way of life for most Southern Californians. Certain State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) water restrictions are still in effect including no watering within 48 hours following measurable precipitation and using hoses with no shut off nozzle to wash cars. Additional water restrictions are listed in Section 3 of SCWD's Ordinance No. 44 on SCWD's website. SCWD encourages customers to continue to conserve water while "making water conservation a California way of life".

Utility Billing/Customer Information System (UB/CIS)

On July 1, 2017, the new UB/CIS automation module will be implemented to automate the billing, refund and collection processes.

Asset Management Program

SCWD proactively manages its utility assets through an on-going repair and replacement program and by following the recommendations from the 2013 Water Master Plan. Each year, SCWD staff prepares a 10-year budget forecast that includes numerous projects to repair and replace infrastructure based on age, condition, risk and criticality. For example, projects may include replacing pipelines, replacing pressure reducing stations, recoating tanks, rehabilitating wells, upgrading production meters, upgrading control systems, and installing automatic meter reading on customer meters.

SCWD is developing a Geographic Information System (GIS) that will include an asset database as an important tool for proactively managing our assets, such as keeping track of infrastructure age, condition, replacements, upgrades, etc. The first phase was completed in FY 2016/17 with the purchase and installation of ArcGIS software and creating base maps of the SCWD water system from existing AutoCAD maps. The next phase will include setup of a structured database to allow staff to start developing the asset database. In the future, the program may include developing other Asset Management tools such as a Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) and a new Financial Information System (FIS) to support decision making to enhance SCWD infrastructure management.

Capital Improvement Program

The FY 2017/18 CIP Budget totals \$7.1 million and includes capital improvement projects to add or upgrade water system facilities for improved service and system reliability. All the FY 2017/18 CIP Budget will be funded by Operating Income, Expansion Funds and Unrestricted Funds The majority of the CIP is for repair and replacements projects including well upgrades, booster and pressure regulating station upgrades, chlorinator upgrades, tank coating and pipeline replacements.

In FY 2014/15, SCWD started the implementation of an Automated Meter Reading (AMR) system which will continue in phases until it is implemented system-wide in FY 2018/19. The progress and schedule of the AMR system for existing meters is as follows:

- ♦ FY 2014/15 completed approximately 12,775 meters, 45% of total
- ♦ FY 2015/16 completed approximately 6,809 meters, 24% of total
- ♦ FY 2016/17 completed approximately 4,270 meters, 15% of total
- ♦ FY 2017/18 scheduled to complete 1,700 meters, 6% of total
- ♦ FY 2018/19 scheduled to complete 2.976 meters, 10% to complete total

In FY 2017/18 SCWD will perform a pilot program for an Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) system. The AMI system will automate meter reading in real time for increased meter reading accuracy. The system will help improve SCWD's asset management and will reduce administrative and operational expenses for meter reading.

A new booster station will be designed in FY 2017/18 to increase the flow capacity from the North Oaks zone into the Deane zone. One pressure regulating station will be rebuilt at Rainbow Glen at Sierra Highway. The Honby No. 1 Tank exterior, Bouquet Tank exterior and the Deane No. 1 Tank exterior will be recoated. SCWD also plans to install five earthquake seismic sensors on five tanks that will automatically detect a seismic event and shut off the appropriate valves to avoid tank drainage.

One new pipeline will be designed at the SC-12 (import water connection). This Warmuth Road pipeline to Sand Canyon Road will improve flows into the Placerita zone.

Two new pipelines will be constructed; one at Rainbow Glen (WMP pipe #5) and one in the West Newhall Alley to replace aging pipelines.

Construction of a new pipeline is expected to start in FY 2017/18 to provide water service to the Los Angeles Residential Community (LARC) and other customers along North Bouquet Canyon Road, with

grant funds for the LARC portion anticipated from the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB). Phase 2B of the recycled water system located in the Fair Oaks area will be designed and construction will be started in FY 2017/18 with wholesale funds for the backbone pump station, storage tank, and piping, and retail funds for the recycled distribution piping.

AGENCY-WIDE ONGOING PROGRAMS AND PLANNING DOCUMENTS

Ongoing Activities – Expanding Infrastructure

As identified in recent budgets, the Agency's infrastructure continues to expand. While no significant new facilities are coming online in FY 2017/18, the Agency understands the importance of monitoring the impacts of CIP projects on operating expenditures. Each major CIP project that becomes operational adds new complexity and costs to the Agency's overall system. As this additional infrastructure is implemented, the Agency will require additional staff resources and will incur additional costs to operate and maintain the infrastructure. The current CIP includes a number of water quality and pipeline projects that will not have significant operating costs. However, the future development of the recycled water program will have significant operating costs that should be identified as part of the planning process.

The Long-Term Financial Plan notes that the Agency should develop a method to fully understand the impact of the CIP on operating costs. That is, when a project is added to the CIP, its cost is not just capital cost to build or implement it, but also includes its ongoing operating and maintenance costs.

Long-Term Financial Plan

During FY 2008/09, the Agency developed its first Long-Term Financial Plan. This Plan is updated each year as part of the Budget process. The Plan is not a static, one-time document, but represents a process where the Board and management review financial strategies to help achieve the Agency's overall strategic plan. This Plan reviews individual financial strategies and serves as the basis for future analysis and decision making by identifying potential financial issues and risks. It also groups financial strategies into near-term, mid-term and long-term issues to help prioritize and schedule action items for implementation of the Plan. Based on the decisions and guidance provided by the Board, the Plan is a rolling "look-ahead" to help identify priorities and focus. It is not intended to address each and every fiscal issue, but identify high priority fiscal programs and strategies to be monitored over time, so that the Agency is positioned to address them at the appropriate time.

State Water Project

The Agency's SWP water supplies currently pass through Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta. These supplies are challenged by potential levee failure caused by several sources including seismic activities, continued subsidence and sea level rise. Additionally, a declining ecosystem has led to more restrictive pumping criteria and correspondingly lower average allocations. The current average allocation for the SWP is about 60% of the Agency's Table A amount, or 57,120 AF.

The Delta Habitat Conservation and Conveyance Program (DHCCP) and the Bay Delta Conservation Plan (BDCP) were programs consisting of joint efforts by agencies of the federal government and the State and local agencies to fund and plan habitat conservation and water supply activities in the Delta, including water conveyance facilities to reduce the vulnerability of SWP supplies and restore reliability. In spring 2015, DWR announced that BDCP would move from a Section 10 permit to a Section 7 permit process under the Federal Endangered Species Act. As a practical matter, this split the project into two distinct parts known as Cal WaterFix (Alternative 4A), the conveyance portion, and Cal EcoRestore, the restoration portion. Cal WaterFix is Alternative 4A in the recirculated environmental document that was approved in 2016. It is anticipated that a Record of Decision/Notice of Decision will be in place by December 2017.

While there is support for BDCP/Cal WaterFix project, plans are currently in flux and environmental review is ongoing. In addition, several regulatory and legal requirements must be met prior to any

construction. Because of this uncertainty any improvements in SWP supply reliability or other benefits that could result from this proposed project are not included in the Agency's 2015 UWMP. To date, the Agency's share of expenditures for the BDCP/DHCCP/Cal Water Fix process is \$1.4 million. Future costs are not yet known, but will be funded by the Agency-set property tax rate. The SWP is also impacted by the damaged Oroville Spillway. The emergency response to date and ongoing repairs and replacement will likely have significant costs. The Agency will be responsible for its share, which will be determined after review of project purposes, availability of Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) funding and other available funding. The current costs are being funded by available debt financing and will not be included in the Agency's FY 2017/18 Budget. The FY 2017/18 Budget does not anticipate any change in the Agency-set tax rate.

Other Planning Documents

The Agency understands the importance of aligning the Budget process with its financial policies (discussed in detail in the Budget Foreword) and its planning documents. Key planning documents that have guided this budget process include the Agency Strategic Plan, Long-Term Financial Plan, 2015 Urban Water Management Plan, Integrated Regional Water Management Plan (IRWMP), CLWA Reliability Plan, the Communications Strategic Plan, 2014 Facility Capacity Fee Study, the Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (SCVWUESP), the SCWD Organizational Assessment and Asset Management Program Gap Analysis Report and the SCWD Water Master Plan. The FY 2017/18 Budget also provides for continued development of an Asset Management Plan, updating the IRWMP and also monitoring and participating in the development and implementation of Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta improvements, including the Cal WaterFix.

Agency-wide Positions Cost Allocation

The Agency allocates certain Agency-wide shared positions to both wholesale and retail budgets. The allocation of staff is updated each year through the budget process and is largely based on a percentage of shared Full-Time Employee (FTE) positions. The shared positions for FY 2017/18 are as follows:

- Human Resources/Safety: Human Resources/Risk Management Supervisor, two Human Resources Analysts, Administrative Technician (Human Resources) and Safety Officer. These positions are allocated 55% to wholesale and 45% to retail operations. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- ♦ Information Technology: Senior Information Technology Technician and Information Technology Technician. These positions are allocated 55% to wholesale and 45% to retail operations. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- ♦ Senior Accounting Technician II (Payroll). This position is allocated 50% to wholesale and 50% to retail operations. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- Facilities. All four positions in the Facilities section charge actual time worked on SCWD projects to retail operations. Charges include labor and benefits.
- ♦ Controller. This position is allocated 67% to wholesale and 33% to SCWD. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- ♦ Administrative Services Manager. This position is assumed to spend 50% of time supervising the above functions, and is allocated 22.5% to retail operations (half of 45%). Charges include labor, benefits and indirect costs.
- ♦ Assistant General Manager. This position is assumed to spend 50% of time supervising the above functions, and is allocated 22.5% to retail operations (half of 45%). Charges include labor, benefits and indirect costs.

Major Accomplishments

During FY 2016/17 we:

- Supported the Board and Ad Hoc Committee in the CLWA/NCWD Ad Hoc Committee process to achieve the "Principles for Moving Forward."
- Continued to implement Board strategic plans for CLWA and SCWD.
- Received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for the Agency's FY 2016/17 Budget (11th consecutive year), as well as SCWD's FY 2016/17 Budget (6th consecutive year).
- ♠ Received the Excellence Award for its Operating Budget from the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) for the Agency's FY 2016/17 Budget (10th consecutive year), as well as SCWD's FY 2016/17 Budget (6th consecutive year).
- ♠ Received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for the Agency's FY 2015/16 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) (12th consecutive year).
- Reviewed and recommended revisions to the Agency's vacation accrual policy.
- Initiated construction of the Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant Clearwell/CT Improvements Project.
- Completed design of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project.
- Replaced clarifier and filter flow meters at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant.
- Completed the fourth phase installation of the Automated Meter Reading (AMR) system.
- Participated in efforts to implement the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act including formation of a groundwater sustainability agency for the Santa Clarita Valley.
- Completed the Deane No. 2 tank interior coating replacement/retrofit.
- Completed the Placerita No. 2 tank interior coating replacement/retrofit.
- Completed upgrade of the Placerita Canyon pressure regulating valve (PRV).
- Completed upgrade of the Whites Canyon/Americana (PRV).
- Completed upgrades for the Clark Well based on the ARC Flash study.
- Completed first phase of earthquake valve retrofit on tanks.
- Completed Mesa Bridge and Tank road.
- ♦ Completed the fourth phase installation of the AMR System by installing approximately 4,270 AMR meters (14% of system). Approximately 84% of system has been converted to date.

Objectives

During FY 2017/18 we will:

- Support efforts to create and implement a new valley-wide water district for the Santa Clarita Valley
- Be a guiding vision for the new district.
- Develop a transition plan for providing services.
- Develop a transition plan for phasing and key milestones.
- ♦ Continue to support the Board and Ad Hoc Committee in the CLWA/NCWD Ad Hoc Committee process to achieve the "Principles for Moving Forward."
- Continue to (1) provide General Manager-to-staff communications and quarterly employee newsletters and (2) hold employee meetings updating all employees of important events and news.
- Increase public understanding of water issues; raise awareness of and demand for conservation programs including:
 - o Water conservation campaign(s) and related media buys.
 - Public and school educational programs.
 - o Participation at public events.
 - o Agency website, e-newsletter and social media.
 - Self-guided landscape tour.
 - Conservatory Garden.
- Complete the 2017 Water Supply Reliability Report Update.

- Participate in development and implementation of the California WaterFix, including:
 - Supporting interim financing of design and planning activities.
 - Supporting regulatory decisions that improve water supply reliability of the SWP in absence of California WaterFix.
- Participate in efforts to implement the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act for the Santa Clarita Valley.
- Implement dry-year recovery project for the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District Water Exchange and Banking Program.
- Continue to implement and assess programs identified in the updated Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (SCV WUE SP).
- Monitor and provide input into Governor's proposed new water efficiency targets (beyond 20% by 2020).
- Pursue federal funding for perchlorate contamination clean-up and recycled water projects in coordination with Washington, D.C. legislative advocate.
- Enhance customer outreach through web-based and social media programs.
- Participate in a Vendor Outreach program with the City of Santa Clarita.
- Select an actuarial consultant to prepare the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) valuation for the implementation of GASB 75.
- Implement redundant gateway routing for network communications.
- Implement electronic benefits enrollment.
- Conduct live confined space entry and rescue drill.
- Initiate design of Groundwater Treatment Improvement Project.
- Complete design of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project.
- Initiate construction of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project.
- Complete final design of the South End Recycled Water Project (Phase 2C).
- Complete final design for the West Ranch Recycled Water Project (Phase 2D).
- Complete 2017 Facility Capacity Fee (FCF) Study and adopt new FCFs.
- Complete construction of permanent Foothill Feeder connection project.
- Complete design and bidding of Water Pipeline to LARC.
- Implement next phase of GIS by setting up structured database and migrating attribute data from base maps.
- Complete the fifth phase installation of the Automated Meter Reading (AMR) System.
- Complete Well Mag meter upgrade program.
- Prepare and Implement formal Meter Testing Program / Schedule for Large Customer Meter and Production Meters.
- Implement revised retail water rates.
- Complete design and bidding of Water Pipeline to LARC Ranch, and start construction pending approval of grant funds for LARC's portion.
- Prepare design of new Deane Zone Storage Tank.
- Conduct CEQA Initial Study for new Placerita Zone Storage Tank.
- Prepare design of Phase 2B Recycled Water backbone pipeline and tank, and distribution Pipeline, and start construction.
- Construct new pipeline in Rainbow Glen Drive.
- Construct new intertie with NCWD at Gary Drive.
- Complete design of pipeline in Warmuth Drive from SC-12 to Sand Canyon Road.
- Implement next phase of GIS by setting up structured database and migrating attribute data from base maps.
- Develop and configure water system hydraulic model.
- Complete Cost of Service Rate Study.
- Implement approved rates based on the new cost of service study.
- Replace regulatory pressure relief valves at ESFP and RVWTP.
- Repair/recoat ESFP clear wells interior coating.
- Continue providing effective wholesale water service to Los Angeles. County Waterworks District #36.

Conclusion

The proposed FY 2017/18 Budget is not only a financial document but also a planning tool for the upcoming year. The Budget provides a strategy to address current needs and to focus on future needs while being fiscally responsible. The FY 2017/18 Budget reflects our commitment to providing an affordable, reliable supply of high quality water to our customers and to supporting the priorities and policies articulated by the Board of Directors.

Sincerely,

Matthew G. Stone General Manager

Keith Abercrombie Retail Manager Valerie L. Pryor Assistant General Manager

Elizabeth Ooms-Graziano Retail Administrative Officer

OVERVIEW OF THE CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY

History and Development of the Santa Clarita Valley and the Agency

The Castaic Lake Water Agency (Agency) was organized as the Upper Santa Clara Valley Water Agency on April 20, 1962 by passage of Assembly Bill No. 26, Chapter 28, California Statutes of 1962 to contract with the State of California for the delivery of a portion of the water to be brought over the Tehachapi Mountains from the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta through the State Water Resources Development System. In 1970, the name of the Upper Santa Clara Valley Water Agency was changed to the Castaic Lake Water Agency.

Rich in Old West history, the Santa Clarita Valley boasts tales of Native American tribes, Spanish soldiers and Mexican bandits, gold discovery and oil strikes, railroads and ranches, a horrible dam failure and cowboy movie stars. Today, the Santa Clarita Valley is a fast-growing and vibrant community.

Now, as in the beginning, the fundamental key to a thriving community is a stable water supply. While the Santa Clara River historically provided alluvial groundwater for agriculture and livestock, this source could not provide a year-round supply. At the turn of the twentieth century, the area's needs were met with the advent of the deep-well turbine pump.

While the area remained primarily agricultural through the 1950's, the local communities secured additional water for municipal growth. In 1960, voters approved the California State Water Project (SWP) to import water to Central and Southern California. The Agency was formed to bring a supplemental water supply to its service area from the State Water Resources Development System, more commonly known as the State Water Project, and provide the necessary treatment and conveyance facilities to treat and deliver this water. On April 30, 1963, the Agency entered into an agreement with the State acting by and through its Department of Water Resources (DWR) for an original contract amount of 41,500 acrefeet (AF) of water per year (AFY) from the system. The Agency increased the contract amount by 12,700 AFY in 1991 by acquiring the Devil's Den Water District (see additional discussion in this section). It also purchased an additional 41,000 AFY of contract amount from the Kern County Water Agency and the Wheeler Ridge-Maricopa Water Storage District in March 1999. The Agency's current contract amount is 95,200 AFY. The Agency began delivering SWP water in 1980.

The Agency Law was amended in 1986 by the enactment of Chapter 832, California Statutes of 1986 (the "1986 Amendment"), which enhanced the Agency's ability to provide for water use planning and the financing of additional water facilities for its wholesale service area. Among the provisions of the 1986 Amendment was the expansion of the Board of Directors to eleven members and the authorization to establish and impose Developer Impact Fees and a water standby charge (not yet utilized).

The reporting entity "Castaic Lake Water Agency" also includes the accounts of the Castaic Lake Water Agency Financing Corporation (the Corporation). Although legally separate, the Agency exercises oversight responsibility over the Corporation. The Corporation was formed in 1990 to issue Certificates of Participation (COPs).

On October 25, 1988, the Agency purchased land and equipment owned by Producers Cotton Oil Company. Of the 8,459 acres of land purchased in Kern and Kings Counties, approximately 7,759 acres are within the Devil's Den Water District. The District encompasses 8,676 acres. The land is being leased to an outside party by the Agency under terms of an operating lease agreement.

On May 22, 2007, the Agency entered into a 30-year agreement with the Buena Vista Water Storage District and the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District for the acquisition of 11,000 acre-feet (AF) of water supply per year for a 30-year period.

On September 3, 1999, the Agency purchased the stock of the Santa Clarita Water Company by investing \$63 million into the Company. The Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD) of the Agency operates the retail water system and is accounted for as a separate enterprise fund of the Agency.

SCWD serves over 31,000 connections in a service area of approximately 55 square miles with a population of approximately 124,489. SCWD has 59 budgeted full-time employees.

On December 21, 2012, the Agency purchased the stock of the Valencia Water Company by investing \$58.8 million into the Company. VWC operates as a separate corporate entity.

Mission Statement

The Agency's mission is:

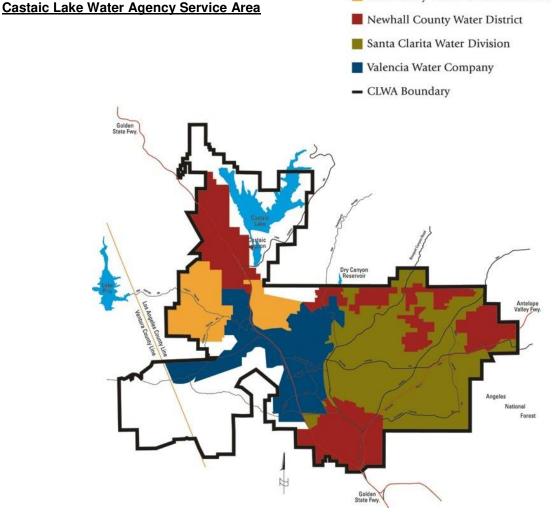
"Providing Reliable, Quality Water at a Reasonable Cost to the Santa Clarita Valley"

To fulfill this mission, the Agency has developed a capital improvement plan which is designed to increase the Valley's overall water supply reliability by (1) acquiring and developing additional sources and (2) participating in a variety of water banking, storage and conjunctive use projects.

The Agency and its Service Area

The Agency is located in the northwestern portion of Los Angeles County approximately 35 miles from downtown Los Angeles. The Agency's wholesale service area has a population of approximately 273,000 and covers an area of approximately 195 square miles or 124,000 acres. The majority of the service area is located in Los Angeles County, encompassing most of the valley and adjacent hill country along the Upper Santa Clara River. Approximately 20 square miles of the service area extends into unincorporated rural portions of Ventura County. The service area is a semi-arid region and includes the City of Santa Clarita and other nearby communities.

L.A. County Waterworks District #36



History and Development of Santa Clarita Water Company

The origins of the Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD) began when the Bonelli family started a small water company in 1949 called the Bouquet Canyon Water Company, a public utility water company regulated by the California Public Utilities Commission. Bouquet Canyon Water Company initially had three service connections, 2,888 feet of pipe, one well capable of producing 900 gallons per minute (GPM), and 200,000 gallons of tank storage. The original service area of Bouquet Canyon Water Company totaled 223 acres and was situated along San Francisquito Canyon Road (now Seco Canyon Road) at Bouquet Canyon Road. The Bonelli family started a second water company in 1956 called the Solemint Water Company. The Solemint Water Company started with 78 service connections, 24,479 feet of pipe, two wells capable of producing 1,325 GPM and 100,000 gallons of storage. At that time, the Solemint Water Company service area was several hundred acres mostly in the Canyon Country, Placerita Canyon and Sand Canyon areas.



SCWD pre 1978

In 1973, a merger of Bouquet Canyon Water Company and Solemint Water Company was approved by the California Public Utilities Commission. In the merger agreement, the consolidated companies were renamed the Santa Clarita Water Company (SCWC). At the time of the merger, SCWC had a combined total of 8,736 service connections, 650,000 feet of pipe, 19 wells capable of producing 16,000 GPM and 8 million gallons of storage.



SCWD 1978 - 2011

Santa Clarita Water Division

In 1999, the Agency purchased SCWC, and the name was changed to Santa Clarita Water, a Division of Castaic Lake Water Agency. The service area at the time of acquisition included about 20,000 service connections, 12 groundwater production wells and 39 storage tanks.



SCWD today since February 2011

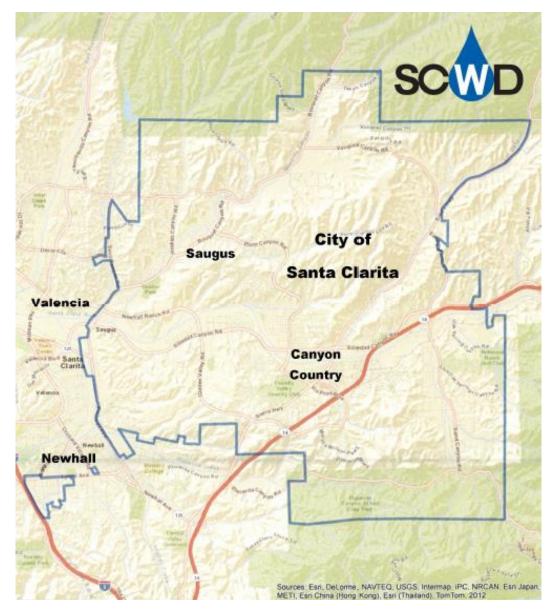
Today, SCWD is a retail water purveyor operating a service area that includes a portion of the City of Santa Clarita and unincorporated portions of Los Angeles County in the communities of Saugus, Canyon Country and Newhall. SCWD water supplies include local groundwater and water imported by CLWA. Groundwater constitutes approximately 15-40 percent of SCWD's water supply and comes from local wells that extend into the Alluvial Aquifer and Saugus Formation. Existing land use within the SCWD service area is made up primarily of residential customers which consist of approximately 95 percent of the customer base and 5 percent for commercial, industrial and other users including public authorities, irrigation, government, institutional and fire services.

SCWD's system consists of the following facilities:

- ♦ 13 Imported Water Turnouts
- 29 booster stations
- ♦ 48 water storage tanks
- ♦ 76 million gallons of water storage
- ♦ 340 miles of pipeline

Santa Clarita Water Division Service Area

The SCWD service area covers an area of approximately 55 square miles, including the unincorporated communities of Canyon Country, Saugus, Newhall and portions of the City of Santa Clarita. SCWD serves approximately 31,300 service connections in a service area of approximately 55 square miles with a population of approximately 124,489.



Castaic Lake Water Agency Wholesale Water Service

The Agency provides supplemental wholesale water to four local retail water purveyors – CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD), Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 36, Newhall County Water District (NCWD) and the Valencia Water Company. During FY 2017/18, it is estimated that a total of 45,650 acre-feet of water will be provided by the Agency's supplemental water, as follows:

Retail Water Purveyor	Acre-Feet
CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division	21,200
Valencia Water Company	19,550
Newhall County Water District	4,400
L.A. County Waterworks District #36	500
Total FY 2017/18 Estimated Deliveries to Purveyors	45,650

Of the total, 4,100 acre-feet of water will be provided to SCWD and NCWD from the Saugus 1 and 2 wells, which were returned to service in January 2011. These wells were taken out of service in 1997 due to perchlorate contamination. Subsequently, perchlorate treatment facilities were added and Saugus 1 and 2 are now operated to deliver treated water.

The Agency began recycled water sales during FY 2003/04. Ongoing sales are approximately 450 AF per year for sales to the Valencia Water Company to irrigate the TPC at Valencia golf course and median landscaping in the Westridge area.

As of December 31, 2016, the retail purveyors served 73,783 connections, as follows:

Retail Water Purveyor	Connections
CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division	31,224
Valencia Water Company	31,485
Newhall County Water District	9,729
L.A. County Waterworks District #36	1,345
Total Connections	73,783

As previously discussed, in December 2012, the Agency acquired the stock of the Valencia Water Company (VWC).

Wholesale Facilities

The Agency owns and operates water conveyance pipelines and water treatment facilities to supply water from the State Water Project (SWP) and other sources to the four retail purveyors in its service area. DWR conveys water via the California Aqueduct to Castaic Lake and releases water to the Agency through the outlet tower at Castaic Lake. The reservoir is a multiple use reservoir that is the terminal point of the West Branch of the California Aqueduct, and stores approximately 320,000 acre-feet of water. The Agency's major facilities consist of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station (ESIPS), the Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant (ESFP), the Rio Vista Intake Pump Station (RVIPS), the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant (RVWTP), the Sand Canyon Pump Station (SCPS), the Sand Canyon Reservoir (SCR), the Perchlorate Treatment facility and a system of pipelines and ancillary facilities which convey treated water to the four retailers.

The Agency's major facilities are described in more detail as follows:

- ◆ <u>ESIPS</u> The Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station is located near the shore of the afterbay below Castaic Dam located at the southern end of Castaic Reservoir. The pump station consists of five vertical turbine pumps rated at 6 mgd each and three vertical turbine pumps rated at 14 mgd each. The pumping units are used when the water level in the reservoir falls below the elevation necessary to permit gravity flow of water from the reservoir to the filtration plant. The pump station can currently deliver at least 42 mgd to the Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant.
- ◆ <u>ESFP</u> The Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant, located at the southern end of the Castaic Reservoir, treats State Water Project and other imported water for domestic uses. The ESFP was completed in 1980 with an original capacity of 12.5 mgd and was expanded to a capacity of 25 mgd in 1988. In 2001, the ESFP was re-rated at 33.6 mgd. In 2005, the ESFP was expanded to 56 mgd. The treatment process includes ozonation, coagulation, contact clarification, and filtration through anthracite filters. Chloramination occurs after treatment. Wash water is

recovered, treated and returned to the headworks. The ESFP also includes sludge drying facilities, an air-water filter backwash system, and facilities for chemical application of coagulants, disinfectants, pH control, and taste and odor control. Two steel tanks provide a total of ten million gallons of treated water storage.

- <u>RVIPS</u> The Rio Vista Intake Pump Station pumps water from the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) Foothill Feeder to the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant via a 102-inch diameter raw water pipeline. The pump station consists of one vertical turbine pump rated at 7.5 mgd, three vertical turbine pumps rated at 15 mgd each and one vertical turbine pump rated at 30 mgd.
- ♠ <u>RVWTP</u> The Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant is located in the City of Santa Clarita and treats water for domestic uses. Its current capacity is 66 mgd; however, the site has sufficient land area for a treatment plant with an ultimate capacity of 120 mgd. The treatment process technology includes ozonation, coagulation, contact clarification and filtration through anthracite filters. Chloramination occurs after treatment. Wash water is recovered and returned to the headworks. The RVWTP includes sludge drying facilities, an air-water filter backwash system, and facilities for chemical application of coagulants, disinfectants, pH control, and taste and odor control. Two concrete reservoirs provide a total of 30 million gallons of treated water storage.

The RVWTP site includes the seven-acre Water Conservatory Garden and Learning Center. The purpose of this facility is to inform and educate Santa Clarita Valley residents about the source and treatment of their water supply, as well as means to conserve this precious resource. The Garden and other water education programs of the Agency have received numerous awards, honors and grants from the American Water Works Association, the Association of California Water Agencies and the California Department of Education, among others.

Outlet Piping and Water Distribution Systems – The Agency maintains a network of transmission pipelines, pump stations and reservoirs that conveys treated water from the ESFP and RVWTP.

The Castaic Conduit serves as the pipeline connection between ESFP and RVWTP. It also serves as one of the main pipelines for conveying treated water to the retail purveyors through a series of turnouts and laterals.

The portion of the Castaic Conduit between the SWP outlets works and the ESIPS has a nominal design capacity of 67 mgd. Downstream of ESFP, the Castaic Conduit was designed with a nominal capacity of 51 mgd along the length of the 54-inch diameter pipeline, which extends approximately five miles southeast through the center of the Agency's service area, eventually transitioning to a 39-inch diameter pipeline with a design capacity of 27 mgd, where it connects with the Honby and Newhall Laterals which, in turn, provide water to the retail purveyors. Approximately two miles of 84-inch pipeline with a nominal capacity of 124 mgd connect the RVWTP to the 39-inch diameter pipeline.

The Newhall Parallel connects to the 84-inch treated water pipeline and provides additional water to the southern portion of Valencia. The Newhall Parallel begins as a 54-inch pipeline and reduces to a 24-inch pipeline. Additionally, the Agency has constructed three phases of the Magic Mountain Pipeline, a 42-inch pipeline that connects to the Newhall Parallel and will provide water to the western portion of the Agency's area

The Agency delivers water to the retail purveyors through 26 turnouts, as follows: CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division – 13, Los Angeles County Waterworks District #36 – 2, Newhall County Water District – 4 and Valencia Water Company – 7.

Recycled Water System – The Agency distributes recycled water from the Los Angeles County Sanitation District's Valencia Water Reclamation Plant. The facilities include a 24-inch recycled water pipeline that runs from the Valencia Water Reclamation Plant south to the TPC at Valencia golf course, as well as a 1.5 million gallon recycled water reservoir located near the golf course.

- Sand Canyon Pipeline System The Sand Canyon System consists of a booster pump station, pipeline and reservoir to convey imported water from the end of the existing Honby Lateral to the southern Sand Canyon area. The reservoir also provides emergency storage. The 48-inch pipeline is approximately five miles in length and delivers water to retail purveyors through six turnouts. The Sand Canyon Pump Station has a capacity of 30,000 gallons per minute (gpm). The Sand Canyon Reservoir can store up to 7 million gallons of water.
- Perchlorate Treatment and Distributions Systems In 1997 four production wells in the Saugus Formation were found to be contaminated with perchlorate (a chemical used in the manufacture of solid rocket propellants, munitions and fireworks). Three additional production wells in the alluvial aquifer tested positive for perchlorate in 2002, 2005 and 2011. Beginning in 2007 the Agency rehabilitated Saugus 1 and 2 wells and constructed a perchlorate treatment facility and distribution pipelines. The Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility (SPTF), which includes an ion exchange process located at the RVIPS, was placed into service in early 2010. Returning the Saugus 1 and 2 wells to service restored lost capacity and helps contain migration of groundwater contamination in the Saugus Formation emanating from the contaminated sites.
- Groundwater Banking and Exchange Programs The Agency currently has four groundwater banking and exchanges accounts in three separate programs. In January 2016 the Agency's Stored Water Recovery Program within the Semitropic Water Storage District's Groundwater Banking Program became operational. Under this agreement two short-term ten-year accounts containing 35,970 acre-feet were transferred into this new program. Under this agreement the Agency can store an additional 15,000 acre-feet. The term of the Semitropic Banking Program extends through 2035 with the option of a 10 year renewal. The Agency may withdraw up to 5,000 acre-feet annually from its accounts in the Semitropic Banking Program. The term of the Semitropic Banking Program extends through 2035 with the option of a 10-year renewal. In September 2005, the Agency initiated participation in the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District Groundwater Banking Program (the "Rosedale-Rio Bravo Banking Program"). This program allows the storage of 20,000 acre-feet annually of the Agency's State Water Project Table A Amount or other State Water Project supplies, and has a contract term through 2035, renewable according to the terms of the Agency's water supply contract with DWR. As of January 1, 2016, the Agency had available 94,200 acre-feet stored in the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Banking Program. In 2015 the Agency exercised an option under the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Banking Program agreement to construct additional extraction wells and conveyance facilities that are anticipated to increase the reliable quantities that can be withdrawn by approximately 7,000 acre-feet annually. These facilities are anticipated to be completed in early 2017. In calendar year 2014 and 2015 the Agency withdrew approximately 2,800 and 3,000 acre-feet respectively from its Rosedale-Rio Bravo Banking Program account. In 2014 the Agency withdrew 4,950 acre-feet from one of its Semitropic short-term accounts.

In 2011, the Agency implemented a two-for-one exchange program with Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District pursuant to which the Agency recovers one acre-foot of water for each two acre-feet stored. This program has a maximum of 19,000 acre-feet, or 9,500 acre-feet of recoverable water. In 2011 and 2012, the Agency delivered water to the account such that after losses, 9,440 acre-feet of recoverable water is currently available. The Agency also implemented a two-for-one banking program with the West Kern Water District in Kern County and delivered 5,000 acre-feet in 2011, resulting in a recoverable total of 2,500 acre-feet. Both the total stored and total recoverable are the maximums under the exchange programs. In calendar year 2014, the Agency withdrew approximately 2,000 acre-feet from the West Kern Water District exchange program for use in the Agency's service area leaving a balance of 500 acre-feet.

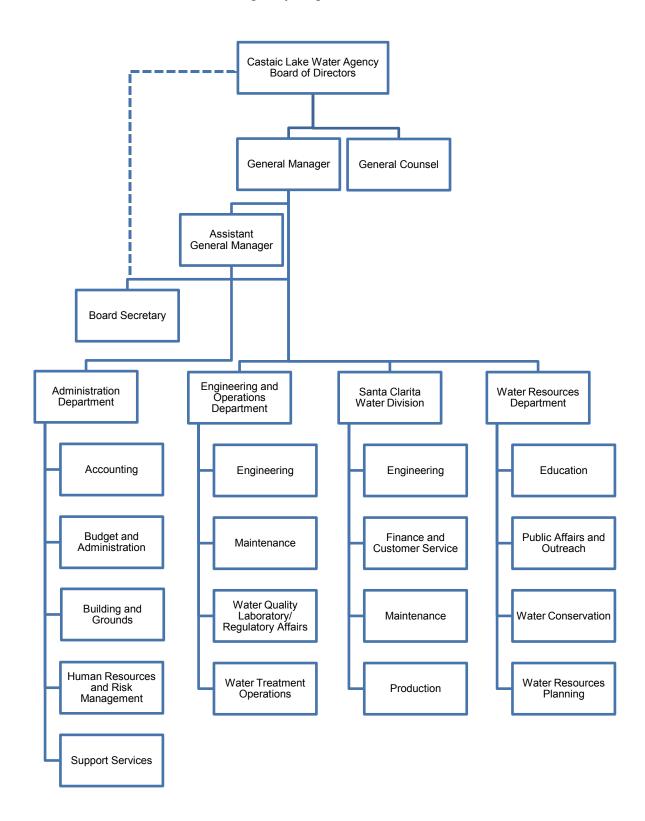
Governance

The Agency is divided into three elective divisions. The governing board is made up of two Directors from each division, three Directors at large, and one Director appointed by two of the retail water purveyors (Newhall County Water District and Los Angeles County Waterworks District #36). As of January 2017, the Agency's governing board consisted of the following individuals:

Director	Division	Term Expires
Thomas Campbell	At Large	January 2019
William Cooper	At Large	January 2021
Gary R. Martin, Vice-President	At Large	January 2019
Ed Colley	1	January 2019
R.J. Kelly	1	January 2021
Robert J. DiPrimio, President	2	January 2019
E.G. "Jerry" Gladbach	2	January 2021
Jacque McMillan	3	January 2019
William Pecsi	3	January 2021
Dean Efstathiou	L.A. County WWD #36	January 2019
B.J. Atkins	NCWD	January 2021

ORGANIZATION CHART

Agency Organization



Wholesale Revenue Sources

The Agency's wholesale major revenue sources are as follows:

- Water Sales The Agency bills its four retail purveyors fixed and volumetric charges for water purchased from the Castaic Lake Water Agency (see discussion of the wholesale water rate in Revenue section for more detail). In FY 2003/04, the Agency began selling recycled water.
- ◆ Facility Capacity Fees The Agency reviews and establishes its Facility Capacity Fee rates on a regular basis through a public hearing process. These fees are paid to the Agency directly by developers or property owners within the Wholesale Service Area shortly before the issuance of building permits by the County of Los Angeles and the City of Santa Clarita. Facility Capacity Fee revenues are used to pay future users' share of the Agency's Debt.
- One Percent Property Tax Revenues The Counties of Los Angeles and Ventura levy a one percent property tax on behalf of all taxing agencies in the County, including the Agency. The taxes are allocated to the taxing agencies within the County on the basis of a formula established by State Law enacted in 1979 and modified from time to time. Under this formula, the County and all other taxing entities receive a base-year allocation plus an allocation on the basis of "situs" growth in assessed value (due to new construction, change of ownership, or a 2% allowance allowed under Article XIIIA of the State Constitution) prorated among the jurisdictions which serve the tax rate area within which the growth occurs.

In general, these funds are allocated to debt service and capital improvement projects for existing users, as well as to core non-SWP supplies.

Agency-Set Property Tax Revenues – The Counties of Los Angeles and Ventura levy for the Agency a special tax rate to pay for the Agency's share of payments to the State of California Department of Water Resources for its fixed and variable and related charges. These revenues, and the interest earned thereon, are restricted to pay only these specific payments.

All revenues of the Wholesale system, except the Agency-set tax revenues and corresponding interest, are irrevocably pledged to the payment of Wholesale System Debt.

Retail Revenue Sources

SCWD's revenue sources are as follows:

Retail Water Sales – SCWD processes bills for approximately 31,000 customers on a monthly basis which consists of a fixed monthly service charge and a variable water usage commodity charge. The commodity charge is for water usage or consumption and is a combination of ground water pumped from production wells and imported water purchased from CLWA. The rates for the Service Charge vary based on the meter size, whereas the Commodity Charge is a tiered rate structure for all single family residential (SFR) customers which varies based on the amount of water used in hundred cubic feet (Ccf). SCWD also has a uniform rate structure per Ccf of water used for irrigation customers as well as for all other customers. The Commodity Charge includes SCWD's water usage charge and pass-through charges for CLWA's purchased water.

The retail water sales revenues are used to pay for operating expenses, capital improvement projects and to fund reserve target levels.

Miscellaneous Fees – The miscellaneous fees revenues include penalties for late payment, termination of water service, meter tampering and illegal connection. Fees for miscellaneous services are utilized to recover material costs and staff time.

- Capacity Fees The Capacity Fees are paid by developers and the revenues are used for expansion-related capital improvement projects. This source of revenue is difficult to project due to its heavy reliance on developers' plans, which, in turn, are based on fluctuating real estate markets. The Capacity Fees revenues are not included as part of the Operating Revenues budget.
- <u>Drought Penalties</u> Any drought penalties revenue generated from violations of Ordinance No. 44 restrictions are utilized to cover staff time for drought enforcement.

Retail Water Rates

SCWD updated its Financial Plan in June 2013 which provided for a 3.5 percent rate increase effective January 1 in 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017. Effective April 1, 2016, CLWA changed its rate structure and also increased its rates in order to recover its costs. SCWD has been absorbing the CLWA Purchased Water rate increase since April 1, 2016.

In FY 2016/17 SCWD engaged a financial consultant to update the financial plan and to complete another cost of service rate study. A cost of service analysis determines the equitable allocation of the revenue requirement to the various customer classes of service (e.g., Single Family Residential and Other Customers (non-single family residential and irrigation). The updated financial plan will provide the revenue requirement analysis to ensure SCWD meets its operation and maintenance requirements, capital expenditures and reserve targets. The revenue requirement analysis determines SCWD's overall financial needs, while the cost of service analysis determines the fair and equitable manner to collect that revenue requirement from each class of customer. SCWD plans to have new rates effective January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2021.

Fixed Meter Service Charge by Meter Size (\$ per month)

Meter Size (Inches)	2017
5/8 by 3/4	\$19.98
3/4	25.26
1	35.80
1 1/2	62.16
2	93.80
3	178.18
4	273.11
6	536.79
8	853.19
10	1,222.35

Variable Water Commodity Charges for Single Family Dwelling Residential Customers (\$ per Ccf)

Rate Block	Block Range (ccf per month) Bottom – Top	2017
Tier 1	0 – 14	\$1.8015
Tier 2	15 – 49	2.0094
Tier 3	50 and above	2.6417

Variable Water Commodity Charges (\$ per Ccf)

Commodity Charges	2017
All Use – Irrigation customers	\$2.6417
All Use - All other customers	2.0094

All commodity charges include the local SCWD water usage charge and pass-through charges for purchased water and power. The pass-through charges are based on current estimates of future costs, and are subject to change based on the actual costs.

Private Fire Service Protection

	2017
Per Diameter Inch of Service	\$2.84

Miscellaneous Fees

On December 12, 2012, the Board of Directors approved updating the following Miscellaneous Fees:

SCWD Miscellaneous Fees	Current Fees
Cut Lock Fee	\$6.90
Hydrant Meter Deposit (includes Eddy valve)	1,100.00
Hydrant Meter Deposit (without Eddy valve)	900.00
Hydrant Meter Processing Fee	25.00
Meter Calibration by Bench Test (Up to 2" meters) – no charge if meter is inaccurate *	112.00
Meter Calibration by Bench Test (> 2" meters with testing valve in place) – no charge if meter is inaccurate *	205.00
Meter Re-check after 2 free checks (special reading at customer's	53.00
request) -no charge if meter is inaccurate	
Penalty - Late Payment	10.00
Penalty - Meter Tampering/Illegal Connection	1,000 plus
	estimated
	water use
Penalty - Termination Notice	25.00
Pulled Meter Fee	23.00
Return Check Fee	43.00
Service Reconnection Fee (regular business hours)	44.00
Service Reconnection (after business hours) - Additional Fee	38.00

^{*}SCWD calibrates the meter after it has been re-checked three times and if the customer still disagrees with the results.

Financial Policies

The Agency's Major Financial Policies include the Reserve Policies, the Investment Policy, the Debt Management Policies, the Disclosure Procedures Policy, the Derivatives Policy, the Governmental Fund Balance Classification Policy and the Purchasing Policies. These policies are included in the Appendices.

Agency-wide Policies

Investment Policy

The Board of Directors annually adopts an Investment Policy that conforms to California State Law, Agency ordinances and resolutions, prudent money management and the "prudent person" standards. The objectives of the Investment Policy are safety, liquidity and yield. Agency funds are normally invested in the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund, the Los Angeles County Pooled Investment Fund, Certificates of Deposit, Government Agency Obligations or other specifically authorized investments. This policy is common for the Wholesale and Retail.

Wholesale System Policies

Reserve Policy

The Agency's approved reserve policies are as follows:

- 1. Operating Reserves of three months of operating expenditures
- 2. Debt Service Reserves of annual debt service less restricted debt service reserve funds
- 3. Capital Reserves of one year of the current pay-as-you-go capital improvement program
- 4. Reserves for Economic Uncertainties and Catastrophic Situations, equal to 500 days of operating expenditures less the Operating Reserves.

During FY 2012/13 and again in FY 2015/16, the Board of Directors adopted a wholesale water rate structure that includes transferring Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo (BV/RRB) water supply costs from the capital improvement budget to the General Fund/Operating Budget over ten years. This will free up one percent property tax revenues to fund a Repair and Replacement Reserve that will be used for future replacement of aging infrastructure.

The Agency has started developing an asset management program to manage the Agency's infrastructure. During FY 2012/13 an initial asset management gap analysis was performed to identify the steps needed to improve asset management at the Agency. Since that time and continuing through FY 2016/17, the Agency is in the process of incorporating various asset management practices and procedures. Some of the practices incorporated or in the process of being implemented include:

- Development of GIS capabilities
- Implementation and ongoing implementation of Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS)
- Development and implementation of comprehensive Pipeline Inspection Program
- Development of system hydraulic model and system evaluation
- Completed installation of purveyor telemetry equipment and programming
- Perform annual electro-potential pipeline-to-soil survey and evaluation of CLWA pipeline system
- Initiated development of long term repair and rehabilitation schedule and costs

Beginning in 2013, the Agency began setting aside funds for a Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund. When the overall asset management program is more fully developed, a specific Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund policy will be developed. At this time, the new reserve will begin accumulating funds for future repair and replacement needs.

Debt Management Policy

The Agency's Wholesale Debt Management Policy includes the Agency's written guidelines and restrictions that affect the amount and type of debt issued, the issuance process and the management of the debt portfolio. The policy is designed to provide justification for the structure of debt issuance, identify policy goals and demonstrate a commitment to long-term financial planning. The Derivatives Policy and the Disclosure Procedures Policy supplement the Debt Management Policy.

Governmental Fund Balance Policy

In May 2011, the Agency adopted a fund balance policy based on the published Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for all governments that report governmental funds. This statement divides the fund balance into five classifications: (1) non-spendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned and (5) unassigned.

Purchasing Policy

The Board of Directors has adopted a Purchasing Policy which provides uniform procedures for acquiring equipment, goods and services for the Agency. Improvements or units of construction work are subject to the competitive bidding requirements of Public Contract Code, section 21530 et seq.

Retail System Policies

Reserve Policy

SCWD has a policy for funding four reserve funds. The Operating Reserve Fund and the Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund were originally established in January 2004 to be fully funded by June 2014. A Capital Reserve Fund was originally established in November 2013 to be fully funded by June 2014. In May 2015, the Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund was revised from 5 percent to 10 percent of Retail Annual Operating Revenue Budget to be fully funded by June 2016. A new Emergency Reserve Fund was established in May 2015 to distinguish it from the Capital Reserve Fund to be fully funded by June 2016. As of June 2016, all reserve funds are fully funded per designated Board approved targets. The principal elements of each reserve fund are described below.

- 1. The Operating Expense Reserve Fund is set at 25 percent of the current annual operating expense budget to adequately cover "working cash" and unforeseen costs related to water system operations.
- 2. The Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund was established in January 2014 to cover variations in water sales resulting from variable weather conditions, conservation and loss of imported water supplies. The Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund was increased from 2 percent to 5 percent of current annual operating revenue budget in November 2013, to be fully funded by June 2014. Due to severe drought, the Rate Stabilization Fund was increased from 5 percent to 10 percent of the current annual operating revenue budget in May 2015, to be fully funded by June 2016. In FY 2017/18, SCWD plans to evaluate the sufficiency of the Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund given the recent drought and lower consumption levels.
- 3. A Capital Reserve Fund was established in November 2013 to cover any unexpected and unplanned infrastructure and replacement repairs not included in the budget. Currently the Capital Reserve Fund is set at a flat amount of \$1 million, which is approximately 20 percent of the average annual CIP. In FY 2017/18, SCWD is evaluating the sufficiency of the Capital Reserve Fund to enhance coverage for repair and replacement of aging infrastructure. Currently SCWD's average annual CIP is approximately \$5 million.
- 4. An Emergency Reserve Fund was established in May 2015 to cover any emergency repairs due to unforeseen natural disasters such as earthquake, fire, etc. Currently the Emergency Reserve Fund is set at a flat amount of \$1 million for immediate repairs to restore SCWD's operations for continued water delivery to its customers while waiting for possible assistance through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). SCWD is evaluating the emergency reserve target level compared to industry and FEMA standards.

Debt Management Policy

In June 2014, the Board of Directors approved SCWD's revised Debt Management Policy, which includes SCWD's written guidelines and restrictions that affect the amount and type of debt issued, the issuance

process and the management of the debt portfolio. The policy is designed to provide justification for the structure of debt issuance, identify policy goals and demonstrate a commitment to long-term financial planning for the retail water system. The Disclosure Procedures Policy and the Derivatives Policy supplement the Debt Management Policy.

Purchasing and Bidding Policy

In August 2012, the Board of Directors approved SCWD's revised Purchasing and Bidding Policy to more cost-effectively and efficiently construct works of improvement and acquires goods and services needed for the operation, maintenance and improvement of the retail system. SCWD's Purchasing and Bidding Policy distinguishes retail procurement and contracting procedures from those followed by CLWA's wholesale operations and is designed in accordance with the County Water District Law (Water Code Section 30000 et seq.).

Wholesale Long-Term Commitments

The following is a summary of the Wholesale System's long-term debt and long-term water supply contract commitments, including the State Water project. Additional information is provided in the Long-Term Commitments section of the budget.

Bond Ratings

The Bond ratings for the Agency's outstanding Debt reflect high grade investment quality debt. They are based on the Agency's good financial management, strong financial policies and diverse water supply portfolio. Debt issued at these ratings results in lower interest rates and correspondingly lower debt service payments.

	1999 COPs	2008A COPs (VRDO)	2010A COPs	2014A Revenue Refundin g Bonds	2015A Revenue Refunding Bonds	2016A Revenue Bonds
Fitch	AA	AA-	AA-	AA-	AA-	AA-
Standard & Poor's	AA+	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA

Total Outstanding Debt

Total debt includes Certificates of Participation (COPs) and Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$269.8 million as of June 30, 2017. Scheduled annual debt service for FY 2017/18 is \$23.7 million. Projected annual debt service is anticipated to be \$25.9 million starting in FY 2019/20, \$26 million starting in FY 2020/21 and \$30 million starting in FY 2022/23 based on anticipated new debt issuance and payments on the 1999 Capital Appreciation Certificates of Participation. The source of debt service repayment is Facility Capacity Fees and one percent property tax revenues. Debt proceeds are used to fund the Agency's capital improvement program, and all facilities are allocated to future users (paid by Facility Capacity Fees) and existing users (paid by one percent property tax revenues).

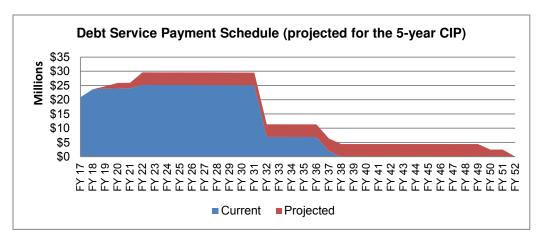
Series	Outstanding Principal June 30, 2017	Debt Service FY 2017/18
2008A COPs	\$ 22,825000	\$ 5,739,958
2014A Revenue Bonds	11,455,000	3,149,400
1999 COPs	63,355,635	
2010A COPs	54,315,000	5,278,906
2015A Revenue Bonds	61,460,000	5,036,725
2016A-R Revenue Bonds	25,730,000	2,528,900
2016A-N Revenue Bonds	30,665,000	1,960,450
Total	\$ 269,805,635	\$ 23,694,339

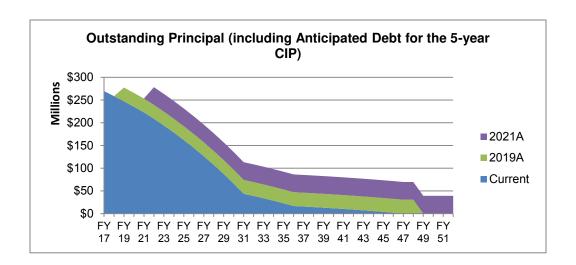
Planned Issuance for the Five-Year CIP

In May 2016, the Agency issued \$30.7 million in revenue bonds to fund the ongoing CIP for Major Capital projects. The Agency's current wholesale CIP for Major Capital projects shows 20 projects being constructed over the next ten years. Assuming the Agency is able to obtain some grant funding for the recycled water projects, this program would require over \$160 million in additional funding. The Agency typically funds Major Capital Projects through the issuance of debt (Minor Capital and Repair and Replacement Projects are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis). At this time, the FY 2017/18 Budget 10-year forecast includes additional debt issuance of \$30.5 million in 2019 and \$39.1 million in 2021 to cover project funding for the next five years. At this time, the ten-year forecast does not show sufficient funds to support annual debt service payments for additional bond issues in 2023 and 2024 to complete the projects. The Agency will need to monitor is existing revenues streams (Facility Capacity Fees and one percent property tax revenues) and will likely need to consider additional revenue sources. These projections are based on the ten-year CIP and do not include additional projects for future infrastructure, water supply and water supply reliability projects discussed in the Facility Capacity Fee Study, the Recycled Water Master Plan, the Urban Water Management Plan and other planning documents.

Bond covenants require that the Agency maintains a minimum 1.20 debt coverage ratio on all bonds. The Agency's current projections for debt coverage ratios are as follows:

FY 2017/18	1.53
FY 2018/19	1.46
FY 2019/20	1.69
FY 2020/21	1.87
FY 2021/22	1.51





State Water Project Contract – On April 30, 1963, the Agency entered into a water supply contract with DWR under which the Agency agreed to make payments which include, among other charges, capital charges and operation and maintenance charges. These contracts are deemed to be voter-approved indebtedness for purposes of Article XIIIA of the California Constitution, and the Agency levies a tax sufficient to provide for all payments.

Buena Vista/Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Acquisition - On May 22, 2007, the Agency entered into a 30-year agreement with the Buena Vista Water Storage District and the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District for the acquisition of 11,000 AF of water supply per year for a 30-year period. The purchase price was established in FY 2006/07 at \$486.85 per AF. The purchase price is adjusted each calendar year by the Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers – All Items – Southern California Area). The current purchase price is \$803.54 per AF.

Retail Long-Term Commitments

The following is a summary of Retail's long-term debt commitments. Additional information is provided in the Long-Term Commitments section of the budget.

Interfund Loan

CLWA acquired Santa Clarita Water Company's stock through condemnation in September 1999 for a purchase price of \$63 million. The acquisition was treated as an Interfund Loan. At the time of the purchase, the CLWA Financial Advisor prepared a financial analysis of SCWC's cash flow. This analysis showed that it was financially feasible to fund the acquisition of the company with its own revenue stream. The interest rate on CLWA's Interfund Loan was 5.04 percent. SCWD began making payments on the loan in FY 2000/01.

In June 2010, CLWA refunded the 2001 Certificates of Participation (COPs) with the 2010 refunding COPs, achieving an all-in true interest cost of 4.23 percent. As a result, the Board of Directors adopted Resolution Number 2765 on January 26, 2011, adopting the revised payment schedule for the SCWD Interfund Loan at the interest rate of 4.23 percent.

On September 15, 2011, SCWD refinanced the CLWA Interfund Loan by selling \$52,290,000 of Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 3.52 percent for a net present value savings of \$3,671,786, or 6.32 percent, over the life of the bond issue.

Debt Service

Certificates of Participation (COPs) were issued to finance 80 percent of SCWD's capital improvement program for FY 2009/10 to FY 2011/12 with the remaining 20 percent funded by retail water rates.

The following is a summary of the two debt service issues to date. Additional information and a full payment schedule are provided in the Long Term Commitments section of the budget.

2010B

On May 11, 2010, \$14,475,000 of COPs were issued to acquire the new Administration Office Building and to construct several water storage tanks and distribution pipelines.

The certificates are payable by installment payments according to the Installment Purchase Agreement. Interest is payable semi-annually August 1 and February 1, and the principal is due annually on August 1. The balance at the end of FY 2016/17 is \$12,900,000. Payments totaling \$956,238 are due during FY 2017/18 (projected balance at the end of FY 2017/18 is \$12,610,000).

2011A

On September 15, 2011, \$52,290,000 of revenue bonds, issued through the Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority, were executed and delivered to provide funds to pay off the CLWA Interfund Loan balance of \$58,286,314.

The balance at the end of FY 2016/17 was \$43,295,000. Payments totaling \$4,532,138 are due during FY 2017/18 (projected balance at the end of FY 2017/18 is \$40,840,000).

Bond Ratings

The Bond ratings for SCWD's outstanding Debt reflect high grade investment quality debt. They are based on SCWD's strong financial management and financial policies. Standard & Poor's assigned "AA" rating for both SCWD's 2010B COP and 2011A. Debt issued at these ratings results in lower interest rates and correspondingly lower debt service payments.

Basis of Budgeting

For budgetary reporting purposes, Wholesale and Retail follow the "generally accepted accounting principles" (GAAP) applicable to governmental entities.

Wholesale uses modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual for the Wholesale (generally 60 days after yearend) are recognized when due. The primary sources susceptible to accrual for the Wholesale are property tax, interest earnings on investments and operating revenues. Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred.

Retail uses accrual basis of accounting, which means that revenues and expenses are recorded in the periods in which the transaction occur, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Principal payments on long-term debt are applied to the outstanding balance of debt and capital projects/outlays are recorded as assets when acquired or as projects are completed.

The financial statements of the Agency are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Fund Structure

The accounts of the Agency are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established for carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objects in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. The funds of the Agency are described below:

Governmental Fund Types

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or constructions of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The major funds of the Agency are:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund (Operating)</u>. This is the general operating fund of the Agency. It is used to account for all expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

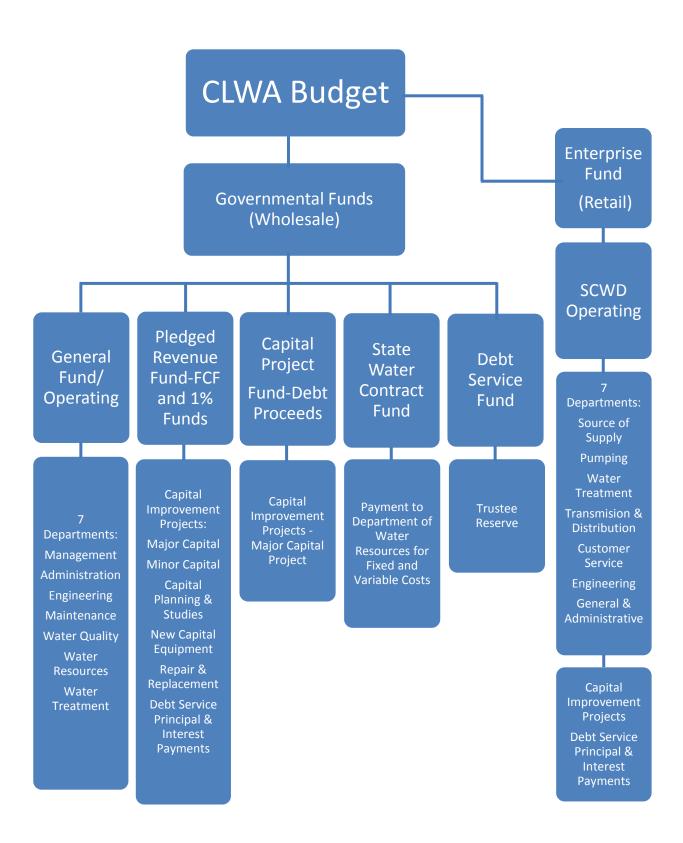
<u>Pledged Revenue Fund (Capital Improvement Program)</u>. This fund is used to account for all financial resources and revenues collected by the Agency except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major sources of revenue are Facility Capacity Fees and One Percent Property Tax Revenues.

<u>State Water Contract Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for all revenues derived from a tax collected to pay for participation in the State Water Project. Its use is restricted for costs of the State Water Project.

<u>Capital Project Fund (Capital Improvement Program)</u>. This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

FUND STRUCTURE



Water Enterprise Fund

SCWD uses the Enterprise Fund to account for SCWD's retail water operations. SCWD also uses the Enterprise Fund to pay the Series 2010B COP and Series 2011A Revenue Bond debt service.

Budgetary Control

The Board of Directors annually adopts a balanced operating and capital budget prior to the new fiscal year. The budget authorizes and provides the basis for reporting and control of financial operations and accountability for the Agency's operations and capital projects. The Board of Directors monitors the budget and financial conditions through monthly Finance and Expenditures reports, Quarterly Investment Reports, Midyear and Yearend Budget reports and the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Board of Directors must approve all supplemental appropriations to the Budget and transfers between major funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. The General Manager is authorized to direct the Assistant General Manager and Administrative Services Manager to transfer within individual fund budgets. The Retail Manager is authorized to direct the Retail Administrative Officer to make transfers within the Enterprise Fund as long as the amounts do not exceed the total approved budget amount.

The Board of Directors must approve all supplemental appropriations to the Budget.

Budget Process

The budget planning and preparation process is an important Agency activity and provides an opportunity for the Board of Directors, management and staff to reassess goals and objectives for the upcoming and future years. A key part of the budget process is the use of the Strategic Plan to relate the mission statement of the Agency to annual work program objectives to be achieved during FY 2017/18 and in the future.

During February, the Board of Directors holds a Strategic Planning Workshop to refine the Strategic Plan and finalize the objectives for the upcoming fiscal year. Prior to this, the Strategic Plan facilitator conducts a number of staff and management workshops to identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats, and also conducts interviews with each of the Directors. This information is used in the Strategic Planning workshop to revisit and verify the Vision, Mission, Values and Goals in the Strategic Plan, as well as to develop strategies and objectives. During March and April of each year, Management and staff update current and develop new objectives for the upcoming fiscal year. Specific actions are discussed and refined with the Committees and the Board of Directors in March and April.

The process is used to develop the Budget that is presented to the Budget and Rates Committee and the Board of Directors in May. The Budget is approved by motion and majority vote of the Board. If the Budget is not adopted in May, the Board may direct staff to revise and update the budget and resubmit it in June for Board review and adoption.

All of these meetings are posted for public participation. In addition, the Budget is posted on the Agency's website to allow for public review. The Final FY Budget is also posted on the Agency's website after it is adopted.



Strategic Planning

Strategic planning is a structured process to prioritize issues and provide a long-term view for the Agency. The Strategic Plan is intended to be a living document and is used in the Agency's planning and annual budget process. The budget process sets fiscal year and short-term priorities established in the Strategic Plan. The strategic plan process includes the following definitions:

- ◆ Action Plan a detailed set of tactical actions that will be developed in order for some of the strategies / objectives to be achieved.
- Core Values non-negotiable standards that the staff and the Board believe in and embody how they will act individually and as an organization.
- Goal Castaic Lake Water Agency's commitment to the community it serves.
- Mission the primary reason (s) for the existence of the organization.
- Objective measurable work activity that, when accomplished, will directly lead to the success of the strategy.
- Issue an opportunity or a problem facing the Agency.
- Strategy how an issue is solved to achieve the goal.
- Strategic Plan a structured plan to drive the Agency to achieve its goals.
- ♦ SWOT Analysis description of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats to identify areas of focus in the Strategic Plan.
- Tactic specific work activities to accomplish a strategy.
- ♦ Vision what the Agency aspires to become.

The budget includes the fiscal year actions by department and division. The Strategic Plan covers the other items and is included as a stand-alone section in the budget document.



Balancing the Budget

A balanced budget is a basic budgetary constraint intended to ensure that a government does not spend beyond its means. In developing the FY 2017/18 Budget, Management reviews the short-term and long-term forecast information to develop a budget that balances anticipated revenues and expenditures. This definition of balancing the budget does not apply to the Agency's capital budgets and funds.

Performance Measurement

The Strategic Plan and fiscal year objectives are the basis for performance measurement. Major accomplishments for the previous fiscal year are reported in the Budget. During the fiscal year, staff report to the Board of Directors on the status of all actions at midyear and at yearend, allowing the Board to monitor progress and adjust priorities as necessary. Accomplishments and objectives for each Department and Division are shown in the Operating Expenditures section, as well as selected performance measures and workload measures. All Agency performance measures are included in the Strategic Plan and financial measures are included in the Financial Summary section.

Capital Budget Process

The fiscal year capital budget is generally based on various planning documents, including the Urban Water Management Plan, the Facility Capacity Fee Study, the SCWD Water Master Plan and various capital improvement program plans. These documents are updated on a periodic basis. The Agency's proposed CIP activities are developed to fulfill the Agency's stated mission, which is to provide reliable, quality water at a reasonable cost to the Santa Clarita Valley. The proposed CIP is structured to include facilities for the treatment, storage and transmission of potable water and recycled water as well as the acquisition of additional water supplies. The proposed CIP also contains elements to increase reliability through a combination of additional water supplies, water banking, storage and conjunctive use.

The current documents are the 2016 Recycled Water Master Plan, the 2017 Emergency and Operational Storage Plan, the 2015 Urban Water Management Plan, the 2014 Facility Capacity Fee Study and the 2013 SCWD Water Master Plan.

Capital Projects

Capital projects are defined as non-operating expense items of the budget, which includes expenditures for fixed asset/equipment purchases as well as the accumulation of expenditures associated with construction projects. Capital Projects typically have a life of five years or more. The categories of capital projects are:

- Major Capital Projects: The acquisition of land, facilities, works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water. Major and minor capital projects are distinguished by dollar threshold. Retail and Wholesale definitions are included in the more detailed Capital Improvements sections.
- Minor Capital Projects: Minor capital projects include the acquisition of land, facilities, works and improvements; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities. Major and minor capital projects are distinguished by dollar threshold. Retail and Wholesale definitions are included in the more detailed Capital Improvements sections.
- ◆ <u>Capital Planning, Studies and Administration:</u> Non-operating expenses, including but not limited to (1) studies in support of major capital projects and (2) non-recurring studies.
- New Capital Equipment: The purchase of fixed asset equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more. New Capital Equipment has all of the following characteristics: (1) normal useful life of at least one year or more, (2) an acquisition cost of at least \$5,000, and (3) generally is facility or plant specific and not portable or used in various locations.
- Repair and Replacement: Minor changes or additions to existing Agency-owned grounds or buildings and the electrical, lighting, plumbing, air-conditioning or heating systems contained therein, which correct unsafe or unhealthful working conditions, increase operating efficiency, promote improved service to the public, and provide for the installation of equipment and security devices. Repair and Replacement also includes equipment which are installed components to

Repair and Replacement Projects and the cost including tax is \$5,000 or greater. Generally, this includes replacement of equipment after end of mechanical or electrical service life such as impellers, circuit breakers, transformers, stator coils, valves or HVAC components. It also includes repairs or modifications that will bring plant or facility equipment back to normal functioning level. Repair and Replacement equipment has all of the following characteristics: (1) replacement of spare parts and components initially furnished by a contractor or manufacturer not included with the original machinery, (2) equipment that will be attached to original machinery throughout its useful life, and (3) plant, facility or building-specific electrical or mechanical components. The capital budget for repair and replacement generally excludes portable equipment and small tools that can be used in various locations. Major and minor capital projects are distinguished by dollar threshold. Retail and Wholesale definitions are included in the more detailed Capital Improvements sections.

Capital Improvement Project Cost Allocation

Wholesale capital improvement projects are funded by Facility Capacity Fee and one percent property tax revenues. Retail capital improvement projects are funded through the retail water rates and Capacity Fees paid by developers. During FY 2006/07, the Agency implemented a new work order, financial software and project accounting system to facilitate cost accounting. Agency staff charges direct costs to capital projects. Burden and benefit rates are applied and the total amount is charged to each project budget.

Risk Management

The Agency recognizes that losses have a negative financial impact on the Agency. Minimizing the exposure to loss is a goal of the Agency. The Agency strives to minimize losses through its safety and training programs and through its risk transfer program. The Agency has adopted a Risk Transfer Manual which recognizes that a critical step in minimizing the exposure to loss is to execute effective risk transfer. The Agency uses a set of standard contracts to minimize potential liability exposures by transferring the legal and financial responsibility for losses to the party best able to control them.

Insurance

The Agency is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Power Insurance Authority (JPIA), an intergovernmental risk-sharing joint powers authority created to provide self-insurance programs for California water agencies. JPIA arranges and administers programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses, and purchases excess insurance coverage for its members. JPIA began operations on October 1, 1979 and has continued without interruption since that time. As of June 30, 2017, Agency limits and deductibles for liability, property, and workers compensation programs of the JPIA are as follows:

- ♦ General and auto liability, public officials and employees' errors and omissions: total risk financing self-insurance limits of \$1,000,000, combined single limit per occurrence. JPIA has purchased additional excess coverage layers of \$59,000,000 for general, auto and public officials' liability, which increases the limits on the insurance coverage noted above.
- ♦ The cyber liability program covers a wide range of cyber security issues originating from both third (external) and first (internal) parties. Coverage includes defense costs and damages for security, privacy and media liability; fees and expenses incurred from cyber extortion; as well as costs to restore network business interruption and digital asset protection. Coverage limits are \$2,000,000 per occurrence with an aggregate of \$5,000,000 and a deductible of \$50,000.
- ◆ Property losses are paid at the replacement cost for buildings, fixed equipment and personal property on file, if replaced within two years after the loss; otherwise such losses are paid on an actual cash value basis, subject to a \$5,000 deductible per loss, and actual cash value for mobile equipment, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per loss, and licensed vehicles, subject to a \$500 deductible per loss. JPIA has purchased excess coverage for a combined total of \$100,000,000 per occurrence.

- Boiler and machinery coverage for the replacement cost up to \$100,000,000 per occurrence, subject to various deductibles depending on the type of equipment.
- Workers compensation insurance up to State statutory limits for all work-related injuries/illnesses covered by State law, and employer's liability coverage up to \$4,000,000. JPIA is self-insured up to \$2,000,000 and excess coverage has been purchased.

In addition to the above, the Agency has the following insurance coverage:

♦ Crime coverage up to \$1,000,000 per loss, including public employee dishonesty, including public officials who are required by law to give bonds for the faithful performance of their service, forgery or alteration and computer fraud, subject to a \$1,000 deductible.

Employee Compensation

Salaries

General wage increases are established by a program of cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) and periodic market surveys. For cost-of-living adjustments, the Board of Directors reviews Consumer Price Index (CPI) and other relevant information and, where appropriate, grants COLA in July. The FY 2017/18 Budget includes funds for a two percent increase, as approved by the Board of Directors in April 2017.

Retirement

The Agency is a member of the California Public Employee's Retirees' Retirement System (PERS), and each full-time probationary and regular full-time employee, who works a minimum of one thousand (1,000) hours/fiscal year, automatically becomes a member upon his/her entry into employment. Eligible employees who are considered "classic" members of CalPERS will be enrolled in the PERS Local Miscellaneous 2% at 55 Plan. The Agency and employee contribution for this retirement plan is paid by the Agency. Employees who become "new" members of PERS on or after January 1, 2013 are enrolled in the PERS Local Miscellaneous 2% at 62 Plan in accordance with the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). New members for this retirement plan will be required to contribute at least 50% of the expected normal cost.

Classic Members

Beginning in FY 2015/16, due to PEPRA, PERS is instituting new actuarial rules to adjust for PEPRA. For Classic Members, PERS has changed the employer contribution into two components – a normal component and an unfunded accrued liability (UAL). For FY 2017/18, the Agency's lump sum payment for the UAL is \$380,503, which equates to 4.031% of salaries. PERS will require the Agency to pay the employer contribution at a rate of 9.599%. The Agency also pays the employee's contribution of 7%, which brings the Agency's total contribution to 20.630% in FY 2017/18.

Fiscal Year	Employer Contribution	UAL	Employee Contribution	Total Agency Contribution
2018/19	9.6% (projected)	6.030% (projected)	7%	22.630%
2017/18	9.599%	4.031%	7%	20.630%
2016/17	9.558%	2.993%	7%	19.551%
2015/16	9.353%	2.547%	7%	18.900%
2014/15	12.330%	na	7%	19.330%
2013/14	11.603%	na	7%	18.603%
2012/13	13.104%	na	7%	20.104%
2011/12	12.954%	na	7%	19.954%
2010/11	11.983%	na	7%	18.983%
2009/10	11.935%	na	7%	18.935%

New (PEPRA) Members

For FY 2017/18, PERS will require the Agency to pay the employer contribution at a rate of 6.908%. Employees will pay the entire employee contribution rate of 6.5%. Because PEPRA is a relatively new program, there is only a minimal unfunded actuarial liability of \$174. It is likely this component will be more significant in future years.

Fiscal Year	Employer Contribution
2018/19	6.9% (projected)
2017/18	6.908%
2016/17	6.93%
2015/16	6.73%

Health Insurance

The Agency provides a range of medical insurance plans through PERS. Recent increases in medical insurance costs have been relatively modest because PERS converted from statewide rates to zone rates and rates in southern California tend to be less than in northern California. The FY 2017/18 Budget conservatively assumes an increase of 8% effective January 1, 2018.

Year	Change from Previous Year –
rear	Blue Shield Family Premium
2018	8% (projected)
2017	19.3%
2016	2.3%
2015	9.4%
2014	-11.5%
2013	3.9%
2012	2.8%
2011	17.0%
2010	3.0%
2009	3.6%

Dental and vision insurance are provided through JPIA. The FY 2017/18 Budget assumes no change for the Delta Dental PPO dental plan and no change for the VSP vision plan.

Retiree Benefits/Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The Agency offers full medical and dental insurance to retirees and their dependents. In FY 2016/17, the Agency had 39 retirees. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, requires governmental agencies that fund post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis, such as the Agency (beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009), to account for and report the outstanding obligations and commitments related to such post-employment benefits in essentially the same manner as for pensions. The Agency offers post-employment health care benefits (medical and dental), which have historically been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. Beginning in FY 2008/09, the Agency implemented pre-funding for retiree health insurance and now fully pre-funds the ARC (annually required contribution) on an annual basis. In FY 2017/18, the Agency's pre-funding rate is 10.9% of salaries.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Agency receives Workers' Compensation insurance from JPIA. Premiums are based on the Agency's size and experience ratings. JPIA uses the same formula developed by the Workers' Compensation Insurance Rating Bureau to generate an experience modification factor which will reflect

the Agency's loss experience in comparison with other employers in the same classifications. Premiums are paid quarterly based on actual payroll for the previous quarter. The rates vary by employee classification.

Community Profile

The Agency is located in the northwestern portion of Los Angeles County approximately 35 miles from downtown Los Angeles. The Agency's wholesale service area has a population of approximately 273,000 and covers an area of approximately 195 square miles or 124,000 acres. The majority of the service area is located in Los Angeles County, encompassing most of the valley and adjacent hill country along the Upper Santa Clara River. Approximately 20 square miles of the service area extends into unincorporated rural portions of Ventura County. The service area is a semi-arid region and includes the City of Santa Clarita, plus surrounding unincorporated portions of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties. Communities in the unincorporated areas include Castaic, Stevenson Ranch and Val Verde.

The Agency's service area is considered a premier community for raising families and building businesses. The area is known for its attractive residential neighborhoods, low crime rate and excellent schools. Greatschools.com has given 6 different Santa Clarita schools a perfect 10 out of 10 rating.

The Santa Clarita Valley is part of a comprehensive transportation network, which includes three major freeways, a commuter rail which serves over 2,100 passengers daily from the Antelope and Santa Clarita Valley and allows easy access to the ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach. The three Metrolink commuter rail stations in Santa Clarita carry over 1,100 passengers a day to and from the San Fernando Valley and Downtown Los Angeles. Metrolink ridership has increased an average of 16% in Santa Clarita in the last year. The City also has nearly 96 miles of bicycle and pedestrian trails.

There are a number of recreational and historical facilities located in the Santa Clarita Valley, including the Six Flags Magic Mountain amusement park and Gene Autry's Melody Ranch. The service area is adjacent to the Angeles National Forest, and includes nearby Castaic Lake, the Placerita Canyon Nature Center and Vasquez Rocks County Park.

Also located in the Santa Clarita Valley are the COC Performing Arts Center; Canyon Theatre Guild, Disney Studios, Santa Clarita Repertory Theater, as well as the Friendly Valley, Valencia Country Club, Robinson's Ranch, Tournament Players Club and Vista Valencia golf courses.

The City of Santa Clarita's strong and diverse economy continues to expand, making Santa Clarita the ideal destination for Southern California businesses. Maintenance of a highly supportive environment for business development is achieved through the cooperation of the local Chamber of Commerce and the City government. In addition, companies benefit greatly from the area's land and leasing opportunities, as well as from the highly-skilled labor pool, variety of transportation choices, housing, quality of life, climate, and scenery. Santa Clarita's top employers are Six Flags Magic Mountain, Princess Cruises, Henry Mayo Newhall Memorial Hospital, College of the Canyons, William S. Hart and Saugus Union School Districts, U.S. Postal Service, Boston Scientific, Newhall School District, City of Santa Clarita.

Economy

The Agency is largely located in the northwestern portion of Los Angeles County approximately 35 miles from downtown Los Angeles, although approximately 20 square miles of the service area extends into unincorporated rural portions of Ventura County. The 2016 gross product of Los Angeles County is estimated at \$690.2 billion (California Economic Forecast). The State and Los Angeles County unemployment rates have improved slightly from last year. As of September 2016 the Los Angeles County unemployment rate was 5% (down 0.3%) and the State of California's unemployment rate was 5.5% (also down 0.3%) (Legislative Analyst Office of California). The assessed valuation of the Agency's service area is \$39.8 billion.

Growth in the Community and Impacts to the Agency

The Agency evaluates land use data and housing construction in the service area in conjunction with the retail water purveyors and projections from the "One Valley One Vision" (OVOV), a joint planning effort by the City of Santa Clarita and the Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning. The OVOV general plan amendments are the basis of the Agency's 2015 Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP). The 2015 UWMP indicates a 1.3 percent annual rate of growth in the service area.

The Agency's 2015 UWMP provides information on water use, water resources, recycled water, water quality, reliability planning, demand management measures and water shortage contingency planning. It projects future demands for residential, industrial, institutional, landscape, agricultural and other purposes, and lists available and planned supplies to meet that demand. The 2015 UWMP has found that, based on conservative water supply and demand assumptions over the next forty years in combination with conservation of non-essential demand during certain dry years, and additional investments in recycled water and water banking programs, the Agency's total projected water supplies will be sufficient to meet the Agency's projected water demands in the Agency's service area through the year 2050.

Projected Availability and Reliability of State Water Project Supplies

In December 2014, the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) released its *Final 2013 State Water Project Delivery Reliability Report* (2013 Report). The 2013 Report updates estimates of the current (2013) and future (2035) State Water Project (SWP) delivery reliability and incorporates regulatory requirements for SWP and federal Central Valley Project (CVP) operations in accordance with FWS and NMFS Biological Opinions (BOs) discussed above. DWR's estimates of future SWP delivery reliability also reflect potential impacts of climate change and sea level rise. With these factors, the 2013 Report projects that long-term average reliability will be 58 percent. CLWA staff has assessed the impact of the 2013 Report on the CLWA reliability analysis contained in the Agency's draft 2015 UWMP and has confirmed that current and anticipated supplies are available to meet anticipated water supply needs through the year 2050.

In May 2015, DWR released an updated analysis in its *State Water Project Delivery Capability Report*. This updated report indicates the Early Long-term (2025) reliability for CLWA would be 61%. The report also analyzes the alternatives that were evaluated in the Bay-Delta Conservation Programs. Those alternatives include future conditions with current facilities with high and low Delta outflow criteria as well as the California Water Fix twin-tunnel alternative. Those analyses indicate average reliabilities of 45%, 51% and 72%, respectively, for average reliability for CLWA. Staff is currently analyzing the results of these studies and the applicability to the 2015 Urban Water Management Plan.

BUDGET CALENDAR FY 2017/18									
February 24 – February 25	Board of Directors Developed Strategic Plan Refined and developed proposed Objectives in support of Strategic Plan								
March 9 - March 23									
March 9	Water Resources and Outreach Committee Reviewed proposed fiscal year Water Resources and Outreach Objectives								
March 14	Finance and Administration Committee Reviewed proposed Administration fiscal year Objectives								
March 23	Planning and Engineering Committee Reviewed proposed fiscal year Engineering and Operations Objectives Reviewed proposed CLWA major and minor Capital Improvements Projects (CIP)								
April 10	Budget and Rates Committee Reviewed Draft FY 2017/18 Wholesale and Retail Budget								
April 13	Financial and Operations Committee Reviewed proposed fiscal year Retail Objectives								
April 17	Planning and Engineering Committee Reviewed final CLWA major and minor Capital Improvement Projects (CIP)								
April 26	Board of Directors Reviewed Draft FY 2017/18 Wholesale and Retail Budget								
May 15	Budget and Rates Committee Recommended approval FY 2017/18 Wholesale and Retail Budget								
May 24	Board of Directors Approved FY 2017/18 Wholesale and Retail Budget								

BUDGET ACRONYMS

AB Assembly Bill

ACWA Association of California Water Agencies

ACWA/JPIA Association of California Water Agencies/Joint Powers Insurance Authority

ACOE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Act California Urban Water Management Planning Act

AF acre-foot/acre-feet AFY acre-feet per year

Agency Castaic Lake Water Agency

AWRM Alternative Water Resources Management Program

AWWARF American Water Works Association Research Foundation

AWWA American Water Works Association
BDCP Bay Delta Conservation Plan
BMPs Best Management Practices

BO Biological Opinion

BVWSD Buena Vista Water Storage District

CCF One Hundred Cubic Feet
CCR Consumer Confidence Report
CEQA California Environmental Quality Act
CESA California Endangered Species Act

CIP Capital Improvement Plan
CLWA Castaic Lake Water Agency
COPs Certificates of Participation
CVP Central Valley Project
DBP Disinfection by-products

D/DBP Disinfectants and Disinfectant By-Products

DDW Division of Drinking Water
Delta Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta

DFW California Department of Fish and Wildlife DHS California Department of Health Services

DOF Department of Finance
DPH Department of Public Health

DTSC Department of Toxic Substances Control

DWR Department of Water Resources
Edison Southern California Edison
EIR Environmental Impact Report
EIS Environmental Impact Statement
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

ESA Endangered Species Act
ESFP Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant
ESIPS Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station

ETo evapotranspiration

FWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service
FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency
GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

GPCD gallons per capita per day

GPD gallons per day
GPM gallons per minute

GWMP Groundwater Management Plan

IRWMP Integrated Regional Water Management Plan

KCWA Kern County Water Agency

L.A. Co. WWD #36 Los Angeles County Water Works District #36

LACDRP Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning

LACSD Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County

LADWP Los Angeles Department of Water and Power Metropolitan Metropolitan Water District of Southern California

MAF Million Acre-Feet
MGD Million Gallons per Day
mg/l milligrams per liter

MOU Memorandum of Understanding NCWD Newhall County Water District

NEPA National Environmental Protection Act NMFS National Marine Fishery Service

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
OMB Federal Office of Management and Budget

OVOV One Valley One Vision

PUC California Public Utilities Commission RWQCB Regional Water Quality Control Board

RVIPS Rio Vista Intake Pump Station
RVWTP Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant

RRB Rosedale-Rio Bravo

RRBWSD Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District SBX7-7 Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Plant

SCVWUESP Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan

SCWD Santa Clarita Water Division
SWSD Semitropic Water Storage District
SCWC Southern California Water Committee

SWP State Water Project

SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board

TDS Total Dissolved Solids
TMDL Total Maximum Daily Load
USCR Upper Santa Clara River
UWMP Urban Water Management Plan
VWC Valencia Water Company
Valley Santa Clarita Valley

Castaic Lake Water Agency FY 2017/18 Long-Term Financial Plan

May 2017

Castaic Lake Water Agency FY 2017/18 Long-Term Financial Plan

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A long-term financial plan (LTFP) is not a static, one-time document, but represents a process where the Board and management review financial strategies to help achieve the Agency's overall strategic plan. This FY 2017/18 LTFP represents an updated look at individual financial strategies and serves as the basis for future analysis and decision making. The LTFP helps to identify potential financial issues and risks. This FY 2017/18 LTFP groups financial strategies into near-term, mid-term and long-term issues, to help prioritize their implementation. Based on the decisions and guidance provided by the Board, the Plan is a rolling "look-ahead" to help identify priorities and focus.

The Agency's LTFP was first developed in FY 2008/09. This current LTFP continues to build upon the original plan, and also incorporates recent long-term planning efforts, including the Agency's Strategic Plan, the 2015 Urban Water Management Plan process, Integrated Regional Water Management Plan (IRWMP), 2014 Facility Capacity Fee study, the Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (SCVWUESP), the 2012 water rate study conducted by Raftelis Financial Consultants, Inc. (RFC) and the update of the Recycled Water Master Plan which is currently in progress.

Recent budgets and LTFPs have been significantly influenced by long-term drought and water supply conditions as well as state mandates for major reductions in per capita water use. While FY 2016/17 has been a "wet" year and has provided some relief, the Agency considers this a short-term situation. Long-term drought and water supply conditions will continue to be influenced by various mandates and regulations. Current and future budgets and LTFPs will be heavily influenced by the Agency's ability to finance a capital improvement program to maintain water supply reliability. **This LTFP discusses that the Agency will likely need to develop additional revenue sources for the capital improvement program.**

This LTFP is separate from the Agency's Strategic Plan and its objectives, goals and action items. This plan is intended to discuss financial strategies to achieve the Agency's strategic plan as well as respond to challenges and opportunities presented by economic, demographic, regulatory, political and environmental conditions.

The LTFP is not intended to address every fiscal issue, but identify high priority fiscal programs and strategies to be monitored over time, so that the Agency is positioned to address them at the appropriate time. The LTFP is a companion piece to the multi-year financial forecast, which estimates budget line items for the near future. The LTFP addresses broader, more strategic issues that will impact the forecast over time. None of these issues can be definitively answered nor fully addressed now. However, ongoing review of the LTFP will help keep the Agency focused on high priority financial issues.

The individual financial issues include:

Ongoing

- Diversity and Security of Revenues
- Water Supply Reliability

Near-Term

- **♦** Capital Improvement Program Funding
- ♦ Facility Capacity Fees
- Recycled Water
- Debt Financing of the Capital Improvement Program

Mid-Term

- ♦ Water Conservation and Water Use Efficiency
- Groundwater Management
- ♦ Capital Improvement Program for Existing Users
- ♠ Reliability (Banking) Programs Funding
- ♦ Technology
- **♦** Operations and Maintenance
- Quagga Mussels

Long-Term

- Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo Water Program and Other Water Supply Funding
- Water Sales
- Reconnaissance Study for Local Water Resource Management Measures
- ♦ Energy Costs
- Annexation Water Supply Financing

TOTAL COST OF WATER (Ongoing)

The Agency has funded the ongoing purchase and treatment of water from three sources — wholesale water rates, State Water Contract Fund (ad valorem taxes) and one percent property tax funds. (Note that purchases of "new" supplies of water are also partially-financed through Facility Capacity Fees; this discussion reflects annual costs to treat and deliver water to the retailers.) The diversity of funding sources strengthens the Agency's fiscal position, but masks the "true" cost of water. Wholesale water rates recover a portion of the cost through fixed charges and a variable rate, and other costs are covered by property taxes. When all of these costs are combined, the total cost of water is about \$1,400 per AF, as shown on the following pages. Staff will publish this table as part of the budget each year to enhance understanding of the actual "cost of water."

This is a calculation and not a water rate. The figures varies considerably from year to year as the amount of water purchased varies from year to year while most of the costs are fixed. A more accurate term might be "cost of water supply, treatment, delivery, capital and operations per unit sold."

Total Cost of Water

		FY 2013/14 Actual			FY 2014/15		FY 2015/16		FY 2016/17		FY 2017/18
				Actual		Actual		Estimated		Budget	
CL V	VA Operating Budget										
	otal	\$	18,328,630	\$	20,508,622	\$	20,916,660	\$	22,628,800	\$	24,546,700
_	atall an Dawan Coata										
ט	etail on Power Costs		400.04.4	-	545 500		770.050		440.000		000 000
	Electricity - Treatment Plants		429,914	-	545,533		772,956		448,000		360,000
	Electricity - Pumping		1,905,719		1,875,513		1,528,917		1,616,000		1,648,000
	Electricity - Other	-	47,468		50,580		48,516		45,000		50,000
	Electricity - Wells		168,714		127,271		131,079		136,000	_	140,000
		\$	2,551,815	\$	2,598,897	\$	2,481,468	\$	2,245,000	\$	2,198,000
P	ower as a Percentage		13.9%		12.7%		11.9%		9.9%		9.0%
sw	P Budget **										
To	otal	\$	21,258,432	\$	20,136,389	\$	21,922,573	\$	22,199,700	\$	30,570,000
D	etail on Variable Costs (Power)										
	Variable		5,637,395		3,997,735		4,835,394		5,000,000		7,000,000
	Off-Aqueduct Power Costs		3,147,687		1,377,767		1,173,354		232,100		232,100
		\$	8,785,082	\$	5,375,502	\$	6,008,748	\$	5,232,100	\$	7,232,100
Р	ower as a Percentage		41.3%		26.7%	_	27.4%		23.6%		23.7%
Cor	e Non-SWP Supplies										
	BV/RRB (not included in Operating)	\$	5,860,591	\$	5,548,059	\$	5,293,035	\$	7,071,100	\$	6,960,700
	Yuba Accord Water		30,437	·	24,269		4,137	Ť	-	·	90,000
		\$	5,891,028	\$	5,572,328	\$	5,297,172	\$	7,071,100	\$	7,050,700
TO	FAL COST OF WATER	\$	45,478,090	\$	46,217,339	\$	48,136,405	\$	51,899,600	\$	62,167,400
TOTAL COST OF POWER		\$	11,336,897	_	7,974,399		8,490,216		7,477,100	_	9,430,100
	ower as a Percentage	Ψ	24.9%		17.3%		17.6%		14.4%		15.29
^ =	Delivered		45,306		31,004		27,881		37,450		45,650
	t per AF	\$	1,003.80	\$	1,490.69	\$	1,726.49	\$	1,385.84	\$	1,361.83
*	This table reflects all "water"-related cos	ts, and	d divides by the	amo	ount of treated w	<i>r</i> ater	the Agency de	livers	s to the purveyo	rs.	
**	This includes all SWP costs, including "	capaci	itv" and "reliabi	litv"	charges. This a	amou	ınt is included i	n the	total that is		
	divided by the amount of treated water the Agency delivers to purveyors. It may be more accurate to allocate certain										
	"capacity" and "reliability" charges by Table A amount (95,200 AF) and then multiply by the AF delivered										
	to the purveyors.	1010 /7	aount (00,200	, , ,,	, and their multi	Piy L	, and the delive				

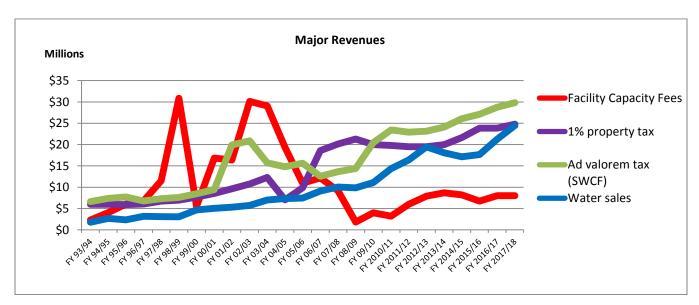
DIVERSITY AND SECURITY OF REVENUES (Ongoing)

The Agency is fortunate to have multiple sources of revenue. In general, each revenue stream faces different risks, so it is rare for all to be negatively impacted at the same time. Specifically in regards to the development-related Facility Capacity Fees, key findings from the 2012 Raftelis Financial Consultants (RFC) Water Rate Study include:

- Potential risks to the Agency include high annual debt service, risk of technical default on debt covenants if the Agency does not have sufficient revenues, lower Facility Capacity Fee revenue than projected, lower than projected imported water sales and potential diversion of one percent property tax revenues by the State.
- Although the current Agency pro forma shows the Agency's finances are healthy overall, the Agency does face certain significant risks, particularly due to the uncertainty of the Facility Capacity Fee revenue stream.

As discussed later in this LTFP, the Agency has further studied the Facility Capacity Fee revenue stream and finds significant financial risks to the Agency from a reduced revenue stream. Further, this LTFP discusses that the Agency will likely need to develop additional revenue sources for the capital improvement program.

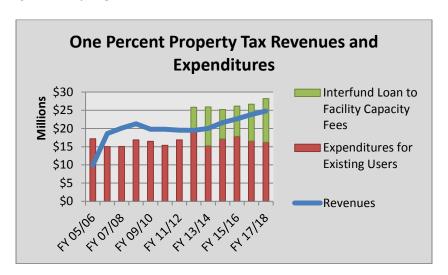
The 2015 RFC Water Rate Study also noted that "Overall, the Agency's diversified revenue structure mitigates the risks associated with exposure to a particular revenue sources; however, since some revenue sources are earmarked for specific expenses, their volatility presents a challenge to securing the financing of specific services provided by the Agency."



One Percent Property Tax Revenues

The Agency considers one percent property tax revenues subject to temporary or permanent seizure by the State of California. *If this should occur, the Agency would likely have to implement significant increases in wholesale water rates.*

As the Agency has developed, the level of one percent property tax expenditures has grown to nearly match the amount of revenues. This situation is likely to continue, and the Agency will have to monitor these expenditures on debt service and capital improvement projects for existing users. There will be limited opportunities to fund major new programs from these funds. Further, available fund balances are being used to pay a portion of Facility Capacity Fee (FCF) debt service while FCF revenues are low. This severely limits the availability of these funds for major new programs.



WATER SUPPLY RELIABILITY (Ongoing)

The Agency's service area has a diversified water supply portfolio. The alluvium aquifer and Saugus Formation provide about half of the current supplies during a normal year. Imported supplies are primarily comprised of State Water Project (SWP) and purchased Buena Vista/Rosedale-Rio Bravo water. SWP supplies are subject to significant annual variations due to hydrology and are subject to a general longer-term decline due to climate change and regulatory decisions. To a lesser degree, alluvium supplies can be impacted by dry hydrology. To deal with hydrologic variations, the Agency has made significant investments in water banking programs with Semitropic and Rosedale-Rio Bravo water storage districts. In addition, the Agency is pursuing the installation of two dry-year and 2 two replacement wells to increase pumping capacity in the Saugus Formation. These wells, along with installation of treatment at Valencia Water Company's well V-201 will make significant additional Saugus water available during dry periods.

In 2014, the California Legislature passed the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act. The Agency is cooperating with the Water Retailers, the City of Santa Clarita and the County of Los Angeles to create a Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA). The GSA will be responsible for developing a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) by 2022 which potentially may impact the quantities of groundwater available during dry years.

The Agency's service area is over 60% built out. While the impact of new development will be mitigated by increases in water use efficiency, most of this new demand will be met by existing supplies not required for current residents, the repurposing of agricultural supplies to urban supplies, along with significant increases in the use of recycled water. A great deal of the demand for Newhall Ranch and the other planned Westside communities will be met by reduction in agricultural pumping on Newhall Land's current operations. These and other factors are addressed in the 2015 Urban Water Management Plan.

Looking forward, the Agency will have to manage its supplies in an environment of increasing fiscal and regulatory uncertainty some of which is identified below and some that is currently unknown. Water supply reliability items to be monitored include:

- Recycled Water Program
- Groundwater Management
- ♦ State Water Project and the Cal WaterFix

All of these items have financial implications for the Agency.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FUNDING (Near-term)

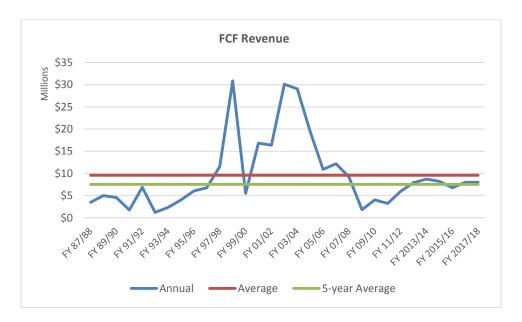
The Agency's current CIP for Major Capital projects shows 20 projects being constructed over the next ten years. Assuming the Agency is able to obtain some grant funding for the recycled water projects, this program would require over \$160 million in additional funding. The Agency typically funds Major Capital Projects through the issuance of debt (Minor Capital and Repair and Replacement Projects are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis). At this time, the FY 2017/18 Budget 10-year forecast includes additional debt issuance of \$30.5 million in 2019 and \$39.1 million in 2021 to cover project funding for the next five years. At this time, the ten-year forecast indicates that additional revenue beyond that forecasted from Facility Capacity Fees and the Agency's share of local 1% property tax revenue would be required to support annual debt service payments for additional bond issues in 2023 (\$38.6 million) and 2024 (\$55.2 million) to complete the projects. To continue funding the long-term CIP, the Agency will need to review is existing revenue streams, review additional availability of grant funding, consider deferring projects and will likely need to consider additional revenue sources.

The most likely revenue source would be to include a capital component in the Agency's wholesale water rates. This would most likely represent a significant increase in wholesale water rates. It would also be a means for the Agency to add a more significant pay-as-you-go component to its Capital Improvement Program funding, and become less reliant on long-term debt.

FACILITY CAPACITY FEES (Near-term)

Beginning in FY 2012/13, the Agency's Facility Capacity Fee Fund was depleted and was unable to pay future users' debt service. At the time, it was assumed that revenue levels would increase in line with past Facility Capacity Fee studies. One percent property tax revenues began paying a significant portion of the future users' debt service that is supposed to be funded by Facility Capacity Fees. This is considered an Interfund loan, and it has been assumed that future Facility Capacity Fees would fully repay the one percent property tax revenue fund with interest.

At this time, staff is beginning to question previous Facility Capacity Fee study projections. The 2015 UWMP projects a much smaller increase in growth in population and water demand. Increased water conservation efforts and increased regulation of housing/development industries will likely lead to even smaller increases in growth in water demand. Previous Facility Capacity Fee studies have projected annual growth of 1,400 AF of water sales and recent experience shows this to be closed to 525 AF. This results in annual revenue less than historical amounts.



Updated Facility Capacity Fees were adopted effective February 1, 2015 based on the 2014 Facility Capacity Fee Study, for calendar years 2015, 2016 and 2017. The next study will be the 2017 Facility Capacity Fee Study.

Based on this study, staff will have to analyze the implications of reduced revenues available for the implementation of the Capital Improvement Program and to repay the Interfund Loan.

RECYCLED WATER (Near-term)

The Agency's 2016 draft Recycled Water Master plan identified potential supplies of Recycled Water in excess of 20,000 AFY. As noted in the 2015 UWMP, however, to optimize the system to eliminate the need to provide potable water supplies during the summer, total anticipated recycled water supply is anticipated to be approximately 10,000 AFY.

At this time, to deal with the ongoing drought situation and mandates for reductions in potable water use, as well as to maximize the use of "local" water supplies, the Agency is moving forward with planning and design of four recycled water projects. However, completion of the environmental impact report and planning for project implementation are deferred pending resolution of environmental documentation issues related to the Santa Clarita Valley Sanitation District's (SCVSD) Chloride Compliance Project. The SCVSD is performing additional studies and analyses in response to legal challenge to its Chloride Compliance Project Environmental Impact Report (EIR). SCVSD's schedule for preparation and adoption of a revised EIR is unknown at this time. The SCVSD work is impacting the Agency's Recycled Water Program activities, including adoption of the Recycled Updated Water Master Plan and preparation of CEQA documentation and design for the Replacement Wells and Dry Year Wells projects. The Agency is processing CEQA documentation and final design for the four Recycled Water Phase II projects in preparation for grant application processes.

The four projects under design are considered the most cost-effective to implement and are aimed at converting large turf/non-potable users to recycled water, resulting in the conversion of approximately 2,400 AFY of potable to recycled water. The cost of these programs is about \$58.4 million, of which \$38.3 million will be allocated to the Agency and \$20.1 million to the retail purveyors.

The remainder of the recycled water program is estimated to cost over \$170 million (in 2014 dollars) to implement. As the Agency finalizes the Recycled Water Master Plan, the Agency will have to analyze the financial feasibility of future recycled water projects, and also address the following challenges:

Construction Costs

Given the reduced availability of Facility Capacity Fees and the limited amount of 1% tax revenue, the Agency's current revenue stream is unlikely to be able to fully fund this program.

At this time, the FY 2017/18 Budget 10-year forecast includes additional debt issuance of \$30.5 million in 2019 and \$39.1 million in 2021 to cover project funding for the next five years. At this time, the ten-year forecast indicates that additional revenue beyond that forecasted from Facility Capacity Fees and the Agency's share of local 1% property tax revenue would be required to support annual debt service payments for additional bond issues in 2023 (\$38.6 million) and 2024 (\$55.2 million) to complete the projects. To continue funding the long-term CIP, the Agency will need to review is existing revenue streams, review

additional availability of grant funding, consider deferring projects and will likely need to consider additional revenue sources.

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Existing Users

Even with the availability of seasonal storage, in order to fully use 17,100 AFY estimated to be available from existing water reclamation plants in 2050, recycled water will have to be deployed in areas that are currently developed. To connect existing users to a recycled water system is expensive, and these onsite retrofit costs are not included in the above costs.

Potable Water Reuse (Direct and Indirect)

The Agency's current program is based on directly serving recycled water to landscape and irrigation uses (via "purple pipe"). Such a system is expensive to construct and operate. The updated Recycled Water Master Plan is looking at direct and/or indirect potable reuse in the future at a conceptual level. Further research and analysis as well as new regulations would be needed before financial implications can be considered.

Operating Costs

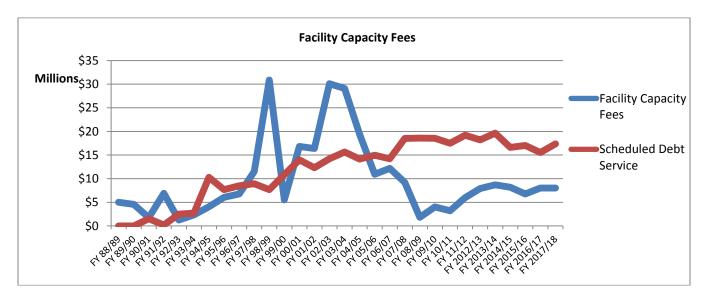
In regards to operating costs, the draft Recycled Water Master plan states that "...to encourage its use, recycled water should be available at a lower rate to users than potable water."

Based on the draft Recycled Water Master Plan, the Agency adopted a rate in 2002 that set the rate at 80% of the retail rates for potable water. At this time, Valencia Water Company (VWC) pays \$563/AF for recycled water. The current recycled water system consists of one turnout provided to one retailer (VWC) at a single location, which is simple and cost-effective to operate. When the recycled water is delivered to multiple turnouts and customers, a different rate structure will be needed. The recycled water rate structure was supposed to be studied as part of the 2012 wholesale water rate study. However, due to delays in constructing the Phase 2 projects, this rate study has been deferred.

DEBT FINANCING OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (Near-Term)

The Agency's Strategic Plan states the Agency will utilize reasonable debt financing as an acceptable and appropriate approach to fund long-term facility investments and thus ensure that existing and future users pay their fair share. The Agency's Debt Management Policy states that the Agency will utilize reasonable debt financing as an acceptable and appropriate approach to fund long-term investments and thus ensure that existing and future users pay their fair share ("generational equity"). Long-term investments include the acquisition of land, facilities, public works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water.

Debt spreads out the cost of capital improvements over time. In general, public agencies find that debt financing is an appropriate use for one-time projects, generally with a life of 10 years or more. To date, a significant portion of the Agency's capital programs are required for future needs. This makes the use of debt appropriate for two reasons: (1) debt financing allows each generation to pay for what it uses and (2) Facility Capacity Fees collected in one year may not be expended until future years. Likewise, in some years, there will not be sufficient Facility Capacity Fees collected to cover that year's debt service.



However, at this time, as discussed above, there is uncertainty about the Facility Capacity Fee revenue stream and its ability to pay for its share of debt service.

Near-Term Future Debt

Management has identified a need to invest in the Agency's infrastructure and Capital Improvement Program (CIP). In previous budgets, Management has deferred various capital improvement projects to deal with the recent economic downturn. At this time, the Agency's

infrastructure needs are increasing and continued deferrals will result in cost increases and possible operational and water supply reliability impacts. Consequently, Management recommends moving forward with certain critical elements of the Agency's CIP. In May 2016, the Agency issued \$30.7 million in revenue bonds to fund the ongoing CIP for Major Capital projects. At this time, the FY 2017/18 Budget 10-year forecast includes additional debt issuance of \$30.5 million in 2019 and \$39.1 million in 2021 to cover project funding for the next five years. At this time, the ten-year forecast does not show sufficient funds to support annual debt service payments for additional bond issues in 2023 and 2024 to complete the projects.

The exact timing and amounts of debt will depend in the progress of the CIP, availability of grant proceeds and market conditions. Management will review the situation with its financial advisor and report to the Board as needed. No new debt will be issued without thorough review with and approval by the Board of Directors.

Longer-term Future Debt

At this time, the Agency's CIP is focused on new infrastructure projects which are being identified as part of the 2017 Facility Capacity Fee Study. The draft CIP shows a need for \$550.8 million of new infrastructure, including recycled water, groundwater banking, pipeline expansions and improvements and emergency and operational storage. It is currently anticipated that these improvements will be funded by debt.

Item	Outstanding Principal (in millions)
Currently outstanding	\$ 269.8
Additional bond issues in 2019 and 2021	\$ 69.6
FCF Study CIP through buildout	\$550.8
Current User CIP/Major R&R	??? – tbd

WATER CONSERVATION AND WATER USE EFFICIENCY (Midterm)

A key component of the 2015 UWMP is working with the retail purveyors to develop a strategy to comply with SBX7-7, which calls for a 20 percent reduction in per capita water use by 2020 (i.e., "20% by 2020"). The legislation requires each retail purveyor to develop a baseline per capita water use, an interim 2015 water use target and a 2020 compliance target. The 2015 UWMP incorporates water demand projections that assume conservation investments by CLWA and the retailers continue through buildout, which is assumed to occur in 2050.

To comply with this mandate, in 2015 the Agency and the retail purveyors completed the Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (SCVWUESP). This Plan sets forth an integrated program that calls for the retail purveyors and the Agency to devote significant resources to implement necessary programs. The challenges are significant due to the existing high per capita water use, relatively affluent residents, low water rates and the prevalence of turf grass. Beginning in FY 2015/16, the Agency's budget devoted significant financial resources to water use efficiency programs. However, the Agency has not been able to fully expend these funds. The public's interest in Agency's water conservation programs particularly turf replacement programs was reduced due to a shift in attitudes brought about by the media's focus on El Nino conditions in 2015/16 winter, the State Water Resources Control Board's elimination of mandatory water conservation targets for local retailers in the summer of 2016 and a wet 2016/17 water year.

The Agency will continue to monitor progress and funding in this area.

GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT (Mid-term)

In 2014 California passed a series of laws collectively know at the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). The Agency and the retail purveyors overlay practically all of the Upper Santa Clara River Groundwater Basin. The Act requires that a Groundwater Stainability Agency (GSA) be formed for each groundwater basin. By 2022 the GSA's will have to develop their groundwater sustainability plans. The legislation provides the GSAs with substantial regulatory and revenue generating authority. The Agency and the retail purveyors are in a desirable situation of having a groundwater basin that is currently being managed in sustainable manner. Stakeholders may be challenged agreeing to the form and authority of a GSA as well as expanding pumping capacity in dry years.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FOR EXISTING USERS (Mid-term)

Through the Agency's Facility Capacity Fee Study process, a Capital Improvement Program (CIP) for new infrastructure is developed. The benefits and costs of the new infrastructure are allocated to future and existing users, and funding is provided by Facility Capacity Fees and one percent property tax revenues, respectively.

However, because the Agency's infrastructure is relatively new, a repair and replacement CIP has not been developed to maintain the infrastructure in the future. That is, the Agency's CIP has focused on constructing and expanding water treatment plants, pump stations, pipelines, emergency and operational storage and other such infrastructure. As that infrastructure ages, the CIP will transition to replacing pumps, pipeline, treatment plant components, etc. At some point, the Agency will transition its emphasis from implementing new facilities to asset management of existing facilities. Asset management should be designed to extend the useful lives of existing facilities at the lowest possible life cycle cost while maintaining reliability at appropriate levels.

A key finding from the 2012 RFC Water Rate Study was that "It is important to note that the Agency budgets approximately \$355,000 per year for repair and replacement projects. However, the depreciation expense of the Agency is approximately \$12.7 million per year using original costs of the assets. Since most of the Agency's assets are relatively new, repair and replacement expenses are not significant. However, as the assets age, repair and replacement costs will increase significantly. Thus, RFC proposes the Agency establish a repair and replacement reserve to mitigate future costs."

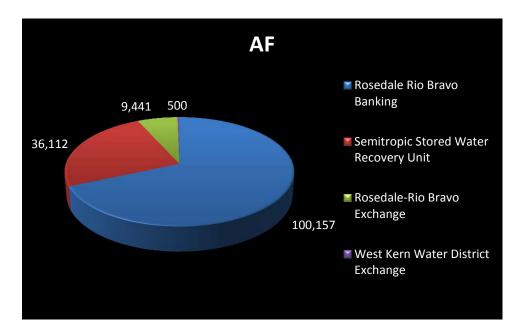
During FY 2012/13 an initial asset management gap analysis was performed to identify the steps needed to improve asset management at the Agency. The implementation of asset management continues, including the development of a draft repair and replacement CIP schedule, continued development of a CIP for existing users and other asset management practices.

During FY 2016/17, consistent with the new wholesale water rate structure, a repair and replacement reserve is being established over multiple years. While funds are starting to be set aside for this program, the Agency has not yet fully studied the potential future costs. There will be a significant cost component to this CIP, and those future costs will be developed and incorporated into the Agency's multi-year financial forecasts.

RELIABILITY (BANKING) PROGRAMS FUNDING (Mid-term)

The Agency currently participates in two long-term banking programs – Rosedale Rio Bravo Exchange program (RRB) and the Semitropic Stored Water Recovery Unit. The Agency is also currently participating in two exchange programs, one each with the Rosedale Rio Bravo Water Storage District and the West Kern Water District. The current balances in these programs are:

Program	AF
Rosedale Rio Bravo Banking	100,157
Semitropic Stored Water Recovery Unit	36,112
Rosedale-Rio Bravo Exchange	9,441
West Kern Water District Exchange	500
Total	146,210



The Agency has funded the capital costs for the existing programs, but will incur significant costs for future withdrawals from the programs, as well as for the development of emergency storage within the Agency's service area. Funding sources have not been identified for these programs.

Extraction Costs – Operating Costs

During FY 2013/14 and FY 2014/15 due to the ongoing drought and the low SWP allocations, the Agency extracted water from two of its banking programs, at an approximate cost of \$2.8 million over two years. The Agency funded those costs from available fund balances due to high water sales in previous fiscal years. These funds will not be available in the future. When the Agency extracted water from the Semitropic banking program in 2009, the extraction costs were recovered by a surcharge paid by the retailers.

The Agency will need to determine a funding source for future extractions. If the Agency were to establish a component of the wholesale water rate to create a reserve for future extraction funds, the cost would be approximately \$15-20/AF. This would generate funding for one year of extraction every five years. This compares to a current variable water rate of \$223.18/AF

Extraction Capacity – Capital Costs

The Agency can currently extract approximately 20,000 AFY from banking programs, of which 3,000 AFY comes from the RRB program. The Agency is currently implementing a major capital project to increase the extraction capacity at RRB by 7,000 AFY for an interim total of 10,000 AFY, at an estimated cost of \$9.7 million. The 2015 UWMP identifies additional capital investments to occur before 2030 to increase the extraction capacity by an additional 10,000 AFY. This is estimated to cost approximately \$16 million in current dollars.

Overall Capacity Needs

The Agency has sufficient water in storage to meet near-term storage requirements. The ultimate need for storage programs will be impacted by several factors including (1) the ability of DWR to successfully complete the California Water Fix (CWF) and thus improve SWP water supply reliability, (2) the success of the Agency in achieving the water conservation goals of SBX7-7 (20 percent by 2020) and (3) the Agency's ability to implement its recycled water program. At such time as additional storage may be needed, significant financial resources may be required to meet any additional Agency's needs.

Emergency Storage Programs

The Agency's 2011 Water Supply Reliability Plan Update identified the need for emergency storage to be available to meet water demand should outages occur on the State Water Project. The most challenging scenario for the Agency would be an outage of the West Branch of the California Aqueduct caused by an earthquake. The 2009 reliability report recommended the Agency have in place south of the Tehachapi Mountains approximately 5,000 AF of storage in the near term and about 14,000 AF by 2050.

Based on the 2011 Water Supply Reliability Plan Update, the Agency has sufficient emergency storage in Castaic Lake for the near term, and the Agency has deferred actively pursuing emergency storage south of the Tehachapi Mountains.

The Agency is scheduled to update its Water Supply Reliability Report in FY 2017/18 and FY 2018/19.

TECHNOLOGY (Mid-term)

Technology is an important backbone of all Agency operations, and is becoming increasingly critical to all operations. While the Agency has invested appropriately in hardware and software in the past, it is likely the Agency will have to significantly increase its investment in technology and staffing. The current level of staffing is two full-time positions, but this level of staffing lags industry benchmarks.

2014 Assessment

In 2014, the Agency engaged a consultant to conduct an independent comprehensive peer review of the Agency's technology and business systems to ensure the effectiveness and reliability of its Information Technology (IT) environment. The initiative was aimed at identifying and assessing critical challenges of the Agency's IT function and ensuring that the Agency maintains its IT infrastructure and operations according to the industry standards and best practices. The consultant's analysis made a number of recommendations including but not limited to:

- Increased staffing
- Enhanced network resiliency
- Developing and communicating IT policies and procedures
- Enhanced training for employees
- Developing a maintenance plan/schedule for IT infrastructure and application programs
- Installing a cloud-based GIS application/database
- Developing an IT equipment Life Cycle Management Plan
- Establishing an intranet as a productivity tool to facilitate communication between staff members and improve data sharing capabilities
- ♦ Developing an IT Strategic Plan
- Implementing a fully integrated, highly scalable asset management software

Current Situation

A current analysis of the Agency's technology program finds that over the past ten years, the Agency has grown from 80 to 140 users, five servers to 25 servers, servers at three locations instead of one, single tape backup solution to multi-site data replication and disaster recovery systems and five Blackberry users to 90 mobile devices, and has implemented several new technology solutions. Over the past ten years, the Agency's technology programs have transitioned from simple email and Microsoft Office program to include:

- SunGard Finance Plus (general ledger)
- Northstar Mcare (wireless technology to link field-service personnel with the utility billing system)
- ♦ Cognos Reporting
- Access Database (Facility Capacity Fee database)

- **♦** Laboratory Information Management System
- ♦ Neo Gov (human resources and recruitment portal)
- VMware (storage area networks and virtualized servers)
- AutoCAD
- ESET security endpoint (spam, virus and other security measures)
- ♦ WebEx
- Boardroom wireless LED monitor and audio system
- Automated meter reading
- Northstar Utility Billing
- Northstar Customer Connect (a customer web portal for utility billing)
- iManage Filesite (document management system)
- Mainsaver (Wholesale computerized maintenance system)
- Social Media: Facebook, Twitter, Instagram and Pinterest
- VEEAM (cloud-based backup and recovery of critical business systems)

- Video surveillance software
- ♦ VPN remote access
- Smart phones and tablets
- ♦ Handheld Trimble GIS collection devices
- ♦ PlanetBids online purchasing platform
- ♦ Open Gov Transparency platform
- ♦ Reflexion hosted email security service
- Knowbe4 Security Awareness Training Program
- ♦ Paymentus Online Bill Pay Program

Future Trends

The Agency will continue to rapidly expand its use of technology. Many of the applications listed above will be expanded for additional uses. For example, the Neo Gov recruitment tool will be expanded to include employee orientation and employee evaluations. New programs will include automated accounting and timekeeping process, web-based customer engagement portals for retail water uses (such as those that provide real-time usage information which can lead to increase awareness and water use efficiency), increased deployment of GIS, asset management, Retail computerized maintenance system, advanced metering infrastructure, increased use of tablets for field personnel, an employee Intranet and other such applications.

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE (Mid-term)

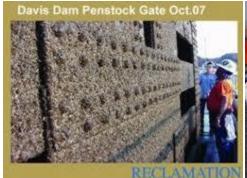
The Agency's infrastructure is expanding and will continue to expand. The number and complexity of Agency facilities have grown in recent years and will continue to do so. Each major CIP project that becomes operational adds new complexity and costs to the Agency's overall system. As this additional infrastructure is implemented, the Agency will require additional staff resources and will incur additional costs to operate and maintain the infrastructure.

The FY 2015/16 Budget provided two new positions to maintain the infrastructure that has been added over the last ten years, but this issue should be studied further. The Agency should develop a method to fully understand the impact of the CIP on operating costs. That is, when a project is added to the CIP, its cost is not just the cost of the capital improvement program, but includes the ongoing costs to operate and maintain that project.

The current CIP includes a number of water quality and pipeline projects that will not have significant operating costs. However, the future development of the recycled water program will have significant operating costs that should be identified as part of the planning process.

QUAGGA MUSSELS (Mid-term)

Quagga mussels are an invasive non-native species that breed very fast, have no known predators, and can quickly colonize new areas within California waters. Once they infest a water body, they cover piers, boat launches, and water intake facilities. There are no effective eradication methods that do not adversely affect other organisms in open water bodies. The use of chemicals within closed water systems is effective but costly and the cost to manually remove these mussels from water intake screens and pipes is millions of dollars per year for the state's water system operators.





Quagga mussels were first detected in California in 2007 in the Colorado River system. The State of California and other water system operators implemented an ongoing prevention and education program to prevent further spread into California systems. Nonetheless, quagga mussels were discovered in nearby Lake Piru in late 2013. On December 8, 2016, six adult quagga mussels were discovered in the Angeles Tunnel, which connects Pyramid Lake and Elderberry Forebay, two components of the State Water Project. Quagga mussels and/or larvae have not been detected yet in Pyramid Lake or Castaic Lake, but are assumed to be present. The Agency and other organizations are monitoring the situation and expect to know more by the end of calendar year 2017.



Castaic Lake Water Agency FY 2017/18 Long-Term Financial Plan

If the quagga mussels infest nearby State Water Project (SWP) Facilities including Pyramid Lake and Castaic Lake, there would be increased SWP operating costs to the Agency. Further, quagga mussel infestations at Castaic Lake would impact Agency facilities. It is likely this would result in increased operating and maintenance costs, especially at the Agency's Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station, Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant, Rio Vista Intake Pump Station and Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant. There may also be increases in Agency capital costs.

BUENA VISTA/ROSEDALE RIO BRAVO WATER PROGRAM FUNDING (Long-term)

In 2007, the Agency entered into a 30-year agreement for 11,000 AFY of water known as the Buena Vista/Rosedale-Rio Bravo (BV/RRB) water. This is 100% reliable Kern River water. At the time it was acquired, it was intended to both supplement the Agency's SWP supplies, which are committed to users in the Agency's existing service area, and by providing up to about 4,000 AFY for parties seeking to annex to the service area. The Agency began funding the program with one percent property tax revenues and assumed that annexing parties would reimburse one percent property tax revenues for their shares.

Shortly after the acquisition of this water supply, the Agency stopped processing annexations and used the BV/RRB water exclusively in the existing service area due to certain state and federal court rulings that detrimentally impacted the reliability of the Agency's SWP supplies. Subsequently, based on the 2010 UWMP, the Agency has determined that up to 3,000 AFY can be reserved for annexations. The Agency may consider increasing that quantity based on the 2015 UWMP and the results of the updated Water Supply Reliability Report.

Through FY 2012/13, the BV/RRB water supply has been solely funded by one percent property tax revenues, which are considered to be at risk for temporary or permanent transfer to the State. If BV/RRB water supply costs were to be fully funded by wholesale water rates at this time, there would be significant increases in rates. This was identified as a major financial risk to the Agency and was studied as part of the 2012 RFC Water Rate Study and the 2014 Facility Capacity Fee Study.

Key findings from the RFC Water Rate Study include:

- Gradually transferring the BV/RRB water supply costs to the General Fund/Operating Budget will better reflect the actual cost of water and protect against potential loss of one percent property tax revenues.
- As the BV/RRB water supply essentially is an operating expense, it is more appropriate that it should be funded by the General Fund/Operating Budget. This sends the appropriate message to customers regarding the actual cost of water.

As part of the 2014 Facility Capacity Fee Study, the allocation of the BV/RRB water supply was allocated to current and future users. Facility Capacity Fees will now fund the portion of the BV/RRB water attributable to growth and, as growth occurs, the costs will be shifted to the General Fund/Operating Budget and will be funded by existing users through wholesale water rates.

For FY 2017/18, if the portion of BV/RRB water supply costs being funded by one percent property tax funds were to be funded by the wholesale water rate, the cost would be approximately \$127/AF.

WATER SALES (Long-term)

During FY 2012/13 and FY 2013/14, the Agency had surplus water available to sell, achieving revenues of \$4.125 million and \$7.85 million in those years. It is likely the Agency will have surplus water to sell in 2017/18.

With current water demands and supplies, the Agency's supplies exceed demands in many years, thus the potential exists for additional water transfers. The Agency's Act requires that the Board determine that water surplus to the Agency's need exists. The types of water the Agency may transfer are limited. Currently, only non-SWP water supplies may be transferred outside the Agency service area. Thus water derived from the BV/RRB supply is transferable while the Agency's SWP Table A or Article 56 carryover water typically is not (DWR has, however, initiated a pilot program to allow multi-year water transfers during 2013/14 and 2015/16. The Agency has declined to participate in these programs.) Additionally, the Agency has only approved transfers when it had substantial quantities of SWP Article 56 carryover water to buffer it from low allocations in the following years.

The Agency may desire to consider the financial tradeoffs of increasing the frequency or quantities of water it sells during surplus water conditions and the frequency of potential withdrawals from storage programs in future years.

RECONNAISSANCE STUDY FOR LOCAL WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT MEASURES (Long-term)

During FY 2013/14, the Agency identified a need to prepare a reconnaissance level study to explore how integration of local water resources may be developed to augment overall SCV water supply reliability (Reconnaissance Study).

The Reconnaissance Study was completed in FY 2015/16. The study identified the following concepts as having potential for the Agency: groundwater replenishment with recycled water, aquifer storage and recovery, enhanced stormwater capture and pumping redistribution. Of these, the study recommended further development of (1) groundwater recharge of the alluvial aquifer with recycled water and delivery to nonpotable customers and (2) aquifer storage and recovery. The next steps for these projects to be addressed during FY 2016/17 and FY 2017/18 are to perform feasibility and siting studies, perform CEQA and permitting compliance, develop outreach plans, develop relationships with institutional partners and seek grant funding. Scheduling of these activities will be subject to the outcome of the Agency's updated Water Supply and Reliability Report. The study also identified projects for future study, including enhanced stormwater capture, full advanced treatment of recycled water and expanded treatment of contaminated groundwater.

Further development and implementation of these projects will require capital resources up front and operating costs when implemented. The availability of grant funding could impact the financial feasibility of these projects. The Agency will monitor this status and reflect any updates in future LTFPs.

STATE WATER CONTRACT FUND and CAL WATERFIX (Long-term)

The Agency funds the State Water Project (SWP) contract commitment through the ad valorem tax rate. Due to legal and regulatory restrictions on water exports, the Agency is facing reduced SWP reliability and increased SWP costs. As various parties look to a Delta fix (California Water Fix), costs are anticipated to increase significantly. The cost estimates for a Delta fix are about \$16 billion in 2014 dollars, and the Agency estimates its share at 2.5% of the total. In addition, significant damage to the Oroville Spillway in February 2017 will result in significant cost implications and highlights the issues with aging infrastructure.

Further cost increases are anticipated as the cost of energy increases for the SWP with the expiration of existing power contracts and DWR increasing the portion of its energy portfolio to higher cost renewable energy sources. Additionally, as the SWP ages, many components will require replacement. Also, significant reaches of the California Aqueduct have been impacted by subsidence caused by localized groundwater over drafting. DWR has lost significant energy revenue as a result of repairs required at its Hyatt and Thermalito Power Plants.

Additionally, as the operational availability of pumping plants continues to decrease due to maintenance challenges, energy operating costs have increased tens of millions of dollars a year. As discussed in the Energy section of the LTFP, experience in recent years confirms that energy costs will continue increasing. State law such as AB 32 and regulatory actions taken by the California Air Resource Board have moved California's energy supply system from a least cost model to one that favors more expensive sources that have a smaller carbon footprint. Additionally, DWR has adopted a plan to reduce the SWP's carbon footprint to 1990 levels in the near-term. This will place additional upward pressure on SWP energy costs.

The Agency will likely incur increases in the Agency-set tax rate due to increasing costs in the future. The Agency will continue to monitor SWP expenditures and strive to provide consistent changes in ad valorem tax rates.

Bay Delta Water Supplies and the California WaterFix

The Agency's SWP water supplies currently pass through Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta. These supplies are challenged by potential levee failure caused by several sources including seismic activities, continued subsidence and sea level rise. Additionally, a declining ecosystem has led to more restrictive pumping criteria and correspondingly lower average allocations. The current average allocation for the SWP is about 60%.

The Delta Habitat Conservation and Conveyance Program (DHCCP) and the Bay Delta Conservation Plan (BDCP) were programs consisting of joint efforts by agencies of the federal government and the State and local agencies to fund and plan habitat conservation and water supply activities in the Delta, including water conveyance facilities to reduce the vulnerability of SWP supplies and restore reliability. In spring 2015, DWR announced that BDCP would move from a Section 10 permit to a Section 7 permit process under the Federal Endangered

Species Act. As a practical matter, this split the project into two distinct parts known as Cal WaterFix (Alternative 4A), the conveyance portion, and Cal EcoRestore, the restoration portion. Cal WaterFix is Alternative 4A in the recirculated environmental document that was approved in 2016. It is anticipated that a Record of Decision/Notice of Decision will be in place by December 2017.

While there is support for BDCP/Cal WaterFix project, plans are currently in flux and environmental review is ongoing. In addition, several regulatory and legal requirements must be met prior to any construction. Because of this uncertainty any improvements in SWP supply reliability or other benefits that could result from this proposed project are not included in the Agency's 2015 UWMP. However it must be noted that if Cal Water Fix were to be implemented, if would have significant financial implications for the Agency.

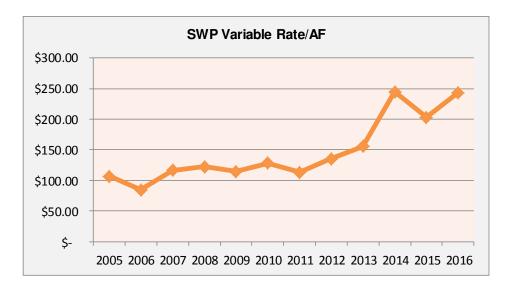
ENERGY COSTS (Long-term)

As discussed in previous Plans, Agency financial constraints include energy volatility, and the water-energy nexus has become a major focus of the water industry in recent years. The water-energy nexus is monitored and studied by many local, regional and state agencies with which the Agency works, as well as by the industry associations and organizations with which the Agency participates. These organizations include the ACWA Energy Committee and the State Water Contractors Energy Committee. The water-energy nexus is also being discussed by a number of state agencies such as the California Public Utilities Commission, the State Water Resources Control Board, Department of Water Resources and the California Air Resources Board (CARB).

The table depicting the total cost of water included earlier in this plan shows that over 20% of the total cost of water is for energy. Further, experience gained in recent years confirms that energy costs are increasing and will continue to increase. Energy costs are influenced by actions including but not limited to:

- State law such as AB 32 and regulatory actions taken by CARB that have moved California's energy supply system from a least cost model to one that favors more expensive sources that have a smaller carbon footprint.
- DWR's plan to reduce the SWP's carbon footprint to 1990 levels in the near-term, which will place additional upward pressure on SWP energy costs.
- ♦ Recently introduced SB 350 (2015), which is referred to as "50-50-50" and would require:
 - 50% renewables (energy sector) by 2030
 - 50% reduction in the use of petroleum (transportation sector) by 2030
 - 50% increased energy efficiency in existing buildings (energy sector) by 2030

DWR would not necessarily be directly affected by this legislation. However, it is anticipated the SWP will be expected to help integrate renewables and may be expected to purchase more renewables than currently planned. As a result, it is likely SWP energy costs will increase significantly.



To reduce exposure to future energy cost increases for Agency operations, the Agency entered into two power purchase agreements with SunPower, Inc.:

- ◆ A 1 MW photovoltaic power generation facility constructed at the Agency's Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant (RVWTP). The RVWTP and Headquarters facilities represent approximately 15 to 20 percent of the Agency's energy consumption. While the PPA resulted in a marginal increase in the rate the Agency pays for energy at this facility in the near term, it is anticipated that electricity cost inflation will result in lower costs starting in approximately five years.
- ◆ A 3.5 MW plant at the RVWTP to offset nearly a third of combined Wholesale and Retail energy use and would result in immediate cost savings with an estimated \$16.7 million of total savings over the 25-year PPA term, depending on retail electricity pricing scenarios.

The Agency is also investigating if additional solar generation could occur on its Devil's Den property. This would generate revenue to the Agency.

ANNEXATION WATER SUPPLY FINANCING (Long-term)

The Agency's annexation policy requires annexing parties to either provide a water supply or finance a portion of the Agency's existing BV/RRB water supply. The policy further requires annexing parties to pay the carrying costs of the BV/RRB water supply from the date of its acquisition. The policy further requires the Agency to develop a mechanism to charge for the ongoing costs of the water supply when it is put to beneficial use in the annexation area – that is, when the development is built and customers are using the water on a daily basis.

The Agency is currently considering three annexation areas. Each one is slightly different and to date, no decision has been made as to the charges for when the water is put to beneficial use. The Agency will work to develop a financing mechanism that is equitable and that strives to achieve uniform reasonable costs through the Agency's service area. It would be ideal for customers throughout the service area to pay similar rates for everyday water service.

The selected financing mechanism should equitable reflect the cost to the annexation area of receiving the BV/RRB water in lieu of State Water Project supplies, or of receiving any combination of Agency water supplies (the common pool of water approach). Alternative financing mechanisms to be reviewed include, but are not limited to:

- A parcel charge
- Retail water rates (as set through wholesale water rates)
- ♦ Mello Roos financing
- The Agency-set tax rate (for SWP supplies) in combination with a common pool of water
- ♦ A special tax

Other

Note that the annexation policy also requires payment of back taxes. Those payments are above and beyond the cost of the water supply as discussed here.

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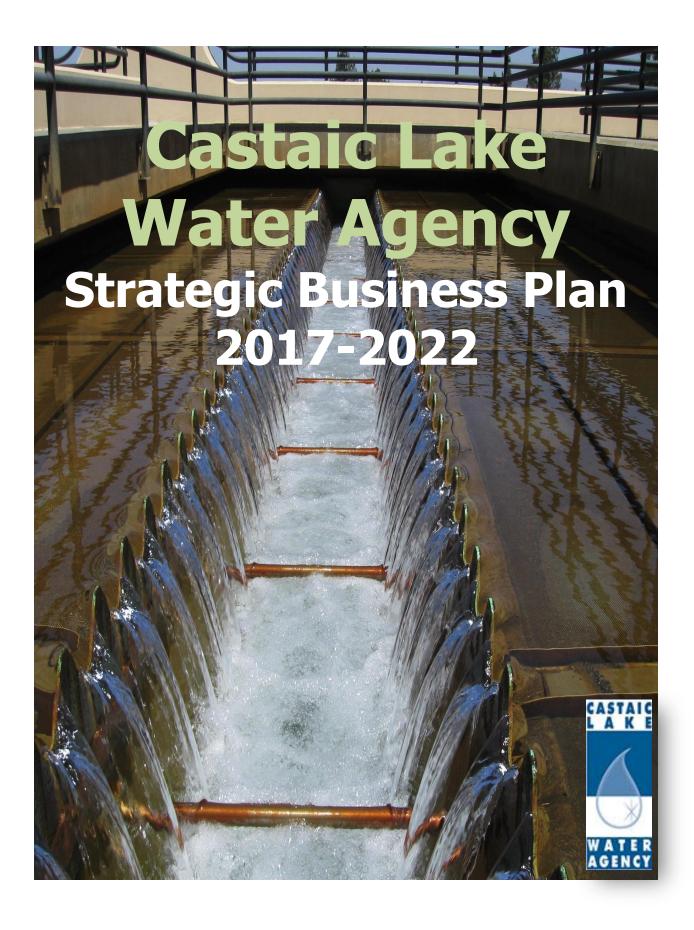


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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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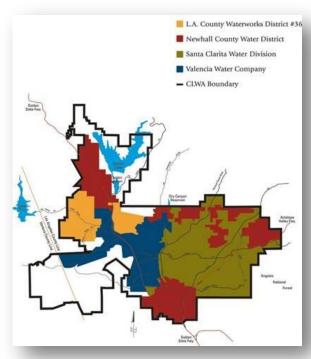
Ed Means, President, Means Consulting LLC

INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the Castaic Lake Water Agency's (Agency) 5-year Strategic Plan. The Agency is

a special purpose public agency serving about half of Santa Clarita households and businesses with high-quality water. As one of 29 public agencies that contract for State Water Project water

from northern California and other sources of imported water to supplement local sources of supply, the Agency treats and delivers water to the Santa Clarita Valley's four local water purveyors: Los Angeles County Waterworks District #36, Newhall County Water District, the Agency's Santa Clarita Water Division, and Valencia Water Company. The Agency operates three large treatment plants, three major pump stations. three water storage facilities and over 45 miles of large diameter transmission pipelines delivering water to four local water retailers. In addition, the Agency manages and operates the retail water responsibility serving 32,000 customers in the Santa Clarita Valley and also provides recycled water service.



Castaic Lake Water Agency Service Area

This Strategic Plan is a blueprint for how the Agency will respond to current challenges and

make the best of future opportunities for the benefit of our customers. It reaffirms the Agency's vision and mission and succinctly defines five Goals related to: Customer and Community, Water Supply Reliability, Water Quality, Cost Effectiveness and Organizational Effectiveness. It also outlines the specific strategies and measurable objectives we will pursue to achieve this plan.

The Strategic Plan was developed through a collaborative process with the Board of Directors, management and staff. The Board actions will consistently support these Goals/Commitments and will be tracked for progress, reevaluating the plan regularly to adjust as conditions warrant.

The Board of Directors reviewed and accepted the 2017-2022 Strategic Plan on June 29, 2017.

THE STRATEGIC PLANNING PROCESS

A strategic planning process has been in place for a number of years at the Agency. The

Strategic Plan is reviewed periodically to ensure the significant water resource, financial, and other challenges are considered in the Agency's strategies and objectives.

This plan was developed in the context of significant change in the water supply community in general and in the Santa Clarita Valley specifically; it is designed to be responsive to those challenges. Two challenges are paramount:

1. Formation of a New Water Agency Serving the Santa Clarita Valley

Legislation has been introduced to form the Santa Clarita Valley Water District from the Newhall County Water District (NCWD) and Castaic Lake Water Agency (CLWA). Newhall County Water District traces its roots back to 1913 and is the Santa Clarita Valley's first public water utility, currently providing service to more than 44,400 residents in portions of the City of Santa Clarita and unincorporated Los Angeles County communities, including Newhall, Canyon Country, Valencia and Castaic. Newhall County Water District and Castaic Lake Water Agency have discussed ways to enhance regional collaboration, benefit ratepayers and advance water reliability across the region. Through a



settlement agreement, the two organizations have agreed to form a new agency serving the Santa Clarita Valley. The new agency will present significant opportunities to better serve the region. Should the formation legislation pass, seamlessly integrating the water provision functions of both these organizations into a single new agency will be a significant strategic challenge for the Boards and staff of both organizations in the coming years.

2. Planning and Implementing Water Supply

The Santa Clarita Valley's water supply portfolio faces a number of challenges. Primarily, the Agency's State Water Project supply has experienced a number of regulatory driven reliability reductions related to endangered species. The California WaterFix (formerly known as the Bay Delta Conservation Plan (BDCP) is one part of the California Water Action Plan to bolster local self-sufficiency, reduce consumption, improve water supply reliability, and reduce dependence on the Delta to meet future needs.



Another significant water supply portfolio uncertainty relates to the optimization of the

groundwater basin in the Santa Clarita Valley. Optimizing this resource will be influenced by a number of factors including:

- the effect of long term climate change on local and imported surface and groundwater,
- the effect of climate change on water demands,
- how the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act of 2014 is implemented in the Santa Clarita Valley,
- the availability and cost of recycled water, and
- the effect of endangered species on conjunctive use of water in the basin.

Finally, future availability of supplies from the Buena Vista-Rosedale Rio Bravo water banking project will be dependent on climate change and on the implementation specifics of the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act of 2014 in those groundwater basins.

Accordingly, the Agency must plan to further diversify water supplies and remain flexible to take advantage of water management opportunities as they arise. To that end, protecting and optimizing the use of and recycled

water to augment supplies and the conjunctive use of groundwater and imported water supplies.

STRUCTURE OF THE STRATEGIC PLAN

The Plan is structured in a supporting fashion, the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) track accomplishment of the Objectives, the Objectives support the Strategies and the Strategies support the Goals, which support the Mission and achievement of the Vision as depicted in Figure 1.

Figure 1: Hierarchy of Strategic Plan Elements

Vision

Where the organization wants to be in the future.

Mission

The purpose of the organization.

Goals

Organization-wide desires that support achievement of the vision.

Strategies

The approaches required to achieve goals.

Objectives

The outcomes required to achieve goals.

Action Items / Key Performance Indicators

The activities, plans or programs developed to measure achievement of objectives.

The nomenclature approach for goals, strategies, objectives and key performance indicators is depicted in Figure 2.

Vision Mission Water Supply Organizational Goals **Customer and** Water Cost Efficiency Community Reliability Quality Effectiveness A.1 . . . B.1 . . . C.1 . . . D.1 . . . E.1 . . . Strategies A.2 . . . D.2 . . . E.2 . . . A.3 . . . B.3 . . . C.3 . . . D.3 . . . E.3 . . . A.1.1 . . . B.1.1 . . . C.1.1 . . . D.1.1 . . . E.1.1 . . . E.1.2 . . . A.1.2 . . . B.1.2 . . . C.1.2 . . . D.1.2 . . . A.1.3 . . . B.1.3 . . . C.1.3 . . . D.1.3 . . . E.1.3 . . .

1...

2...

3...

Figure 2: Goals/Strategies/Objectives Nomenclature

AGENCY VISION

1...

The Agency Vision statement represents the aspirations of the Agency as follows:

1...

1...

2 . . .

1...

"Provide exemplary water services supporting the high quality of life and vibrant economy of the Santa Clarita Valley."



AGENCY MISSION

The Agency has established the following mission statement to guide decision making on behalf of the customers and communities we serve:

"To provide reliable, quality water at a reasonable cost"



AGENCY VALUES

Agency values have been developed in consultation with Agency staff and the Board of

Directors and are the bedrock of Agency staff attitudes toward their work, their mission and their relationships.

Safety – Our operations are driven by the highest safety and security.

Transparency – We will deliberate and act on behalf of the public in an open and clear manner.

Ethics and Integrity – We act ethically and with integrity in all that we do.

Public Trust – Public trust and confidence are central to our success as a wholesale and retail water purveyor.

Professionalism – We require our team to conduct business based on the highest professional standards.

Innovation – We strive to foster innovation and creativity in the workplace.

Environment – We view water resources management as a means of improving water quality and conserving our natural resources.

Teamwork – We work together to provide the highest quality services to Santa Clarita Valley families, businesses and communities.

Respect – Our operations are founded upon respect for one another, our customers, our partners and the natural environment.

These values will drive our actions – towards our fellow employees, our customers, our directors, and our community.

GOALS AND STRATEGIES

These five goals represent the commitment statements for the Agency:

Customer/Community, Water Supply Reliability, Water Quality, Cost Effectiveness, and Organizational Effectiveness. The Agency is committed to these goals to achieve our mission and vision.

Customer / Community

Water Supply Reliability

Water Quality

Cost Effectiveness

Organizational Effectiveness Implement policies supporting the social, quality of life, and environmental values of the community.

Operate, maintain and implement planned facilities, projects and programs to provide and enhance water supply availability and reliability.

Protect the quality of our water supplies and ensure our drinking water meets or surpasses all water quality requirements.

Maintain a long-range, open, stable and well-planned financial condition, resulting in current and future water users receiving fair and equitable rates and charges.

Maintain a well-defined organizational structure that fosters innovation, integrity, leadership, professionalism, respect, safety and teamwork.

The Agency's strategic planning focuses on five goal areas that provide direction for achieving the Agency's vision and mission. Strategic objectives for each goal area are included in Appendix A.

Goal A: Customer/ Community

Implement policies supporting the social, quality of life, and environmental values of the community.

Strategy A.1 – Provide prompt responses and cost-effective customer service.

Strategy A.2 – Continuously improve the customer experience.

Strategy A.3 – Communicate with and engage our community on water matters of importance to the region.

Strategy A.4 – Maintain strong working relationships with local water agencies.

Strategy A.5 – Work with local, regional, and state agencies, industry associations and organizations to influence water policy for the benefit of our service area customers.



Strategy A.6 – Ensure that the Agency is recognized as a credible, effective and reliable authority for water infrastructure, management and policy.

Strategy A.7 – Engage in statewide water policy issues.

Strategy A.8 – Support legislation to enable formation of a new Santa Clarita Valley Water District (District).

Strategy A.9 – Pending approval of legislation, establish and support the new District.

Strategy A.10 – Develop transition plan with Newhall County Water District for new District.

Strategy A.11 – Provide staff support for the Board of Directors.



KPIs

- 1. Complaint log statistics
- 2. The length of time it takes to resolve customer issues
- 3. Number of unscheduled emergency shut-offs and scheduled shut-offs
- 4. Stakeholder awareness of water issues affecting ratepayers and the Agency
- 5. Level of public awareness of available water saving rebates and techniques
- 6. Public awareness and opinion of the Agency, the services it provides and its role in the community
- 7. Achieve the "Principles for Moving Forward" adopted by the Agency and NCWD Boards of Directors
- 8. Level of active participation in organizations by Agency Directors and staff
- 9. Diversity of organization memberships

Goal B Water Supply Reliability

Operate, maintain and implement planned facilities, projects and programs to provide and enhance water supply availability and reliability.

Strategy B.1 – Ensure long-term average water demands are met through the integration of water management measures including imported supplies, local groundwater, recycled water, storm water capture and demand management programs.

Strategy B.2 – Advance the integrated management of water resources including imported supplies, local groundwater, recycled water, storm water capture and demand management programs.

Strategy B.3 – Meet all customer water demands.

Strategy B.4 – Advance demand management and achieve the water target of 20% per capita by 2020.



Strategy B.5 – Respond to anticipated near-term droughts through rate structure modification, conservation assistance, customer service, and outreach.

Strategy B.6 – Plan, design and build facilities to meet demand including storage capacity and interconnections between wholesale and retail water systems.

Strategy B.7 – Operate and maintain facilities cost-effectively and efficiently.

Strategy B.8 – Plan and prepare for catastrophic emergencies.

KPIs

- Average year water supply exceeds ten-year projected water demand
- 2. Compliance with SBX 7-7 to reduce urban water
- 3. Use of groundwater supply consistent with operating plans and UWMP
- SWP supply reliability consistent with the SWP Delivery Capability Report and the UWMP
- 5. Monthly monitoring of production and consumption compared to historic months
- 6. Monthly monitoring of water loss
- 7. Enforcement of restrictions identified in Ordinance No. 44
- 8. Participate in efforts to implement the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act including formation of a groundwater sustainability agency
- 9. Percent change in recycled water supply



- 10. Sufficient water storage and put-and-take capacity such that water banking program success in meeting annual demands (target: 95% confidence level)
- 11. Availability of local water resources
- 12. State mandated conservation goals achieved
- 13. Estimated retail water agency per capita water use
- 14. Annual Capital Improvement Program (CIP) expenditures
- 15. Progress of the Pipeline Inspection Program
- Progress to develop and implement an Asset Management Program
- 17. Service leaks
- 18. Service line replacement program
- 19. Main line breaks
- 20. Valves exercised
- 21. Dead end flushing
- 22. Meter replacements



Goal C: Water Quality

Protect the quality of our water supplies and ensure our drinking water meets or surpasses all water quality requirements.

Strategy C.1 – Achieve 100% compliance with all water quality regulations and standards.

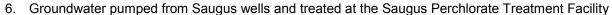
Strategy C.2 – Continue remediation of perchlorate contamination.

Strategy C.3 – Anticipate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes.

Strategy C.4 – Implement long-term salinity management/nutrient management plan.

KPIs

- Completion of required Division of Drinking Water monitoring, sampling and analyses
- 2. Total Coliform Rule results (total coliform and *E-Coli*)
- 3. Surface Water Treatment Rule results (chlorine and CT requirements of DPH operating permit)
- 4. Safe Water Drinking Act results (Maximum contaminant levels for organic and inorganic contaminants)
- 5. Disinfection By-Products Rule results (THM, HAA and Bromate)



7. Impacted well capacity



Goal D: Cost Effectiveness

Maintain a long-range, open, stable and well-planned financial condition, resulting in current and future water users receiving fair and equitable rates and charges.

Strategy D.1 – Maintain fiscal viability.

Strategy D.2 – Strive to be under budget.

Strategy D.3 – Optimize transmission and treatment costs.

Strategy D.4 – Optimize real estate management (acquisition and use).

Strategy D.5 – Maximize outside funding opportunities.

Strategy D.6 - Advance workforce excellence.



Strategy D.7 – Optimize energy efficiencies including the economically appropriate use of renewable power.

KPIs

- 1. Maintain high bond ratings
- 2. Meet debt service coverage ratio
- 3. Meet reserve fund targets
- 4. Actual costs compared to project budget
- 5. Number and magnitude of change orders
- 6. Cost of electricity used per acre foot of water delivered
- 7. Cost of chemicals per acre foot of water delivered

Goal E: Organizational Effectiveness

Maintain a well-defined organizational structure that fosters innovation, integrity, leadership, professionalism, respect, safety and teamwork.

Strategy E.1 – Develop and maintain clear and comprehensive policies, systems and procedures.

Strategy E.2 – Improve organizational effectiveness.

Strategy E.3 – Promote an open and professional work environment.

Strategy E.4 – Attract, retain and develop quality staff.

Strategy E.5 – Maintain a safe work environment.



KPIs

- 1. Number and percentage of Financial and Administrative policies that have been updated in the last five years
- 2. Pace of technology, tools and equipment maintenance relative to work-flow demand
- 3. Contact hours and continuing education units (average of total and by department)
- 4. Number and types of licensed treatment and distribution operators
- 5. On-time completion of annual performance evaluations and inclusion of employee input on career advancement plans
- 6. Agency use of education reimbursement program
- 7. Number of staff certifications compared with Division of Drinking Water requirements
- 8. Number of days lost to workplace personal injuries



STRATEGIC BUSINESS PLAN PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT INDICATORS

n order to track our progress, management provides twice a year reporting. In addition, key Performance Measurement Indicators (KPIs) have been developed to make judgments about the effectiveness and efficiency of our operations as well as to drive improvements, which successfully translate our strategies into action. KPIs will be reported as part of our annual budget process. A measurement system services many vital purposes, including focusing attention on key issues, clarifying expectations, facilitating decision-making, and most importantly, learning and improving.



GLOSSARY

The following key terms are used in this Strategic Plan:

Action Plan – A detailed set of tactical actions that will be developed in order for the strategies/ objectives to be achieved.

Values – Non-negotiable standards that the staff and the Board believe in and embody how they will act individually and as an organization.

Goal - The Agency's commitment to the community it serves.

Mission – The primary reason(s) for the existence of the organization.

Objective – Measurable work activity that, when accomplished, will directly lead to the success of the strategy.

Issue - A problem or opportunity facing the Agency.

Strategy – How an issue is solved to achieve the goal.

Strategic Plan – A structured plan to drive the Agency to achieve its goals.

SWOT Analysis – Description of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats to identify areas of focus in the Strategic Plan.

Tactic – Specific work activities to accomplish a strategy.

Vision – What the Agency aspires to become.



CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY



Professionalism Ethics and Integrity

APPENDIX A - 2017-18 OBJECTIVES*

* Priorities, dates, and responsible Divisions are included in the Budget document

Goal A: Customer/Community - Implement policies supporting the social, quality of life, and environmental values of the community.							
Strategy	Objective	Time Frame					
A.1 - Prov	ride prompt responses and cost-effective customer service.						
A.2 - Con	tinuously improve the customer experience.						
A.2.1	Enhance customer outreach through web-based and social media programs.	Ongoing					
A.3 - Com region.	municate with and engage our community on water matters of importa	nce to the					
A.3.1	Conduct a Customer Service Survey. P2	Current Year					
A.3.2	Participate in a Vendor Outreach program with the City of Santa Clarita. P2	Current Year					
A.3.3	Board and Business Alliance, SCV Mayor's Committee for Employment of Individuals with Disabilities, PIHRA, etc.).						
	ntain strong working relationships with local water agencies.						
A.4.1	Support efforts to create and implement a new valley-wide water district for the Santa Clarita Valley.	Ongoing					
A.4.2	Ongoing						
A.5 - Work with local, regional, and state agencies, industry associations and orga influence water policy for the benefit of our service area customers.							
A.5.1	Foster and continue effective working relationships with the local water agencies.	Ongoing					
A.5.2							
A.5.3	Continue coordination with Agency legislative analysts in communications with local elected officials and their staffs.	Ongoing					
	ure that the Agency is recognized as a credible, effective and reliable at astructure, management and policy.	thority for					
A.6.1	Increase public understanding of water issues; raise awareness of and demand for conservation programs including: Water conservation campaign(s) and related media buys Public and school educational programs Participation at public events Agency web site, e-newsletter and social media Self-guided landscape tour						
	Conservatory Garden	Ongoing					

A.6.2	Build positive public perception of the Agency as a leading resource and						
	reliable authority on water issues engaging the Blue Ribbon Committee,	On mal					
A.6.3	Speakers' Bureau and Water Academy.	Ongoing					
A.0.3	Support Agency efforts to work with public agencies and industry associations to influence water policy.	Ongoing					
A 7 Eng	age on statewide water policy issues.	Ongoing					
A.7 - Eliga A.7.1	<u> </u>						
A.7.1	Continue coordination with Agency legislative analysts in communications with local elected officials and their staffs.	Ongoing					
A.7.2	Foster and continue effective working relationships with the Department of	Ongoing					
Λ.1.2	Water Resources and other State Water Project contractors.	Ongoing					
A.8 - Sup	port legislation to enable formation of a new Santa Clarita Valley Water						
(District).	The second secon						
	ding approval of legislation, establish and support the new District.						
	velop transition plan with Newhall County Water District for new District	t.					
A.10.1	Develop transition plan for guiding vision for the new district. P1	Current Year					
A.10.2	Develop transition plan for providing services. P1	Current Year					
	A.10.3 Develop transition plan for phasing and key milestones. P1						
A.11 - Provide staff support for the Board of Directors.							
A.11.1	Continue to provide detailed information to Board of Directors through Board, Committee, Department and General Counsel reports; budget,						
	team-building and strategic planning workshops; media summaries and						
	outreach reports; and through "one-on-one" communications by the						
	General Manager.						
A.11.2							
	Committee process to achieve the "Principles for Moving Forward."	Ongoing					
A.11.3	Ensure the Agency is properly represented on all legal matters.	Ongoing					
Goal B: W	later Supply Reliability - Operate, maintain and implement planned facil	ities, projects					
and progr	rams to provide and enhance water supply availability and reliability.						
Strategy	Objective	Time Frame					
B.1 - Ensi	ure long-term average water demands are met through the integration o	f water					
	nent measures including imported supplies, local groundwater, recycled						
water cap	ture and demand management programs.						
B.1.1	Complete the 2017 Water Supply Reliability Report Update. P1	Current Year					
B.1.2	Identify projects and initiate planning for projects to enhance long-term						
	water supply reliability identified in the updated Water Supply Reliability						
	Report. P2	Current Year					
B.1.3	Participate in development and implementation of the California WaterFix,						
	including:						
	Supporting interim financing of design and planning activities. P1	Current Year					
	Supporting regulatory decisions that improve water supply reliability of						
D 4 4	the SWP in absence of California WaterFix.	Ongoing					
B.1.4	In coordination with the retail purveyors, respond to SB 610 Water Supply	Ongeler					
D 0 A -J	Assessments and SB 221 Water Supply Verifications.	Ongoing					
	ance the integrated management of water resources including imported						
	Property the Agency Recycled Water Master Plan Lindate and California	n programs.					
B.2.1	Prepare the Agency Recycled Water Master Plan Update and California Environmental Quality Act document. P1	Current Year					
	Environmental Quality Act document. FT	Current real					

B.2.2	Coordinate and analyze performance of water banking and exchange			
	programs, local groundwater production and water conservation	0		
D 0 0	measures. P1	Current Year		
B.2.3	Participate in efforts to implement the Sustainable Groundwater	Ongoing		
B.2.4	Management Act for the Santa Clarita Valley. Implement dry-year recovery project for the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water	Ongoing		
D.2. 4	Storage District Water Exchange and Banking Program. P1	Current Year		
P 2 Moot	t all customer water demands.	Current real		
B.3.1	_ _			
	Meet local retail and wholesale water agency demands as appropriate.	Ongoing		
B.3.2	Cooperate with DWR and other SWP contractors to improve the			
	administration of the SWP in a manner that promotes long-term cost effectiveness, operational reliability and supply availability.	Ongoing		
B.3.3	Ensure the Agency has full access to water supplies available to it	Origonity		
D.3.3	under its SWP contract and other water supply agreements that rely on			
	SWP conveyance to meet customer water demands and store water for			
	reliability enhancement and dry year use.	Ongoing		
R 4 - Adva	ance demand management and achieve the water target of 20% per cap			
B.4.1	Continue to implement and assess programs identified in the updated	l by 2020.		
D. 4 .1	Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (SCV WUE			
	SP). P1	Ongoing		
B 4 2	B.4.2 Support local and statewide regulations consistent with the goals of the			
32	Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan.			
B.4.3	B.4.3 Monitor and provide input into Governor's proposed new water			
3	efficiency targets (beyond 20% by 2020). P1			
B.4.4	B.4.4 Work with the Santa Clarita Valley Water Committee to further enhance			
	retail purveyor, City and County drought and water conservation			
	activities.	Ongoing		
B.4.5	Continue enforcement of Ordinance No. 44 Restrictions to minimize			
	violations and encourage conservation in accordance with the SWRCB			
	mandatory restrictions through October 2017. P1	Current Year		
B.4.6	Reevaluate and prioritize outreach targets and methods to maximize			
	rebates and incentive benefits to encourage additional conservation.			
	P2	Current Year		
B.4.7	Promote various water conservation programs.	Ongoing		
	oond to anticipated near-term water shortages through rate structure m	odification,		
	tion assistance, customer service, and outreach.			
	, design and build facilities to meet demand including storage capacity	and		
	ections between wholesale and retail water systems.	1		
B.6.1	Initiate construction of the Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications			
	Project. P1	Current Year		
B.6.2	Initiate design of Groundwater Treatment Improvement Project. P1	Current Year		
B.6.3	Initiate preliminary design of the Magic Mountain Reservoir Project. P1	Current Year		
B.6.4	Complete design of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline			
	Improvements Project. P1	Current Year		
B.6.5	Initiate construction of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline			
	Improvements Project. P1	Current Year		
B.6.6	Complete land acquisition and final design of the Vista Canyon			
	Recycled Water Project (Phase 2B). P1	Current Year		
B.6.7	Complete final design of the South End Recycled Water Project (Phase			
	2C). P1	Current Year		

B.6.8	Complete final design for the West Ranch Recycled Water Project (Phase 2D). P1	Current Year
B.6.9	Complete design of the Replacement Wells and Dry Year Reliability Wells. P1	Current Year
B.6.10	Complete land acquisition for Castaic Conduit Project. P1	Current Year
B.6.11	Complete construction of Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility	
	Pressure Modifications Project. P1	Current Year
B.6.12	Complete 2017 Facility Capacity Fee (FCF) Study and adopt new FCFs. P1	Current Year
B.6.13	Complete inspection of the Castaic Conduit Pipeline Reach 3 and Reach 4. P2	Current Year
B.6.14	Complete inspection of the Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant Raw Water pipeline. P2	Current Year
B.6.15	Complete design of the Castaic Conduit Pipeline Reaches 1, 2 and 5 Modifications. P2	Current Year
B.6.16	Complete inspection of the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant Raw Water pipeline. P2	Current Year
B.6.17	Finalize and adopt the Recycled Water Master Plan. P1	Current Year
B.6.18	Complete construction of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project. P1	Current Year
B.6.19	Complete design of the Earl Schmidt Sludge Collection System Project.	Current Year
B.6.20	Initiate construction of the West Ranch Recycled Water Project (Phase 2D). P1	Current Year
B.6.21	Complete construction of the Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications Project. P1	Current Year
B.6.22	Complete design of the Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 4 Project. P1	Current Year
B.6.23	Complete construction of permanent Foothill Feeder connection project.P1	Current Year
B.6.24	Complete design of the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant Underground Storage Tank Replacement Project. P2	Current Year
B.6.25	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Pipeline Phase 4 Project.	Long term
B.6.26	Initiate construction of the Earl Schmidt Sludge Collection System Project.	Long term
B.6.27	Initiate planning and preliminary design of the Southern Service Area Reservoir Project.	Long term
B.6.28	Complete construction of the Saugus Formation Replacement Wells and Dry Year Reliability ("Red-Handled") Wells Project.	Long term
B.6.29	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Pipeline Phase 5 Project.	Long term
B.6.30	Complete design of the Castaic Conduit Bypass Project.	Long term
B.6.31	Initiate construction of the Castaic Conduit Bypass Project.	Long term
B.6.32	Initiate construction of the Recycled Water South End Project (Phase 2C).	Long term
B.6.33	Initiate planning and preliminary design of the Sand Canyon Reservoir Expansion Project.	Long term
B.6.34	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Pipeline Phase 6 Project.	Long term
B.6.35	Initiate construction of the Honby Parallel Pipeline Phase 2 Project.	Long term
B.6.36	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Reservoir Project.	Long term
B.6.37	Initiate construction of the Southern Service Area Reservoir Project.	Long term

B.6.38	Initiate construction of the Sand Canyon Reservoir Expansion Project.	Long term
B.6.39	Continue development of Geographical Information Systems (GIS)	0
B.6.40	program capabilities and acquisition of GIS data. Complete design and bidding of Water Pipeline to LARC Ranch. P1	Ongoing Current Year
B.6.41	Prepare design of Deane Storage Tank. P2	Current Year
B.6.42	Conduct CEQA Initial Study for Placerita Storage Tank. P2	Current Year
B.6.43	Prepare design of Phase 2B Recycled Water backbone pipeline and	Current real
2.0.10	tank, and distribution Pipeline. P1	Current Year
B.6.44	Construct new pipeline in Rainbow Glen Drive. P2	Current Year
B.6.45	Construct new intertie with NCWD at Gary Drive. P2	Current Year
B.6.46	Complete design of pipeline in Warmuth Drive from SC-12 to Sand Canyon Road. P2	Current Year
B.6.47	Implement next phase of GIS by setting up structured database and migrating attribute data from base maps. P1	Current Year
B.6.48	Develop and configure water system hydraulic model. P2	Current Year
B.6.49	Develop recycled water standards and specifications.	Long term
B.6.50	Create recycled water policies and ordinances.	Long term
B.6.51	Initiate construction of Castaic Conduit Reaches 1, 2, and 5	<u> </u>
	modifications project.	Long term
B.6.52	Complete construction of Castaic Conduit Reaches 1, 2, and 5	Long torm
R 7 - Opera	modifications project. te and maintain facilities cost-effectively and efficiently.	Long term
B.7.1	Replace regulatory pressure relief valves at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant	
	and Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant. P1	Current Year
B.7.2	Repair back gate access road at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P1	Current Year
B.7.3	Replace ammonia pumping system at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P1	Current Year
B.7.4	Repair/recoat Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant clear wells interior coating.	Current Year
B.7.5	Replace NTU analyzers at Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant and Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	Current Year
B.7.6	Install replacement valves for bag filters (4) and equalization tank at	Carrone roar
	Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility. P2	Current Year
B.7.7	Replace three Ozone residual analyzers at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	Current Year
B.7.8	Replace two ammonia pumps at Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility. P1	Current Year
B.7.9	Replace all valves on treatment vessels at Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility. P1	Current Year
B.7.10	Replace isolation valves for backwash pump at Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant. P2	Current Year
B.7.11	Replace Clarifier 54" flow meter at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	Current Year
B.7.12	Replace 48" Treated Water Pipeline flow meter at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	Current Year
B.7.13	Replace sludge check valves at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P3	Current Year
B.7.14	Repair/replace 4 cathodic test stations in distribution system. P3	Current Year
B.7.15	Continue acquiring and entering asset information into Computer Maintenance Management System.	Ongoing

B.7.16	Remove and replace one pressure reducing valve station at Rainbow						
D 7 47	Glen/Sierra Highway. P1	Current Year					
B.7.17	Complete the fifth phase installation of the Automated Meter Reading (AMR) System. P1	Current Year					
B.7.18	Complete aged meter replacement program. 305 meters are budgeted for replacement/relocation. P1	Current Year					
B.7.19	Conduct annual tank inspection and maintenance program. Inspection of 10 tanks plus warranty dives. Repair and overcoat 3 exterior tank coating systems. P2	Current Year					
B.7.20	Conduct annual well inspection, video inspection of 3 wells and perform any needed maintenance as needed. P2	Current Year					
B.7.21	Complete Rainbow Glen pipeline (WMP PIPE #5). P2	Current Year					
B.7.22	Complete West Newhall Alley pipeline upgrade. P2	Current Year					
B.7.23							
B.7.24	7.24 Complete Well Mag meter upgrade program. P1						
B.7.25	Prepare and Implement formal Meter Testing Program / Schedule for Large Customer Meter and Production Meters. P1	Current Year Current Year					
B.7.26	revenue and/or reduced operating costs, including potential development of solar facilities and land sales.						
B.7.27	Groundwater Management Act at the Agency's Devil's Den property.						
B.8 - Plan a	nd prepare for catastrophic emergencies. Coordinate emergency response planning efforts with the local water						
B.8.1	Ongoing						
Goal C: Water Quality - Protect the quality of our water supplies and ensure our drinking meets or surpasses all water quality requirements.							
Strategy	Objective	Time Frame					
C.1 - Achie		l .					
·	ve 100% compliance with all water quality regulations and standards.						
C.1.1	we 100% compliance with all water quality regulations and standards. Meet all applicable water quality regulations.	Ongoing					
		Ongoing					
C.2 – Conti	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes.	Ongoing					
C.2 – Conti	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination.	Ongoing Ongoing					
C.2 – Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act						
C.2 – Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general.						
C.2 - Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1 C.4 - Impler	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general.	Ongoing d financial					
C.2 - Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1 C.4 - Impler Goal D: Cos condition, r	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general. ment long-term salinity management/nutrient management plan. st Effectiveness - Maintain a long-range, open, stable and well-planned.	Ongoing d financial					
C.2 - Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1 C.4 - Impler Goal D: Cos condition, r charges. Strategy	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general. ment long-term salinity management/nutrient management plan. st Effectiveness - Maintain a long-range, open, stable and well-planned resulting in current and future water users receiving fair and equitable	Ongoing d financial rates and					
C.2 - Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1 C.4 - Impler Goal D: Cos condition, r charges. Strategy	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general. ment long-term salinity management/nutrient management plan. st Effectiveness - Maintain a long-range, open, stable and well-planned resulting in current and future water users receiving fair and equitable Objective	Ongoing d financial rates and Time Frame					
C.2 - Conti C.3 - Antici C.3.1 C.4 - Impler Goal D: Cos condition, r charges. Strategy D.1 - Mainta	Meet all applicable water quality regulations. nue remediation of perchlorate contamination. pate and comply with regulatory and environmental changes. Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general. ment long-term salinity management/nutrient management plan. st Effectiveness - Maintain a long-range, open, stable and well-planned resulting in current and future water users receiving fair and equitable Objective ain fiscal viability.	Ongoing d financial rates and					

D.1.3	Evaluate Current Retail Reserve Fund Policy. P1	Current Year
D.1.4	Review financial policies to ensure compliance or provide recommendations for revision if necessary. P2	Current Year
D.1.5	Monitor revenue impact of continuous customer water conservation performance as a result of the SWRCB conservation extension through October 2017.	Ongoing
D.1.6	Ensure the Agency and Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	Ongoing
D.1.7	Prepare a Proposition 1 grant application if available. P1	Current Year
D.1.8	Oversee and administer the Proposition 84 Upper Santa Clara River Integrated Regional Water Management grant program.	Ongoing
D.1.9	Pursue federal funding for perchlorate contamination clean-up and recycled water projects in coordination with Washington, D.C. legislative advocate.	Ongoing
D.1.10	Administer awarded grants and assist project managers in determining reimbursement schedule.	Ongoing
D.1.11	Through a Request for Proposal (RFP) process, select a financial advisor for the Agency. P2	Current Year
D.1.12	Review and prepare for implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 concerns postemployment liability accounting and will have a significant impact on Agency's	
D.1.13	financial statements. P2 Through a Request for Proposal (RFP) process, select an actuarial consultant to prepare the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) valuation for the implementation of GASB 75. P1	Current Year Current Year
D.1.14	Adopt a new investment policy for the proceeds from the potential lump sum payment of the perchlorate settlement agreement for O&M activities.	Long Term
D.1.15	Research hiring an investment management firm to manage the potential lump sum payment for O&M activities as provided in the perchlorate settlement agreement.	Long Term
D.1.16	Develop a repair and replacement reserve fund policy based on the Agency's asset management program.	Long Term
D.2 - Strive	to be under budget.	
D.3 - Optim	ize transmission and treatment costs.	
D.4 - Optim	ize real estate management.	
D.5 - Maxim	nize outside funding opportunities.	
D.5.1	Identify and apply for grants for water use efficiency and other programs.	Ongoing
D.6 - Advan	nce workforce excellence.	
D.6.1	Implement electronic timesheet entry. (Funded by General Fund/Operating, within baseline budget). P2	Current Year
D.7 - Optim power.	ize energy efficiencies including the economically appropriate use of	renewable

Goal E: Maintain a well-defined organizational structure that fosters innovation, integrity, leadership, professionalism, respect, safety and teamwork.								
Strategy	Objective	Time Frame						
•	pp and maintain clear and comprehensive policies, systems and proce	edures.						
E.1.1	Continue reviewing the Employee Manual policies periodically and recommend updates and revisions as necessary.	Ongoing						
E.1.2	Implement redundant gateway routing. P1	Current Year						
E.1.3	Replace one of three existing SAN (Storage Area Network) systems. P2	Current Year						
E.1.4	Replace five existing virtual machine server hosts. P2	Current Year						
E.1.5	Upgrade VMWare on all hosts. P2	Current Year						
E.1.6	Add 10 to 20 more MBPS (megabits per second) on existing point-to- point backup line between the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant and Summit Circle. P1	Current Year						
E.1.7	Have a full intrusion test done on entire network to determine any cyber- security vulnerabilities. P1	Current Year						
E.1.8	Improve Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant back gate and access road by adding safety and security signage and traffic striping. P1	Current Year						
E.1.9	Improve Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant upper mesa entrance gate and access areas. P2	Current Year						
E.1.10	Improve Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant road access gate. P3	Current Year						
E.1.11	Implement asphalt cleaning and maintenance program. P2	Current Year						
E.1.12	Conduct semiannual tests of Agency's disaster recovery plan.	Ongoing						
E.1.13	Ongoing							
systems. E.2 - Improve organizational effectiveness.								
E.2.1	Continue to implement Agency strategic plans.	Ongoing						
E.2.2	Oversee and facilitate efforts of all Departments and Divisions to achieve their goals.	Ongoing						
E.2.3	Develop an Information Technology Strategic Plan.	Long Term						
E.2.4	Upgrade General Ledger/Financial System software.	Long Term						
E.2.5	Upgrade Human Resources/Payroll System software.	Long Term						
E.2.6	Evaluate cross-training program opportunities.	Long Term						
E.2.7	Develop a process to identify and re-engineer cumbersome processes. P2	Current Year						
	te an open and professional work environment.							
E.3.1	Continue to provide employees with "bottom-up" communication through all employee meetings.	Ongoing						
E.3.2	Continue to (1) provide General Manager-to-staff memos and quarterly employee newsletters and (2) hold employee meetings updating all employees of important events and news.	Ongoing						
E.3.3	Continue bi-weekly executive staff and periodic manager/supervisor meetings to enhance staff productivity and coordination work efforts.	Ongoing						
E.3.4	Evaluate effectiveness of communications.	Ongoing						
	t, retain and develop quality staff.	-						
E.4.1	Continue to provide appropriate training and professional development.	Ongoing						

E.4.2	Continue succession planning efforts to ensure that employees are recruited and developed to fill key roles within the Agency. Provide	
	education and training opportunities to all employees to develop them for future higher level and broader responsibilities.	Ongoing
E.4.3	Engage a consultant to perform a comprehensive market survey of employee benefits. P1	Current Year
E.4.4	Research compensation for licenses and certifications through a market survey. P2	Current Year
E.4.5	Implement electronic benefits enrollment. P1	Current Year
E.4.6	Provide supervisor training to enhance working knowledge and a general understanding of the Agency's recruitment, onboarding, and performance evaluation and other human relations processes. P1	Current Year
E.4.7	Update the Agency's Supervisor Handbook. P1	Current Year
E.4.8	Conduct sexual harassment awareness and prevention training for all employees. P1	Current Year
E.4.9	Research implementing an employee portal or intranet for posting various often-requested forms, documents, etc.	Long Term
E.4.10	Assess workforce and organizational needs (appropriate staffing levels).	Ongoing
E.4.11	Examine practicality/benefits of establishing a mentoring program.	Long Term
E.4.12	Review Team Building strategy to foster trust and shared values.	Ongoing
E.5 - Mainta	nin a safe work environment.	
E.5.1	Continue to provide all required and recommended safety training.	Ongoing
E.5.2	Continue to emphasize safety through weekly tailgate and safety meetings.	Ongoing
E.5.3	Conduct live confined space entry and rescue drill. P1	Current Year
E.5.4	Conduct a live chemical spill response drill with local fire department and/or emergency services contractor. P1	Current Year

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BUDGET GLOSSARY

Accounts Receivable: The Agency extends credit to customers/purveyors in the normal course of operations. Management deems all accounts receivable as collectible at fiscal year-end. SCWD extends credit to customers in the normal course of operations. Management deems at least 99% of all accounts receivable as collectible at fiscal yearend.

Accrual: The basis of accounting which revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned and expenses are recognized as soon as a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows.

Accrual Basis of Accounting: The method of accounting under which revenues are recorded when they are earned (whether or not cash is received at that time) and expenditures are recorded when goods and services are received (whether or not cash disbursements are made at the time).

Acre-Foot/Acre-Feet (AF): A unit of measure equivalent to 325,851 gallons of water.

Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI): This technology includes hardware, meter data management software, communications equipment and smart meters that provide real-time meter reads and consumption to the customer and the utility. This information will then allow the customer to be more aware of water usage and identify problems sooner and also allows the Utility to improve meter reading accuracy and efficiency.

Agency: Refers to both CLWA and SCWD.

Alluvial Aquifer or Alluvium: The shallow aquifer which generally underlies the Santa Clara River and its several tributaries within the Santa Clarita Valley.

Alternative Water Resources Management (AWRM): A program that will attempt to achieve a total daily maximum load for chloride in the Santa Clara River by blending high chloride and low chloride waters. The Agency has signed a MOU and is helping the Sanitation District (the lead agency) implement the plan.

American Water Works Association (AWWA): An international scientific and educational society dedicated to the improvement of drinking water quality and supply. The Agency is a member of AWWA.

Appropriation: An amount of money in the budget authorized for expenditure or obligation within organizational units for specific purposes.

Aquifer: An underground layer of permeable rock, sediment (usually sand or gravel), or soil that yields water.

Assessed Valuation: An official government value placed upon real estate or other property as a basis for levying taxes.

Asset Management: A set of systematic and coordinated activities and practices through which an organization optimally and sustainably manages its assets and asset systems, their associated performance, risks and expenditures over their life cycles for the purpose of achieving its organizational strategic plan.

Assets: Resources having monetary and economic value that are owned or held by the agency.

Association of California Water Agencies (ACWA): A statewide organization comprised of a coalition of public water agencies. The Agency is a member of ACWA.

Association of California Water Agencies/Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA/JPIA): A statewide organization dedicated to consistently and cost effectively providing the broadest possible affordable

insurance coverage as well as training and related services to its member agencies. The Agency is a member of ACWA/JPIA.

Automated Meter Reading (AMR): Automatic collection of water meter data using remote reading devices.

Backbone: Refers to all infrastructure necessary to deliver recycled water into SCWD's Distribution System.

Balanced Budget (General Fund - Operating): A balanced budget is a basic budgetary constraint intended to ensure that a government does not spend beyond its means. For the General Fund – Operating Budget, the Agency's stated goal is the expenditures do not exceed revenues. However, during FY 2006/07, the Board of Directors recognized that many increases in expenditures have occurred because the Agency is in a transitional period. Not only is the Agency implementing a number of organizational changes; it has been expanding and changing its infrastructure, which is impacting system operations. As a result, expenses have increased dramatically over recent years and it is difficult to estimate the ultimate impact on operating costs. A stated financial goal of the Board is to cover operating expenses with operating revenues. However, due to this transition period and a desired to provide rate stability for purveyors and Santa Clarita Valley ratepayers, the Board of Directors adopted a three-year program of 15% rate increases for the wholesale water rate to be implemented beginning in January 2007. 1% property tax revenues would be used to offset shortages between wholesale water rate revenues and operating expenses and maintain a fund balance of \$300,000 in the Operating Fund. The goal would be to fully cover operating expenses with operating revenues by 2010. After that, it is expected that rate increases will continue to be required, and would be calculated to recover operating expenditures. This shows that while there is a short-term imbalance between the Agency's operating expenditures and revenues, the Agency does not included this to be a long-term situation. This definition does not apply to the Agency's capital budgets and funds.

Board of Directors: The governing body of the Castaic Lake Water Agency. The Agency is divided into three elective divisions; the governing board is made up of two directors from each division, three directors at large, and one director appointed by each of the two retail water purveyors excluding SCWD and VWC, 11 members.

Bond: A written promise to pay a specified sum of money (called the principal) at a specified date in the future, together with periodic interest at a specified rate. In the budget document, these payments are identified as debt service.

Budget: A balanced financial plan for a given period of time, which matches proposed expenditures to the expected revenues for that same period of time.

Budget and Rates Committee: A committee of the Board of Directors consisting of five Board members that meets monthly to discuss budgets and rates for wholesale and retail functions.

Buena Vista Water Storage District (BVWSD): The Agency acquires of 11,000 acre-feet (AF) of water supply per year for a 30-year period from the BVWSD.

California Aqueduct: The main conveyance facility of the State Water Project which brings water via a series of pumping plants from northern California to the Bay Area, San Joaquin Valley, Central Coast area and Southern California.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA): A statute that requires state and local agencies to identify the significant environmental impacts of their actions and to avoid or mitigate those impacts, if feasible.

California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC): Commission governing the business operations of private utilities in so much as they affect the rates of the services sold.

California Water Fix: Formerly known as the Bay Delta Conservation Plan (BDCP), the California WaterFix is one part of the California Water Action Plan to bolster self-sufficiency, reduce consumption, improve water

management, and reduce dependence on the Delta to meet future needs. It is the product of decades of deliberation and the evolution of California's twin goals of protecting and securing water resources to meet growing demand while maintaining a healthy environment.

Capacity Fees: Fee imposed when a customer requests a new service connection. The Capacity Fee funds (also referred to as Expansion Fund) are used by SCWD to plan, design and construct new facilities to support the additional demand placed on the water system by the new and future service connections.

Capital Equipment: Fixed assets such as vehicles, computers, furniture, technical instruments which have a life expectancy of more than one year and a value over \$5,000.

Capital Improvement Plan (CIP): A long-range plan of the Agency and SCWD for the construction, rehabilitation and modernization of the Agency and SCWD owned and operated infrastructure.

Capital Planning, Studies and Administration: Non-operating expenses, including but not limited to: (1) studies in support of major capital projects; and (2) non-recurring studies.

Capital Project: A non-operating expense item of the budget, which includes expenditures for fixed asset/equipment purchases as well as the accumulation of expenditures associated with construction projects. Capital projects typically have a life of five years or more.

Castaic Lake Water Agency (Agency or CLWA): The Castaic Lake Water Agency is the area's wholesaler, which imports water from the State Water Project that is used to supplement the local retailers' groundwater supply. CLWA acquired SCWD in 1999.

Castaic Lake Water Agency Financing Corporation: The corporation formed in 1990 to issue Certificates of Participation.

Catalytic Project: High leverage, high impact activity, project or program which will achieve the greatest positive impact on the performance measures. A catalytic project may also be a collection of programs and activities.

Ccf: The Ccf is the standard rate of billing for retail water service. One Ccf is equal to 100 cubic feet of water, which is equal to 748 gallons of water.

Certificate of Participation (COP): The financing technique that provides long-term financing through a lease (with an option to purchase) or installment agreement that does not constitute indebtedness under the state constitutional debt limit and does not require voter approval.

CIP Fund: Funds allocated for SCWD projects through Retail Water sales excluding COP-financed projects and expansion projects due to development.

Commodity Charge: A charge per Ccf that includes local SCWD water usage charge and pass-through charges for purchased water from CLWA.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR): A set of U.S. government financial statements comprising the financial report of a state, municipal or other governmental entity that complies with the accounting requirements promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS): A CMMS software package maintains a computer database of information about an organization's maintenance operations. This aids in making informed decisions regarding preventative maintenance and helps maintenance workers do their jobs more efficiently.

Consumer Price Index (CPI): A measure that examines the weighted average of prices of a basket of consumer goods and services, such as transportation, food and medical care. It is calculated by taking price changes for each item in the predetermined basket of goods and averaging them.

COP Fund: Funds allocated for specific projects through COP financing. What is COP?

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA): Periodic increase in wages or salaries, to compensate for loss in purchasing power of money due to inflation. Rate of COLA is commonly pegged to a general index such as consumer price index (CPI). Also called cost of living allowance.

Customer Class: SCWD has three customer class categories and they each have specific Commodity Charges based on the cost of service study:

- Residential
- Industrial
- All others

Customer Information System (CIS): Computer database and information system that contains all billing and personal data pertaining to utility customers usually combined with Utility Billing (UB).

Dead End Flushing: Dead end water mains are often found at the end of cul-de-sac streets. Dead end water mains may not provide enough flow to maintain disinfectant levels. Therefore, a preventative maintenance program has been set up for flushing dead end water mains to ensure high water quality and acceptable disinfection residual.

Department of Water Resources (DWR): The state agency responsible for financing, constructing and operating State Water Project facilities.

Developer: A person or entity that invests in and develops potentialities of real estate, especially by subdividing the land into home sites and then building houses and selling them.

Developer Refundable Deposit: Initial funds received from developers to do engineering studies and construction related to SCWD's water system for their specific development. Any unused amount is refundable.

Devil's Den Ranch: Land in Kern and Kings Counties that the Agency owns and operates in agriculture.

Devil's Den Water District: A California Water District in Kern and Kings Counties (the Agency is the primary landowner).

Disbursements: Payments made on obligations.

Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant (ESFP): One of two treatment plants operated by CLWA.

Earl Schmidt Intake Pumping Station (ESIPS): CLWA pumping station that pumps water up to the ESFP.

EIR: Environment Impact Report prepared in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act.

EIS: Environmental Impact Statement prepared in compliance with the National Environmental Protection Act.

Enterprise Fund: A fund established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises where (1) the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (2) the governing body or higher governmental authority has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control and accountability for other purposes.

Equipment: The purchase, replacement, maintenance and upgrading of equipment essential to

supporting administrative and service needs with a cost of \$5,000 or more.

Equipment Purchases: The purchases of office equipment, furniture, automobiles, trucks, pumps, shop equipment and other items.

Expenditure: An amount of money disbursed or obligated. Expenditures include current operating expenses and capital improvements requiring the present or future use of net current assets and the current year portion of debt service.

FICA: The **Federal Insurance Contributions Act** is a U.S. law that creates a payroll tax requiring a deduction from the paychecks of employees as well as a contribution from employers. The withheld amounts go towards the funding of the Social Security program and Medicare.

Financial and Operations Committee: A committee of the Board of Directors consisting of five Board members that meets monthly to discuss and review financial and operating information for wholesale and retail functions.

Financial Information System (FIS): Software that records and processes accounting transactions.

Fiscal Year: The time frame in which the Budget applies. For the Agency and SCWD, this is the period from July 1 through June 30 of the succeeding year.

Fixed Assets: Long term tangible assets that have a normal-use expectancy of more than three years and do not lose their individual identity through use. Fixed assets include buildings, equipment and improvements other than buildings and land.

Fund: A set of accounts used to account for a specific activity, such as a water enterprise fund. A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources together with all related liabilities and changes in these assets and liabilities.

Fund Balance (For the Agency): Fund equity in governmental funds. The difference between the assets and liabilities equal the fund balance.

Fund Balance (For the SCWD): The current funds on hand resulting from historical collection and use of monies. The difference between assets and liabilities reported in SCWD's Operating Fund plus residual equities or balances or changes therein, from the results of operations.

Gallons Per Capita Per Day (GPCD): Gallons per capita per day (**GPCD**) is a method utilized internationally to measure water use by drinking water suppliers. It is most commonly used to describe historical and current water uses. It provides a baseline of water use that is not as susceptible to changes in population.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP): Uniform minimum standards of, and guidelines for, external financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and content of the basic Financial Statements of an entity. The responsibility for setting GAAP for state and local governments rests with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

General Fund: Fund used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

General Obligation Bonds: Bonds, the payment for which the full faith and credit of the issuing government are pledged.

Geographic Information System (GIS): GIS is a system designed to capture, store, manipulate, analyze, manage and present all types of geographically referenced data

GFOA: Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada.

Goal: A description of a desired end state, condition or outcome expressed in qualitative terms.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB): The organization that sets the standards of state and local governmental accounting and financial reporting that will result in useful information for users of financial reports and guide and educate the public, including issuers, auditors, and users of those financial reports.

Governmental Fund: Fund category used to account for tax-supported (governmental) activities. These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

GPM: Gallons per minute.

Grant Administration: Grant funds are used only for intended purposes, and are subject to Single Audit requirements (OMB Circular A-133).

Integrated Regional Water Management (IRWM): A collaborative, stakeholder-driven process to integrate planning and implementation efforts and facilitate regional cooperation with the goals of reducing water demands, improving operational efficiency, increasing water supply, improving water quality and promoting resources stewardship over the long term. The Upper Santa Clara River IRWM plan, adopted in July 2008 (and updated February, 2014), examines current and future water-related needs, identifies regional objectives for water-related resource management, develops strategies to address identified needs and then evaluates and offers various projects to meet the regional objectives.

Integrated Regional Water Management Plan (IRWMP): A plan for upper Santa Clara River watershed management that was adopted in July of 2008. The Agency is a stakeholder and on the Regional Water Management Group, which leads the IRWMP effort. The IRWMP is critical for identifying programs for possible state grant funding under Propositions 50 and 84.

Interfund Loan: Payments from SCWD to CLWA for the purchase of the Santa Clarita Water Company (SCWC) in 1999.

Internal Control: Agency management is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of internal control structure that ensures that the assets of the Agency are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The internal control structure also ensures that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

IT: Information technology.

LAIF: Local agency investment fund.

Los Angeles County Waterworks District No: 36: (LACWD No: 36:): - One of the four Santa Clarita Valley retail purveyors.

Major Capital Improvement Projects: Projects associated with the expansion of service due to growth or increase in demand which cost more than \$250,000.

Major Capital Project: The acquisition of land, facilities, works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water. Major capital project are typically included in the Agency's Capital Improvement Program and Data Document, and cost more than \$500,000.

Materials and Supplies: Cost of the various materials and supplies purchased to operate and maintain the Agency and SCWD. Examples of supplies include office, computer, engineering, janitorial and gardening. Materials include glass, lumber, concrete, painting and small tools.

Meter Service Charge: A monthly charge for water availability based on meter size.

MG: Million gallons.

MGD: Million gallons per day.

Minor Capital Project: Minor capital projects include the acquisition of land, facilities, works and improvements; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities. Minor capital projects take less time to develop and are not generally included in the Agency's Capital Improvement Program. Minor capital projects cost \$500,000 or less.

Minor Capital Improvement Projects: Projects associated with the expansion of service due to growth or increase in demand that cost \$250,000 or less.

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting: The basis of accounting under which revenues are recognized when they become "susceptible to accrue", (i.e., measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). The Agency considers property taxes to be available and subject to accrual if they are levied for and due within the fiscal year and collected within 60 days after fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the liabilities are incurred, except that principal and interest payments on general long-term debt are recognized as an expenditure when due.

MOU: Memorandum of Understanding.

Newhall County Water District (NCWD): - One of the four Santa Clarita Valley retail purveyors.

O&M: Operations and maintenance.

Objective: A description of the result that is expected to be achieved. An objective is time specific and measurable. Fiscal year objectives are the yearly organizational levels of achievement expected.

OMB: Federal Office of Management and Budget.

Operating Budget: The normal, ongoing operating costs to operate the Agency and SCWD including salaries, employer expenses, professional and outside services and other operating expenses.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): Post-employment benefits that an employee will begin to receive at the start of retirement, but it does not include pension benefits paid to the retired employee.

Perchlorate: Compounds used in the manufacturing of explosives, munitions and rocket fuel.

Performance Measurement: A qualitative or quantitative indicator of successful goal attainment. A "good" performance measure is a reasonable approximation or representation of goal attainment. The performance measure cited should also be one that the Agency can affect, gather data on and measure.

Planning and Engineering Committee: A committee of the Board of Directors consisting of five Board members that meets monthly to discuss planning and engineering issues affecting wholesale and retail functions.

Potable Water: Water that meets the drinking water standards of the US Environmental Protection Agency.

Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA): In September 2012, the legislature passed and the Governor signed into law the "California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013" (PEPRA) (Government Code Sections 7522, *et seq.*). PEPRA limits the pension benefits offered to new employees and increases flexibility for employee and employer cost sharing for current employees.

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS): An agent, multiple-employer, public retirement system to which the Agency contributes that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating

public entities within the State of California.

Purchased Water: Water purchased from CLWA to supplement SCWD's groundwater supply.

Recycled Water: Beneficial use of treated wastewater for such planned uses as irrigation, industrial cooling, recreation, groundwater recharge, environmental enhancement, and other uses permitted under California law.

Redundancy: A fail-safe in the water distribution system to ensure continued service when a critical portion of the water system is out of service due to unforeseen conditions.

Reliability: Providing a consistent level of water.

Repair and Replacement: Minor changes or additions to existing Agency-owned grounds or buildings and the electrical, lighting, plumping, air conditioning or heating systems contained therein, which correct unsafe or unhealthful working conditions, increase operating efficiency, promote improved service to the public, and provide for the installation of equipment and security devices.

Repair and Replacement Projects: Any repair or replacement to SCWD's existing water infrastructure that extends the life a minimum of five years or more and costs \$5,000 or more.

Replacements: Projects related to replacement of existing infrastructure.

Revenue: Income generated by taxes, notes, bonds, investment income, land rental, user charges and water rates.

Rio Vista Intake Pumping Station (RVIPS): CLWA pumping station that supplies water to the RVWTP.

Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant (RVWTP) (30 MGD): One of two treatment plants operated by the Agency.

Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District (RRBWSD): The Agency participates in the Groundwater Banking Program through RRBWSD which allows the storage of 20,000 acre-feet annually of the Agency's State Water Project Table A amount or other State Water Project supplies.

Santa Clarita Valley Family of Water Suppliers: To help Santa Clarita residents use water more efficiently, Castaic Lake Water Agency, Santa Clarita Water Division, Los Angeles Waterworks District No.36, Newhall County Water District and Valencia Water Company teamed up to promote water conservation through its "Put Your Water to Work" campaign by offering tips and information to be more water wise.

Santa Clarita Valley Sanitation Districts (SCVSD): The public agency tasked with managing wastewater in the Santa Clarita Valley including the conversion of said wastewater into recycled water for further beneficial use.

Santa Clarita Water Company (SCWC): 1973 merger of Bouquet Canyon Water Company and Solemint Water Company.

Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD): (also referred to as the Retail Account and the Santa Clarita Water Company) – One of the Santa Clarita Valley four retail purveyors. Santa Clarita Water Company was acquired by the Agency in 1999.

Saugus Formation: The deep aquifer that underlies the Alluvial Aquifer.

Semitropic Water Storage District (SWSD): The Agency participates in the Groundwater Banking Program through SWSD which includes two short-term accounts that distribute excess State Water Project Table A water.

Service Charge: A flat monthly charge based on the meter size to cover the cost of reading, billing, maintaining meters and services.

Services: The normal, ongoing operating costs incurred to operate the Agency. Examples include repair, maintenance, auditing, security and engineering.

Southern California Edison (SCE): The primary electricity supply company for most of Southern California, including the Agency and SCWD.

Southern California Water Committee, Inc: (SCWC): A nonprofit, nonpartisan, public education partnership dedicated to informing Southern Californians about our water needs and our state's water resources. The Agency is a member of SCWC.

State Water Project (SWP): A water development and distribution system owned and operated by the State of California Department of Water Resources, which transports water from northern California. It entails the operation and maintenance of the collection and transportation facilities.

State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB): Also known as the State Water Board. Along with the nine Regional Water Quality Control Boards, the SWRCB is tasked with preserving California's water resources and drinking water for the protection of the environment, public health, and all beneficial uses, and to ensure proper water resource allocation and efficient use, for the benefit of present and future generations. The SWRCB plays a key role in the State's response to current drought conditions.

Strategic Goal: A discrete aim for future achievement that is necessary to meet a component of the Agency's and SCWD's mission.

Strategic Plan: A long-term plan defining the Agency's and SCWD's mission, goals, objectives and implementing actions.

Strategy/Tactic/Action/Program/Project/Activity: Means by which we will achieve an objective and move towards a goal. A tactic is a specific action whereas a strategy is a broader concept to gain leverage and solve a particular problem.

Studies and Administration: Expenses related to planning, feasibility studies and other non-recurring reports, evaluations or tests.

Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA): The Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition system collects operational data from remote units to monitor and control water and facilities throughout SCWD's service area.

Total Budget: The sum of the total operating budget, debt service, water purchases and total capital budget requests.

Total Capital Budget: The total budget requests for equipment purchases and construction projects.

Treated Water: Water delivered to the Santa Clarita Valley four retail purveyors which has been treated at CLWA's ESFP and RVWTP.

Upgrades: Projects related to the repair or refurbishment of existing infrastructure.

Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority (USCVJPA):

Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP): A water management planning document required by the "California Urban Water Management Planning Act." This Plan provides a description of supplies and demands for existing and future conditions over a 20 year time horizon. CLWA and the other retail purveyors prepare this plan jointly. This document is prepared every five years with the current document being the 2015 UWMP.

Utilities: This includes gas, electricity, water, sewer and telephone service.

Utility Billing System (UB): Billing software system for utilities usually combined with Customer Information System (CIS).

Valencia Water Company (VWC): - One of the Santa Clarita Valley four retail purveyors.

Water Conservation: Encompasses the polices, strategies and activities made to manage fresh water as a sustainable resource, to protect the water environment and to meet current and future demand.

Water Master Plan: An engineering study that recommends and prioritizes capital improvements based on long-range planning efforts through analysis and assessment of the capacity of existing and planned infrastructure with respect to established design criteria. SCWD's Water Master Plan was updated in 2013.

Water Purchases (CLWA): Water purchased from the Department of Water Resources.

Water Rates: Retail water rates charged to SCWD customers. The water rates consist of two main components: a fixed monthly Service Charge and a variable water usage Commodity Charge. The rates for the Service Charge varies based on meter size, whereas the Commodity Charge is a three-tiered rate structure for single family residential (SFR) customers that varies based on the amount of water used in ccf and separate uniform rates per ccf of water usage for irrigation and all other customers.

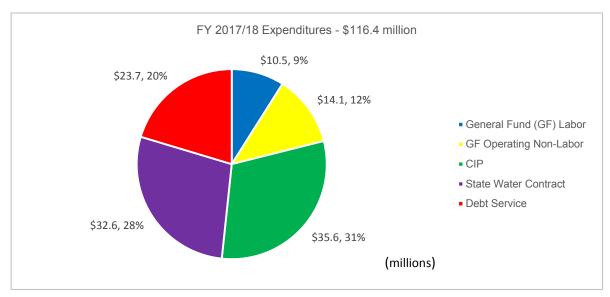
Water Resources and Outreach Committee: A Committee of the Board of Directors consisting of five Board members that meets monthly to discuss water resource issues and outreach efforts.

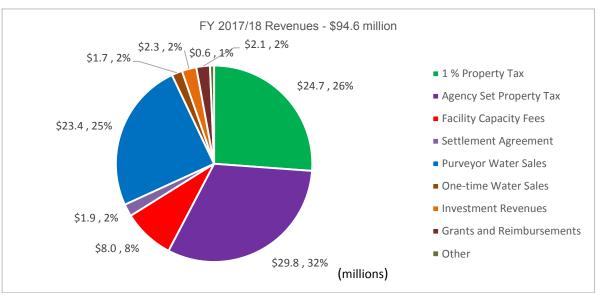
Water System: The whole and each and every part of the water system of SCWD, comprising all facilities for the supply, storage, treatment and distribution of water, together with all additions, extensions and improvements to such system.

Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (WUESP): A comprehensive long-term conservation plan for the Santa Clarita Valley which provides objectives, policies and programs designed to promote proven and cost-effective conservation practices. The plan was first adopted in 2008 and subsequently updated in 2015.

Weather-based Irrigation Controller (WBIC): An irrigation controller that adjusts watering patterns based on real time weather conditions.

Wholesale System Financial Summary FY 2017/18 Budget





Castaic Lake Water Agency Financial Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

			Capital II	пргочеп	Capital Improvement Program							
		Pledged R	Pledged Revenue Fund	,		ĭ	Total Capital					
Description	General Fund/ Operating	Facility Capacity Fee	One Percent Property Tax		Capital Project Fund	<u>E</u>	Improvement Program	State Water Contract Fund		Debt Service Fund		TOTAL
Fund Balance 7/1/2017 (Estimated)	\$ 11,159,015	- \$	\$ 73,557,593	\$ 865'2		s	105,236,485	\$ 46,928,679	s	5,349,556	8	168,673,735
RESERVES: Operating Reserve	\$ (6,136,700)	· &	49	- 49	ı	€	1	€	σ	1	↔	(6,136,700)
Debt Service Reserves			_		•		(18,344,800)	•		ı		(18,344,800)
Capital Reserves Economic Uncertainties/Catastrophic Situations		1 1	(11,126,800)	5,800)			(11,126,800)					(11,126,800)
Repair and Replacement Reserves (new)		•	(2,75)	(2,750,200)	1		(2,750,200)	•		1		(2,750,200)
Trustee Held					1		-			(5,349,556)		(5,349,556)
Subtotal	\$ (6,136,700)	• \$	\$ (59,710,700)	0,700) \$	•	6	(59,710,700)	• •	φ	(5,349,556)	s	(71,196,956)
Net Available	\$ 5,022,315	· \$	\$ 13,846,893	\$ 868'9	31,678,892	s	45,525,785	\$ 46,928,679	s		\$	97,476,779
REVENUES:		€	•	-		•		•	•		•	
Water Sales - Fixed Charges Water Sales - Variable	8,000,000	· '	A	^		A		· ·	A		Ð	14,549,900 000,000,8
Water Cares - Variable Recycled Water Sales	265.500	1										265.500
Saugus 1 and 2 Water Sales	627,300	1		,	1		1	1		,		627,300
One-time Water Sales	412,500	494,000		743,500	1		1,237,500	1		,		1,650,000
Laboratory Revenues	106,000	1		1	•		1	•				106,000
Communications Revenues	170,000	1		1	1		ı	•				170,000
Facility Capacity Fees	•	8,000,000			1		8,000,000	•				8,000,000
One Percent Property Tax	•	1	24,747,300	2,300	1		24,747,300	1 0				24,747,300
Agency Set Property I ax	•	1	Č	- 0	ı		- 000	29,822,800				29,822,800
Settlement Agreement (CIP)	- 4 7 4 4 0 0 0	1	<u> </u>	380,000	1		380,000	•				380,000
Semement Agreement (Oalvi) Grants and Reimbursements	1,546,400		06	207 500	1 900 000		2 107 500					7 107 500
Investment Revenues	107,400	302,400	1,13	1,135,000	175,800		1,613,200	401,000		152,000		2,13,600
Miscellaneous	19,100		34	346,900			346,900	. '		. '		366,000
Subtotal	\$ 25,804,100	\$ 8,796,400	\$ 27,56	,560,200 \$	2,075,800	\$	38,432,400	\$ 30,223,800	s	152,000	\$	94,612,300
EXPENDITURES: Operating	\$ (24,546,700)	69.	69	-		€	ı	₩	↔		\$	(24,546,700)
Capital Improvement Program	•	(3,038,900)	(11,126,800)	6,800)	(21,458,000)		(35,623,700)	1				(35,623,700)
Department of Water Resources Debt Service Bringing and Interest Dayments		- (5 757 500)	- (47 785 000)		1		- (73 5/3 400)	(32,570,000)	<u> </u>	(152,000)		(32,570,000)
Subtotal	\$ (24,546,700)	\$ (8,796,400)	\$	2,700) \$	(21,458,000)	€	(59,167,100)	\$ (32,570,000)	\$	(152,000)	છ	(116,435,800)
Fund Balance	\$ 6,279,715	· &	\$ 12,49	12,494,393 \$	12,296,692	€	24,791,085	\$ 44,582,479	s	ı	€9	75,653,279
Addition to Reserves				,	1		-	•		-		1
Available Fund Balance 6/30/2018 (Estimated)	\$ 6,279,715	· &s	\$ 12,49	12,494,393 \$	12,296,692	↔	24,791,085	\$ 44,582,479	\$		↔	75,653,279

General Fund Operating FY 2017/18

	F	Actual Y 2014/15	F	Actual FY 2015/16	F	Budget FY 2016/17		Estimated Y 2016/17	F	Budget FY 2017/18
Fund Balance, Beginning	\$	11,248,848	\$	10,764,500	\$	10,105,400	\$	10,277,815	\$	11,159,015
RESERVES										
Operating Reserves Net Available	\$ \$	(5,123,600) 6,125,248	\$ \$	(5,707,000) 5,057,500	\$ \$	(5,920,000)	\$ \$	(5,920,000)	\$ \$	(6,136,700) 5,022,315
Net Available	<u> </u>	0,123,240	Ф	5,057,500	Ф	4,185,400	Ф	4,357,815	Ф	5,022,315
REVENUES										
Water Sales - Purveyors - Fixed Charge	\$	13,250,604	\$	13,140,643	\$	13,603,800	\$	13,603,800	\$	14,549,900
Water Sales - Purveyors - Variable		3,085,879		3,586,015		5,502,600		7,275,700		8,000,000
Water Sales - Recycled		223,791		249,507		252,000		253,400		265,500
Water Sales - Saugus 1 and 2 Wells One-time Water Sales		588,355 -		684,707 -		690,900 -		656,000 -		627,300 412,500
Laboratory Revenues		106,853		102,884		106,000		103,000		106,000
Communications Revenues		163,446		165,854		168,000		168,000		170,000
Reimbursement from Settlement Agreement (O&M)		1,084,367		1,217,150		1,300,000		1,223,400		1,546,400
Grants and Reimbursements		1,323,386		1,135,353		101,200		101,200		-
Investment Revenues		83,424		86,386		74,000		106,400		107,400
Miscellaneous Revenues	_	114,169	_	61,476	_	19,100		19,100	_	19,100
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	20,024,274	\$	20,429,975	Þ	21,817,600		23,510,000		25,804,100
EXPENDITURES										
Management	\$	(1,841,001)	\$	(1,740,920)	\$	(2,147,700)	\$	(2,586,600)	\$	(2,054,100)
Administration		(3,734,553)		(4,230,737)		(4,779,000)		(4,586,200)		(5,040,100)
Engineering		(812,271)		(894,862)		(856,900)		(1,147,400)		(1,174,500)
Maintenance		(2,806,059)		(3,082,073)		(3,173,200)		(3,021,400)		(3,257,800)
Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs		(924,930)		(941,920)		(1,014,000)		(995,900)		(1,076,400)
Water Resources		(5,289,336)		(5,072,040)		(6,533,600)		(5,241,600)		(6,758,000)
Water Treatment Operations Total Expenditures	•	(5,100,472)	¢	(4,954,108)	¢	(5,175,700)	¢	(5,049,700)	¢	(5,185,800) (24,546,700)
Total Expericitures	Φ.	(20,508,622)	φ	(20,916,660)	φ	(23,680,100)	φ	(22,628,800)	Ф	(24,546,700)
TRANSFERS										
To Reserves, from Fund Balance	\$	(583,400)	\$	(213,000)	\$	-	\$	(216,700)	\$	-
Net Transfers	\$	(583,400)	\$	(213,000)	\$	-	\$	(216,700)	\$	-
Available Fund Balance, Ending	\$	5,057,500	\$	4,357,815	\$	2,322,900	\$	5,022,315	\$	6,279,715
Additions to Reserves	ው	E02 400	ø	212 000			Φ	216 700		
Reserves, from Fund Balance Total Addition to Reserves	\$ \$	583,400 583,400	\$ \$	213,000 213,000	\$		\$ \$	216,700 216,700	\$	_
Total Addition to Hospitos	<u> </u>	000,400	Ψ	210,000	Ψ		Ψ	210,700	Ψ	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	5,640,900	\$	4,570,815	\$	2,322,900	\$	5,239,015	\$	6,279,715
Operating Reserves										
Beginning Balance	\$	5,123,600	\$	5,707,000	\$	5,920,000	\$	5,920,000	\$	6,136,700
Additions	φ	583,400	φ	213,000	Ψ	J,92U,UUU -	Ψ	216,700	φ	-
Ending Balance	\$	5,707,000	\$	5,920,000	\$	5,920,000	\$	6,136,700	\$	6,136,700
	Ψ	3,737,000	Ψ	5,525,550	Ψ	3,323,000	Ψ	3, 133,700	Ψ	3, 100,100

Capital Improvement Program Pledged Revenue Fund Facility Capacity Fee FY 2017/18

	F	Actual Y 2014/15	F	Actual Y 2015/16	F	Budget Y 2016/17		Estimated Y 2016/17	F	Budget Y 2017/18
Fund Balance, Beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
RESERVES										
Debt Service Reserves	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Economic Uncertainties/Catastrophic Situations		-		-		-		-		-
Previous Agency Reserve Requirement	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		-
Total Reserves	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Available	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
REVENUES										
Facility Capacity Fees	\$	8,193,540	\$	6,747,047	\$	8,700,000	\$	8,000,000	\$	8,000,000
One-time Water Sales	,	-	•	-, ,-	·	-	•	-	·	494,000
Investment Revenues		302,414		302,414		302,400		302,400		302,400
Total Revenues	\$	8,495,954	\$	7,049,461	\$	9,002,400	\$	8,302,400	\$	8,796,400
EXPENDITURES										
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments	\$	(8,495,954)	Φ	(4,779,079)	Ф	(6,676,700)	\$	(5,296,000)	Ф	(5,757,500)
Capital Planning, Studies and Administration	Ψ	(0,495,954)	Ψ	(4,779,079) $(2,270,382)$	Ψ	(2,325,700)	Ψ	(3,006,400)		(3,737,300)
Total Expenditures	•	(8,495,954)	\$	(7,049,461)	\$	(9,002,400)	\$	(8,302,400)	\$	(8,796,400)
Total Expeliationes	Ψ	(0,733,334)	Ψ	(1,04,5401)	Ψ	(3,002,400)	Ψ	(0,002,700)	Ψ	(0,730,400)
Available Fund Balance, Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Capital Improvement Program Pledged Revenue Fund One Percent Property Tax FY 2017/18

	Actual FY 2014/15	Actual FY 2015/16	Budget FY 2016/17	Estimated FY 2016/17	Budget FY 2017/18
Fund Balance, Beginning	\$ 77,082,669	\$ 75,537,682	\$ 73,916,482	\$ 72,989,193	\$ 73,557,593
RESERVES					
Debt Service Reserves	\$ (5,876,400)	\$(11,659,200)	\$(15,546,200)	\$(15,546,200)	\$(18,344,800)
Capital Reserves	(16,948,000)	(17,061,700)	(10,839,800)	(10,839,800)	(11,126,800)
Economic Uncertainties/Catastrophic Situations	(34,180,700)	(38,072,700)	(26,518,500)	(26,518,500)	(27,488,900)
Repair and Replacement Reserve (new)	(952,800)	(1,955,600)	(2,286,200)	(2,286,200)	(2,750,200)
Total Reserves	\$(57,957,900)	\$ (68,749,200)	\$(55,190,700)	\$(55,190,700)	\$(59,710,700)
Net Available	\$ 19,124,769	\$ 6,788,482	\$ 18,725,782	\$ 17,798,493	\$ 13,846,893
REVENUES					
One Percent Property Tax Revenues	\$ 21,618,468	\$ 22,648,707	\$ 23,851,900	\$ 23,547,300	\$ 24,747,300
Reimbursement from Settlement Agreement (CIP)	386,050	53,639	380,000	590,000	380,000
Grants and Reimbursements	282,487	922,523	565,500	302,000	207,500
One-time Water Sales	-	-	-	-	743,500
Investment Revenues	1,057,041	1,079,490	1,019,000	1,128,100	1,135,000
Reimbursement from Annexing Parties	295,206	283,050	291,500	401,800	346,900
Other/Adjustments	46,819	90,520	-	-	-
Total Revenues	\$ 23,686,071	\$ 25,077,929	\$ 26,107,900	\$ 25,969,200	\$ 27,560,200
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments -	Φ (F 004 700)	A (4.057.000)	4 (5.000.000)	6 (5.040.000)	4 (0.400.700)
Existing Users	\$ (5,634,723)	\$ (4,657,938)	\$ (5,222,000)	\$ (5,216,900)	\$ (6,186,700)
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments - Future Users*	(0.100.076)	(10 105 454)	(0.591.700)	(10 209 200)	(11 500 200)
Major Capital Projects	(8,108,976) (1,373,427)	(12,105,454) (169,832)	(9,581,700) (445,000)	(10,208,200) (95,000)	(11,599,200) (1,700,000)
Minor Capital Projects	(1,016,428)	(1,725,498)	(2,464,000)	(2,383,000)	
Capital Planning, Studies and Administration	(8,130,984)	(7,635,002)	(5,544,100)	(6,356,600)	, ,
New Capital Equipment	(393,323)	(556,503)	(881,000)	(370,000)	
Repair and Replacement Projects	(573,197)	(776,191)	(770,000)	(771,100)	(1,080,000)
Total Expenditures	\$(25,231,058)	\$(27,626,418)	\$(24,907,800)	\ ' '	
p	. (,,)	, ,,,	, (,,,	, (,,,	, (15,51=,155)
Available Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 17,579,782	\$ 4,239,993	\$ 19,925,882	\$ 18,366,893	\$ 12,494,393

^{*} Interfund Loan to Facility Capacity Fees.

Capital Improvement Program Capital Project Fund FY 2017/18

	Actual FY 2014/15	Actual FY 2015/16	Budget FY 2016/17	Estimated FY 2016/17	Budget FY 2017/18
Fund Balance, Beginning	\$ 13,881,087	\$ 7,801,227	\$ 36,427,727	\$ 36,594,192	\$ 31,678,892
REVENUES					
Bond Proceeds	\$ -	\$ 36,934,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Grant Reimbursements	1,040,080	8,217,741	4,215,000	2,375,900	1,900,000
Investment Revenues	23,394	35,845	100,000	226,200	175,800
Total Revenues	\$ 1,063,474	\$ 45,188,210	\$ 4,315,000	\$ 2,602,100	\$ 2,075,800
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Projects	\$ (7,143,334) \$(16,395,245)	\$(18,563,900)	\$ (7,517,400)	\$(21,458,000)
Total Expenditures	\$ (7,143,334) \$(16,395,245)	\$(18,563,900)	\$ (7,517,400)	\$(21,458,000)
Available Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 7,801,227	\$ 36,594,192	\$ 22,178,827	\$ 31,678,892	\$ 12,296,692

State Water Contract Fund FY 2017/18

	Actual FY 2014/15	Actual FY 2015/16	Budget FY 2016/17	Estimated FY 2016/17	Budget FY 2017/18
Fund Balance, Beginning	\$ 28,694,755	\$ 34,860,629	\$ 39,558,529	\$ 40,334,279	\$ 46,928,679
REVENUES					
Agency Set Property Tax Revenues	\$ 26,070,350	\$ 27,099,354	\$ 28,767,200	\$ 28,422,800	\$ 29,822,800
Investment Income	231,913	296,869	287,000	371,300	401,000
Total State Water Contract Fund Revenues	\$ 26,302,263	\$ 27,396,223	\$ 29,054,200	\$ 28,794,100	\$ 30,223,800
EXPENDITURES DWR Variable Charge State Water Contract Payments Legal Consulting State Water Contractors/SWPCA Dues SWC Audit Refunds from State Contingencies	\$ (3,997,735) (17,657,459) (540) (225,996) (25,857) 1,771,198	\$ (4,835,394) (19,704,836) (765) (186,910) (26,775) 2,832,107	(22,300,000) (5,000)	\$ (5,000,000) (18,381,700) (1,000) (282,000) (35,000) 1,500,000	(22,300,000) (1,000) (234,000)
Total State Water Contract Fund Expenditures	\$(20,136,389)	\$(21,922,573)	\$(30,362,000)	\$(22,199,700)	\$(32,570,000)
Available Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 34,860,629	\$ 40,334,279	\$ 38,250,729	\$ 46,928,679	\$ 44,582,479
Tax Rate per \$100 in Assessed Valuation	\$ 0.070600	\$ 0.070600	\$ 0.070600	\$ 0.070600	\$ 0.070600

Castaic Lake Water Agency Financial Summary FY 2016/17 Estimated

			(•						L	
		Capital III. Pledged Revenue Fund	Cap	Ital Improve	Capital Improvement Program	<u></u>						
	General Fund/	Facility	One	One Percent	Capital Project	ject	Inprovement	State Water	Vater	Debt Service		į
Pescipion Fund Balance 7/1/2016	Uperating \$ 10,277,815	- \$	8	72,989,193	Fund \$ 36,594,192	192 \$	Frogram 109,583,385	\$ 40,33	40,334,279	Fund \$ 5,349,556	€9	165,545,035
RESERVES:												
Operating Reserve	\$ (5,920,000)	· \$	8	1	8	٠		€		· \$	↔	(5,920,000)
Debt Service Reserves	1	1	L)	(15,546,200)		,	(15,546,200)		ı	1		(15,546,200)
Capital Reserves	1	ı	<u> </u>	(10,839,800)		1	(10,839,800)		ı	1		(10,839,800)
Economic Uncertainties/Catastrophic Situations Repair and Replacement Reserves (new)		1 1	<u> </u>	(26,518,500)			(26,518,500) (2,286,200)			' '		(26,518,500) (2,286,200)
Trustee Held	ı	ı		-,500,500			(2,200,200)			(5,349,556)		(5,349,556)
Subtotal	\$ (5,920,000)	- \$	\$ (5	(55,190,700)	\$	٠	(55,190,700)	\$		\$ (5,349,556)	\$	(66,460,256)
Net Available	\$ 4,357,815		\$ 1	17,798,493	\$ 36,594,192	192 \$	54,392,685	\$ 40,33	40,334,279	• \$	↔	99,084,779
REVENUES:												
Water Sales - Fixed Charges	\$ 13,603,800	· \$	83	,	\$	⇔	1	\$,	· •	છ	13,603,800
Water Sales - Variable	7,275,700	1		•		,	•		,	•		7,275,700
Recycled Water Sales	253,400	1		1		,	1		ı	1		253,400
Saugus 1 and 2 Water Sales	656,000	1		1		1	•			•		656,000
One-time Water Sales	- 000	ı					1			1		- 00
Laboratory Kevenues	103,000	1								1		103,000
Communications Revenues	168,000	-		1			' 000 0		ı	1		000,000
racility capacity rees One Percent Property Tax		9,000,000		23 547 300			93 547 300					23 547 300
Agency Set Property Tax	,	1	1	- '				28.42	28.422.800	,		28.422.800
Settlement Agreement (CIP)	1	1		590,000		1	290,000	Î		1		590,000
Settlement Agreement (O&M)	1,223,400	1		•		,	1		,	1		1,223,400
Grants and Reimbursements	101,200	•		302,000	2,375,900	006	2,677,900		1	•		2,779,100
Investment Revenues	106,400	302,400		1,128,100	226,200	500	1,656,700	37	371,300	151,800	_	2,286,200
Subtotal	\$ 23,510,000	\$ 8,302,400	69.	25,969,200	\$ 2,602,100	100	36,	\$ 28,79	28,794,100	\$ 151,800	€9	89,329,600
EXPENDITURES:	(008 809 CC) \$	÷	64	1	e,		,	¥		U	U	(008 800)
Capital Improvement Program		(3.006.400)	·	(9.975.700)	(7.517.400)		(20,499,500)	>	,	·	→	(20.499.500)
Department of Water Resources	1	, ()) ,	-	(22,19	(22,199,700)	1		(22,199,700)
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments	_	(5,296,000)		(15,425,100)		-	(20,721,100)		-	(151,800)	((20,872,900)
Subtotal	\$ (22,628,800)	\$ (8,302,400)	\$	(25,400,800)	\$ (7,517,400)	\$ (00)	(41,220,600)	\$ (22,19	(22,199,700)	(151,800)	\$	(86,200,900)
Fund Balance	\$ 5,239,015	•	\$	18,366,893	\$ 31,678,892	\$ 268	50,045,785	\$ 46,92	46,928,679	\$	↔	102,213,479
Addition to Reserves	-	•		ı		_	•			•		•
Available Fund Balance 6/30/2017 (Estimated)	\$ 5,239,015	\$	\$ 1	18,366,893	\$ 31,678,892	892 \$	50,045,785	\$ 46,92	46,928,679	· \$	€	102,213,479

Castaic Lake Water Agency Financial Summary FY 2015/16 Actual

			ľ	Capital Improvement Program	ment Pro	ogram						r		
		Pledged Revenue Fund	<i>even</i>	ne Fund			P	Total Capital						
Description	General Fund/ Operating	Facility Capacity Fee	0 4	One Percent Property Tax	Capital Project Fund	Project nd	ᆵ	Improvement Program	Stat	State Water Contract Fund	Debt Service Fund	vice	TOTAL	_
Fund Balance 7/1/2015	\$ 10,764,500	*	89	75,537,682	\$ 7,8	7,801,227	s	83,338,909	\$ 34	34,860,629	\$ 8,667,165	,165	\$ 137,631,203	1,203
RESERVES: Operating Reserve	(5.707.000)	· 89	49	,	69	1	69		€		₩	1	.02'20	(5,707,000)
Debt Service Reserves			•	(11,659,200)		1		(11,659,200)		ı		,	Ξ	(11,659,200)
Capital Reserves	1			(17,061,700)				(17,061,700)		1			(17,06	(17,061,700)
Repair and Replacement Reserves (new)				(1,955,600)			-	(1,955,600)					(1,95)	(1,955,600)
Trustee Held Subtotal	- (5,707,000)	· · ·	ક્ક	(68,749,200)	69		9	- (68,749,200)	69		(8,667,165) \$ (8,667,165)	_	(8,66	(8,667,165)
Net Available	\$ 5,057,500	\$	49	6,788,482	\$ 7,8	7,801,227	so	14,589,709	\$ 34	34,860,629	\$		\$ 54,50	54,507,838
REVENUES:														
Water Sales - Fixed Charges	\$ 13,140,643		€9	1	8	1	S		&		s	,	\$ 13,14	13,140,643
Water Sales - Variable	3,586,015	1		ı		1		•				,	3,58	3,586,015
Recycled Water Sales	249,507	•		1		1						,	24.	249,507
Saugus 1 and 2 Water Sales	684,707	ı		1		ı						,	9 6	684,707
Laboratory Revenues	102,884												0 4	102,884
Facility Capacity Fees	t - 'co'.	6.747.047		l				6 747 047					6.74	6.747.047
One Percent Property Tax	ı			22,648,707		,		22,648,707				,	22,64	22,648,707
Agency Set Property Tax	ı	1		1					27	27,099,354		,	27,09	27,099,354
Settlement Agreement (CIP)	1	•		53,639				53,639					Ωí	53,639
Settlement Agreement (O&M)	1,217,150	1		1		1		1				,	1,21	1,217,150
Grants and Reimbursements	1,135,353			922,523	8,7	8,217,741		9,140,264		- 0	į	1 '	10,27	10,275,617
Investment Revenues	80,380	302,414		1,079,490	0	35,845		1,417,749		290,809	747	176,147	2,04	2,048,531
Borid Proceeds Miscellaneous	61,476			373,570	3,0	50,934,024		30,934,624 373,570					00,00 9,00 9,84	435,046
Subtotal	\$ 20,429,975	\$ 7,049,461	63	25,077,929	\$ 45,1	45,188,210	s	77,315,600	\$ 27	27,396,223	\$ 247,	527	\$ 125,389,325	9,325
EXPENDITURES: Operating	\$ (20.916.660)	÷5	69	ı	65	1	€.	,	65	1	€5	1	\$ (20.91)	(20.916.660)
Capital Improvement Program	-	(2,270,382)		(10,863,026)		(16,395,245)		(29,528,653)		,		,	_	(29,528,653)
Department of Water Resources	1	1				1			(21	(21,922,573)		,	(21,92)	(21,922,573)
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments	1		_	(16,763,392)		,		(21,542,471)				_		(21,789,998)
Subtotal	\$ (20,916,660)	\$ (7,049,461)	\$	(27,626,418)	\$ (16,3	(16,395,245)	⊕	(51,071,124)	\$ (21	(21,922,573)	\$ (247	(247,527)	\$ (94,15	(94,157,884)
Fund Balance	\$ 4,570,815	· &s.	69	4,239,993	\$ 36,5	36,594,192	€	40,834,185	\$ 40	40,334,279	\$,	\$ 85,73	85,739,279
Addition to Reserves	1	1		-		1		-		-		,		
Available Fund Balance 6/30/2016	\$ 4,570,815		\$	4,239,993	\$ 36,5	36,594,192	\$	40,834,185	\$ 40	40,334,279	\$	-	\$ 85,739	85,739,279

Castaic Lake Water Agency Financial Summary Five-year Summary

Description	ı	FY 2013/14 Actual		FY 2014/15 Actual		FY 2015/16 Actual		FY 2016/17 Estimated		FY 2017/18 Budget
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	136,186,942	\$	145,440,846	\$	137,631,203	\$	165,545,035	\$	168,673,735
2 cgmmig rana zaianoo	*	100,100,012	Ψ	1 10, 1 10,0 10	Ψ	107,001,200	Ψ	100,010,000	Ψ	100,010,100
RESERVES:										
Agency Reserve Requirement		(60,835,827)		(62,128,700)		(72,500,600)		(58,824,500)		(63,097,200)
Repair and Replacement Reserve		(310,000)		(952,800)		(1,955,600)		(2,286,200)		(2,750,200)
Trustee Held		(14,533,487)		(14,533,487)		(8,667,165)		(5,349,556)		(5,349,556)
Net Available	\$	60,507,628	\$	67,825,859	\$	54,507,838	\$	99,084,779	\$	97,476,779
REVENUES:										
Water Sales - Fixed Charges	\$	13,138,260	\$	13,250,604	\$	13,140,643	\$	13,603,800	\$	14,549,900
Water Sales - Variable		12,035,192		3,085,879		3,586,015		7,275,700		8,000,000
Recycled Water Sales		166,864		223,791		249,507		253,400		265,500
Saugus 1 and 2 Water Sales		481,755		588,355		684,707		656,000		627,300
Laboratory Revenues		119,195		106,853		102,884		103,000		106,000
Communications Revenues		162,477		163,446		165,854		168,000		170,000
Facility Capacity Fees		8,695,534		8,193,540		6,747,047		8,000,000		8,000,000
1% Property Tax		19,998,202		21,618,468		22,648,707		23,547,300		24,747,300
Agency Set Property Tax		24,115,874		26,070,350		27,099,354		28,422,800		29,822,800
Settlement Agreement (CIP)		338,852		386,050		53,639		590,000		380,000
Settlement Agreement (O&M)		1,378,476		1,084,367		1,217,150		1,223,400		1,546,400
Grants and Reimbursements		245,748		2,645,953		10,275,617		2,779,100		2,107,500
Investment Revenues		2,089,045		2,180,783		2,048,531		2,286,200		2,273,600
Bond Proceeds		-		-		36,934,624		-		-
Others		2,672,353		456,194		435,046		420,900		366,000
Subtotal	\$	85,637,827	\$	80,054,633	\$	125,389,325	\$	89,329,600	\$	94,612,300
EXPENDITURES:										
Operating		(18,328,630)		(20,508,622)		(20,916,660)		(22,628,800)		(24,546,700)
Capital Improvement Program		(10,156,108)		(18,630,693)		(29,528,653)		(20,499,500)		(35,623,700)
Department of Water Resources		(21,258,432)		(20,136,389)		(21,922,573)		(22,199,700)		(32,570,000)
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments	L	(26,640,753)		(22,722,250)	L	(21,789,998)		(20,872,900)		(23,695,400)
Subtotal	\$	(76,383,923)	\$	(81,997,954)	\$	(94,157,884)	\$	(86,200,900)	\$	(116,435,800)
Friend Boloman	_	60 761 F00	•	6E 000 E00		05 700 070	•	100 010 470	•	75 650 070
Fund Balance	\$	69,761,532	\$	65,882,538	\$	85,739,279	\$	102,213,479	\$	75,653,279
Available Fund Balance	\$	69,761,532	\$	65,882,538	\$	85,739,279	\$	102,213,479	\$	75,653,279

Castaic Lake Water Agency Changes in Fund Balances FY 2017/18 Budget

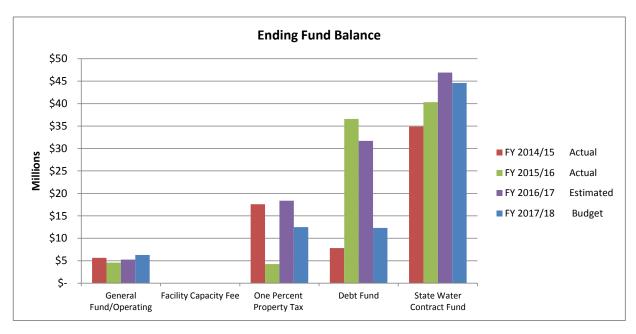
	Est	imated Fund				Est	imated Fund		
	Bala	nce 7/1/2017	Ava	ailable Fund	Add back	Bala	nce 7/1/2018		
FUND	(inclu	ding reserves)	Balar	nce 6/30/2018	Reserves	(inclu	ding reserves)	Change	
General Fund/Operating	\$	11,159,015	\$	6,279,715	\$ 6,136,700	\$	12,416,415	11%	
Pledged Revenue Fund - Facility Capacity Fee		-		-	-		-	0%	
Pledged Revenue Fund - One Percent Property Tax		73,557,593		12,494,393	59,710,700		72,205,093	-2%	
Capital Project Fund - Debt Fund		31,678,892		12,296,692	-		12,296,692	-61%	(1)
State Water Contract Fund		46,928,679		44,582,479	-		44,582,479	-5%	
	\$	163,324,179	\$	75,653,279	\$ 65,847,400	\$	141,500,679		

Changes in Fund Balance of More than Ten Percent

(1) Reflects expenditures on capital improvement program projects.

CHANGES IN AVAILABLE FUND BALANCE - FOUR YEAR HISTORY (in millions)

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16		FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
FUND	Actual	Actual		Estimated	Budget
General Fund/Operating	\$ 5.64	\$ 4.57	\$	5.24	\$ 6.28
Facility Capacity Fee	-	-		-	-
One Percent Property Tax	17.58	4.24		18.37	12.49
Debt Fund	7.80	36.59		31.68	12.30
State Water Contract Fund	 34.86	 40.33	_	46.93	44.58
	\$ 65.88	\$ 85.73	\$	102.22	\$ 75.65



CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY Financial Measures FY 2017/18 Budget

FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget

FINANCIAL MEASURES

State Water Contract (SWC) costs per capita	\$ 70.22	\$ 80.30	\$ 108.44	\$ 81.32	\$ 119.30
Ad Valorem Tax Rate (SWC) cents per \$100.00	\$ 0.07060	\$ 0.07060	\$ 0.07060	\$ 0.07060	\$ 0.07060
Recovery of Operating Expenditures	98%	98%	92%	104%	103%
Days of unrestricted cash on hand on June 30	1,536	1,453	1,485	1,509	1,479
Capital expenditures per capita	\$ 64.97	\$ 108.16	\$ 113.32	\$ 75.09	\$ 130.49
Debt Service per capita	\$ 70.70	\$ 72.21	\$ 74.63	\$ 76.46	\$ 86.80
Debt per capita	\$ 930.71	\$ 1,021.42	\$ 963.59	\$ 988.30	\$ 947.38
Ratio of Debt to AV (assessed valuation)	74.00%	0.73%	0.68%	0.68%	0.62%
Senior Debt Service coverage ratio *	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parity Debt Service coverage ratio	1.62	1.61	1.58	1.70	1.53
Value of pay-as-you-go capital program (millions) *	\$ 3.36	\$ 3.23	\$ 3.68	\$ 2.87	\$ 3.58

^{*} Senior Debt Service only applies to 1999 COPs, for which no debt service payments are due until 2021.

Debt Capacity Measures (Standard & Poor's, April 2008)

<u>Discussion from California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission Article – Debt Capacity: An</u> Overview – Published July 2009

Debt per capita is the breakdown of the public agency's debt burden on individual citizens. This is a commonly used ratio for analyzing local issuers, since ratios can be calculated separately for cities, counties and special districts. The accompanying chart reflects how Standard & Poor's characterizes net debt per capita (and also includes the Agency's calculation).

Overall Net Debt Per Capita						
Very Low Below \$1,000						
Low	\$1,000-\$2,000					
Moderate	\$2,000-\$5,000					
High	Above \$5,000					
CLWA, FY 2017/18 Budget	\$947.38					

Debt as a percentage of assessed valuation represents a public agency's available resources to repay debt, assuming the debt is secured by property taxes. For this debt ratio a common benchmark is that debt should not account for more than 10 percent of an agency's assessed valuation. The accompanying chart reflects how Standard & Poor's characterizes debt as a percentage of assessed valuation (and also includes the Agency's calculation).

Overall Net Debt as a Percent of Assessed Valuation						
Low	Below 3%					
Moderate	3%-6%					
Moderately High	6%-10%					
High	Above 10%					
CLWA, FY 2017/18 Budget	0.62%					

Debt service as a percentage of expenditures reflects the portion of a public agency's expenses that are dedicated to paying debt service costs. The higher the percentage consumed by debt service costs mean less funds available to spend for other programs or ongoing costs. Moody's notes that the typical range is somewhere between 5-15 percent, adding that communities experiencing rapid growth can extend this range. The accompanying chart reflects how Standard & Poor's characterizes debt service as a percentage of expenditures (and also includes the Agency's calculation).

Debt Service as a Percentage of Expenditures					
Low Below 8%					
Moderate	8%-15%				
Elevated	Above 15%-20%				
CLWA, FY 2017/18 Budget	20.7%				

Summary of Personnel Costs - General Fund/Operating FY 2017/18

	F	Y 2014/15 Actual	F	Y 2015/16 Actual	F	Y 2016/17 Budget	Y 2016/17 Stimated	F	Y 2017/18 Budget
Management Salary Less Reimbursement for shared positions Overtime Burden and Benefits Less Reimbursement for shared positions	\$	337,234 - 11,070 167,796 -	\$	464,315 - 12,029 265,470 -	\$	367,300 - 13,000 342,000 -	\$ 503,300 (15,400) 13,000 357,300 (7,000)	\$	545,700 (46,300) 14,000 430,900 (21,200)
Administration Salary Less Reimbursement for shared positions Overtime Burden and Benefits Less Reimbursement for shared positions	\$	1,486,654 (338,067) 15,663 815,342 (164,658)	\$	1,659,595 (361,407) 20,197 867,857 (172,885)	\$	1,770,800 (391,900) 28,000 998,800 (228,900)	\$ 1,777,800 (392,800) 38,000 966,500 (204,600)	\$	1,812,800 (405,500) 30,000 1,050,600 (247,200)
Engineering Salary Overtime Burden and Benefits	\$	299,255 595 168,841	\$	381,137 400 192,005	\$	247,200 - 183,200	\$ 440,100 - 255,800	\$	342,900 - 227,100
Maintenance Salary Overtime On Call Premium Burden and Benefits	\$	1,281,771 42,156 20,282 666,487	\$	1,379,094 45,051 20,590 698,185	\$	1,492,000 55,000 22,000 847,200	\$ 1,427,100 60,000 22,000 819,900	\$	1,535,600 60,000 22,500 896,200
Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs Salary Overtime Burden and Benefits	\$	483,345 612 251,043	\$	500,179 569 250,029	\$	523,400 1,500 279,600	\$ 530,100 1,500 296,900	\$	550,300 1,500 299,000
Water Resources Salary Less Reimbursement for shared positions Overtime Burden and Benefits Less Reimbursement for shared positions	\$	867,810 (15,183) 24,641 303,072 (8,064)	\$	848,075 (1,429) 31,613 307,226 (707)	\$	1,173,900 - 29,000 512,300 -	\$ 1,074,500 - 32,000 454,300 -	\$	1,209,800 - 35,000 581,000
Water Treatment Operations Salary Overtime Burden and Benefits	\$	901,424 112,650 426,611	\$	905,130 75,977 408,148	\$	913,100 115,000 469,800	\$ 1,026,100 115,000 502,400	\$	932,200 117,000 482,100
TOTAL Salary Less Reimbursement for shared positions Overtime On Call Premium Burden and Benefits Less Reimbursement for shared positions Less Directors Burden and Benefits	\$	5,657,493 (353,250) 207,387 20,282 2,827,698 (172,722) (28,506)	\$	6,137,525 (362,836) 185,836 20,590 3,036,149 (173,592) (47,229)		6,487,700 (391,900) 241,500 22,000 3,788,300 (228,900) (155,400)	\$ 6,779,000 (408,200) 259,500 22,000 3,772,900 (211,600) (119,800)		6,929,300 (451,800) 257,500 22,500 4,122,300 (268,400) (155,400)
Total Personnel Costs Burden and Benefits as a % of Salary	\$	8,158,382 49.52%	\$	8,796,443 48.75%	\$	9,763,300 55.84%	\$ 10,093,800 54.02%	\$	10,456,000 57.10%

Labor charged to capital improvement projects (see p. 200): 1,027,000

Total Labor for 86 positions shown on p. 132-133: \$ 11,483,000

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Staff Count* FY 2017/18 Budget

		FY 2014/15 Budget	FY 2015/16 Budget	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2017/18 Budget	FY 2017/18 FTE
Managana						
Management		4	4	4	4	4
General Manager		1	1	1	1	1
Assistant General Manager		0	0	0	1	1
Board Secretary	•	2	1 2	1 2	3	3
		۷	2	2	3	3
Administration						
Administrative Services Manager		1	1	1	1	1
Controller		1	1	1	1	1
HR/RM Supervisor		1	1	1	1	1
Safety Officer		1	1	1	1	1
Senior Management Analyst		1	1	1	1	1
Buildings and Grounds Supervisor		1	1	1	1	1
Senior Information Technology Technician		1	1	1	1	1
Information Technology Technician		0	1	1	1	1
Administrative Analyst		1	1	1	1	1
Human Resources Analyst		1	1	1	2	2
Administrative Technician		2	2	2	2	2
Event Coordinator	С	1	1	1	1	0.8
Senior Accounting Technician		2	2	2	2	2
Accounting Technician II		1	1	1	2	2
Purchasing Coordinator		0	0	1	1	1
Purchasing Technician		1	1	0	0	0
Senior Facilities Maintenance Technician		1	1	1	1	1
Facilities Maintenance Technician II		2	2	2	2	2
Facilities Maintenance Technician I		0	0	0	0	0
Office Assistant II		1	1	1	1	1
		20	21	21	23	22.8
Engineering						
Engineering and Operations Manager	Α	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Principal Engineer		2	2	2	2	2
Senior Engineer		1	2	2	2	2
Engineering Technician II		1	2	2	2	2
Administrative Analyst		1	1	1	1	1
Administrative Technician		1	1	1	1	1
		6.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25
Maintenance						
	۸	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Engineering and Operations Manager Operations and Maintenance Superintendent	A B	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Electrical/Instrumentation Supervisor	Ь	0.5	0.5 1	0.5 1		1
Distribution/Mechanical Supervisor		1	1	1	1 1	1
Senior Inspector		1	1	1	1	1
Senior Electrical Technician		2	2	2	2	2
Senior Instrumentation Technician		2	2	2	2	3
Senior Distribution/Mechanical Technician		2	3	3	3	3
Distribution and Mechanical Technician II		4	4	4	4	4
Electrical and Instrumentation Technician II		0	1	1	1	0
	•	13.75	15.75	15.75	15.75	15.75
					. 5.7 6	

A Allocation of employee to four Departments. B Allocation of employee to two Departments.

C Part-time.

^{*} Authorized positions.

Staff Count* FY 2017/18 Budget

		FY 2014/15 Budget	FY 2015/16 Budget	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2017/18 Budget	FY 2017/18 FTE
Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs						
Engineering and Operations Manager	Α	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Laboratory/Regulatory Affairs Supervisor	А				0.25	0.25
, ,		1	1 0	1 0	0	0
Senior Water Quality Scientist		1	3	3	-	0
Water Quality Scientist II		3	3	3 1	3	3
Water Quality Technician	-	6.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
	-	0.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
Water Resources						
Water Resources Manager		1	1	1	1	1
Principal Water Resources Planner		1	1	1	1	1
Senior Water Resources Planner		1	1	1	2	2
Administrative Analyst		1	1	0	0	0
Public Information Officer		0	0	0	1	1
Public Affairs Specialist III		0	1	1	0	0
Public Affairs Specialist II		0	0	1	1	1
Event Coordinator (half-time)		0	0	0	1	0.5
Communications Specialist		1	1	0	0	0
Water Conservation Supervisor		1	1	1	1	1
Water Conservation Specialist II		0	1	2	2	2
Lead Water Conservation Education Specialist		0	0	1	1	0.5
Water Conservation Education Specialist	С	10	10	9	8	3
Administrative Technician	_	0	1	2	2	2
		16	19	20	21	15
Water Treatment Operations						
Engineering and Operations Manager	Α	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Operations and Maintenance Superintendent	В	0.5	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.5
Senior Treatment Plant Operator	ט	6	6	6	6	6
Treatment Plant Operator		3	3	3	3	3
Treatment Flant Operator		9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75
	•					
TOTAL AUTHORIZED POSITIONS		74.0	81.0	82.0	86.0	79.80

A Allocation of employee to four Departments. B Allocation of employee to two Departments.

C Part-time.

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RESERVE FUNDS

The Agency's reserve fund policies are as follows:

<u>Operating Reserves</u> Operating Reserves are equal to three months of operating expenditures, and are designated to provide financial flexibility to respond quickly to emergency repairs, unanticipated operations and maintenance activities, local disasters or catastrophic events, regulatory requirements, water quality deficiencies, or other operating emergencies. The source of funding for Operating Reserves should be the General Fund (wholesale water rates).

<u>Debt Service Reserves</u> Debt Service Reserves are equal to annual debt service less restricted debt service reserve funds, and are restricted to helping to maintain debt service coverage and mitigate variability of revenues and expenditures. The source of funding for Debt Service Reserves should be a combination of one percent property tax revenues and Facility Capacity Fees in the proportions those funds pay for debt service.

<u>Capital Reserves</u> Capital Reserves are equal to one year of the current fiscal year pay-as-you-go capital improvement projects and are designated to fund capital improvement projects such as, but not limited to, minor capital projects; capital planning, studies and administration; new capital equipment and repair and replacement projects. The source of funding for Capital Reserves are one percent property tax revenues since these funds are the current source of funding for the pay-as-you-go capital improvement program.

Reserves for Economic Uncertainties and Catastrophic Situations Reserves for Economic Uncertainties and Catastrophic Situations are the Agency's general reserves equal to 500 days of operating expenditures, less Operating Reserves. This level of liquidity is designed to maintain and perhaps enhance the Agency's credit rating. These reserves are designated for economic uncertainties and financial hardships, loss of significant revenue sources, local disasters or capital obligations, cash flow requirements, unfunded mandates including regulatory requirements and other such needs. The source of funding for these reserves are a combination of one percent property tax revenues and Facility Capacity Fees, subject to availability of funding.

During FY 2012/13, the Board of Directors adopted a new wholesale water rate structure effective July 1, 2013 that includes transferring Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo (BV/RRB) water supply costs from the capital improvement budget to the General Fund/Operating Budget over ten years. This will free up one percent property tax revenues to fund a Repair and Replacement Reserve that will be used for future replacement of aging infrastructure. The Agency has started the development of an asset management program to manage the Agency's infrastructure. When the overall asset management program is more fully developed, a specific Repair and Replacement Reserve Fund policy will be developed. At this time, the new reserve will begin accumulating funds for future repair and replacement needs.

Based on the FY 2017/18 Budget, the <u>targeted</u> reserve funding amounts and sources of funds are shown below.

Title	Total		One Percent Property Tax Revenues		Ca	Facility pacity Fees	General Fund (water rates)		
Debt Service Reserves	\$	18,344,800	\$	5,679,100	\$	12,665,700	\$	-	
Operating Reserves		6,136,700		-		-		6,136,700	
Capital Reserves		11,126,800		11,126,800		-		-	
Economic Uncertainties (liquidity)		27,488,900		27,488,900		<u>-</u>		-	
Repair and Replacement Reserves (new)		2,750,200		2,750,200		<u> </u>		-	
Total	\$	65,847,400	\$	47,045,000	\$	12,665,700	\$	6,136,700	

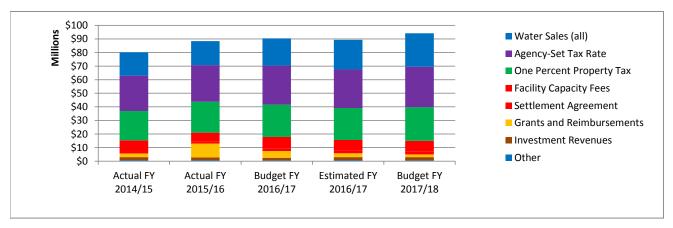
For the FY 2017/18 Budget, the reserves are <u>budgeted</u> as follows:

Title	Total	Pro	e Percent operty Tax evenues	Facil Capacity	•	neral Fund ater rates)
Debt Service Reserves	\$ 18,344,800	\$	18,344,800	\$	-	\$ -
Operating Reserves	6,136,700		_		-	6,136,700
Capital Reserves	11,126,800		11,126,800		-	-
Economic Uncertainties (liquidity)	27,488,900		27,488,900		-	-
Repair and Replacement Reserves (new)	2,750,200		2,750,200		-	-
Total	\$ 65,847,400	\$	59,710,700	\$	-	\$ 6,136,700

For FY 2017/18, the Agency is able to achieve full targeted funding of the reserves overall, although not by preferred sources of funding.

Revenues FY 2017/18 Budget

	Actual FY 2014/15	Actual FY 2015/16	Budget FY 2016/17	Estimated FY 2016/17	Bud FY 20	•
General Fund/Operating						
Water Sales - Purveyors - Fixed Charges	\$ 13,250,604	\$ 13,140,643	\$ 13,603,800	\$ 13,603,800	\$ 14,5	49,900
Water Sales - Purveyors - Variable	3,085,879	3,586,015	5,502,600	7,275,700		00,000
Water Sales - Recycled	223,791	249,507	252,000	253,400	2	65,500
Water Sales - Saugus 1 and 2 Wells	588,355	684,707	690,900	656,000	6	27,300
One-time Water Sales	-	-	-	-	4	12,500
Laboratory Revenues	106,853	102,884	106,000	103,000	1	06,000
Communications Revenues	163,446	165,854	168,000	168,000	1	70,000
Reimbursement from Settlement Agreement (O&M)	1,084,367	1,217,150	1,300,000	1,223,400	1,5	46,400
Grants and Reimbursements	1,323,386	1,135,353	101,200	101,200		-
Investment Revenues	83,424	86,386	74,000	106,400	1	07,400
Other	114,169	61,476		19,100		19,100
Total General Fund/Operating	\$ 20,024,274	\$ 20,429,975	\$ 21,817,600	\$ 23,510,000	\$ 25,8	04,100
Capital Improvement Program						
Facility Capacity Fees	\$ 8,193,540	\$ 6,747,047		\$ 8,000,000		00,000
One Percent Property Tax Revenues	21,618,468	22,648,707	, ,	23,547,300	24,7	47,300
Bond Proceeds	-	36,934,624		-		-
Reimbursement from Settlement Agreement (CIP)	386,050	53,639	,	590,000		80,000
Grants and Reimbursements (One Percent)	282,487	922,523	,	302,000		07,500
Grants and Reimbursements (Debt Fund)	1,040,080	8,217,741	4,215,000	2,375,900		00,000
One-time Water Sales	-	-	-	4 050 700		37,500
Investment Revenue	1,382,849	1,417,749	, ,	1,656,700		13,200
Reimbursement from Annexing Parties	295,206	283,050	,	401,800	3	46,900
Other	46,819	90,520		- - -	Φ 00 4	-
Total Capital Improvement Program	\$ 33,245,499	\$ 77,315,600	\$ 39,425,300	\$ 36,873,700	\$ 38,4	32,400
State Water Contract Fund						
Agency-Set Tax Revenues	\$ 26,070,350	\$ 27,099,354	\$ 28,767,200	\$ 28,422,800	\$ 29.8	22,800
Investment Revenue	231,913	296,869		371,300		01,000
Total State Water Contract Fund	\$ 26,302,263	\$ 27,396,223		\$ 28,794,100		23,800
Debt Service Fund						
Certificates of Participation						
Investment Revenue	\$ 561,500	\$ 247,527	\$ 151,000	\$ 151,800	\$ 1	52,000
Total Debt Service Fund	\$ 561,500	\$ 247,527	\$ 151,000	\$ 151,800	\$ 1	52,000
Total Revenues	\$ 80,133,536	\$ 125,389,325	\$ 90,448,100	\$ 89,329,600	\$ 94,6	12,300



^{*} Does not include bond proceeds.

MAJOR SOURCES OF REVENUE

Water Sales to Purveyors

During FY 2017/18, the Agency will sell three types of supplemental water to the four local retail water purveyors – CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD), Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 36, Newhall County Water District (NCWD) and the Valencia Water Company. The three types of water include (1) imported water from the State Water Project and other sources, (2) treated groundwater from the Saugus 1 and 2 wells and (3) recycled water. For FY 2017/18, the purveyors have requested 45,650 AF of water from the Agency as shown below.

Purveyor	Imported AF	Saugus 1 and 2 Wells AF	Recycled AF	Total AF
CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division	18,200	3,000		21,200
Valencia Water Company	19,100		450	19,550
Newhall County Water District	3,300	1,100		4,400
L.A. County Waterworks District #36	500			500
FY 2017/18 Total	41,100	4,100	450	45,650

This compares to FY 2016/17 estimated amounts, as follows:

Purveyor	Imported AF	Saugus 1 and 2 Wells AF	Recycled AF	Total AF
CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division	18,300	3,000		21,300
Valencia Water Company	13,700		450	14,150
Newhall County Water District	2,500	1,100		3,600
L.A. County Waterworks District #36				
FY 2016/17 Total	34,500	4,100	450	39,050

The purveyors are working to achieve reductions in per capita water use in the Valley to meet the twenty percent long-term reduction in per capita water usage (in compliance with SBX7-7). The increased amount of water to be purchased from the Agency reflects growth in the number of connections, anticipated reduced availability of groundwater in the eastern portion of the Valley and a high allocation of State Water Project water in calendar year 2017.

Wholesale Water Rate Revenues

In March 2016, the Board of Directors adopted a new wholesale water rate structure effective April 1, 2016, and adopted rates for calendar years 2017 and 2018. The water rate structure is based on a wholesale water rate study conducted by Raftelis Financial Consultants, Inc. (RFC) to develop a rate structure to meet the following Agency objectives:

- Ensure financial sufficiency by meeting the operations and maintenance (O&M) costs, capital replacement and improvement costs, and to provide the necessary reserves for the functioning of the Agency
- Provide fiscal stability to the Agency by maximizing fixed cost recovery through fixed charges
- Provide a rate design framework consistent with the cost of service guidelines used in the industry that adequately and fairly distributes the full cost of service to clients of the Agency based on the demand they place on the Agency's system
- Encourage efficient use and conservation of water

The rate structure includes two components:

- A fixed charge designed to recover 80 percent of the fixed costs of the Agency directly related to supply and delivery of water that is determined on the basis of a ten-year rolling average of the imported water demand of each Retail Purveyor
- A variable charge that is based on a per acre foot charge for the treatment and distribution of imported water within the Agency's service area and also 20 percent of the fixed costs incurred by the Agency

The variable rate is calculated based on the variable expenses of the Agency to treat and deliver imported water (generally energy and chemical expenses).

For FY 2017/18, the total amount of fixed revenue to be collected by the Agency is \$14,549,900 (as adopted by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2016). The estimated allocation to each purveyor is:

Purveyor	FY 2017/18 Fixed Charge
CLWA Santa Clarita Water Division	\$ 7,222,100
Valencia Water Company	5,472,000
Newhall County Water District	1,555,600
L.A. County Waterworks District #36	299,300
Total	\$ 14,549,900

The CY 2017 variable rate is \$218.18 per AF and the CY 2018 rate is \$223.18 per AF. Based on sales of 41,100 AF in FY 2017/18, revenue is projected to be \$9,052,700. However, to be fiscally conservative, the budget only assumes \$8,000,000 in variable rate revenue.

Water Sales - Saugus 1 and 2 Wells

Groundwater treatment of Saugus 1 and 2 wells became operational in late FY 2009/10. This operation is intended to contain the spread of perchlorate contamination emanating from the Whittaker-Bermite site and restore a certain amount of well capacity taken out of service due to the contamination. In accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the Agency and the purveyors, the Agency operates the wells and sells 4,100 AF of the water per year at the current operating and

maintenance costs of extracting, disinfecting and delivering groundwater from the Saugus Formation. The treated groundwater is delivered to Newhall County Water District and Santa Clarita Water Division in proportions established in the MOU and shown on the following page. The calendar year 2017 rate is \$153/AF. The Agency reviews operating and maintenance costs each year and adjusts the rate accordingly. For revenue projections, it is assumed the rate will remain the same for calendar year 2017. FY 2017/18 revenue is estimated at \$627,300.

Recycled Water

The Agency began recycled water sales during FY 2003/04. To date, recycled water has only been sold to the Valencia Water Company to provide service for the TPC golf course and median landscaping in the Westridge development, and sales range from 400 to 450 AF per year. At an estimated rate of \$590/AF, FY 2017/18 revenue is estimated to be \$265,500. Should recycled water be used for grading for Mission Village in the Newhall Ranch development, revenues would be higher.

Recycled Water Sales in Acre-Feet

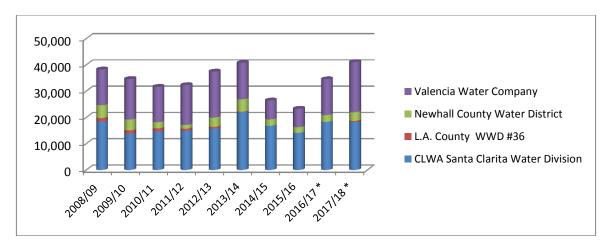
Fiscal Year	AF	Rate/AF	Revenue
2008/09	296	386	114,116
2009/10	338	432	146,127
2010/11	336	469	157,787
2011/12	382	480	183,272
2012/13	289	499	144,303
2013/14	325	513	166,864
2014/15	433	517	223,791
2015/16	461	541	249,507
2016/17*	450	560	252,000
2017/18*	450	590	265,500

^{*} Estimated.

Purveyor Water Sales – Imported Water Only (AF) – Last Ten Fiscal Years

	CLWA Santa		Newhall			
Finant Vanu	Clarita Water	L.A County	County Water	Valencia Water	Takal	D
Fiscal Year	Division	WWD #36	District	Company	Total	Revenue
2008/09	18,499	1,288	4,848	13,641	38,276	\$ 9,717,294
2009/10	13,908	1,179	4,110	15,451	34,648	10,928,237
2010/11	14,690	1,159	2,342	13,463	31,654	13,282,806
2011/12	14,991	735	1,458	15,141	32,325	15,260,161
2012/13	15,762	657	3,540	17,510	37,469	18,203,490
2013/14	21,976	237	4,705	13,888	40,806	17,325,234
2014/15	16,841	3	2,424	7,203	26,471	16,336,483
2015/16	14,142	2	2,182	6,994	23,320	16,726,658
2016/17 *	18,346	1	2,540	13,664	34,552	20,879,500
2017/18 *	18,200	500	3,300	19,100	41,100	22,549,900

^{*} Estimated.

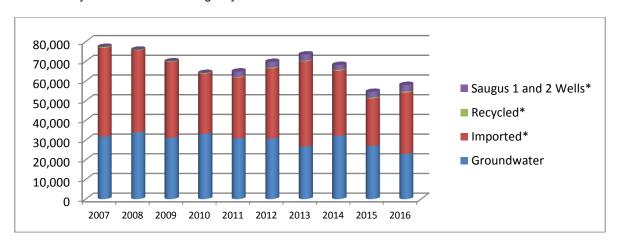


Estimated.

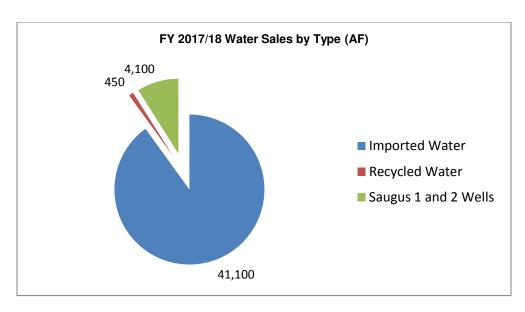
Calendar Year Water Production in Acre-Feet

Year	Groundwater	Imported*	Recycled*	Saugus 1 and 2 Wells*	Total
2007	31,690	45,151	470	-	77,311
2008	33,884	41,705	311	-	75,900
2009	31,100	38,546	328	-	69,974
2010	33,154	30,578	337	-	64,069
2011	30,840	30,808	373	2,784	64,805
2012	30,770	35,558	428	2,956	69,712
2013	26,671	43,281	400	3,108	73,460
2014	32,109	33,092	474	2,503	68,178
2015	26,932	24,148	450	2,961	54,491
2016	22,922	31,130	507	3,407	57,966

* Provided by Castaic Lake Water Agency.



* Provided by Castaic Lake Water Agency.



One-Time Water Sales

Based on water supply conditions, the Agency will sell 11,000 acre feet of Buena Vista/Rosedale-Rio Bravo to Kern Westside Districts during FY 2017/18. The purchase price is \$150/AF for a total of \$1,650,000. This revenue is known as one-time water sales and is allocated \$743,500 to one percent property tax revenues, \$494,000 to Facility Capacity Fees and \$412,500 to the General Fund/Operating Budget.

One Percent Property Tax Revenues

One percent property tax revenues are dedicated to fund existing users' share of the COP and bond debt and capital improvement program and repair projects, as well as a portion of core non-SWP water supplies. FY 2017/18 revenues are estimated at \$24.8 million, assuming a 5 percent increase in assessed valuation from FY 2016/17. This is based on the 4.7 percent increase in assessed valuation from FY 2015/16 to FY 2016/17 and reflects a similar level of new development in the upcoming fiscal year.

This budget estimate also assumes the State does not divert these funds. During FY 2004/05 and FY 2005/06, the State of California diverted over 65% of the Agency's one percent property tax revenues. The Agency was able to absorb the two-year loss due to sufficient cash and reserves to maintain debt coverage and to fund the capital budget. During FY 2009/10, the State invoked a Proposition 1A borrowing of eight percent of the Agency's allocation of one percent tax revenues, or approximately \$1.7 million, intended to be repaid by FY 2012/13. The Agency participated in the State of California Proposition 1A Receivables Program to securitize the receivable, and received the entire repayment during FY 2009/10.

Any future diversions by the State will impact the Agency's ability to fully fund existing users' share of the debt service, capital improvement projects and repair programs. At this time, it seems unlikely the State will again shift some amount of property tax revenue away from the Agency in FY 2016/17. The Agency continues to monitor the situation, and is working with its legislative advocates and advocacy groups to inform the Legislature and other groups of the impacts to the Agency of such a shift. If the property tax formula is permanently changed in the future, it would impact the Agency's ability to maintain debt coverage and fund the capital budget.

In FY 2017/18, \$6.2 million of debt service for existing users will be funded by one percent property tax revenues. If one percent property tax revenues were not available for this purpose and debt service for

existing users was funded by the wholesale water rates, this would equate to approximately \$180/AF. This is based on the 10-year average annual imported water sales of 34,000 AF.

In FY 2017/18, one percent property tax revenues will fund \$12.1 million of debt service for future users (to be repaid by Facility Capacity Fees in the future). If this were to be funded by wholesale water rates, it would equate to approximately \$356/AF.

In addition, in FY 2017/18, \$6.9 million of capital improvement and repair programs for existing users will be funded by one percent property tax revenues and \$4.2 million will be used for the purchase of the Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo (BV/RRB) water supply. If one percent property tax revenues were not available for these purposes and the programs were funded by the wholesale water rates, this would equate to the following approximate rates for existing users:

Capital Improvement and Repair programs - \$204/AF BV/RRB water supply - \$123/AF

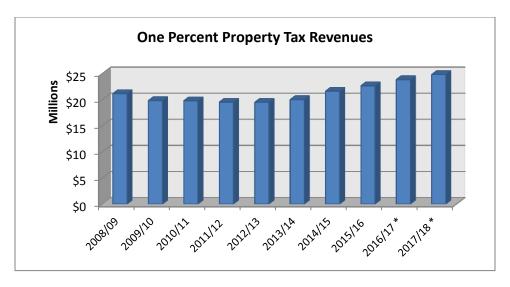
Again, this is based on the 10-year average annual imported water sales of 34,000 AF.

A history of the change in service area assessed valuation is as follows:

Year	Change from previous year
FY 2007/08	9.2%
FY 2008/09	5.0%
FY 2009/10	(5.6%)
FY 2010/11	(1.1%)
FY 2011/12	0.5%
FY 2012/13	(1.7%)
FY 2013/14	2.2%
FY 2014/15	7.75%
FY 2015/16	5.1%
FY 2016/17	4.7%

One Percent Property Tax Revenues - Last Ten Fiscal Years

	L	os Angeles	s Angeles Ventura				
Fiscal Year		County		County		Total	
2008/09	\$	21,107,334	\$	44,375	\$	21,151,709	
2009/10		19,769,911		45,644		19,815,555	
2010/11		19,709,763		41,747		19,751,510	
2011/12		19,445,626		70,836		19,516,462	
2012/13		19,431,575		65,737		19,497,312	
2013/14		19,947,998		53,939		20,001,937	
2014/15		21,568,268		50,204		21,618,472	
2015/16		22,601,386		50,200		22,651,586	
2016/17 *		23,500,000		47,300		23,547,300	
2017/18 *		24,700,000		47,300		24,747,300	



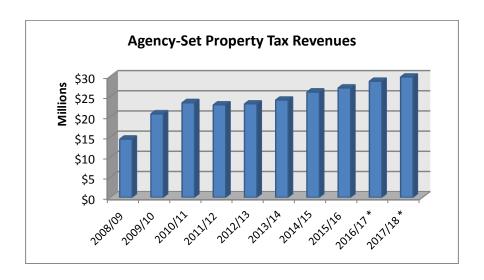
* Estimated.

Agency-Set Property Tax Revenues

Agency-set property tax revenues are estimated to total \$29.8 million for FY 2017/18. These revenues are restricted to pay for the Agency's share of the cost of operating and administering the State Water Project supply. This revenue estimate is based on an increase of 5% in assessed valuation and no change in the current tax rate of 7.06 cents per \$100 valuation.

Agency-Set Property Tax Revenues - Last Ten Fiscal Years

	L	os Angeles	Ventura				
Fiscal Year		County	County		Total		
2008/09	\$	14,406,091	\$ 7,357	\$	14,413,448		
2009/10		20,628,244	60,923		20,689,167		
2010/11		23,401,108	38,837		23,439,945		
2011/12		22,897,145	24,913		22,922,058		
2012/13		23,117,274	27,904		23,145,178		
2013/14		24,090,084	25,790		24,115,874		
2014/15		26,044,550	25,800		26,070,350		
2015/16		27,076,572	22,783		27,099,355		
2016/17 *		28,400,000	22,800		28,422,800		
2017/18 *		29,800,000	22,800		29,822,800		



* Estimated.

	Tax Rate
FY 2017/18	7.060000
FY 2016/17	7.060000
FY 2015/16	7.060000
FY 2014/15	7.060000
FY 2013/14	7.060000
FY 2012/13	7.060000
FY 2011/12	7.060000
FY 2010/11	7.060000
FY 2009/10	6.075000
FY 2008/09	4.000000

Facility Capacity Fee Revenues

Facility Capacity Fee revenues are estimated at \$8 million in FY 2016/17 and \$8 million in FY 2017/18. Annual sales of acre-feet of water and revenue have stabilized at this amount and no growth is projected. The 2017 Facility Capacity Fee study is underway and may result in different assumptions for future years.

Through June 30, 2016, more than \$280 million of facility capacity fees has been collected.

Facility Capacity Fees - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Amount
2008/09	\$ 1,824,712
2009/10	4,016,683
2010/11	3,220,225
2011/12	5,986,620
2012/13	7,914,110
2013/14	8,695,534
2014/15	8,193,540
2015/16	6,747,047
2016/17 *	8,000,000
2017/18 *	8,000,000



* Estimated.

Whittaker-Bermite Perchlorate Litigation Settlement Agreement

In May 2007, the Agency and the three Santa Clarita Valley retail purveyors settled a long-running lawsuit against the current and past owners of the former Whittaker-Bermite industrial site and approved a settlement agreement to remove perchlorate from the Santa Clarita Valley's groundwater aquifers. The water agencies estimate this settlement, when added to past settlements, will provide up to \$100 million on an undiscounted basis.

Settlement Agreement revenues in FY 2017/18 are \$1,546,400 for operations and maintenance (O&M). Settlement Agreement revenues in FY 2017/18 for capital projects are \$380,000 for the Replacement Wells Project.

Grants and Reimbursements

One Percent Property Tax - Grants for Capital Improvement Programs/One Percent Property Tax Revenue funds are provided by Proposition 84 Planning and Implementation Grants through the Department of Water Resources for a variety of water studies, implementation, administration of the grants and updating various programs and plans. Reimbursements are provided for the processing of annexations.

- <u>Recycled Water Master Plan Update.</u> Planning grant funds are provided for updating of the Recycled Water Master Plan as well as for the development of the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the Update.
- <u>Grant Administration.</u> Funds are provided for the administration of grants including Proposition 84 Round 2 Planning, Rounds 1 and 2 Implementation, and 2014 Drought Relief Implementation.

Item	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
SCV Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan Update	\$	\$ 15,500
Recycled Water Master Plan Update	90,900	37,000
Recycled Water Master Plan PEIR	120,800	40,000
Grant Administration	90,300	115,000
Total	\$ 302,000	\$ 207,500

Debt Funded Capital Projects – Grants and reimbursements for Capital Improvement Projects funded from debt proceeds are provided by DWR Proposition 84 Rounds 1 and 2 Implementation and the 2014 Drought Relief grants for implementation and administration of the projects. The various projects are as follows:

- <u>Foothill Feeder Project</u>. Funds are provided to install pipeline, a turnout structure, valve and meter vaults, and SCADA equipment in CLWA's water system. The project will increase water delivery to the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant to allow for full utilization of plant capacity. The total grant amount is \$1,500,000 and it is funded by a Proposition 84 Round 2 Implementation Grant.
- Rosedale-Rio Bravo Extraction Project. Funding is provided for the construction of three wells and associated conveyance facilities in the Rosedale-Rio Bravo service area to provide a more reliable supply and additional CLWA banking program extraction capacity of 7,500 acre-feet per year. The total grant amount is \$4,575,400 and is funded by a Proposition 84 Drought Relief 2014 Grant.
- Saugus Dry Year Reliability Wells. Funding is provided for the implementation of two dry year wells in the Saugus Formation. The total grant amount is \$4,756,200 and is funded by a Proposition 84 Round 1 Implementation Grant.

Item	Y 2016/17 Estimated	F	FY 2017/18 Budget
Foothill Feeder Project	\$ 12,800	\$	1,000,000
Rosedale-Rio Bravo Extraction Project	2,010,000		700,000
Saugus Dry Year Reliability Wells	36,200		200,000
Semitropic Water Storage Project	<u>316,900</u>		
Total	\$ 2,375,900	\$	1,900,000

Other Sources of Revenue

Laboratory Revenues

The Agency has a fixed fee arrangement with the Agency's Santa Clarita Water Division, Newhall County Water District and Valencia Water Company. In addition, the Agency performs laboratory work for DWR, UCLA and various other entities. FY 2017/18 laboratory revenues are estimated at \$106,000 based on the current workload.

Communications Revenues

The Agency has agreements with four different communication companies for lease of communication sites at the Agency. FY 2017/18 revenues are estimated at \$170,000 based on the existing contracts.

Investment Revenues

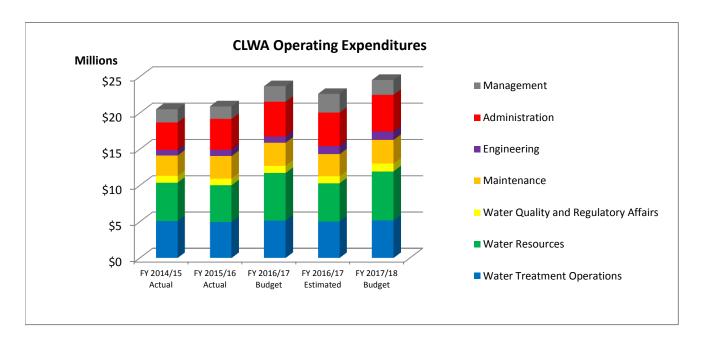
FY 2017/18 investments revenues are \$2,273,600 based on a very low investment return environment and reduced fund balances. The breakdown by funding source for the FY 2017/18 Budget is as follows:

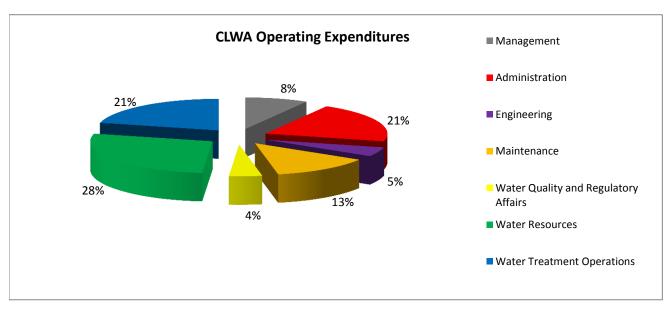
General Fund/Operating	\$ 107,400
Capital Improvement Program	
One Percent Property Tax	1,135,000
Facility Capacity Fee	302,400
Capital Project Fund	175,800
State Water Contract Fund	401,000
Debt Service Fund	152,000
Total	\$ 2,273,600

This includes \$799,000 in dividends from the stock of the Valencia Water Company, which is allocated 60 percent to one percent property tax and 40 percent to Facility Capacity Fee funds.

Operating Budget Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2014/15		FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17		FY 2016/17		Y 2017/18
		Actual	Actual	Budget		Estimated		Budget
Management	\$	1,841,001	\$ 1,740,920	\$ 2,147,700	\$	2,586,600	\$	2,054,100
Administration		3,734,553	4,230,737	4,779,000		4,586,200		5,040,100
Engineering		812,271	894,862	856,900		1,147,400		1,174,500
Maintenance		2,806,059	3,082,073	3,173,200		3,021,400		3,257,800
Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs		924,930	941,920	1,014,000		995,900		1,076,400
Water Resources		5,289,336	5,072,040	6,533,600		5,241,600		6,758,000
Water Treatment Operations		5,100,472	4,954,108	 5,175,700		5,049,700		5,185,800
Total Operating Expenditures	\$	20,508,622	\$ 20,916,660	\$ 23,680,100	\$	22,628,800	\$	24,546,700





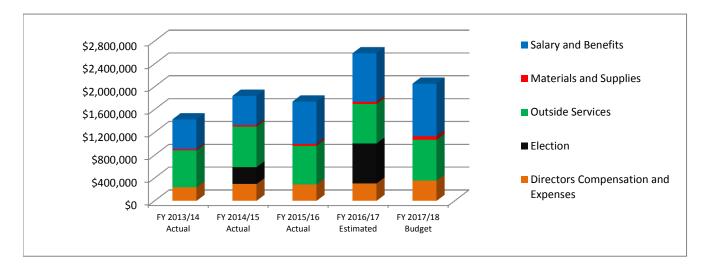
Operating Budget Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	
l I	Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Management	7101001	7101441	- Laugot		Zaagot
Salary and Benefits	\$ 516,100	\$ 741,814	\$ 722,300	\$ 851,200	\$ 923,100
Materials and Supplies	26,029	33,593	32,000	37,000	61,000
Outside Services	709,680	677,554	708,000	693,000	715,000
Election	294,706	-	350,000	700,000	-
Directors Compensation and Expenses	294,486	287,959	335,400	305,400	355,000
Total Management	\$ 1,841,001	\$ 1,740,920	\$ 2,147,700	\$ 2,586,600	\$ 2,054,100
Administration	+ 1,011,001	ψ :,: :e,e_e			ψ <u>_</u> ,σσ.,.σσ
Salary and Benefits	\$ 1,814,935	\$ 2,013,357	\$ 2,176,800	\$ 2,184,900	\$ 2,240,700
Materials and Supplies	260,511	315,472	369,000	350,500	412,000
Outside Services	1,077,524	1,280,117	1,504,200	1,363,300	1,643,400
Utilities	81,585	84,291	115,000	102,000	116,000
I_	499,998	537,500	614,000	585,500	628,000
Insurance Total Administration	\$ 3,734,553	\$ 4,230,737	\$ 4,779,000	\$ 4,586,200	\$ 5,040,100
	\$ 3,734,555	φ 4,230,737	φ 4,779,000	φ 4,566,200	\$ 5,040,100
Engineering	Ф 400 00 4	e 570.540	e 400 400	¢ 005.000	e 570,000
Salary and Benefits	\$ 468,691	\$ 573,542	\$ 430,400	\$ 695,900	\$ 570,000
Materials and Supplies	29,167	41,583	39,000	32,500	50,500
Outside Services	314,413	279,737	387,500	419,000	554,000
Total Engineering	\$ 812,271	\$ 894,862	\$ 856,900	\$ 1,147,400	\$ 1,174,500
<u>Maintenance</u>					
Salary and Benefits	\$ 2,010,696	\$ 2,142,920	\$ 2,416,200	\$ 2,329,000	\$ 2,514,300
Materials and Supplies	358,491	402,316	343,000	337,900	323,500
Outside Services	436,872	536,837	414,000	354,500	420,000
Total Maintenance	\$ 2,806,059	\$ 3,082,073	\$ 3,173,200	\$ 3,021,400	\$ 3,257,800
Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs					
Salary and Benefits	\$ 735,000	\$ 750,777	\$ 804,500	\$ 828,500	\$ 850,800
Materials and Supplies	118,434	95,777	119,400	110,300	137,000
Outside Services	71,496	95,366	90,100	57,100	88,600
Total Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs	\$ 924,930	\$ 941,920	\$ 1,014,000	\$ 995,900	\$ 1,076,400
Water Resources					
Salary and Benefits	\$ 1,172,276	\$ 1,184,778	\$ 1,715,200	\$ 1,560,800	\$ 1,825,800
Materials and Supplies	239,373	199,385	305,000	273,000	305,000
Outside Services	2,082,057	2,753,812	3,180,000	1,515,000	2,257,000
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-
Source of Supply	1,795,630	934,065	1,333,400	1,892,800	2,370,200
Total Water Resources	\$ 5,289,336	\$ 5,072,040	\$ 6,533,600	\$ 5,241,600	\$ 6,758,000
Water Treatment Operations					
Salary and Benefits	\$ 1,440,685	\$ 1,389,255	\$ 1,497,900	\$ 1,643,500	\$ 1,531,300
Materials and Supplies	919,061	852,773	1,155,000	963,500	1,162,000
Outside Services	32,454	50,694	72,800	58,600	43,500
Utilities	2,708,272	2,661,386	2,450,000	2,384,100	2,449,000
Total Water Treatment Operations	\$ 5,100,472	\$ 4,954,108	\$ 5,175,700	\$ 5,049,700	\$ 5,185,800
TOTAL					
Salary and Benefits	\$ 8,158,383	\$ 8,796,443	\$ 9,763,300	\$ 10,093,800	\$ 10,456,000
Materials and Supplies	1,951,066	1,940,899	2,362,400	2,104,700	2,451,000
Outside Services	4,724,496	5,674,117	6,356,600	4,460,500	5,721,500
Utilities	2,789,857	2,745,677	2,565,000	2,486,100	2,565,000
Source of Supply	1,795,630	934,065	1,333,400	1,892,800	2,370,200
Insurance	499,998	537,500	614,000	585,500	628,000
Election	294,706	-	350,000	700,000	-
Directors Compensation and Expenses	294,486	287,959	335,400	305,400	355,000
Total Operating Expenditures	\$20,508,622	\$ 20,916,660	\$ 23,680,100	\$ 22,628,800	\$ 24,546,700

Management Expenditures

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 521,106	\$ 516,100	\$ 741,814	\$ 851,200	\$ 923,100
Materials and Supplies	24,640	26,029	33,593	37,000	61,000
Outside Services	645,358	709,680	677,554	693,000	715,000
Election	-	294,706	-	700,000	-
Directors Compensation and Expenses	238,807	294,486	287,959	305,400	355,000
Department Total	\$ 1,429,911	\$ 1,841,001	\$ 1,740,920	\$ 2,586,600	\$ 2,054,100

Positions 2	2	2	2	3
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Total Operating Budget: \$ 24,546,700 Management: \$ 2,054,100

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Workload Measures					
Regular Board Meetings	18	22	21	24	24
Regular Committee Meetings	52	53	46	72	72
Special Board Meetings	5	14	22	10	10
Ad Hoc Meetings	17	17	43	30	30
Federal funds appropriated (millions)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

DEPARTMENT: MANAGEMENT

Department Objective

Direct the activities of the organization and provide management support to the Board of Directors.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- ♦ Continued to support Board and Ad Hoc Committee in the CLWA/NCWD Ad Hoc Committee process to achieve the "Principles for Moving Forward."
- Fostered and continued effective working relationships with the local water retailers.
- Fostered and continued effective working relationships with the Department of Water Resources and other State Water Project contractors.
- Continued bi-weekly executive staff and weekly manager/supervisor meetings to enhance staff productivity and coordination of work efforts.
- ♦ Continued succession planning efforts to ensure that employees are recruited and developed to fill key roles within the Agency. Provide education and training opportunities to all employees to develop them for future higher level and broader responsibilities.
- Continued to implement Board strategic plans for CLWA and SCWD.
- Continued to provide detailed information to Board of Directors through Board, Committee, Department and General Counsel reports; budget, team-building and strategic planning workshops; media summaries and outreach reports; and through "one-on-one" communications by the General Manager.
- Ensured the Agency is properly represented on all legal matters.
- Oversaw and facilitated efforts of CLWA Departments and SCWD to achieve their goals.
- Continued to (1) provide General Manager-to-staff memos and quarterly employee newsletters and (2) held employee meetings updating all employees of important events and news.
- Ensured the Agency budget and the Department/Division budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.

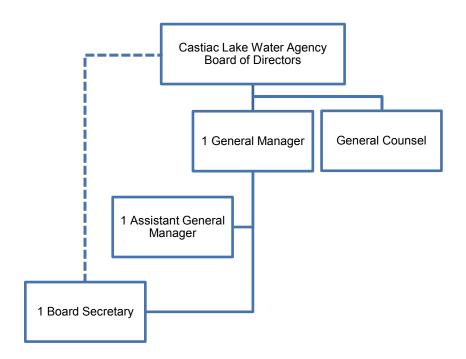
Objectives - FY 2017/18

•	Develop transition plan for suiding vision for the pay district D1	A 10 1
•	Develop transition plan for guiding vision for the new district. P1	A.10.1
•	Develop transition plan for providing services. P1	A.10.2
•	Develop transition plan for phasing and key milestones. P1	A.10.3
•	Foster and continue effective working relationships with the local water agencies.	A.5.1
•	Coordinate legislative initiatives concerning Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta and water conservation with legislative analysts, Association of California Water Agencies, State Water Contractors and other necessary parties to enhance the reliability and cost effectiveness of the Agency's SWP water supply.	A.5.2
•	Foster and continue effective working relationships with the Department of Water Resources and other State Water Project contractors.	A.7.2
•	Continue to provide detailed information to Board of Directors through Board, Committee, Department and General Counsel reports; budget, team-building and strategic planning workshops; media summaries and outreach reports; and through "one-on-one" communications by the General Manager.	A.11.1
•	Support Board and Ad Hoc Committee in the CLWA/NCWD Ad Hoc Committee process to achieve the "Principles for Moving Forward."	A.11.2
•	Ensure the Agency is properly represented on all legal matters.	A.11.3

P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue.

•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	D.1.6
•	Continue to implement Agency strategic plans.	E.2.1
•	Oversee and facilitate efforts of all Departments and Divisions to achieve their goals.	E.2.2
•	Continue to provide employees with "bottom-up" communication through all employee meetings.	E.3.1
•	Continue to (1) provide General Manager-to-staff memos and quarterly employee newsletters and (2) hold employee meetings updating all employees of important events and news.	E.3.2
•	Continue bi-weekly executive staff and periodic manager/supervisor meetings to enhance staff productivity and coordination work efforts.	E.3.3
•	Continue succession planning efforts to ensure that employees are recruited and developed to fill key roles within the Agency. Provide education and training opportunities to all employees to develop them for future higher level and broader responsibilities.	E.4.2

Management Department Organization



Details of Management Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011100000 MANAGEMENT

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Salary and Benefits					
51001 Salary	\$ 337,234	\$ 464,315	\$ 367,300	\$ 503,300	\$ 545,700
51007 Overtime	11,070	12,029	13,000	13,000	14,000
51050 Burden and Benefits	167,796	265,470	342,000	357,300	430,900
51020 Less Reimbursement for shared positions	-	-	-	(22,400)	(67,500)
Materials and Supplies					
52010 Supplies and Services	12,118	13,886	15,000	15,000	30,000
51505 Employee Expense	6,913	12,236	10,000	15,000	17,000
51515 Employee Travel	6,998	7,471	7,000	7,000	14,000
Outside Services					
53101 Education/Seminars	6,744	9,475	8,000	8,000	10,000
53215 Recruitment Expenses	-	33,924	-	10,000	_
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	-	-	-	-	5,000
53202 Legal Consulting	340,726	329,407	300,000	300,000	300,000
53236 Professional Services/Consultants	84,797	39,690	100,000	75,000	100,000
53242 Legislative Advocate Services	277,413	265,058	300,000	300,000	300,000
Election					
51301 Election	294,706	-	350,000	700,000	-
Directors Compensation and Expenses					
51326 Directors Compensation *	215,448	198,237	240.000	210,000	240,000
51327 Directors Expenses	41,934	47,526	49,000	49,000	60,000
51328 Directors Travel	13.237	17.751	18.500	18,500	20.000
51329 Directors Training	23,867	24,445	27,900	27,900	35,000
_	\$ 1,841,001	\$ 1,740,920	\$ 2,147,700	\$ 2,586,600	\$ 2,054,100

^{*} Stipends only. Benefits are included in the Burden and Benefits line item.

Professional Services/Consultants includes:

Strategic planning services, teambuilding services, mediation services and organizational studies.

Management FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011100000 MANAGEMENT

	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 to FY 2017/18 Budget	%	Change from FY 2016/17 Budget to Estimated	%	(1) (2)
Salary and Benefits					7		7	``
51001 Salary	\$ 367.300	\$ 503.300	\$ 545,700	\$ 178,400	49%	\$ 136.000	37% A	A A
51007 Overtime	13.000	13.000	14.000	1.000	8%	-	0%	
51050 Burden and Benefits	342,000	357,300	430,900	88.900	26%	15.300	4%	A A
51020 Less Reimbursement for shared positions	-	(22,400)		(67,500)	N/A	(22,400)	N/A	
Materials and Supplies								
52010 Supplies and Services	15,000	15,000	30,000	15,000	100%	_	0%	
51505 Employee Expense	10,000	15,000	17,000	7,000	70%	5,000	50%	
51515 Employee Travel	7,000	7,000	14,000	7,000	100%	-	0%	
Outside Services								
53101 Education/Seminars	8,000	8,000	10,000	2,000	25%	-	0%	
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	-	-	5,000	5,000	N/A	-	0%	
53215 Recruitment Expenses	-	10,000	-	-	0%	10,000	N/A	
53202 Legal Consulting	300,000	300,000	300,000	-	0%	-	0%	
53236 Professional Services/Consultants	100,000	75,000	100,000	-	0%	(25,000)	-25%	С
53242 Legislative Advocate Services	300,000	300,000	300,000	-	0%	-	0%	
<u>Election</u>								
51301 Election	350,000	700,000	-	(350,000)	-100%	350,000	100% E	3 D
Directors Compensation and Expenses								
51326 Directors Compensation	240,000	210,000	240,000	-	0%	(30,000)	-13%	С
51327 Directors Expenses	49,000	49,000	60,000	11,000	22%	-	0%	
51328 Directors Travel	18,500	18,500	20,000	1,500	8%	-	0%	
51329 Directors Training	27,900	27,900	35,000	7,100	25%	<u> </u>	0%	
	\$ 2,147,700	\$ 2,586,600	\$ 2,054,100	\$ (93,600)	-4%	\$ 438,900	20%	

- (1) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.
- (2) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.
- A. Includes funds for a new position of Assistant General Manager.
- B. No election to be held in FY 2017/18.
- C. Based on workload requirements.
- D. November 2016 election cost more than anticipated.

Administration Expenditures

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 1,855,359	\$ 1,814,935	\$ 2,013,357	\$ 2,184,900	\$ 2,240,700
Materials and Supplies	280,467	260,511	315,472	350,500	412,000
Outside Services	939,389	1,077,524	1,280,117	1,363,300	1,643,400
Utilities	87,603	81,585	84,291	102,000	116,000
Insurance	455,779	499,998	537,500	585,500	628,000
Department Total	\$ 3,618,597	\$ 3,734,553	\$ 4,230,737	\$ 4,586,200	\$ 5,040,100

19

20

FY 2017/18 Budget 21

21

Utilities

■ Insurance

23

Positions

\$2,000,000

\$1,500,000 \$1,000,000

\$500,000 \$0

FY 2013/14

Actual

FY 2014/15

Actual

\$5,500,000	_
\$5,000,000	■ Salary and Benefits
\$4,500,000	
\$4,000,000 \$3,500,000	■ Materials and Supplies
\$3,000,000	
\$2,500,000	Outside Services

FY 2016/17

Estimated

Total Operating Budget: \$ 24,546,700 Administration: \$ 5,040,100

FY 2015/16

Actual

	FY 2013/14 Actual		FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	′ 2017/18 Budget
Workload Measures						
Positions filled	11		5	25	10	10
Candidates interviewed	77	,	31	121	70	70
Safety training classes held	53	3	40	45	38	38
Safety training class attendees	1,241		438	892	650	650
Days lost due to injury - Wholesale	-		-	98	-	-
Days lost due to injury - Retail	-		-	_	-	-
Number of 1099 forms issued	96	6	102	339	200	210
Number of contracts	37	,	59	140	150	150
Grants and project reimbursements (millions)	\$ 2.00) {	\$ 4.71	\$ 9.00	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.00
Number of invoices/purchase orders/P-card						
lines	8,819)	8,648	9,299	9,000	9,000
Number of purchase orders	1,980)	1,979	3,175	3,900	3,900
Value of purchase orders (millions)	\$ 5.80) \$	9.45	\$ 13.50	\$ 12.45	\$ 12.45
Facilities work orders	260)	492	569	550	550

DEPARTMENT: ADMINISTRATION

Department Objective:

Implement the accounting, buildings and grounds, finance, investing, human resource, purchasing and risk management needs of the Agency.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- ◆ The Agency was awarded the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its FY 2016/17 Budget. This is the eleventh consecutive year the Agency has received this award.
- The Agency was awarded the Excellence in Budgeting Award from the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) for its FY 2016/17 Budget. This is the tenth consecutive year the Agency has received this award.
- ♦ The Agency was awarded the Excellence in Financial Reporting Award from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its FY 2015/16 CAFR. This is the twelfth consecutive year the Agency has received this award.
- ♠ Reviewed and prepared for implementation of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements of the Agency's investment portfolio.
- Revised the Agency's cellular/smart telephone policy.
- Engaged a consultant to assess the Agency's grant administration activities and recommend the appropriate organizational and staffing structure.
- Revised the Agency's Risk Transfer Manual.
- Reviewed and recommended revisions to the Agency's vacation accrual policy.
- All employees participated in sexual harassment awareness and prevention training.
- Conducted live confined space entry and rescue drill.
- Conducted a response drill with local fire department.
- ♦ The Board adopted a Return to Work Policy.
- ♦ The Board adopted an Agency Website and Social Media Policy.
- The Board adopted developed a Safety Suggestion Award Policy.
- ♦ Continued to participate in community events (COC Water Technology Board and Business Alliance, SCV Mayor's Committee for Employment of Individuals with Disabilities, PIHRA, etc.).
- Continue to provide all required and recommended safety training.
- Implemented an electronic process for Performance Evaluations (NeoGov).
- Upgraded two backup point-to-point network communication lines between the Agency facilities.
- Upgraded Interwoven Filesite document management software to version 9.
- Upgraded Microsoft Office to version 2016.
- Retrofited Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant filter deck area with LED lighting.
- Department expenditures are estimated to be 96% of the FY 2016/17 Budget.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

Accounting, Budget and Administration

•	Through a Request for Proposal (RFP) process, select an actuarial consultant to prepare the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) valuation for the implementation of GASB 75. P1	D.1.13
•	Participate in a Vendor Outreach program with the City of Santa Clarita. P2	A.3.2
•	Through a Request for Proposal (RFP) process, select a financial advisor for the Agency. P2	D.1.11
•	Implement electronic timesheet entry. P2	D.6.1
•	Review and prepare for implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 75 concerns postemployment liability accounting and will have a significant impact on Agency's financial statements. P2	D.1.12
•	Administer awarded grants and assist project managers in determining reimbursement schedule.	D.1.10
•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	D.1.6
<u>Huma</u>	n Resources and Risk Management	
•	Engage a consultant to perform a comprehensive market survey of employee benefits. P1	E.4.3
•	Implement electronic benefits enrollment. P1	E.4.5
•	Provide supervisor training to enhance working knowledge and a general understanding of the Agency's recruitment, onboarding, and performance evaluation and other human relations processes. P1	E.4.6
•	Update the Agency's Supervisor Handbook. P1	E.4.7
•	Conduct sexual harassment awareness and prevention training for all employees. P1	E.4.8
•	Conduct live confined space entry and rescue drill. P1	E.5.3
•	Conduct a live chemical spill response drill with local fire department and/or emergency services contractor. P1	E.5.4
•	Develop a process to identify and re-engineer cumbersome processes. P2	E.2.7
•	Research compensation for licenses and certifications through a market survey. P2	E.4.4
•	Continue to participate in community events (COC Water Technology Board and Business Alliance, SCV Mayor's Committee for Employment of Individuals with Disabilities, PIHRA, etc.).	A.3.3
•	Continue reviewing the Employee Manual policies periodically and recommend updates and revisions as necessary.	E.1.1
•	Evaluate cross-training program opportunities.	E.2.6
•	Evaluate effectiveness of communications.	E.3.4
•	Continue to provide appropriate training and professional development.	E.4.1
•	Assess workforce and organizational needs (appropriate staffing levels).	E.4.10
•	Examine practicality/benefits of establishing a mentoring program.	E.4.11
•	Review Team Building strategy to foster trust and shared values.	E.4.12
•	Continue to provide all required and recommended safety training.	E.5.1
•	Continue to emphasize safety through weekly tailgate and safety meetings.	E.5.2

P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue.

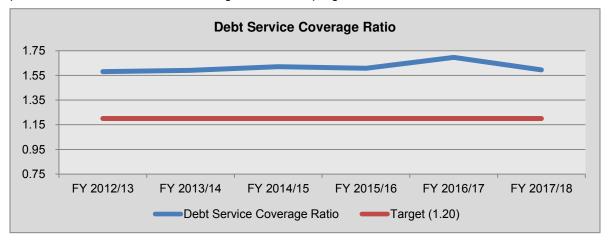
Facilities/Information Technology/Support Services

	E.1.2
 Have a full intrusion test done on entire network to determine any cyber-security vulnerabilities. P1 	E.1.7
 Improve RVWTP back gate and access road by adding safety and security signage and traffic striping. P1 	E.1.8
 Add 10 to 20 more MBPS (megabits per second) on existing point-to-point backup line between the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant and Summit Circle. P1 	E.1.6
 Replace one of three existing SAN (Storage Area Network) systems. P2 	E.1.3
Replace five existing virtual machine server hosts. P2	E.1.4
Upgrade VMWare on all hosts. P2	E.1.5
	E.1.9
	E.1.11
	E.1.10
 Conduct semiannual tests of Agency's disaster recovery plan. 	E.1.12
Long Term Objectives	
 Adopt a new investment policy for the proceeds from the potential lump sum payment of the perchlorate settlement agreement for O&M activities. 	D.1.14
 Research hiring an investment management firm to manage the potential lump sum payment for O&M activities as provided in the perchlorate settlement agreement. 	D.1.15
 Develop a repair and replacement reserve fund policy based on the Agency's asset management program. 	D.1.16
♦ Conduct quarterly tests of Agency's technology and communication systems.	E.1.13
Develop an Information Technology Strategic Plan.	E.2.3
Upgrade General Ledger/Financial System software.	E.2.4
Upgrade Human Resources/Payroll System software.	E.2.5
Research implementing an employee portal or intranet for posting various often-	E.4.9

Strategic Plan Key Result

requested forms, documents, etc.

The Agency's Strategic Plan includes a number of key performance measures related to cost effectiveness (see also page 92). One of the key performance measures for the Administration Department is the Debt Service Coverage Ratio. The progress of this measure is as follows:



P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue.

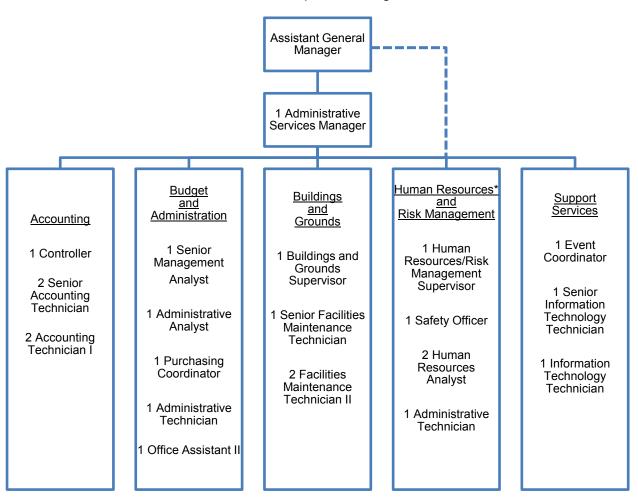
Santa Clarita Water Division Cost Allocation

The Agency allocates certain Agency-wide shared positions to both wholesale and retail budgets. The allocation of staff is updated each year through the budget process and is largely based on a percentage of shared Full-Time Employee (FTE) positions. The shared positions for FY 2017/18 are as follows:

- Human Resources/Safety: Human Resources/Risk Management Supervisor, two Human Resources Analysts, Administrative Technician (Human Resources) and Safety Officer. These positions are allocated 55% to wholesale and 45% to retail operations. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- ♦ Information Technology: Senior Information Technology Technician and Information Technology Technician. These positions are allocated 55% to wholesale and 45% to retail operations. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- ♦ Senior Accounting Technician II (Payroll). This position is allocated 50% to wholesale and 50% to retail operations. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- Facilities. All four positions in the Facilities section charge actual time worked on SCWD projects to retail operations. Charges include labor and benefits.
- ♦ Controller. This position is allocated 67% to wholesale and 33% to SCWD. Charges include labor, benefits and other indirect costs.
- ♦ Administrative Services Manager. This position is assumed to spend 50% of time supervising the above functions, and is allocated 22.5% to retail operations (half of 45%). Charges include labor, benefits and indirect costs.
- ♦ Assistant General Manager. This position is assumed to spend 50% of time supervising the above functions, and is allocated 22.5% to retail operations (half of 45%). Charges include labor, benefits and indirect costs.

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Administration Department Organization



^{*} Human Resources reports to Assistant General Manager

Detail of Administration Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011200000 ADMINISTRATION

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Salary and Benefits					
51001 Salary	\$ 1,486,654	\$ 1,659,595	\$ 1,770,800	\$ 1,777,800	\$ 1,812,800
51007 Overtime	15,663	20,197	28,000	38,000	30,000
51050 Burden and Benefits	815,342	867,857	998,800	966,500	1,050,600
51020 Less Reimbursement for shared positions	(502,724)	(534,292)	(620,800)	(597,400)	(652,700)
Materials and Supplies					
52024 Internal Relations	26,094	28,510	30,000	30,000	35,000
52005 Safety Training and Equipment	63,693	108,647	115,000	103,500	97,000
52010 Supplies and Services	36,450	37,560	40,000	40,000	47,000
53215 Recruitment Expenses	4,555	7,209	6,000	6,000	60,000
52020 Postage	11,939	8,695	15,000	15,000	15,000
51505 Employee Expense	8,979	16,563	15,000	15,000	15,000
51515 Employee Travel	9,426	14,732	20,000	15,000	15,000
52035 Janitorial Supplies	4,904	5,810	8,000	6,000	8,000
52075 Parts and Materials	94,471	87,746	120,000	120,000	120,000
Outside Services					
53101 Education/Seminars	16,277	26,309	32,000	20,000	35,000
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	173,041	127,354	85,000	100,000	100,000
53216 Security/Alarm Services	124,300	129,036	175,000	115,000	150,000
53306 Subscriptions	982	592	2,400	1,000	2,400
53304 Dues and Memberships	58,321	55,863	65,000	56,000	65,000
53110 Office Equipment/Repair and Service	24,087	22,063	30,000	22,000	30,000
53236 Professional Services/Consultants	43,138	125,081	195,000	132,000	225,000
53210 Professional Services/Audit	71,672	47,860	77,000	77,000	77,000
53214 Technology Services	140,141	206,503	280,000	280,000	315,000
53213 Office and Storage Rent, HOA Dues	31,576	43,823	46,000	35,100	46,000
53218 Agency Publications	10,171	11,199	12,000	12,000	12,000
53212 Licenses/Fees	77,624	79,211	80,000	90,000	90,000
53104 Uniforms	3,773	3,817	3,800	2,200	5,000
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	302,421	401,406	421,000	421,000	491,000
Liver					
<u>Utilities</u>	00.000	00.050	05.000	04.000	00.000
54200 Pager/Cell Service	20,038	23,256	25,000	24,000	26,000
54205 Telephone	14,665	19,895	20,000	20,000	20,000
54310 Refuse Disposal	13,121	9,730	20,000	15,000	20,000
54305 Irrigation	10,918	6,426	15,000	8,000	15,000
54415 Natural Gas	22,843	24,984	35,000	35,000	35,000
Incurance					
Insurance 55200 Retiree Medical Insurance	265 270	204 440	224 000	224 000	257.000
	265,278	301,448	331,000	331,000	357,000
55205 Unemployment Insurance	4,500	-	5,000	5,000	5,000
55210 Bonds/Honesty Insurance	969 151,800	988	2,000 190,000	2,000	2,000
55215 Liability Insurance 55220 Casualty Insurance	77,451	157,660 77,404	86,000	161,500 86,000	180,000 84,000
55225 Casualty Insulance					
	\$ 3,734,553	\$ 4,230,737	\$ 4,779,000	\$ 4,586,200	\$ 5,040,100

(notes on next page)

Detail of Administration Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

Security/Alarm Services includes:

Security, records management and storage, security alarms and other such services.

Professional Services/Consultants includes:

Various organizational studies, compensation surveys, actuarial studies, human resources consulting, rate studies, financial analysis, energy analysis and other such services. Additional funds are provided in FY 2017/18 for a comprehensive benefits market survey and other human resources studies (\$100,000).

Technology Services includes:

Technology consulting and support services, internet and communication lines, software maintenance and licenses, document imaging and other such services.

Outside Service/Contracting includes:

Landscaping, pest control, janitorial, HVAC, arbor, fire sprinkler and other such services. Ongoing services are budgeted at \$330,000. Funds are also provide for upper mesa erosion repairs (\$50,000), mesa road entrance gate security modifications (\$40,000), ESFP access road gate security modifications (\$40,000), RVWTP Administration Building entry door security modifications (\$15,000), RVWTP rear access road safety and security signage and road markings (\$12,000) and an asphalt maintenance program (\$4,000).

Administration FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011200000 ADMINISTRATION

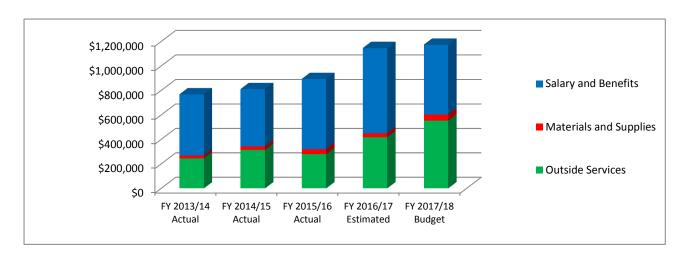
					Change from		Change from FY 2016/17			
		EV 004047	EV 0040/47	EV 0047/40	FY 2016/17 to					
		FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2017/18	•	Budget to	•	(4)	(0)
	O-l-mand D-maft	Budget	Estimated	Budget	Budget	%	Estimated	%	(1)	(2)
	Salary and Benefits									
	Salary	\$ 1,770,800	\$ 1,777,800	\$ 1,812,800	\$ 42,000	2%	\$ 7,000	0%		
	Overtime	28,000	38,000	30,000	2,000	7%	10,000	36%		
	Burden and Benefits	998,800	966,500	1,050,600	51,800	5%	(32,300)	-3%		
51020	Less Reimbursement for shared positions	(620,800)	(597,400)	(652,700)	(31,900)	5%	23,400	-4%		
	Materials and Supplies									
	Internal Relations	30,000	30,000	35,000	5,000	17%		0%		
	Safety Training and Equipment	115,000	103,500	97,000	(18,000)	-16%	(11,500)	-10%		
	Supplies and Services	40,000	40,000	47,000	7,000	18%	-	0%		
	Recruitment Expenses	6,000	6,000	60,000	54,000	900%	-	0%	Α	
52020	Postage	15,000	15,000	15,000	-	0%	-	0%		
51505	Employee Expense	15,000	15,000	15,000	-	0%	-	0%		
51515	Employee Travel	20,000	15,000	15,000	(5,000)	-25%	(5,000)	-25%		
52035	Janitorial Supplies	8,000	6,000	8,000	-	0%	(2,000)	-25%		
52075	Parts and Materials	120,000	120,000	120,000	-	0%	-	0%		
	Outside Services									
53101	Education/Seminars	32,000	20,000	35,000	3,000	9%	(12,000)	-38%		
53241	Temporary Personnel Services	85,000	100,000	100,000	15,000	18%	15,000	18%		
53216	Security/Alarm Services	175,000	115,000	150,000	(25,000)	-14%	(60,000)	-34%		F
53306	Subscriptions	2,400	1,000	2,400	-	0%	(1,400)	-58%		
53304	Dues and Memberships	65,000	56,000	65,000	-	0%	(9,000)	-14%		
53110	Office Equipment/Repair and Service	30,000	22,000	30,000	-	0%	(8,000)	-27%		
	Professional Services/Consultants	195,000	132,000	225,000	30,000	15%	(63,000)	-32%	В	F
53210	Professional Services/Audit	77,000	77,000	77,000	_	0%	-	0%		
	Technology Services	280,000	280,000	315,000	35,000	13%	_	0%	С	
	Office Storage and Rent, HOA Dues	46,000	35,100	46,000	-	0%	(10,900)	-24%	-	
	Agency Publications	12,000	12,000	12,000	_	0%	(.0,000)	0%		
	Licenses/Fees	80,000	90,000	90,000	10,000	13%	10,000	13%		
	Uniforms	3,800	2,200	5,000	1,200	32%	(1,600)	-42%		
	Outside Service/Contracting	421,000	421,000	491,000	70,000	17%	(1,000)	0%	D	
33103	Outside Service/Contracting	421,000	421,000	491,000	70,000	17 70	_	0 70		
	Utilities									
54200	Pager/Cell Service	25,000	24,000	26,000	1,000	4%	(1,000)	-4%		
	Telephone	20,000	20,000	20,000	-	0%	-	0%		
	Refuse Disposal	20,000	15,000	20,000	_	0%	(5,000)	-25%		
	Irrigation	15,000	8,000	15,000	_	0%	(7,000)	-47%		
	Natural Gas	35,000	35,000	35,000		0%	(1,000)	0%		
34413	Natural Gas	33,000	33,000	33,000		0 70	_	0 70		
	Insurance									
55200	Retiree Medical Insurance	331,000	331,000	357,000	26,000	8%	_	0%	Е	
	Unemployment Insurance	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	0%	_	0%	-	
	Bonds/Honesty Insurance	2,000	2,000	2,000	_	0%	_	0%		
	Liability Insurance	190,000	161,500	180,000	(10,000)	-5%	(28,500)	-15%		G
	Casualty Insurance	86,000	86,000	84,000	(2,000)	-2%	(20,000)	0%		ĭ
00220	Sassary modianos	,			` '		¢ (100.000)			ш
		\$ 4,779,000	\$ 4,586,200	\$ 5,040,100	\$ 261,100	5%	\$ (192,800)	-4%		

- (1) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.
- (2) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.
- A. Provides funds for a recruitment firm for positions of Public Information Officer and Principal Water Resources Planner.
- B. Various organizational studies, compensation surveys, actuarial studies, human resources consulting, rate studies, financial analysis, energy analysis and other such services. FY 2017/18 funds are provided for a comprehensive benefits survey and various classification studies (\$100,000).
- C. Includes price increases on normally scheduled items such as software maintenance, software licenses, communication lines, security services and other such items. Also includes additional funds for additional licensees for additional users, a three-year renewal for a CISCO firewall, increased speed for communication links between facilities and network intrusion testing. hosted SPAM service (\$2,500) and a three-year renewal for the CISCO firewall (\$6,000).
- D. Increased funds provided for upper mesa erosion repairs (\$50,000), mesa road entrance gate security modifications (\$40,000), ESFP access road gate security modifications (\$40,000), RVWTP Administration Building entry door security modifications (\$15,000), RVWTP rear access road safety and security signage and road markings (\$12,000) and an asphalt maintenance program(\$4,000).
- E. Based on increased number of retirees and projected increases in medical insurance premium costs.
- F. Based on workload requirements.
- G. Due to low loss history.

Engineering Expenditures

	FY 2013/14 Actual		FY 2014/15 Actual		FY 2015/16 Actual		FY 2016/17 Estimated		Y 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 499,944	\$	468,691	\$	573,542	\$	695,900	\$	570,000
Materials and Supplies	23,085		29,167		41,583		32,500		50,500
Outside Services	246,264		314,413		279,737		419,000		554,000
Department Total	\$ 769,293	\$	812,271	\$	894,862	\$	1,147,400	\$	1,174,500

Positions



Total Operating Budget: \$24,546,700 Engineering: \$1,174,500

	1	2013/14 ctual	 / 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	 / 2016/17 stimated	 2017/18 Budget
Workload Measures						
Number of major capital projects underway		11	20	19	21	21
Value of Major capital projects (millions)	\$	1.50	\$ 8.52	\$ 16.57	\$ 7.61	\$ 23.16

DIVISION: ENGINEERING

Division Objective:

Implement the capital program for planning, design and construction of capital facilities ahead of need.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- Initiated construction of the permanent raw water connection to Metropolitan Water District Foothill Feeder (MWDSC) pipeline.
- Initiated construction of the Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant Clearwell/CT Improvements Project.
- Completed Facility Capacity Fee Commercial Demand Factors Study.
- Completed tracer study for the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant Clearwells and updated Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant Operations Plan.
- Completed construction of facility modifications and pipeline inspection of Newhall Lateral Reach
 2B
- ♦ Completed the Emergency and Operational Storage Study.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

•	Initiate construction of the Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications Project. P1	B.6.1
•	Initiate design of Groundwater Treatment Improvement Project. P1	B.6.2
•	Initiate preliminary design of the Magic Mountain Reservoir Project. P1	B.6.3
•	Complete design of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project. P1	B.6.4
•	Initiate construction of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project. P1	B.6.5
•	Complete land acquisition and final design of the Vista Canyon Recycled Water Project (Phase 2B). P1	B.6.6
•	Complete final design of the South End Recycled Water Project (Phase 2C). P1	B.6.7
•	Complete final design for the West Ranch Recycled Water Project (Phase 2D). P1	B.6.8
•	Complete design of the Replacement Wells and Dry Year Reliability Wells. P1	B.6.9
•	Complete land acquisition for Castaic Conduit Project. P1	B.6.10
•	Complete construction of Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility Pressure Modifications Project. P1	B.6.11
•	Complete 2017 Facility Capacity Fee (FCF) Study and adopt new FCFs. P1	B.6.12
•	Finalize and adopt the Recycled Water Master Plan. P1	B.6.17
•	Complete construction of the Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station Pipeline Improvements Project. P1	B.6.18
•	Complete design of the Earl Schmidt Sludge Collection System Project. P1	B.6.19
•	Initiate construction of the West Ranch Recycled Water Project (Phase 2D). P1	B.6.20
•	Complete construction of the Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications Project. P1	B.6.21
•	Complete design of the Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 4 Project. P1	B.6.22
•	Complete construction of permanent Foothill Feeder connection project. P1	B.6.23
•	Complete inspection of the Castaic Conduit Pipeline Reach 3 and Reach 4. P2	B.6.13
•	Complete inspection of the Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant Raw Water pipeline. P2	B.6.14
•	Complete design of the Castaic Conduit Pipeline Reaches 1, 2 and 5 Modifications. P2	B.6.15
•	Complete inspection of the RVWTP Raw Water pipeline. P2	B.6.16

P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue.

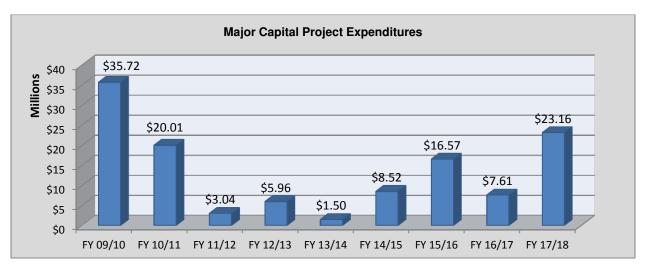
Complete design of the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant Underground Storage Tank
 Replacement Project. P2
 Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended
 by actively managing and controlling expenditures.

Long Term Actions

•	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Pipeline Phase 4 Project.	B.6.25
•	Initiate construction of the Earl Schmidt Sludge Collection System Project.	B.6.26
•	Initiate construction of Castaic Conduit Reaches 1, 2, and 5 modifications project.	B.6.51
•	Initiate planning and preliminary design of the Southern Service Area Reservoir Project.	B.6.27
•	Complete construction of the Saugus Formation Replacement Wells and Dry Year Reliability ("Red-Handled") Wells Project.	B.6.28
•	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Pipeline Phase 5 Project.	B.6.29
•	Complete design of the Castaic Conduit Bypass Project.	B.6.30
•	Initiate construction of the Castaic Conduit Bypass Project.	B.6.31
•	Initiate construction of the Recycled Water South End Project (Phase 2C).	B.6.32
•	Complete construction of Castaic Conduit Reaches 1, 2, and 5 modifications project.	B.6.52
•	Initiate planning and preliminary design of the Sand Canyon Reservoir Expansion Project.	B.6.33
•	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Pipeline Phase 6 Project.	B.6.34
•	Initiate construction of the Honby Parallel Pipeline Phase 2 Project.	B.6.35
•	Initiate construction of the Magic Mountain Reservoir Project.	B.6.36
•	Initiate construction of the Southern Service Area Reservoir Project.	B.6.37
•	Initiate construction of the Sand Canyon Reservoir Expansion Project.	B.6.38
•	Continue development of Geographical Information Systems (GIS) program capabilities and acquisition of GIS data.	B.6.39

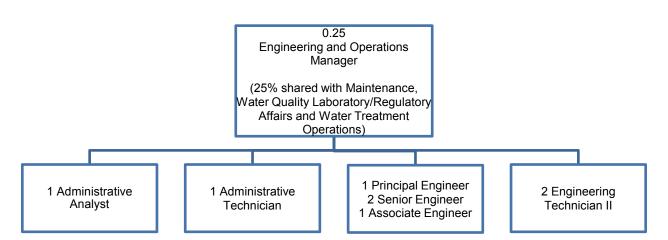
Strategic Plan Key Result

The Agency's Strategic Plan includes a number of key performance measures related to water supply reliability (see also pages 89-90). One of the key performance measures for the Engineering Division is Major Capital Projects Expenditures. The progress of this measure is as follows:



P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue.

Engineering Division Organization



Details of Engineering Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011600000 ENGINEERING

	FY 2014/15		F١	2015/16	F١	2016/17	FY 2016/17		FY	2017/18
	Actual			Actual		Budget	Ĕ	stimated		Budget
Salary and Benefits										
51001 Salary	\$	299,255	\$	381,137	\$	247,200	\$	440,100	\$	342,900
51007 Overtime		595		400		-		-		-
51050 Burden and Benefits		168,841		192,005		183,200		255,800		227,100
Materials and Supplies										
52010 Supplies and Services		21,518		29,847		22,500		25,500		35,000
51505 Employee Expense		5,973		9,798		13,000		5,500		11,000
51515 Employee Travel		1,676		1,938		3,500		1,500		4,500
Outside Services										
53101 Education/Seminars		3,695		3,908		5,500		5,500		8,000
53241 Temporary Personnel Service		-		12,186		2,000		-		-
53214 Technology Services		74,120		78,089		115,000		118,000		85,000
53226 Professional Services/Consulting		214,633		145,049		200,000		250,000		335,000
53228 Pipeline Inspection Program Services		21,965		40,505		65,000		45,500		126,000
Total Engineering Expenditures	\$	812,271	\$	894,862	\$	856,900	\$ 1	1,147,400	\$ 1	1,174,500

Professional Services/Consultants includes:

Asset management consulting, perchlorate consultant and monitoring services (reimbursable), purveyor telemetry services and other engineering and survey services. FY 2017/18 includes purchase of 5-year earthquake insurance policy for the SPTF. This cost is reimbursable from the perchlorate settlement agreement.

Technology Services includes:

GIS licenses and services, AutoCAD software licenses, hydraulic modeling software and other such services.

Engineering FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011600000 ENGINEERING

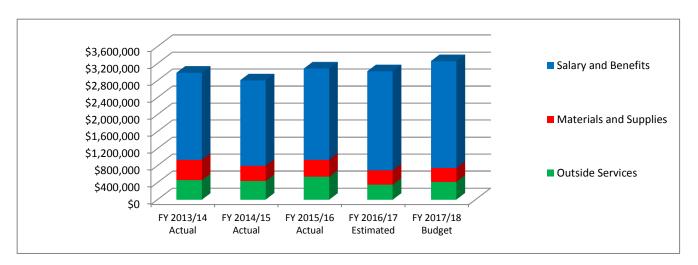
		2016/17 Idget		' 2016/17	 / 2017/18 Budget	FY F	ange from 2016/17 to Y 2017/18 Budget	%	FY Bu	nge from 2016/17 dget to timated	%	(1)	(2)
Salary and Benefits													
51001 Salary	\$ 2	247,200	\$	440,100	\$ 342,900	\$	95,700	39%	\$	192,900	78%	Α	Α
51050 Burden and Benefits		183,200		255,800	227,100		43,900	24%		72,600	40%	Α	Α
Materials and Supplies 52010 Supplies and Services 51505 Employee Expense 51515 Employee Travel		22,500 13,000 3,500		25,500 5,500 1,500	35,000 11,000 4,500		12,500 (2,000) 1,000	56% -15% 29%		3,000 (7,500) (2,000)	13% -58% -57%		
Outside Services													
53101 Education/Seminars		5,500		5,500	8,000		2,500	45%		-	0%		
53241 Temporary Personnel Service		2,000		-	-		(2,000)	-100%		(2,000)	-100%		
53214 Technology Services		115,000		118,000	85,000		(30,000)	-26%		3,000	3%	В	
53226 Professional Services/Consulting	2	200,000		250,000	335,000		135,000	68%		50,000	25%	С	E
53228 Pipeline Inspection Program Services		65,000		45,500	126,000		61,000	94%		(19,500)	-30%	D	D
Total Engineering Expenditures	\$ 8	356,900	\$ ^	1,147,400	\$ 1,174,500	\$	317,600	37%	\$	290,500	34%		

- (1) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.
- (2) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.
- A. Based on decreased charges to Capital Improvement Program projects.
- B. FY 2016/17 budget included \$45,000 for a one-time purchase of InfoMaster software to continue development of asset management program.
- C. Includes funds (\$120,000) for purchase of 5-year earthquake insurance policy for the SPTF. Purchase is reimbursable from the perchlorate settlement agreement.
- D. Based on workload requirements and pipeline inspection program schedule. Increased inspection activities to take place in FY 2017/18 to take advantage of shutdowns related to capital improvement projects. Reaches to be inspected include Castaic Conduit Reaches 3 and 4, Footfill Feeder Connection and the ESIPS influent line.
- E. Based on unanticipated costs for arbitration related to the perchlorate settlement agreement.

Maintenance Expenditures

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 2,047,306	\$ 2,010,696	\$ 2,142,920	\$ 2,329,000	\$ 2,514,300
Materials and Supplies	478,380	358,491	402,316	337,900	323,500
Outside Services	458,532	436,872	536,837	354,500	420,000
Department Total	\$ 2,984,218	\$ 2,806,059	\$ 3,082,073	\$ 3,021,400	\$ 3,257,800

Positions	13.75	13.75	15.75	15.75	15.75



Total Operating Budget: \$24,546,700 Maintenance \$3,257,800

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Workload Measures					
Number of preventative maintenance work					
orders **	*	*	781	900	900
Number of emergency/corrective work orders					
**	*	*	202	190	190

^{*} Information not collected.

DIVISION: MAINTENANCE

Division Objective:

Maintain, repair and improve the Agency's treatment and distribution facilities to ensure their reliable and efficient operation.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

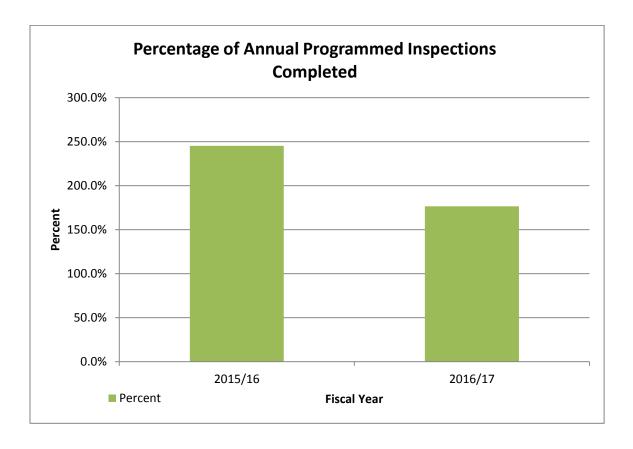
- Installed two replacement Sodium Hypochlorite pumps and associated pipelines and valves at Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility.
- ♦ Replaced 20 KVA UPS in Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant Filter building.
- Performed triannual electrical maintenance at Sand Canyon Pump Station and Generator Building.
- Replaced clarifier and filter flow meters at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

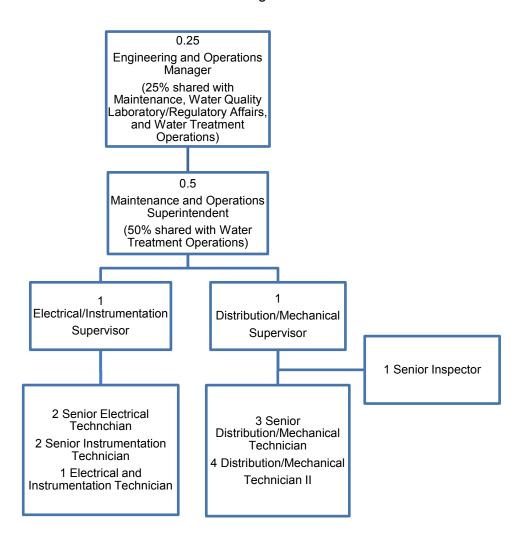
	Replace regulatory pressure relief valves at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant and Rio Vista	B.7.1
	Water Treatment Plant. P1	
•	Repair back gate access road at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P1	B.7.2
•	Replace ammonia pumping system at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P1	B.7.3
•	Repair/recoat Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant clear wells interior coating. P1	B.7.4
•	Replace two ammonia pumps at Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility. P1	B.7.8
•	Replace all valves on treatment vessels at Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility. P1	B.7.9
•	Replace NTU analyzers at Rio Visa Water Treatment Plant and Earl Schmidt Filtration	B.7.5
	Plant. P2	
•	Install replacement valves for bag filters (4) and equalization tank at Saugus	B.7.6
	Perchlorate Treatment Facility. P2	
•	Replace three Ozone residual analyzers at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	B.7.7
•	Replace isolation valves for backwash pump at Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant. P2	B.7.10
•	Replace Clarifier 54" flow meter at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	B.7.11
•	Replace 48" Treated Water Pipeline flow meter at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P2	B.7.12
•	Replace sludge check valves at Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant. P3	B.7.13

Strategic Plan Key Result

The Agency's Strategic Plan includes a number of key performance measures related to water supply reliability. One of the key performance measures for the Maintenance Division is Percentage of Annual Programmed Inspections Completed (see also pages 89-90). The progress of this measure is as follows:



Maintenance Division Organization



Details of Maintenance Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011700000 MAINTENANCE

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Salary and Benefits					
51001 Salary	\$ 1,281,771	\$ 1,379,094	\$ 1,492,000	\$ 1,427,100	\$ 1,535,600
51007 Overtime	42,156	45,051	55,000	60,000	60,000
51040 On Call Premium	20,282	20,590	22,000	22,000	22,500
51050 Burden and Benefits	666,487	698,185	847,200	819,900	896,200
Materials and Supplies					
52010 Supplies and Services	5,385	8,224	7,000	9,000	9,000
51505 Employee Expense	2,648	2,674	3,000	3,000	3,000
51515 Employee Travel	385	-	1,000	500	1,500
52651 Gasoline	59,165	55,414	62,000	47,900	32,000
52085 Small Tools	17,569	28,803	20,000	20,000	20,000
52075 Parts and Materials	258,227	307,201	250,000	250,000	250,000
52652 Diesel	15,112	-	-	7,500	8,000
Outside Services					
53101 Education/Seminars	1,835	5,396	5,000	5,500	10,000
53104 Uniforms	10,064	10,559	14,000	14,000	15,000
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	396,315	455,796	325,000	300,000	325,000
53229 Hazardous Waste Disposal	3,793	36,129	40,000	10,000	40,000
53232 Tool Rental	24,865	28,957	30,000	25,000	30,000
	\$ 2,806,059	\$ 3,082,073	\$ 3,173,200	\$ 3,021,400	\$ 3,257,800

Outside Service/Contracting includes:

Equipment rentals, fleet and crane maintenance, electrical testing, meter repair and testing, instrumentation and controls support services, hazardous materials services, underground service alerts, pump maintenance and construction, chlorine equipment maintenance, emergency contractor services, maintenance and construction, SCADA maintenance and support and other such services.

Maintenance FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011700000 MAINTENANCE

	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 to FY 2017/18 Budget %		Change from FY 2016/17 Budget to Estimated	%	(1)	(2)
Salary and Benefits	Daagot	Lotimatod	Daugot	Buugot	,,,	Lotimatou	, <u>,</u>	1.,	$\stackrel{\sim}{\Box}$
51001 Salary	\$ 1,492,000	\$ 1,427,100	\$ 1.535.600	\$ 43.600	3%	\$ (64,900)	-4%		
51007 Overtime	55.000	60.000	60.000	5.000	9%	5,000	9%		
51040 On Call Premium	22.000	22.000	22.500	500	2%	-	0%		
51050 Burden and Benefits	847,200	819.900	896,200	49.000	6%	(27,300)	-3%		
o roco Barden and Benome	011,200	010,000	000,200	10,000	070	(27,000)	0,0		
Materials and Supplies									
52010 Supplies and Services	7,000	9,000	9,000	2,000	29%	2,000	29%		
51505 Employee Expense	3,000	3,000	3,000	-	0%	-	0%		
51515 Employee Travel	1,000	500	1,500	500	50%	(500)	-50%		
52651 Gasoline	62,000	47,900	32,000	(30,000)	-48%	(14,100)	-23%	Α	
52085 Small Tools	20,000	20,000	20,000	-	0%	-	0%		
52075 Parts and Materials	250,000	250,000	250,000	-	0%	-	0%		
52652 Diesel	-	7,500	8,000	-	N/A	-	N/A		
Outside Services									
53101 Education/Seminars	5,000	5,500	10,000	5,000	100%	500	10%		
53104 Uniforms	14,000	14,000	15,000	1,000	7%	-	0%		
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	325,000	300,000	325,000	-	0%	(25,000)	-8%		
53229 Hazardous Waste Disposal	40,000	10,000	40,000	-	0%	(30,000)	-75%		В
53232 Tool Rental	30,000	25,000	30,000	-	0%	(5,000)	-17%		1
	\$ 3,173,200	\$ 3,021,400	\$ 3,257,800	\$ 84,600	3%	\$ (151,800)	-5%		

⁽¹⁾ Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.(2) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.

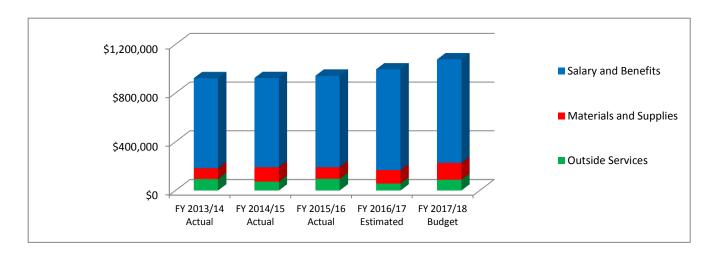
A. Gasoline purchases for all Agency vehicles was budgeted here and has now been moved to the individual department/division budgets.

B. Based on workload requirements.

Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs Expenditures

	7 2013/14 Actual	F۱	Y 2014/15 Actual	F	Y 2015/16 Actual	-	7 2016/17 stimated	F	Y 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 739,241	\$	735,000	\$	750,777	\$	828,500	\$	850,800
Materials and Supplies	88,227		118,434		95,777		110,300		137,000
Outside Services	94,606		71,496		95,366		57,100		88,600
Department Total	\$ 922,074	\$	924,930	\$	941,920	\$	995,900	\$	1,076,400

Positions	6.25	6.25	5.25	5.25	5.25



Total Operating Budget: \$24,546,700 Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs\$ \$1,076,400

	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	Budget
Workload Measures Total samples collected and analyzed*	97,400	55,600	53,400	54,000	54,000

^{*} Revised in FY 2015/16.

DIVISION: WATER QUALITY AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

Division Objective:

Conduct laboratory testing for process control, regulatory compliance and water quality improvements at the Agency's facilities and for the three major purveyors in the Santa Clarita Valley and other long-term partners and monitor and assess water quality statutory and regulatory changes for potential impacts to the Agency.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- Met all applicable water quality regulations.
- ♦ Tracked regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general.

Objectives – FY 2017/18

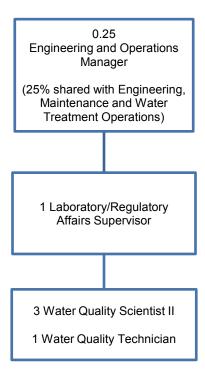
- ◆ Track regulatory and statutory changes at both the federal and state levels pertaining to the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Clean Water Act and the potable water community in general.
- ♠ Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended D.1.6 by actively managing and controlling expenditures.

Strategic Plan Key Result

The Agency's Strategic Plan includes a number of key performance measures relating to water quality. One of the key performance measures for the Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs Division is 100% Compliance with Water Quality Regulations and Standards (see also page 91). The progress of this measure is as follows:

Water Quality Measure	Standard	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Total Coliform Rule	All Samples ≤ 5%TC+, No EC +	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	95% Samples Turbidity < 0.2 NTU	1	1	1	1	1	Х	1	1	1	1
Surface Water Treatment Rule	95% Samples Chlorine Residual	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Meet Contact Time Requirements		NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	4	1	1
Safe Drinking Water Act - Phase II & V Monitoring	MCLs for organics and inorganics	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RAA for THM's < 80 ppb	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Disinfection By- products Rule			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	QA for Bromate < 10 ppb	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Permit Compliance	100% DPH Required Monitoring	NM	1	1	4						

Water Quality Laboratory/Regulatory Affairs Division Organization



Details of Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011500000 WATER QUALITY AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

	F١	2014/15	F١	/ 2015/16	FY 2016/17	F١	2016/17	F۱	/ 2017/18
		Actual		Actual	Budget	Е	stimated		Budget
Salary and Benefits									
51001 Salary	\$	483,345	\$	500,179	\$ 523,400	\$	530,100	\$	550,300
51007 Overtime		612		569	1,500		1,500		1,500
51050 Burden and Benefits		251,043		250,029	279,600		296,900		299,000
Materials and Supplies									
52010 Supplies and Services		2,760		3,396	4,400		3,300		7,000
51505 Employee Expense		1,678		3,053	3,000		3,000		3,000
51515 Employee Travel		983		2,284	4,000		4,000		4,000
52050 Laboratory Supplies		53,060		37,505	45,000		49,000		65,000
52055 Microbiological Samples		38,971		32,496	35,000		36,000		35,000
52605 Gases		7,612		8,152	15,000		5,000		10,000
52065 Performance Testing Samples/Standards		13,370		8,891	13,000		10,000		13,000
Outside Services									
53101 Education/Seminars		3,485		3,680	3,000		3,000		3,500
53104 Uniforms		1,874		1,889	2,100		2,100		2,100
53241 Temporary Personnel Service		=		=	5,000		=		=
53105 Outside Service/Contracting		40,632		52,675	45,000		40,000		48,000
53112 Commercial Services/Repairs		25,505		37,122	35,000		12,000		35,000
	\$	924,930	\$	941,920	\$ 1,014,000	\$	995,900	\$	1,076,400

Outside Service/Contracting includes:

Laboratory testing services, and tank and distillery services and rentals.

Water Quality and Regulatory Affairs FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011500000 WATER QUALITY AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

			FY 2016/1 FY 2017/18 FY 2017/		ange from 2016/17 to / 2017/18 Budget	•			%	(1)	(2)		
Salary and Benefits	Ĭ												
51001 Salary	\$ 523	400	\$ 530,100	\$	550,300	\$	26,900	5%	\$ 6,	700	1%		
51007 Overtime	1	500	1,500		1,500		-	0%		-	0%		
51050 Burden and Benefits	279	600	296,900		299,000		19,400	7%	17,	300	6%		
			,		,		-,		,				
Materials and Supplies													
52010 Supplies and Services	4	400	3,300		7,000		2,600	59%	(1,	100)	-25%		
51505 Employee Expense	3	,000	3,000		3,000		-	0%	•	-	0%		
51515 Employee Travel	4	,000	4,000		4,000		-	0%		-	0%		
52050 Laboratory Supplies	45	,000	49,000		65,000		20,000	44%	4,	000	9%	Α	
52055 Microbiological Samples	35	000	36,000		35,000		-	0%	1,	000	3%		
52605 Gases	15	000	5,000		10,000		(5,000)	-33%	(10,	000)	-67%		
52065 Performance Testing Samples/Standards	13	000	10,000		13,000		-	0%	(3,	000)	-23%		
									•				
Outside Services													
53101 Education/Seminars	3	000	3,000		3,500		500	17%		-	0%		
53104 Uniforms	2	100	2,100		2,100		-	0%		-	0%		
53241 Temporary Personnel Service	5	000	-		· -		(5,000)	-100%	(5,	000)	-100%		
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	45	000	40,000		48,000		3,000	7%	• •	000)	-11%		
53112 Commercial Services/Repairs		000	12,000		35,000		-	0%	• •	000)	-66%		В
·	\$ 1,014	,000	\$ 995,900	\$	1,076,400	\$	62,400	6%	\$ (18,	100)	-2%		

⁽¹⁾ Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.

⁽²⁾ Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.

A. Includes funds for supplies required for research on a Simultaneous Multiple Disinfecton Process.

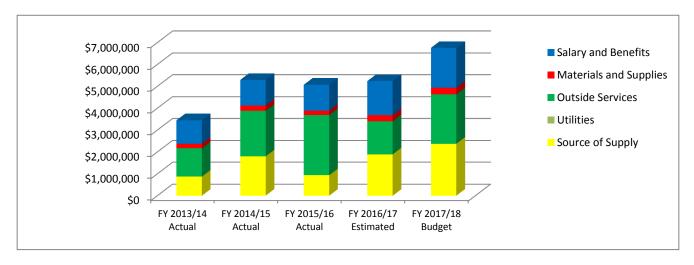
B. Based on workload requirements.

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Water Resources Expenditures

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 1,079,225	\$ 1,172,276	\$ 1,184,778	\$ 1,560,800	\$ 1,825,800
Materials and Supplies	204,632	239,373	199,385	273,000	305,000
Outside Services	1,287,444	2,082,057	2,753,812	1,515,000	2,257,000
Utilities	9,666	-	-	-	-
Source of Supply	867,592	1,795,630	934,065	1,892,800	2,370,200
Department Total	\$ 3,448,559	\$ 5,289,336	\$ 5,072,040	\$ 5,241,600	\$ 6,758,000

Positions	15	16	19	20	21



Total Operating Budget: \$ 24,546,700 Water Resources Budget: \$ 6,758,000

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Workload Measures					
School children educated	11,000	11,928	12,575	14,000	14,000
School teachers educated	350	350	365	350	350
Landscape education participants	490	722	814	800	800
Community events attended	36	34	26	30	30
Number of Facebook posts	200	320	376	360	360
Number of e-newsletter (Water Currents)					
subscribers	2,000	2,420	3,000	3,000	3,000
AF of water banked	-	(9,338)	-	5,000	5,000
Grant funding awarded (millions)	*	17	-	-	\$ -
CEQA and related certifications processed	-	-	6	4	4

^{*} Information not collected.

DEPARTMENT: WATER RESOURCES

Department Objective:

Manage and direct water supply augmentation, supply reliability, conservation and public outreach activities for the Agency.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- Organized and co-led efforts to comply with the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), including leading successful efforts to form the Santa Clarita Valley Groundwater Sustainability Agency, including four public meetings.
- Optimized value of imported water supplies through storage of water in Semitropic Water Bank, water exchanges with Central Coast Water Agency and Metropolitan Water District of Southern California and the sale of Agency's Buena Vista/Rosedale supply to water agencies in Kern County.
- Oversaw joint efforts with Irvine Ranch Water District and Rosedale Rio-Bravo Water Storage District to implement the dry-year recovery project.
- Received DWR certification that the 2015 Urban Water Management Plan complies with State requirements.
- In cooperation with Regional Water Management Group partners, obtained Regional Water Quality Control Board approval of the Basin Salt and Nutrient Management Plan and approval by the State Water Resources Control Board of accompanying Basin Plan modifications.
- Organized and administered a multi-media campaign on the Lawn Replacement Program, including print, outdoor, radio and digital ads.
- Continued a robust social media presence and updated the Agency's websites.
- Provided educational classes to over 10,000 children and 500 adults.
- Conducted public and stakeholder outreach through participation in community events, the Blue Ribbon Committee, legislative staff briefings, and national and regional conference participation.
- Continued to implement valley-wide conservation programs including residential and commercial turf replacement programs. Initiated new conservation programs including pool cover rebate program.
- Updated the Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan with an Addendum.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

•	Complete the 2017 Water Supply Reliability Report Update. P1	B.1.1
•	Participate in development and implementation of the California WaterFix, including:	B.1.3
	 Supporting interim financing of design and planning activities. P1 	
	 Supporting regulatory decisions that improve water supply reliability of the SWP in absence of California WaterFix. 	
•	Prepare the Agency Recycled Water Master Plan Update and California Environmental	B.2.1
	Quality Act document. P1	
•	Coordinate and analyze performance of water banking and exchange programs, local groundwater production and water conservation measures. P1	B.2.2
•	Implement dry-year recovery project for the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District	B.2.4
	Water Exchange and Banking Program. P1	
•	Continue to implement and assess programs identified in the updated Santa Clarita	B.4.1
	Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan (SCV WUE SP), P1	

P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue.

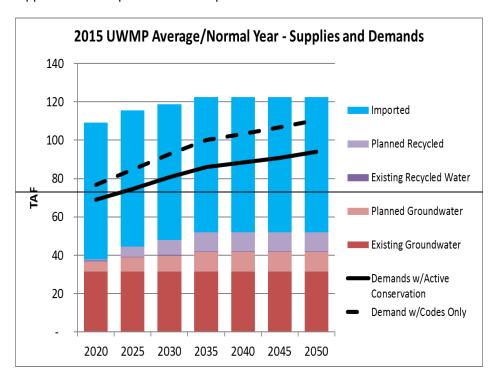
•	Monitor and provide input into Governor's proposed new water efficiency targets (beyond 20% by 2020). P1	B.4.3
•	Prepare a Proposition 1 grant application if available. P1	D.1.7
•	Identify projects and initiate planning for projects to enhance long-term water supply reliability identified in the updated Water Supply Reliability Report. P2	B.1.2
•	Support efforts to create and implement a new valley-wide water district for the Santa Clarita Valley.	A.4.1
•	Continue coordination with Agency legislative analysts in communications with local elected officials and their staffs.	A.5.3
•	Increase public understanding of water issues; raise awareness of and demand for conservation programs including: O Water conservation campaign(s) and related media buys	A.6.1
	Public and school educational programs Participation of multiple quarters	
	Participation at public events	
	Agency web site, e-newsletter and social media	
	 Self-guided landscape tour 	
	o Conservatory Garden	
•	Build positive public perception of the Agency as a leading resource and reliable authority on water issues engaging the Blue Ribbon Committee, Speakers' Bureau and Water Academy.	A.6.2
•	Support Agency efforts to work with public agencies and industry associations to	A.6.3
	influence water policy.	
•	Continue coordination with Agency legislative analysts in communications with local elected officials and their staffs.	A.7.1
•	In coordination with the retail purveyors, respond to SB 610 Water Supply Assessments and SB 221 Water Supply Verifications.	B.1.4
•	Participate in efforts to implement the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act for the Santa Clarita Valley.	B.2.3
•	Cooperate with DWR and other SWP contractors to improve the administration of the SWP in a manner that promotes long-term cost effectiveness, operational reliability and supply availability.	B.3.2
•	Ensure the Agency has full access to water supplies available to it under its SWP contract and other water supply agreements that rely on SWP conveyance to meet customer water demands and store water for reliability enhancement and dry year use.	B.3.3
•	Support local and statewide regulations consistent with the goals of the Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan.	B.4.2
•	Work with the Santa Clarita Valley Water Committee to further enhance retail purveyor,	B.4.4
	City and County drought and water conservation activities.	
•	Analyze and implement land use changes at Devil's Den that provide revenue and/or reduced operating costs, including potential development of solar facilities and land	B.7.26
	sales.	
•	Participate as necessary in efforts to implement the Sustainable Groundwater	B.7.27
	Management Act at the Agency's Devil's Den property.	D 4 0
•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	D.1.6

P1, P2 and P3 actions indicate highest, high and normal priority, respectively, and are shown in blue. 187

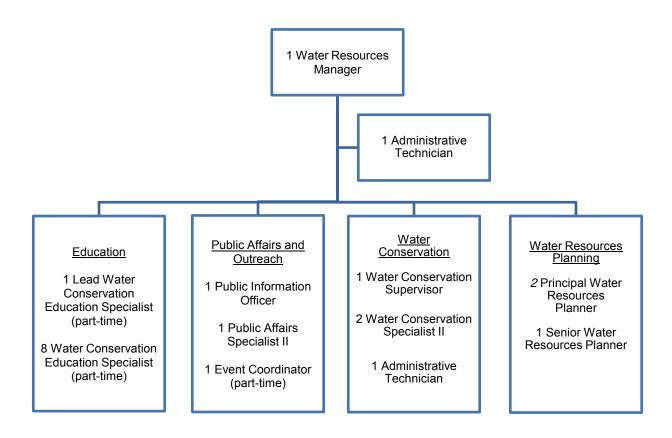
٠	Oversee and administer the Proposition 84 Upper Santa Clara River Integrated	D.1.8
	Regional Water Management grant program.	
•	Pursue federal funding for perchlorate contamination clean-up and recycled water projects in coordination with Washington, D.C. legislative advocate.	D.1.9
•	Administer awarded grants and assist project managers in determining reimbursement schedule.	D.1.10
٠	Identify and apply for grants for water use efficiency and other programs.	D.5.1

Strategic Plan Key Result

The Agency's Strategic Plan includes a number of key performance measures related to water supply reliability (see also pages 89-90). One of the key performance measures for the Water Resources Department is Long Term Water Supply. As indicated below, with the continued implementation of active water conservation programs (as prescribed in the Santa Clarita Valley Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan), water supplies are anticipated to be adequate.



Water Resources Department Organization



Details of Water Resources Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011300000 WATER RESOURCES

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Salary and Benefits					
51001 Salary	\$ 867,810	\$ 848,075	\$ 1,173,900	\$ 1,074,500	\$ 1,209,800
51007 Overtime	475	-	-	-	-
51008 Overtime - Public Events	24,166	31,613	29,000	32,000	35,000
51050 Burden and Benefits	303,072	307,226	512,300	454,300	581,000
51020 Less Reimbursement for shared positions	(23,247)	(2,136)	-	=	-
Materials and Supplies					
52010 Supplies and Services	15,786	18,144	20,000	20,000	35,000
51505 Employee Expense	6,045	7,580	9,000	9,000	11,000
51515 Employee Travel	9,063	12,158	17,000	19,000	25,000
52045 Materials and Services - Education	58,313	39,412	69,000	62,000	69,000
52025 Community Relations Promotions	51,718	43,891	65,000	63,000	65,000
52030 DD Landowner Expenditures	98,448	78,200	125,000	100,000	100,000
Outside Services					
53101 Education/Seminars	12,729	8,388	12,000	11,000	15,000
53104 Uniforms	421	438	1,000	-	-
53241 Temporary Personnel Service	137,212	218,368	10,000	5,000	-
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	10,200	9,350	25,000	10,000	-
53236 Professional Services/Consultants	280,761	152,518	250,000	165,000	225,000
53219 BMP Implementation	1,508,350	2,271,852	2,650,000	1,200,000	1,800,000
53218 Agency Publications	22,138	16,974	25,000	17,000	25,000
53222 Public Outreach Activities	19,131	20,873	32,000	32,000	32,000
53223 Public Relations Consulting	91,115	55,051	175,000	75,000	160,000
Source of Supply					
55501 Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo Supply *	616,451	934,065	1,333,400	1,767,800	2,320,200
55502 Firming Programs	1,179,179	-	-	125,000	50,000
	\$ 5,289,336	\$ 5,072,040	\$ 6,533,600	\$ 5,241,600	\$ 6,758,000

DD Landowner Expenditures includes:

Property management, legal analysis and property taxes.

Professional Services/Consultants includes:

Various studies and consulting relating to water supply reliability, reliability models, population forecasting, local water supplies and other such activities. Also includes funding of efforts to form a JPA under SGMA and initial SGMA technical studies.

BMP Implementation includes:

Various projects included in updated Water Use Efficiency Strategic Plan, such as residential and commercial turf replacement, weather-based irrigation controllers, pool covers, a gardener certification program and water conservation related outreach.

Public Relations Consulting includes:

Newspaper and radio ads, media buys, surveys, scholarships and other such activities.

^{*} In accordance with the new wholesale water rate structure, Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo water supply costs are being transitioned to the General Fund/Operating Budget over a ten-year period to fund the reserve and replacement reserve fund.

Water Resources FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011300000 WATER RESOURCES

	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 to FY 2017/18 Budget	%	Change from FY 2016/17 Budget to Estimated	%	(1)	(2)
Salary and Benefits	_								
51001 Salary	\$ 1,173,900	\$ 1,074,500	\$ 1,209,800	\$ 35,900	3%	\$ (99,400)	-8%		
51008 Overtime - Public Events	29,000	32,000	35,000	6,000	21%	3,000	10%		
51050 Burden and Benefits	512,300	454,300	581,000	68,700	13%	(58,000)	-11%	Α	J
Materials and Supplies									
52010 Supplies and Services	20,000	20,000	35,000	15,000	75%	-	0%		
51505 Employee Expense	9,000	9,000	11,000	2,000	22%	-	0%		
51515 Employee Travel	17,000	19,000	25,000	8,000	47%	2,000	12%		
52045 Materials and Services - Education	69,000	62,000	69,000	-	0%	(7,000)	-10%		
52025 Community Relations Promotions	65,000	63,000	65,000	-	0%	(2,000)	-3%		
52030 DD Landowner Expenditures	125,000	100,000	100,000	(25,000)	-20%	(25,000)	-20%	В	В
Outside Services									
53101 Education/Seminars	12,000	11,000	15,000	3,000	25%	(1,000)	-8%		
53104 Uniforms	1,000	-	-	(1,000)	-100%	(1,000)	-100%		
53241 Temporary Personnel Service	10,000	5,000	-	(10,000)	-100%	(5,000)	-50%		
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	25,000	10,000	-	(25,000)	-100%	(15,000)	-60%	С	
53236 Professional Services/Consultants	250,000	165,000	225,000	(25,000)	-10%	(85,000)	-34%	D	Н
53219 BMP Implementation	2,650,000	1,200,000	1,800,000	(850,000)	-32%	(1,450,000)	-55%	Ε	E
53218 Agency Publications	25,000	17,000	25,000	-	0%	(8,000)	-32%		
53222 Public Outreach Activities	32,000	32,000	32,000	-	0%	-	0%		
53223 Public Relations Consulting	175,000	75,000	160,000	(15,000)	-9%	(100,000)	-57%	F	1
Source of Supply									
55501 Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo Supply	1,333,400	1,767,800	2,320,200	986,800	74%	434,400	33%	G	G
55502 Firming Programs	-	125,000	50,000	50,000	0%	125,000	N/A		
	\$ 6,533,600	\$ 5,241,600	\$ 6,758,000	\$ 224,400	3%	\$ (1,292,000)	-20%		

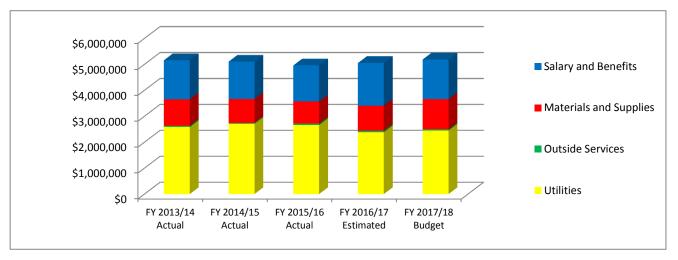
- (1) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.
- (2) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.
- A. Includes funds for one new position of Principal Water Resources Planner.
- B. Less funds than anticipated required for work related to a potential solar power facility and for the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA).
- C. Funds moved to the BMP Implementation Account.
- D. FY 2017/18 studies include facilitation and technical studies for SGMA, environmental studies related to the Santa Clara River and various ongoing reports, filings and technical support.
- E. Based on decreased participation in Agency water use efficiency programs, as well as cancellation of Drought Outreach Campaign.
- F. Based on workload requirements and anticipated hiring of a Public Information Officer.
- G. BV/RRB Water Supply Contract required a ten-year adjustment to the purchase price based on increases in SWP costs.
- H. Expenditures lower than budget as SGMA Facilitator was funded by the California Department of Water Resources.
- I. Based on workload requirements and deferral of Cal WaterFix Campaign. $\label{eq:campaign}$
- J. Due to staff vacancies.

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Water Treatment Operations Expenditures

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Salary and Benefits	\$ 1,503,944	\$ 1,440,685	\$ 1,389,255	\$ 1,643,500	\$ 1,531,300
Materials and Supplies	1,019,801	919,061	852,773	963,500	1,162,000
Outside Services	51,212	32,454	50,694	58,600	43,500
Utilities	2,581,021	2,708,272	2,661,386	2,384,100	2,449,000
Department Total	\$ 5,155,978	\$ 5,100,472	\$ 4,954,108	\$ 5,049,700	\$ 5,185,800

Positions	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75



Total Operating Budget: \$ 24,546,700 Water Treatment Operations : \$ 5,185,800

	FY 2013/14 Actual	FY 2014/15 Actual	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Workload Measures					
AF imported water treated	40,806	26,471	23,320	34,500	41,100
AF perchlorate-contaminated water treated					
(from Saugus 1 and 2 wells)	3,300	2,420	3,217	3,300	3,300
AF water sold at Saugus 1 and 2 well rate					
(per MOU)	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100
AF recycled water provided	325	433	461	450	450
Maximum day deliveries (mgd)	70	56	47	50	50

DIVISION: WATER TREATMENT OPERATIONS

Division Objective:

Optimize the operation of the Agency's three water treatment plants and ancillary facilities and fulfill the Agency's mission of providing reliable, quality water at a reasonable cost to the Santa Clarita Valley.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

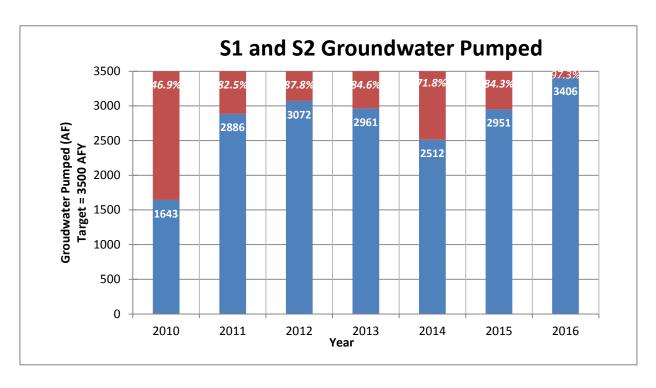
- ♦ Met all local water retailers' water demands.
- Met all applicable water quality regulations.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

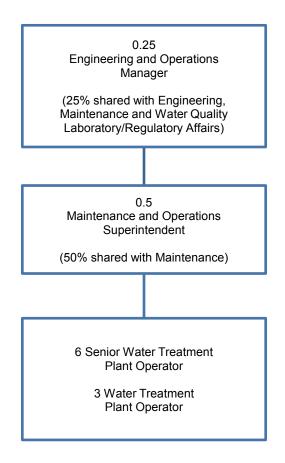
٠	Continue providing effective wholesale water service to Los Angeles. County	A.4.2
	Waterworks District #36.	
•	Meet local retail and wholesale water agency demands as appropriate.	B.3.1
•	Coordinate emergency response planning efforts with the local water agencies, County and City.	B.8.1
•	Meet all applicable water quality regulations.	C.1.1
•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	D.1.6
	expended by activery managing and controlling expenditures.	

Strategic Plan Key Result

The Agency's Strategic Plan includes a number of key performance measures related to water quality. One of the key performance measures for the Water Treatment Operations Division is Groundwater Pumped from the Perchlorate Remediation Saugus 1 and 2 Wells (see also page 91). The progress of this measure is as follows:



Water Treatment Operations Organization



Details of Water Treatment Operations Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

0011400000 WATER TREATMENT OPERATIONS

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Salary and Benefits					
51001 Salary	\$ 901,424	\$ 905,130	\$ 913,100	\$ 1,026,100	\$ 932,200
51007 Overtime	112,650	75,977	115,000	115,000	117,000
51050 Burden and Benefits	426,611	408,148	469,800	502,400	482,100
Materials and Supplies					
52010 Supplies and Services	3,946	2,044	4,000	3,000	11,000
51505 Employee Expense	-	1,794	-	-	-
51515 Employee Travel	60	1,009	1,000	500	1,000
52600 Chemicals	915,055	847,926	1,150,000	960,000	1,150,000
Outside Services					
53101 Education/Seminars	2,459	3,234	2,500	400	2,500
53104 Uniforms	2,657	2,179	2,300	3,200	5,000
53105 Outside Service/Contracting	-	-	3,000	-	6,000
53224 DDW Large Water System Fee	27,338	45,281	65,000	55,000	30,000
<u>Utilities</u>					
54402 Electricity - Treatment Plants	545,533	772,956	350,000	448,000	360,000
54401 Electricity - Pumping	1,875,513	1,528,917	1,800,000	1,616,000	1,648,000
54403 Electricity - Other	50,580	48,516	50,000	45,000	50,000
54404 Electricity - Wells	127,271	131,079	135,000	136,000	140,000
54430 Telemetry	13,747	14,638	10,000	10,000	11,000
54426 Recycled Water Purchase	95,628	165,280	105,000	129,100	240,000
	\$ 5,100,472	\$ 4,954,108	\$ 5,175,700	\$ 5,049,700	\$ 5,185,800

Water Treatment Operations FY 2017/18 Budget - Comparison Data

0011400000 WATER TREATMENT OPERATIONS

		FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 to FY 2017/18 Budget	%	Change from FY 2016/17 Budget to Estimated	%	(1)	(2)
Sa	lary and Benefits								` '	广
51001 Sa		\$ 913,100	\$ 1,026,100	\$ 932.200	\$ 19.100	2%	\$ 113,000	12%		
51007 Ov	,	115,000	115,000	117,000	2,000	2%	-	0%		
51050 Bu	irden and Benefits	469,800	502,400	482,100	12,300	3%	32,600	7%		
Ma	aterials and Supplies									
52010 Su	pplies and Services	4,000	3,000	11,000	7,000	175%	(1,000)	-25%		
51515 Em	nployee Travel	1,000	500	1,000	-	0%	(500)	-50%		
52600 Ch	nemicals	1,150,000	960,000	1,150,000	-	0%	(190,000)	-17%		D
<u>Ou</u>	utside Services									
53101 Ed	lucation/Seminars	2,500	400	2,500	-	0%	(2,100)	-84%		
53104 Un	niforms	2,300	3,200	5,000	2,700	117%	900	39%		
53105 Ou	utside Service/Contracting	3,000	-	6,000	3,000	100%	(3,000)	-100%		
53224 DP	PH Large Water System Fee	65,000	55,000	30,000	(35,000)	-54%	(10,000)	-15%	A	
<u>Uti</u>	ilities_									
54402 Ele	ectricity - Treatment Plants	350,000	448,000	360,000	10,000	3%	98,000	28% I	В	В
54401 Ele	ectricity - Pumping	1,800,000	1,616,000	1,648,000	(152,000)	-8%	(184,000)	-10% I	В	В
54403 Ele	ectricity - Other	50,000	45,000	50,000	-	0%	(5,000)	-10%		
54404 Ele	ectricity - Wells	135,000	136,000	140,000	5,000	4%	1,000	1%		
54430 Te	elemetry	10,000	10,000	11,000	1,000	10%	-	0%		
54426 Re	ecycled Water Purchase	105,000	129,100	240,000	135,000	129%	24,100	23%	С	D
		\$ 5,175,700	\$ 5,049,700	\$ 5,185,800	\$ 10,100	0%	\$ (126,000)	-2%		

- (1) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2017/18 Budget more than 10% and \$20,000.(2) Changes from FY 2016/17 Budget to FY 2016/17 Estimated more than 10% and \$20,000.
- A. Based on workload requirements.
- B. Based on solar project reimbursements.
- C. Based on actual rate charged by Santa Clarita Valley Sanitation District.
- D. Includes funds for the purchase of recycled water for grading of Mission Village of Newhall Ranch.

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CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM BUDGET

Goals:

Complete construction of capital facilities required to provide potable and recycled water to purveyors in advance of need. Maintain function and proper operation of existing facilities.

Introduction: The Capital Budget for the Agency in FY 2017/18 is presented in this section. Capital projects are defined as non-operating expense items of the budget, which includes expenditures for fixed asset/equipment purchases as well as the accumulation of expenditures associated with construction projects. Capital Projects typically have a life of five years or more. The categories of capital projects are:

- Major Capital Projects. The acquisition of land, facilities, works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water. Major capital projects are typically included in the Agency's Capital Improvement Program and Facility Capacity Fee Study, and cost more than \$1 million.
- Minor Capital Projects. Minor capital projects include the acquisition of land, facilities, works and improvements; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities. Minor capital projects take less time to develop and are not generally included in the Agency's Facility Capacity Fee Study. Minor capital projects cost \$1 million or less.
- <u>Capital Planning, Studies and Administration</u>. Non-operating expenses, including but not limited to (1) studies in support of major capital projects and (2) non-recurring studies.
- New Capital Equipment. The purchase of fixed asset equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more. New Capital Equipment has all of the following characteristics: (1) normal useful life of at least one year or more; (2) an acquisition cost of at least \$5,000; and (3) generally is facility or plant specific and not portable or used in various locations.
- Repair and Replacement. Minor changes or additions to existing Agency-owned grounds or buildings and the electrical, lighting, plumbing, air conditioning or heating systems contained therein, which correct unsafe or unhealthful working conditions, increase operating efficiency, promote improved service to the public and provide for the installation of equipment and security devices. Repair and Replacement also includes equipment which are installed components to Repair and Replacement Projects and the cost including tax is \$5,000 or greater. Generally, this includes replacement of equipment after end of mechanical or electrical service life such as impellers, circuit breakers, transformers, stator coils, valves or HVAC components. It also includes repairs or modifications that will bring plant or facility equipment back to normal functioning level. Repair and Replacement equipment has all of the following characteristics:
 (1) replacement of spare parts and components initially furnished by a contractor or manufacturer not included with the original machinery;
 (2) equipment that will be attached to original machinery throughout its useful life and
 (3) plant, facility or building specific electrical or mechanical components. The capital budget for repair and replacement generally excludes portable equipment and small tools that can be used in various locations.

Capital Improvement Program

FY 2017/18 Budget

Section Summary

SUMMARY

Category	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	ange from FY 16/17 Budget
Major Capital Projects (1)	\$ 19,008,900	\$ 7,612,400	\$ 23,158,000	\$ 4,149,100
Minor Capital Projects (2)	2,464,000	2,383,000	795,000	(1,669,000)
Capital Planning, Studies and Administration (3)	8,605,500	9,363,000	9,376,700	771,200
New Capital Equipment	881,000	370,000	1,214,000	333,000
Major Repair and Replacement	770,000	771,100	1,080,000	310,000
Total	\$ 31,729,400	\$ 20,499,500	\$ 35,623,700	\$ 3,894,300

SOURCES OF FUNDING

Category	FY 2017/18 Budget	Ca	apital Project Fund	_	one Percent roperty Tax	Faci	lity Capacity Fee
Major Capital Projects (1)	\$ 23,158,000	\$	21,458,000	\$	1,700,000	\$	-
Minor Capital Projects (2)	795,000		-		795,000		-
Capital Planning, Studies and Administration (3)	9,376,700		-		6,337,800		3,038,900
New Capital Equipment	1,214,000		-		1,214,000		-
Major Repair and Replacement	1,080,000		-		1,080,000		-
Total	\$ 35,623,700	\$	21,458,000	\$	11,126,800	\$	3,038,900

⁽¹⁾ Major Capital Projects Budget of \$23,158,000 includes \$3,724,500 of engineering soft costs, of which \$2,879,000 is provided by consultants and \$845,500 is provided by Agency staff.

⁽³⁾ Capital Planning, Studies and Administration Budget of \$9,376,000 includes \$141,700 of Agency staff labor costs.

Total Agency labor charged to CIP: \$	\$ 1,027,000
(See position listing on pp. 132-133)	

 $^{(2) \ {\}it Minor Capital Projects Budget of \$795,000 includes \$39,800 of Agency staff labor costs.}$

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY Major Capital Projects FY 2017/18 Budget

Major Capital Projects are funded by different sources of funds.

		Project	Total Estimated	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
CIP No.	Project Title	Category (A, B, C)	Project Cost	Budget	Estimated	Budget
	i reject state	(-,-,-,	,			
Debt-fund	ded Projects					
200903	Castaic Conduit	A, C	\$ 15,116,000	\$ 378,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 353,000
200010	Distribution System - RV-2 Modifications	Α	4,156,000	75,000	122,000	3,346,000
200105	ESFP Clearwell/CT Improvements	A, B, C	8,606,000	4,056,000	876,000	5,786,000
200103	ESFP Sludge Collection System	B, C	14,641,000	235,000	143,000	34,000
200151	ESIPS Pipeline Improvements	Α	4,083,000	733,000	274,000	3,706,000
200905	Foothill Feeder Connection	С	5,308,000	4,859,200	445,000	4,236,000
200510	Honby Parallel	A, C	21,444,000	627,000	396,000	130,000
200525	Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 4	A, C	3,479,000	31,000	-	75,000
200526	Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 5	A, C	3,762,000	23,000	1,000	23,000
200527	Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 6	A, C	8,876,000	4,000	-	4,000
200528	Magic Mountain Reservoir	A, C	37,943,000	4,000	55,000	211,000
200453	Recycled Water Program Phase II, 2A - Central Park		13,394,000	107,000	27,000	17,000
200454	Recycled Water Program Phase II, 2B - Vista Canyon	С	5,094,000	337,000	46,000	369,000
200455	Recycled Water Program Phase II 2C - South End	С	14,382,000	380,000	29,000	453,000
200456	Recycled Water Program Phase II, 2D - West Ranch	С	2,465,000	265,000	38,000	395,000
200011	RVWTP Clearwell Cover Improvements	A, B, C	10,303,500	231,200	102,900	_
200906	Rosedale Rio Bravo Extraction	С	9,736,000	5,833,500	4,812,500	2,000,000
200963	Saugus Formation Dry Year Reliability Wells	B, C	9,501,000	380,000	91,000	320,000
200907	Semitropic Stored Water Recovery Unit	C	8,462,000	5,000	-	-
Projects I	 Funded "Pay-as-you-go"					A
200964	Groundwater Treatment Improvements	В	1,933,000	-	10,000	1,040,000
200962	Replacement Wells	B, C	9,779,000	380,000	85,000	320,000 E
200012	RVWTP Entrance Gate and Security Kiosk	A	1,901,000	65,000	-	_
200013	Water Conservation and Education Garden	Α	tbd		_	340,000
	Total Major Capital Projects		\$ 214,364,500	\$ 19,008,900	\$ 7,612,400	\$ 23,158,000

A. Funded by one percent property tax revenues.

CATEGORY A: Operational Requirement/Improvement Project CATEGORY B: Water Quality/Regulatory Project

CATEGORY C: Capacity/Demand Improvement Project

B. Will be submitted for reimbursement from the perchlorate settlement agreement.

CIP No: 200903

Project Title: Castaic Conduit

Legal Name: Castaic Conduit

Description: Construction of a 54-inch diameter pipeline to replace the existing 36-

inch and 39-inch diameter sections of the Castaic Conduit Pipeline.

Function: Convey treated water from the treatment plants to various turnouts.

Improves the transmission system hydraulics.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Public rights-of-way encroachment and pipeline easements will be

obtained during the design phase.

Impacted Facilities: Castaic Conduit Pipeline

CEQA: A Mitigated Negative Declaration was adopted by the Board of Directors

on March 9, 2011.

Project Schedule: Complete design in 2019. At that time a decision will be made to

proceed or not proceed with construction based on Agency's financial situation. Anticipate project will be constructed within five years.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform land acquisition.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be less

than \$5,000.

	CASTAIC C	ONDUIT			
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 102,000	\$ 102,000	\$ -	\$ 102,000	\$ -
Agency Labor	14,000	14,000	-	14,000	-
Consultant	84,000	84,000	-	84,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	1,033,000	1,033,000	59,000	805,000	178,000
Agency Labor	57,000	57,000	8,000	36,000	20,000
Consultant	947,000	947,000	50,000	760,000	150,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	29,000	29,000	1,000	9,000	8,000
Construction Services					-
Construction Management	1,263,000	1,263,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	94,000	94,000	-	-	-
Consultant	1,144,000	1,144,000	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	25,000	25,000	-	-	-
Engineering during Construction	1,100,000	1,100,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-
Consultant	1,100,000	1,100,000	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	11,185,000	11,185,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	11,000,000	11,000,000	-	-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	145,000	145,000	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	40,000	40,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	433,000	433,000	-	-	175,000
Permitting	160,000	160,000	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	170,000	170,000	-	-	170,000
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	37,000	37,000	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	66,000	66,000		<u>-</u>	5,000
TOTAL	\$ 15,116,000	\$ 15,116,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 907,000	\$ 353,000

CIP No: 200010

Project Title: Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications

Legal Name: Distribution System – RV-2 Modifications

Description: Replacement of existing 72 inch valve and construction of modifications

to the existing Rio Vista Valve #2 facility.

Function: Control treated water system hydraulics. Improves operational flexibility

and system reliability.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 100 percent.

Site Requirements: Easements for the modified facility will be obtained during the design

phase.

Impacted Facilities: Rio Vista Valve #2

CEQA: Categorical Exemption (Class 2, Section 15302 of the California

Environmental Quality Act Guidelines).

Project Schedule: Complete design in FY 2016/17. Construction to start in FY 2017/18.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform construction.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be less

than \$5,000.

DISTRI	BUTIO	N SYSTEM -	RV-2 MODIFICA	TIONS		
Category	Estir	Y 2016/17 mated Total oject Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$	142,000	\$ 142,000	\$ -	\$ 142,000	\$ -
Agency Labor		13,000	13,000	-	13,000	-
Consultant		127,000	127,000	-	127,000	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		2,000	2,000	-	2,000	-
Design (Including Bid Services)		610,000	637,000	95,000	637,000	-
Agency Labor		51,000	52,000	15,000	52,000	-
Consultant		537,000	568,000	79,000	568,000	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		22,000	17,000	1,000	17,000	-
Construction Services						
Construction Management		497,000	386,000	-	-	386,000
Agency Labor		92,000	81,000	-	-	81,000
Consultant		400,000	300,000	-	-	300,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		5,000	5,000	-	-	5,000
Engineering during Construction		200,000	200,000	-	-	200,000
Agency Labor		-	-	-	-	-
Consultant		200,000	200,000	-	-	200,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs		2,465,000	2,750,000	-	-	2,750,000
Construction Contract(s)		2,400,000	2,700,000	-	-	2,700,000
Construction by Agency Forces		40,000	40,000	-	-	40,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		25,000	10,000	-	-	10,000
Additional Project Delivery Costs		14,000	41,000	27,000	28,000	10,000
Permitting		5,000	5,000	-	-	5,000
Land Acquisition		-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		9,000	36,000	27,000	28,000	5,000
TOTAL	\$	3,928,000	\$ 4,156,000	\$ 122,000	\$ 807,000	\$ 3,346,000

CIP No: 200105

Project Title: Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant (ESFP) Clearwell/CT Improvements

Legal Name: ESFP Clearwell/CT Improvements

Description: Construction of a new disinfection contactor to improve disinfection

contact time (CT) at the ESFP.

Function: Improves disinfection contact time at ESFP and provides increased

assurance of operating permit compliance.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 100 percent.

Site Requirements: ESFP property is held in fee by CLWA.

Impacted Facilities: ESFP

CEQA: Categorical Exemption (Class 1, Section 15301 of the California

Environmental Quality Act Guidelines).

Project Schedule: Construction activities started in FY 2016/17 and will continue during FY

2017/18.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Complete construction of the disinfection contactor.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected annual operating cost increase is anticipated to be less

than \$5,000.

EARL SCHMIDT FILTRA	TION PLANT (E	SFP) CLEARWELL	/CT IMPROVEMI	ENTS	
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Tot Project Cost	Current al Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 52,00	0 \$ 52,000	\$ -	\$ 52,000	-
Agency Labor	1,00	0 1,000	-	1,000	-
Consultant	50,00	50,000	-	50,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	1,00	1,000	-	1,000	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	629,00	0 662,000	103,000	659,000	-
Agency Labor	45,00	75,000	45,000	75,000	-
Consultant	557,00	557,000	50,000	555,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	27,00	30,000	8,000	29,000	-
Construction Services					
Construction Management	1,296,00	1,062,000	-	-	806,000
Agency Labor	151,00	0 151,000	20,000	20,000	125,000
Consultant	1,134,00	900,000	75,000	75,000	675,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	11,00	11,000	2,000	2,000	6,000
Engineering during Construction	600,00	250,000	-	-	150,000
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-
Consultant	600,00	250,000	40,000	40,000	150,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	6,279,00	0 6,389,000	773,000	773,000	4,830,000
Construction Contract(s)	5,790,00		350,000	350,000	4,800,000
Construction by Agency Forces	73,00	, ,	23,000	23,000	25,000
Equipment		-	,:50		-
Other Direct Costs	416,00	416,000	400,000	400,000	5,000
Additional Project Delivery Costs	191,00	0 191,000		11,000	_
Permitting	160,00	0 160,000	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	31,00	31,000	-	11,000	-
TOTAL	\$ 9,047,00	0 \$ 8,606,000	\$ 876,000	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 5,786,000

CIP No: 200103

Project Title: Earl Schmidt Filtration Plant (ESFP) Sludge Collection System

Legal Name: ESFP Sludge Collection System

Description: Construction of new facilities and modifications to existing facilities to

upgrade the ESFP wash water return and sludge collection system.

Function: Improves the operational reliability of the wash water return system and

the maintenance of the sludge collection system.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 100 percent.

Site Requirements: Property is held in fee by CLWA.

Impacted Facilities: **ESFP**

CEQA: Categorical Exemption (Class 1, Section 15301 of the California

Environmental Quality Act Guidelines).

Complete design in FY 2017/18 and complete construction in FY **Project Schedule:**

2019/20.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform final design and construction bidding.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be less

than \$8,000.

EARL SCHMIDT FILTRA	ATION PLANT (E	SFP) SLUDGE CO	DLLECTION SYS	TEM	
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 193,000	\$ 192,000	\$ -	\$ 192,000	\$ -
Agency Labor	18,000	17,000	-	17,000	-
Consultant	170,000	170,000	-	170,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	590,000	651,000	143,000	617,000	34,000
Agency Labor	40,000	33,000	13,000	22,000	11,000
Consultant	532,000	611,000	129,000	593,000	18,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	18,000	7,000	1,000	2,000	5,000
Construction Services					
Construction Management	1,158,000	1,158,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	130,000	130,000	-	-	-
Consultant	1,008,000	1,008,000	-	-	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	-	-	-
Engineering during Construction	500,000	500,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-
Consultant	500,000	500,000	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	7,120,000	12,120,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	7,000,000	12,000,000	-	-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	100,000	100,000	-	-	-
Equipment	20,000	20,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	20,000	20,000	-		-
Permitting	-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 9,581,000	\$ 14,641,000	\$ 143,000	\$ 809,000	\$ 34,000

CIP No: 200151

Project Title: Earl Schmidt Intake Pump Station (ESIPS) Pipeline Improvements

Legal Name: ESIPS Pipeline Improvements

Description: Construction of pipeline improvements to the ESIPS suction and

discharge pipelines.

Function: Improve the reliability of the pipelines at the ESIPS.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 100 percent.

Site Requirements: Property is held in fee by CLWA.

Impacted Facilities: ESIPS

CEQA: Categorical Exemption (Class 1, Section 15301 of the California

Environmental Quality Act Guidelines).

Project Schedule: Complete construction in FY 2017/18.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform construction.

Projected Impact on Operating Costs:

No impact on operating costs is anticipated.

EARL SCHMIDT INTAK	(E PUN	IP STATIO	N (ESIPS) PIPELI	NE IMPROVEME	NTS	
Category	Estin	/ 2016/17 nated Total pject Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$	112,000	\$ 151,000	\$ 48,000	\$ 151,000	\$ -
Agency Labor		10,000	21,000	11,000	21,000	-
Consultant		100,000	130,000	37,000	130,000	-
Equipment				-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		2,000	-	-	-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)		245,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	-
Agency Labor		15,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	-
Consultant		225,000	208,000	208,000	208,000	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		5,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	-
Construction Services						
Construction Management		641,000	649,000	-	-	649,000
Agency Labor		73,000	86,000	-	-	86,000
Consultant		558,000	558,000	-	-	558,000
Equipment				-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		10,000	5,000	-	-	5,000
Engineering during Construction		150,000	150,000	-	-	150,000
Agency Labor		-	-	-	-	-
Consultant		150,000	150,000	-	-	150,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs		1,010,000	2,905,000	-	-	2,905,000
Construction Contract(s)		1,000,000	2,900,000	-	-	2,900,000
Construction by Agency Forces			-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		10,000	5,000	-	-	5,000
Additional Project Delivery Costs		5,000	3,000	1,000	1,000	2,000
Permitting		-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition		-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		5,000	3,000	1,000	1,000	2,000
TOTAL	\$	2,163,000	\$ 4,083,000	\$ 274,000	\$ 377,000	\$ 3,706,000

CIP No: 200905

Project Title: Foothill Feeder Connection

Legal Name: Metropolitan Water District of Southern California Foothill Feeder

Interconnection CLWA-01

Description: Construction of a permanent turnout structure known as CLWA-01. This

facility will replace the current temporary connection, which will be left in

place as a back-up.

Function: Increases capacity of RVWTP deliveries from 93.4 cubic feet per

second (cfs), or 60 million gallons per day (MGD), to 140 cfs (90 MGD). Allows RVWTP to receive deliveries at its current permitted operating capacity of 66 MGD and any capacity expansions up to 90 MGD.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Public rights-of-way, encroachment and pipeline easements will be

obtained prior to construction.

Impacted Facilities: Raw Water (102-inch) Pipeline and Foothill Feeder Connection (42-

inch) pipeline

CEQA: Environmental Impact Report for the RVWTP Expansion, which

includes permanent Foothill Feeder Connection, was certified by the Board of Directors on June 28, 2006, and the Addendum to the Certified

EIR was approved on March 11, 2009.

Project Schedule: Construction will commence in last quarter of FY 2016/17. Completion

is dependent on timing of Metropolitan Water District of Southern

California's shutdown of Foothill Feeder.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform construction.

Projected Impact on Operating Costs:

No impact on operating costs is anticipated.

CIP No. 200905

F	OOTHILL FEEDEI	R CONNECTION			
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-
Consultant	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	_	_	-	-	_
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	83,000	190,000	11,000	178,000	12,000
Agency Labor	24,000	50,000	10,000	48,000	2,000
Consultant	39,000	120,000	-	114,000	6,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	1,000	16,000	4,000
Construction Services				-	
Construction Management	353,000	519,000	49,000	54,000	465,000
Agency Labor	53,000	56,000	-	5,000	51,000
Consultant	300,000	450,000	45,000	45,000	405,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	13,000	4,000	4,000	9,000
Engineering during Construction	295,000	672,000	30,000	385,000	287,000
Agency Labor	32,000	52,000	5,000	5,000	47,000
Consultant	263,000	265,000	25,000	25,000	240,000
Equipment		355,000	-	355,000	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	4,351,000	3,596,000	305,000	305,000	3,291,000
Construction Contract(s)	3,738,000	3,000,000	300,000	300,000	2,700,000
Construction by Agency Forces	53,000	56,000	-	-	56,000
Equipment	12,000	-	_	_	-
Other Direct Costs	560,000	540,000	5,000	5,000	535,000
Additional Project Delivery Costs	226,000	331,000	50,000	50,000	181,000
Permitting	26,000	31,000	-	-	31,000
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	150,000	-	-	50,000
Other Direct Costs	200,000	150,000	50,000	50,000	100,000
TOTAL	\$ 5,308,000	\$ 5,308,000	\$ 445,000	\$ 972,000	\$ 4,236,000

Note: Project has been awarded \$1.5 million in State Proposition 84 grant funding.

CIP No: 200964

Project Title: Groundwater Treatment Improvement Project

Legal Name: Groundwater Treatment Improvement Project

Description: Design and construction of a liquid granular activated treatment (GAC)

process that would remove volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from groundwater pumped from the Saugus wells 1 and 2. The GAC would be installed upstream and in series with the currently operating 2,400 gallon per minute capacity. Saugus Perchlorate Treatment Facility (SPTF), located at the Rio Vista Intake Pump Station (RVIPS).

Function: VOCs would be removed to non-detect levels, consistent with the

SPTF's operational goal.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 100 percent.

Site Requirements: Space is available at the RVIPS adjacent to the SPTF.

Impacted Facilities: SPTF and RVIPS.

CEQA: Environmental documentation will be completed in FY 2017/18.

Project Schedule: Design to be completed during FY 2017/18. Construction to begin in

FY 2017/18 and finish in FY 2018/19.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Final design, construction bidding and initiate construction.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

Once operations commence in FY 2018/19 annual operational costs are estimated at \$40,000 with occasional carbon change-out costs of about

\$260,000.

GROUNDWA	TER TREATMENT	IMPROVEMENT	PROJECT		
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ -
Agency Labor	_	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Consultant	-	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	-	155,000	-	-	\$ 155,000
Agency Labor	-	10,000	-	-	10,000
Consultant	-	135,000	-	-	135,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	10,000	-	-	10,000
Construction Services		_		_	_
Construction Management	-	145,000	-	-	73,000
Agency Labor	-	10,000	-	-	5,000
Consultant	-	135,000	-	-	68,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering during Construction	-	60,000	-	-	30,000
Agency Labor	-	10,000	-	-	5,000
Consultant	-	50,000	-	-	25,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	-	1,493,000	-	-	747,000
Construction Contract(s)	-	1,443,000	-	-	722,000
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	50,000	-	-	25,000
Additional Project Delivery Costs	-	70,000	-	-	35,000
Permitting		10,000	-	-	5,000
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	10,000	-	-	5,000
Other Direct Costs	-	50,000	-	-	25,000
TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 1,933,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,040,000

CIP No: 200510

Project Title: Honby Parallel – Phase 2

Legal Name: Honby Parallel

Description: Construction of a 60-inch diameter pipeline to replace the existing 33-

inch and 36-inch diameter pipelines from the end of the Honby Parallel

Phase 1 pipeline to the Sand Canyon Pump Station.

Function: Convey treated water to the eastern portion of the service area.

Improves the transmission system hydraulics.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Public rights-of-way encroachment and pipeline easements will be

obtained during the design phase.

Impacted Facilities: Honby Lateral and Bypass Pipelines

CEQA: An Environmental Impact Report was certified by the Board of Directors

on July 13, 2005.

Project Schedule: Anticipate project will be constructed mid-2022.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Right-of-way acquisition and project administration.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be less than \$5,000.

	HONBY PARALL	.EL - PHASE 2			
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 461,000	\$ 461,000	\$ -	\$ 461,000	-
Agency Labor	20,000	20,000	-	20,000	-
Consultant	435,000	435,000		435,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	6,000	6,000		6,000	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	1,455,000	1,455,000	2,000	881,000	130,000
Agency Labor	85,000	85,000	2,000	57,000	25,000
Consultant	1,342,000	1,342,000	-	817,000	100,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	28,000	28,000	-	7,000	5,000
Construction Services					
Construction Management	1,839,000	1,839,000	-	104,000	-
Agency Labor	141,000	141,000	-	5,000	-
Consultant	1,682,000	1,682,000	-	98,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	16,000	16,000	-	1,000	-
Engineering during Construction	1,292,000	1,292,000	-	92,000	-
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-
Consultant	1,292,000	1,292,000	-	92,000	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	15,153,000	15,153,000	-	53,000	-
Construction Contract(s)	15,000,000	15,000,000	-	-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	153,000	153,000	-	53,000	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	1,244,000	1,244,000	394,000	909,000	-
Permitting	159,000	159,000	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	10,000	10,000	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	50,000	50,000	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	1,025,000	1,025,000	394,000	909,000	-
TOTAL	\$ 21,444,000	\$ 21,444,000	\$ 396,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 130,000

CIP No: 200525

Project Title: Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 4

Legal Name: Lateral Extension and Storage II

Description: Construction of a pipeline and reservoir to convey imported water

from the end of the existing Magic Mountain Pipeline. Phase 3 to the

beginning of the proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline, Phase 5.

Function: Provides facilities for CLWA to convey imported water to the western

portion of the service area.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Pipeline will be constructed in public rights-of-way and easements.

Impacted Facilities: This project includes a tie-in to the existing Magic Mountain Pipeline,

Phase 3.

CEQA: Notice of Determination filed in FY 2014/15.

Project Schedule: Design to be completed in FY 2017/18 and construction in FY

2018/19.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform final design.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating costs is anticipated to be

less than \$5,000.

M	AGIC MOUNTAIN	PIPELINE NO. 4			
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ -
Agency Labor	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	-
Consultant	-	-			-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-		-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	143,000	163,000	-	88,000	75,000
Agency Labor	18,000	9,000	-	6,000	3,000
Consultant	117,000	148,000	-	81,000	67,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	8,000	6,000	-	1,000	5,000
Construction Services					
Construction Management	201,000	201,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	32,000	32,000		-	-
Consultant	164,000	164,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	5,000	5,000		-	-
Engineering during Construction	100,000	100,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	-		-	-
Consultant	100,000	100,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-		-	-
Capital Construction Costs	3,005,000	3,005,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	3,000,000	3,000,000		-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	5,000	5,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	5,000	5,000	-	-	-
Permitting	-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	-	-		-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	5,000	5,000	-		-
TOTAL	\$ 3,459,000	\$ 3,479,000	\$ -	\$ 93,000	\$ 75,000

CIP No: 200526

Project Title: Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 5

Lateral Extension and Storage II

Description: Construction of a pipeline to convey imported water from the end of the

proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline, Phase 4 to the beginning of the

proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline, Phase 6.

Function: Provides facilities for CLWA to convey imported water to the western

portion of the service area.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Pipeline will be constructed in public rights-of-way and easements.

Impacted Facilities: This project includes a tie-in to the proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline,

Phase 4.

CEQA: Notice of Determination filed in FY 2014/15.

Project Schedule: Design to be completed in FY 2018/19 and construction in FY 2019/20.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform final design.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating costs is anticipated to be less

than \$5,000.

M	AGIC	MOUNTAIN	PIPELINE NO. 5			
Category	Estir	Y 2016/17 mated Total pject Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency Labor		-	-		-	-
Consultant		-	-		-	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-		-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)		141,000	141,000	1,000	20,000	23,000
Agency Labor		25,000	25,000	1,000	2,000	2,000
Consultant		110,000	110,000	-	18,000	20,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		6,000	6,000	-	-	1,000
Construction Services						
Construction Management		201,000	201,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor		50,000	50,000		-	-
Consultant		146,000	146,000		-	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		5,000	5,000		-	-
Engineering during Construction		100,000	100,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor		-	-		-	-
Consultant		100,000	100,000		-	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	- -		-	-
Capital Construction Costs		3,310,000	3,310,000	-	_	_
Construction Contract(s)		3,300,000	3,300,000		_	_
Construction by Agency Forces		-	-	-	-	_
Equipment		_	-	-	-	_
Other Direct Costs		10,000	10,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs		10,000	10,000	-	-	-
Permitting		-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition		-	-		-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		10,000	10,000	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$	3,762,000	\$ 3,762,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 23,000

CIP No: 200527

Project Title: Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 6

Lateral Extension and Storage II

Description: Construction of a pipeline to convey imported water from the end of the

proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline, Phase 5 to the proposed Magic

Mountain Reservoir site.

Function: Provides facilities for CLWA to convey imported water to the western

portion of the service area.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: To be determined during the design phase.

Impacted Facilities: This project includes a tie-in to the proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline,

Phase 5.

CEQA: Notice of Determination filed in FY 2014/15.

Project Schedule: Design to be completed in FY 2019/20 and construction in FY 2020/21.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Project administration.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating costs is anticipated to be less

than \$5,000.

M	AGIC MOUNTAIN	PIPELINE NO. 6			
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Agency Labor	-	-		-	-
Consultant	-	-		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-		-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	300,000	300,000	-	1,000	4,000
Agency Labor	19,000	19,000	-	1,000	3,000
Consultant	275,000	275,000			-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	6,000	6,000	-	-	1,000
Construction Services					
Construction Management	341,000	341,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	86,000	86,000		-	-
Consultant	250,000	250,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	5,000	5,000		-	-
Engineering during Construction	200,000	200,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	-		-	-
Consultant	200,000	200,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-		-	-
Capital Construction Costs	8,025,000	8,025,000	_	_	_
Construction Contract(s)	8,000,000	8,000,000			
Construction by Agency Forces	5,000,000	-	_]	
Equipment]	_	<u> </u>]	
Other Direct Costs	25,000	25,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	10,000	10,000	_	-	-
Permitting	-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	_	_		_	_
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	_	_	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 8,876,000	\$ 8,876,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$ 4,000

CIP No: 200528

Project Title: Magic Mountain Reservoir

Legal Name: Lateral Extension and Storage II

Description: Construction of 12.5 MG reservoir for the western portion of the service

area.

Function: Provides facilities for CLWA to store imported water for the western

portion of the service area.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Reservoir will be constructed on property obtained in fee.

Impacted Facilities: This project includes a tie-in to the proposed Magic Mountain Pipeline,

Phase 6.

CEQA: Environmental documentation requirements will be addressed during

the planning phase over the next two years.

Project Schedule: Planning and preliminary design to be completed in FY 2018/19, final

design to be completed in FY 2020/21, and construction to be

completed FY 2022/23.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Perform planning and preliminary design.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

To be determined during the planning phase.

	MAGIC MOUNTAI	N RESERVOIR			
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 137,000	\$ 385,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 211,000
Agency Labor	21,000	21,000	4,000	5,000	6,000
Consultant	105,000	353,000	50,000	53,000	200,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	11,000	11,000	1,000	1,000	5,000
Design (Including Bid Services)	2,098,000	2,781,000			-
Agency Labor	33,000	66,000		-	-
Consultant	2,050,000	2,700,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	15,000	15,000		-	-
Construction Services					
Construction Management	2,659,000	4,102,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	129,000	172,000		-	-
Consultant	2,500,000	3,900,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	30,000	30,000		-	-
Engineering during Construction	2,000,000	2,600,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	-		-	-
Consultant	2,000,000	2,600,000		-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-		-	-
Capital Construction Costs	20,105,000	27,805,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	20,000,000	27,700,000		-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	75,000	75,000	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	30,000	30,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	120,000	270,000	-	-	-
Permitting	-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	100,000	250,000		-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 27,119,000	\$ 37,943,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 211,000

CIP No: 200453

Project Title: Recycled Water Program Phase 2A – Central Park

Legal Name: Recycled Water Program Phase II

Description: Construction of new facilities to expand recycled water service from the

Valencia Water Reclamation Plant to Central Park, central Valencia and

Saugus portions of the service area.

Function: Expand recycled water service to additional water customers.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 83 percent and future users' share is 17

percent.

Site Requirements: Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant (RVWTP) site, public rights-of-way

encroachments, and easements or land purchases that will be obtained

during the design phase.

Impacted Facilities: **RVWTP** and Recycled Water Pump Station

CEQA: Programmatic Environmental Impact report is being updated. A project

specific environmental document will be prepared in conformance with

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be

the California Environmental Quality Act.

Project Schedule: Anticipate project will be constructed within six to eight years.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Project administration.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs: approximately \$75,000.

CIP No. 200453

RECYCLED WATER PROGRAM PHASE 2A - CENTRAL PARK					
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost ^(a)	Current Estimated Total Project Cost (b)(c)	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 295,000	\$ 295,000	\$ 26,000	\$ 226,000	\$ 17,000
Agency Labor	40,000	40,000	4,000	30,000	10,000
Consultant	210,000	210,000	22,000	157,000	5,000
CEQA	-	-	-	-	-
Refining users, hydraulics, and phases	_	_	-	-	_
Site Investigations and Preliminary Design	-	_	-	-	_
Equipment	_	_	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	45,000	45,000	_	39,000	2,000
2 2 301. 000.0	.5,000	.5,500		25,000	2,300
Design (Including Bid Services)	1,522,000	1,522,000	1,000	26,000	-
Agency Labor	195,000	195,000	1,000	10,000	-
Consultant	1,300,000	1,300,000	-	16,000	_
Equipment	-	-	-	_	_
Other Direct Costs	27,000	27,000	_	_	_
				3,000	_
Construction Services				3,000	_
Construction Management	577.000	577,000	_	_	_
Agency Labor	111,000	111,000		_	_
Consultant	450,000	450,000	_	_	_
Equipment	400,000	400,000	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	16,000	16,000	_	_	_
Other Birect Costs	10,000	10,000			
Engineering during Construction	425,000	425,000	_	_	-
Agency Labor	-	-	_	_	_
Consultant	425,000	425,000	_	_	_
Equipment	420,000	420,000	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	_	_	_	_	
Canor Bridge Coole					
Capital Construction Costs	10,520,000	10,520,000	_	_	_
Construction Contract(s)	10,500,000	10,500,000	_	_	_
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	_	_	_
Equipment	_	_	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	_	Ī _	
Caron Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	_	_	_
Additional Project Delivery Costs	55,000	55,000	-	-	_
Permitting	25,000	25,000	-	_	_
Land Acquisition	20,000	20,000	_	_	
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	15,000	15,000	_	Ī _	
Other Direct Costs	15,000	15,000		_	_
			¢ 27,000	¢ 252.000	¢ 47,000
TOTAL	\$ 13,394,000	\$ 13,394,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 252,000	\$ 17,000

⁽a) FY 2017/18 Estimated Total Project Cost includes both backbone and distribution system cost estimates as of February 2017.

⁽b) Current Estimated Total Project Cost represents CLWA's share of estimated project costs (backbone system only) as of February 2017.

⁽c) As of February 2017, total estimated project cost for Phase 2A = \$16,755,000. CLWA's share of Phase 2A project cost = \$13,394,000. Cost estimate does not include a storage tank (Tankless approach)

CIP No: 200454

Project Title: Recycled Water Program Phase 2B – Vista Canyon

Legal Name: Recycled Water Program Phase II

Description: Construction of new facilities to expand recycled water service from

proposed Vista Canyon Water Factory to customers in eastern portion

of service area.

Function: Expand recycled water service to additional water customers.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 83 percent and future users' share is 17

percent.

Site Requirements: Public rights-of-way encroachments, and easements or land purchases

that will be identified during the planning phase.

Impacted Facilities: None

CEQA: Programmatic Environmental Impact report is being updated. A project

specific environmental document will be prepared in conformance with

the California Environmental Quality Act.

Project Schedule: Anticipate project will be constructed within two years.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Complete final design.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be

approximately \$75,000.

RECYCLED WATER PROGRAM PHASE 2B - VISTA CANYON					
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost ^(a)	Current Estimated Total Project Cost (b)(c)	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 168,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 100,000	-
Agency Labor	30,000	30,000	-	18,000	-
Consultant	130,000	130,000	20,000	82,000	-
CEQA	-	-	-	-	-
Refining users, hydraulics, and phases	-	-	-	-	-
Site Investigations and Preliminary Design	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	8,000	8,000	_	-	-
	,				-
Design (Including Bid Services)	545,000	545,000	26,000	60,000	369,000
Agency Labor	75,000	75,000	6,000	28,000	40,000
Consultant	450,000	450,000	20,000	32,000	325,000
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	-	_	4,000
	,	,			-
Construction Services					-
Construction Management	267,000	267,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	75,000	75,000	-	-	-
Consultant	152,000	152,000	-	-	_
Equipment	, -	_	-	_	_
Other Direct Costs	40,000	40,000	_	_	_
	-,	.,			_
Engineering during Construction	152,000	152,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-
Consultant	152,000	152,000	_	_	_
Equipment	-	-	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	-	_	-	-	_
					-
Capital Construction Costs	3,940,000	3,940,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	3,900,000	3,900,000	-	-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	40,000	40,000	_	-	_
	-,				
Additional Project Delivery Costs	22,000	22,000	-	-	-
Permitting	10,000	10,000	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	-	-	_	-	_
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	_	-	-	_
Other Direct Costs	12,000	12,000	-	_	_
TOTAL	\$ 5,094,000		\$ 46,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 369,000

⁽a) FY 2017/18 Estimated Total Project Cost includes both backbone and distribution system cost estimates as of May 2015.

⁽b) Current Estimated Total Project Cost represents CLWA's share of estimated project costs (backbone system only) as of February 2017.

⁽c) As of February 2017, total estimated project cost for Phase 2B = \$6,525,000. CLWA's share of Phase 2B project cost = \$5,094,000.

CIP No: 200455

Project Title: Recycled Water Program Phase 2C – South End

Legal Name: Recycled Water Program Phase II

Description: Construction of new facilities to expand recycled water service from the

Valencia Water Reclamation Plant toward the south end of the service

area.

Function: Expand recycled water service to additional water customers.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 83 percent and future users' share is 17

percent.

Site Requirements: Public rights-of-way encroachments, and easements or land purchases

that will be identified during the planning phase.

Impacted Facilities: Recycled Water Pipeline and Recycled Water Pump Station

CEQA: Programmatic Environmental Impact report is being updated. A project

specific environmental document will be prepared in conformance with

the California Environmental Quality Act.

Project Schedule: Anticipate project will be constructed within four years.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Initiate final design, and complete CEQA documentation.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be

approximately \$75,000.

RECYCLED WATER PROGRAM PHASE 2C - SOUTH END						
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost ^(a)	Current Estimated Total		Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget	
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 505,000	\$ 505,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 386,000	24,000	
Agency Labor	50,000	50,000	2,000	22,000	-	
Consultant	445,000	445,000	25,000	363,000	20,000	
CEQA	-	-	-	-	-	
Refining users, hydraulics, and phases	-	-	-	-	-	
Site Investigations and Preliminary Design	-	-	-	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000	-	1,000	4,000	
Design (Including Bid Services)	1,257,000	1,257,000	2,000	10,000	429,000	
Agency Labor	140,000	140,000	2,000	10,000	25.000	
Consultant	1,100,000	1,100,000		-	400,000	
Equipment	-,,,,,,,,,	-,,	_	_	-	
Other Direct Costs	17,000	17,000	-	-	4,000	
Construction Services						
Construction Services Construction Management	495,000	620,000	_	_		
Agency Labor	110,000	110,000	-	-	-	
Consultant	375,000	500,000	_	_	-	
Equipment	373,000	300,000	_	_	-	
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000	_	_	-	
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	
Engineering during Construction	375,000	250,000	-	-	-	
Agency Labor	-	-	-	-	-	
Consultant	375,000	250,000	-	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Construction Costs	11,410,000	11,410,000	-	-	-	
Construction Contract(s)	11,400,000	11,400,000	-	-	-	
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000	-	-		
Additional Project Delivery Costs	340,000	340,000	_	_	-	
Permitting	20,000	20,000	-	_	_	
Land Acquisition	300,000	300,000	_	_		
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	10,000	10,000	_	_		
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000				
TOTAL	\$ 14,382,000		\$ 29,000	\$ 396,000	\$ 453,000	

⁽a) FY 2017/18 Estimated Total Project Cost includes both backbone and distribution system cost estimates as of May 2015.

⁽b) Current Estimated Total Project Cost represents CLWA's share of estimated project costs (backbone system only) as of February 2017.

⁽c) As of February 2017, total estimated project cost for Phase 2C = \$17,250,000. CLWA's share of Phase 2C project cost = \$14,382,000.

CIP No: 200456

Project Title: Recycled Water Program Phase 2D – West Ranch

Legal Name: Recycled Water Program Phase II

Description: Construction of new facilities to expand recycled water service from the

Recycled Water Reservoir #1 toward the west end of the service area.

Function: Expand recycled water service to additional water customers.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 83 percent and future users' share is 17

percent.

Site Requirements: Public rights-of-way encroachments, and easements or land purchases

that will be identified during the planning phase.

Impacted Facilities: Recycled Water Pipeline and Pump Station

CEQA: Programmatic Environmental Impact report is being updated. A project

specific environmental document will be prepared in conformance with

the California Environmental Quality Act.

Project Schedule: Anticipate project will be constructed by 2019.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Complete final design.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be

approximately \$75,000.

CIP No. 200456

RECYCLED WATER PROGRAM PHASE 2D - WEST RANCH					
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 190,000	\$ 190,000	\$ 34,000	\$ 138,000	12,000
Agency Labor	50,000	50,000	4,000	8,000	5,000
Consultant	135,000	135,000	30,000	130,000	5,000
CEQA	-	-	-	-	-
Refining users, hydraulics, and phases	-	-	-	-	-
Site Investigations and Preliminary Design	_	-	-	_	_
Equipment	_	_	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	5,000	5,000	_	_	2,000
	2,200	2,300			_,500
Design (Including Bid Services)	395,000	395,000	4,000	-	383,000
Agency Labor	35,000	35,000	4,000	-	25,000
Consultant	350,000	350,000	-	-	350,000
Equipment	· -	-	-	_	-
Other Direct Costs	10,000	10,000	-	_	8,000
	-,	.,			.,
Construction Services					
Construction Management	170,000	170,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	45,000	45,000	_	_	-
Consultant	120,000	120,000	_	_	_
Equipment	-	-	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	5.000	5,000	_	_	_
5.1.6. 2.1.6. 666.6	3,333	3,000			
Engineering during Construction	120,000	120,000	-	-	-
Agency Labor	-	_	_	_	_
Consultant	120,000	120,000	_	_	_
Equipment	-	-	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	_	_	_	_	_
Capital Construction Costs	1,950,000	1,550,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	1,900,000	1,500,000	-	-	-
Construction by Agency Forces	30,000	30,000	_	-	_
Equipment	-	-	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	20,000	20,000	_	_	
2 2 301 30010	25,500	20,300			
Additional Project Delivery Costs	40,000	40,000	-	-	-
Permitting	25,000	25,000	-	-	-
Land Acquisition			_	_	_
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	15,000	15,000	_	_	_
Other Direct Costs	-	-			
TOTAL	\$ 2,865,000	\$ 2,465,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 138,000	\$ 395,000

⁽a) Current Estimated Total Project Cost represents CLWA's share of estimated project costs (backbone system only) as of April 2016.

⁽b) As of February 2017, total estimated project cost for Phase 2D = \$4,585,000. CLWA's share of Phase 2D project cost = \$2,465,000.

CIP No: 200962

Project Title: Replacement Wells

Legal Name: Replacement Wells and Associated Pipelines

Description: Two wells capable of producing water at the combined rate of 4,200

> gallons per minute and associated pipeline to convey the water pumped from the wells to the Agency's distribution system. Project may be performed in conjunction with Project 200963: Saugus Formation Dry

Year Reliability Wells.

Function: Provide water to make up production lost from closure of wells impacted

by perchlorate contamination not already provided by other new or

rehabilitated wells.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent. Most or all of costs will be borne by Whittaker Corporation

Site Requirements: Site(s) will be provided by Newhall Land. The recommended well sites

are near the Old Road between Magic Mountain Parkway and Highway

126.

Impacted Facilities: **TBD**

CEQA: Environmental documentation will be completed in 2017.

Project Schedule: Design to be completed during FY 2017/18. Construction will take

place in FY 2018/19 and may extend into FY 2019/20.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Final design and right of way acquisitions.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

Operating costs anticipated to be similar to current costs of \$180/AF for

Saugus 1 and 2 wells. Operations will begin in 2019.

CIP No. 200962

	REPLACEMENT WELLS					
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Total Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget	
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 150,000	\$ 173,000	\$ 53,000	\$ 173,000	\$ -	
Agency Labor	25,000	44,000	16,000	44,000	-	
Consultant	120,000	129,000	37,000	129,000	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	5,000	-	-	-	-	
Design (Including Bid Services)	450,000	435,000	32,000	115,000	\$ 320,000	
Agency Labor	25,000	35,000	2,000	10,000	25,000	
Consultant	375,000	350,000	25,000	100,000	250,000	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	50,000	50,000	5,000	5,000	45,000	
Construction Services				-	-	
Construction Management	300,000	300,000	-	-	-	
Agency Labor	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	
Consultant	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	
Engineering during Construction	125,000	180,000	-	-	-	
Agency Labor	25,000	30,000	-	-	-	
Consultant	100,000	150,000	-	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Construction Costs	9,250,000	8,691,000	-	-	-	
Construction Contract(s)	9,000,000	8,441,000	-	-	-	
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	
Additional Project Delivery Costs	375,000	-	•	-	-	
Permitting		-	-	-	-	
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Direct Costs	375,000	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	\$ 10,650,000	\$ 9,779,000	\$ 85,000	\$ 288,000	\$ 320,000	

Note: The Budget for Replacement Wells is subject to reimbursement under the perchlorate settlement agreement. Reimbursement takes place in subsequent fiscal year.

FY 2017/18

CIP No: 200011

Project Title: Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant (RVWTP) Clearwell Cover

Improvements

Legal Name: RVWTP Floating Cover

Description: Replacement of the two clearwell covers at the Rio Vista Water

Treatment Plant.

Function: Provide water quality protection to the treated water in the clearwells.

Maintains treated water quality in the clearwells.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 100 percent.

Site Requirements: Property held in fee by CLWA.

Impacted Facilities: **RVWTP**

CEQA: Categorical Exemption (Class 1, Section 15301 of the California

Environmental Quality Act Guidelines).

Project Schedule: Construction completed in FY 2015/16, the tracer study to determine a

> disinfection contact time to hydraulic detention time ratio of the refurbished clearwells conducted in July 2016 and updated Operation Permit issued by the California State Water Resources Control Board

Division of Drinking Water in October 2016 to comply with the

requirements.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

None

Projected Impact on **Operating Costs:**

The projected impact on annual operating cost is anticipated to be less

than \$5,000.

CIP No. 200011

RIO VISTA WATER TREATM	ENT PLANT (RVW	TP) CLEARWELI	COVER IMPRO	VEMENTS	
Category	FY 2016/17	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 100,900	\$ 100,900	\$ -	\$ 100,900	\$ -
Agency Labor	18,000	18,000	-	18,000	-
Consultant	82,800	82,800	-	82,800	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	100	100	-	100	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	611,800	618,000	300	618,000	-
Agency Labor	57,800	58,000	300	58,000	-
Consultant	546,600	552,600	-	552,600	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	7,400	7,400	-	7,400	-
Construction Services					-
Construction Management	1,259,800	1,177,100	6,100	1,177,100	-
Agency Labor	213,800	175,400	5,500	175,400	-
Consultant	1,028,000	983,700	600	983,700	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	18,000	18,000	-	18,000	-
Engineering during Construction	531,000	595,800	5,100	595,800	-
Agency Labor		400		400	-
Consultant	531,000	595,400	5,100	595,400	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	7,674,600	7,692,700	100	7,692,700	-
Construction Contract(s)	7,620,700	7,633,400	-	7,633,400	-
Construction by Agency Forces	9,200	12,400	-	12,400	-
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	44,700	46,900	100	46,900	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	231,700	119,000	91.300	119.000	-
Permitting	196,000	100,200	85,600	100,200	-
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	_
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	_	-	-	-	_
Other Direct Costs	35,700	18,800	5,700	18,800	_
TOTAL	\$ 10,409,800	\$ 10,303,500	\$ 102,900	\$ 10,303,500	\$ -

Note: Project was awarded \$1,012,000 in Federal EPA grant funding. Funds received during FY 2014/15.

Castaic Lake Water Agency Capital Improvement Project FY 2017/18

CIP No: 200963

Project Title: Saugus Formation Dry Year Reliability Wells

Legal Name: Saugus Formation Dry Year Reliability Wells

Description: Two wells capable of producing water at the combined rate of 4,200

> gallons per minute and associated pipeline to convey the water pumped from the wells to the Agency's distribution system. Project may be performed in conjunction with Project 200962: Replacement Wells.

Function: Provide water to make up production lost during dry periods when

surface water deliveries from the State Water Project and water banks

would be drastically curtailed.

Benefit: Existing users' share is 69 percent and future users' share is 31

percent.

Site Requirements: Site(s) will be provided by Newhall Land. The recommended well sites

are near the Old Road between Magic Mountain Parkway and Highway

126.

Impacted Facilities: TBD

CEQA: Environmental documentation requirements will be completed in 2017.

Project Schedule: Design to be completed during FY 2017/18. Construction will take

place in FY 2018/19 and may extend into FY 2019/20.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Final design and right of way acquisitions.

Projected Impact on

Operating costs anticipated to be similar to current costs of \$180/AF for **Operating Costs:**

Saugus 1 and 2 wells. Operations will begin in 2019.

CIP No. 200963

SAUGUS I	ORMATION DRY	YEAR RELIABILIT	Y WELLS		
Category	FY 2016/17 Estimated Tota Project Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$ 150,000	\$ 166,000	\$ 59,000	\$ 166,000	\$ -
Agency Labor	25,000		16,000	43,000	-
Consultant	120,000	122,000	43,000	122,000	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	5,000	1,000	-	1,000	-
Design (Including Bid Services)	450,000		32,000	113,000	\$ 320,000
Agency Labor	25,000	33,000	2,000	8,000	25,000
Consultant	375,000	350,000	25,000	100,000	250,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	50,000	50,000	5,000	5,000	45,000
Construction Services					
Construction Management	300,000	,	-	-	-
Agency Labor	25,000		-	-	
Consultant	250,000	250,000	-	-	
Equipment		-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	25,000	25,000	-	-	-
Engineering during Construction	125,000		-	-	-
Agency Labor	25,000		-	-	
Consultant	100,000	150,000	-	-	
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs	11,250,000	8,422,000	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)	11,000,000		-	-	
Construction by Agency Forces	-	-	-	_	-
Equipment	-	-	-	_	_
Other Direct Costs	250,000	250,000	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	375,000	-	-	-	-
Permitting	-	-	-	-	-
Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	375,000	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 12,650,000	\$ 9,501,000	\$ 91,000	\$ 279,000	\$ 320,000

Note: Project has been awarded \$4.7 million in State Proposition 84 grant funding.

Castaic Lake Water Agency Capital Improvement Project FY 2017/18

CIP No: 200906

Project Title: Rosedale-Rio Bravo Extraction Project

Legal Name: Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Banking and Exchange Program Enhanced

Extraction Capacity Project

Description: Construction of groundwater wells and conveyance systems by

Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District to recover Agency water stored in the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Banking and Exchange

Program.

Function: Recover Agency stored groundwater for dry-year water delivery to

Agency service area (up to 7,500 AFY).

Benefit: Increased dry-year water supply reliability.

Site Requirements: Well site and conveyance facility sites owned or to be acquired by

Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District.

Impacted Facilities: No Agency facilities impacted.

CEQA: Agency environmental compliance covered by existing RRB Banking

Program EIR.

Project Schedule: Complete permitting, easement acquisition and construction in

FY 2017/18.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Complete permitting, easement acquisition and construction in

FY 2017/18.

Projected Impact on

Operating Costs:

No annual operating costs. Extraction costs will be significant in years

in which water is accessed.

CIP No. 200906

ROSEDA	LE-R	O BRAVO E	XTF	RACTION PRO	OJE	CT				
Category	F Esti	Y 2016/17	Esti	Current imated Total roject Cost		FY 2016/17 Estimated xpenditures	Ex	Cumulative Estimated spenditures through ne 30, 2017	F	Y 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	_	\$	110,000	\$	-
Agency Labor	Ė	10,000		10,000	Ė	-	•	10,000	·	-
Consultant		10,000		10,000		-		10,000		-
Equipment		_								-
Other Direct Costs		90,000		90,000		-		90,000		-
Design (Including Bid Services)	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	125,000		-
Agency Labor		10,000		10,000		-		10,000		-
Consultant		15,000		15,000		-		15,000		-
Equipment		-								-
Other Direct Costs		100,000		100,000		-		100,000		-
Construction Services	•	207.000	•	205.000	_	407.500	Φ.	000 500		100 500
Construction Management	\$	365,000 5,000	\$	365,000	\$	107,500	\$	223,500		132,500
Agency Labor Consultant		10,000		5,000		2,500		2,500		2,500
		10,000		10,000		5,000		5,000		5,000
Equipment Other Direct Costs		350,000		350,000		100,000		216,000		125,000
Other Direct Ousts		330,000		350,000		100,000		210,000		123,000
Engineering during Construction	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	5,000	\$	10,000		10,000
Agency Labor		10,000		10,000		2,500		5,000		5,000
Consultant		10,000		10,000		2,500		5,000		5,000
Equipment		-		-		-		-		-
Other Direct Costs		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Construction Costs	\$	6,256,000	\$	8,656,000	\$	4,600,000	\$	7,167,500		1,757,500
Construction Contract(s)						-		-		-
Construction by Agency Forces		-		-		-		-		-
Equipment		-		-		-		-		-
Other Direct Costs		6,256,000		6,256,000		4,600,000		7,167,500		1,757,500
Change Orders:		-		-						
Unforeseen / Changed Conditions ^(a)		-		2,400,000		-		-		
Design Changes (Resulting from RFI)		-		-		-		-		-
Owner-Initiated Changes		-		-		-		-		-
Additional Project Delivery Costs	\$	500,000	\$	460,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000		100,000
Permitting		-		- 🗔		-		-		-
Land Acquisition		-		-		-		-		-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation		-		-		-		-		-
Other Direct Costs	<u> </u>	500,000		460,000		100,000		100,000		100,000
TOTAL	\$	7,376,000	\$	9,736,000	\$	4,812,500	\$	7,736,000	\$	2,000,000

Note: Project has been awarded \$4.6 million in State Proposition 84 grant funding.

⁽a) For FY 2016/17 increased project costs were incurred that relate to well equipping and drilling an additional well.

Castaic Lake Water Agency Capital Improvement Project FY 2017/18

CIP No: 200013

Project Title: Update Water Conservation and Education Garden

Legal Name: N/A

Description: This provides funds for re-design of the existing Conservatory Garden

by a consultant.

Function: To educate and inspire the community of Santa Clarita about water-

efficient plants.

Benefit: This is a water conservation education program to promote water

savings.

Site Requirements: The site is currently identified as an existing facility.

Impacted Facilities: N/A

CEQA: N/A

Project Schedule: Design would be completed within FY2017/18.

Projected Fiscal Year

Activity:

Approximately \$300,000.

Projected Impact on Operating Costs:

CIP No. 200013

UPDATE WAT	ER CON	ISERVATIO	N AND EDUCAT	ON GARDEN		
Category	Estim	2016/17 ated Total ject Cost	Current Estimated Total Project Cost	FY 2016/17 Estimated Expenditures	Cumulative Estimated Expenditures through June 30, 2017	FY 2017/18 Budget
Planning and Conceptual Design	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,000
Agency Labor		-				40,000
Consultant		-				
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Design (Including Bid Services)		-	-	-	-	300,000
Agency Labor		-	-	-	-	40,000
Consultant		-		-	-	300,000
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	
Construction Services						
Construction Management		-	-	-	-	-
Agency Labor		-	-	-	-	-
Consultant		-	-	-	-	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Engineering during Construction		-	-	-	-	-
Agency Labor		-	-	-	-	-
Consultant		-		-	-	-
Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Construction Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Construction Contract(s)		-		-	-	-
Construction by Agency Forces		-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	1	-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Additional Project Delivery Costs		-	-	-	-	-
Permitting		-		-	-	-
Land Acquisition		-	-	-	-	-
Post-construction Monitoring and Mitigation (a)		-	-	-	-	-
Other Direct Costs	L				-	-
TOTAL	\$	-	\$ TBD	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 340,000

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY Minor Capital Projects FY 2017/18 Budget

The Minor Capital Projects Budget is funded by one percent property tax revenues.

	Project Title		Total Estimated Project Cost *		Y 2016/17 Budget	_	FY 2016/17 Estimated		Y 2017/18 Budget	
300415	ESFP HVAC Replacement	\$		\$	130,000	\$	210.000			
300416	ESFP Emergency Generator Replacement	Ι Ψ	200.000	Ψ	25.000	Ψ	6.000	Ψ	150,000	
301002	ESIPS Additional Pump		910.000		874,000		770.000		-	
300321	Pipeline Inspection Facility Modifications		Ongoing		800,000		785,000		200,000	Α
300308	Pipeline Relocations/Modifications		Ongoing		125,000		40,000		135,000	
300017	RVWTP Ozone Gas Collection Modification		515,000		310,000		432,000		-	
300019	RVWTP Underground Storage Tank Replacement		575,000		-		-		75,000	
300018	RVWTP Upper Mesa Erosion Repair		70,000		65,000		70,000		-	
300329	SPTF Pressure Control Modifications		200,000		75,000		25,000		175,000	С
300328	Devil's Den Property Solar Project		tbd		60,000		45,000		60,000	D
	Total Minor Capital Projects	\$	1,360,000	\$	2,464,000	\$	2,383,000	\$	795,000	

^{*} Note that projects with a "tbd" for Total Estimated Project Cost are in the planning or design phase. Total Estimated Project Cost will be developed through this process.

- A. Modifications to existing facilities to accommodate pipeline inspection activities.
- B. Includes funds for potential/relocation of Sand Canyon Pipeline due to Sierra Highway Bridge widening.
- C. Will be submitted for reimbursement from the perchlorate settlement agreement.
- D. Funds are for studies related to a potential solar energy project.

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY Capital Planning, Studies and Administration FY 2017/18 Budget

The Capital Planning, Studies and Administration Budget is funded by one percent property tax revenues and Facility Capacity Fees.

		F	Y 2016/17 Budget		FY 2016/17 Estimated	F	Y 2017/18 Budget	
	General Planning and Studies:							
100015	Capital Program/Facility Capacity Fees	\$	380,000	\$	325,000	\$	260,000	Α
100013	Recycled Water Master Plan	Ψ	150.000	lΨ	75,000	Ψ	15.000	В
100050	Recycled Water Master Plan PEIR (CEQA)		225,000		144,000		50,000	В
100043	Emergency and Operational Storage Study		100,000		185,000		-	С
100045	RVWTP Drainage Study		-		-		_	
100027	System Hydraulic Model		65,000		26,000		_	İ
100004	Urban Water Management Plan 2015		50,000		25,000		-	i
	Total General Planning and Studies	\$	970,000	\$	780,000	\$	325,000	
	Water Supply Reliability and Acquisition							
	Planning and Implementation:							İ
110003	Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo Storage and							i
	Recovery Program	\$	5,080,500	\$	7,071,100	\$	6,960,700	D
various	Grant Administration		245,000		154,000		155,000	Ε
110007	Integrated Regional Water Management Plan		300,000		117,000		240,000	İ
110001	Rosedale Rio Bravo Storage Program		25,000		-		-	i
110004	Ventura County Flexible Storage		20,000		17,900		20,000	i
110005	Water Banking		75,000		73,000		76,000	F
110022	Sites Reservoir		300,000		130,000		410,000	G
110017	Yuba Accord Water		90,000		-		90,000	Н
	Total Water Supply Reliability and Acquisition Planning and Implementation	\$	6,135,500	\$	7,563,000	\$	7,951,700	
	Training and implementation		0,100,000	Ť	.,000,000	Ť	7,001,100	
	Administration:							İ
125001	Annexation Support	\$	50,000	\$	20,000	\$	50,000	ı
120004	Debt Financing and Administration		400,000		200,000		250,000	i
120001	One Percent Property Tax Administration		250,000		250,000		250,000	İ
120011	Retail Litigation		300,000		400,000		50,000	J
120009	Retail Purveyors and Legal		500,000		150,000		500,000	K
	Total Administration	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,020,000	\$	1,100,000	İ
	Total Capital Planning, Studies and Administration	\$	8,605,500	\$	9,363,000	\$	9,376,700	

- A. Funded by Facility Capacity Fee Fund.
- B. Recycled Water Master Plan update and CEQA expected to be completed in FY 2017/18.
- C. This project studied the required storage volumes at locations throughout the service area and performed siting studies to identify reservoir locations and land acquisition needs. The project was completed during FY 2016/17.
- D. The total annual cost for the BV/RRB program is \$9,280,900. In accordance with the wholesale water rate structure, \$2,320,200 is transferred to the General Fund/Operating Budget. The growth portion is funded by Facility Capacity Fees in the amount of \$2,778,900. The remainder of \$4,603,700 is funded by one percent property tax revenues. Of this amount, \$421,900 is funded by the Tesoro annexing party and is accounted for as revenue to the one percent property tax fund.
- E. For various grant programs.
- F. Annual participation fees for Semitropic Water Banking and Exchange Program.
- G. Funds for Phase I Operational Studies.
- H. This program provides approximately 850 AF of non-SWP water in critically dry years. Additional supplies could be available in wetter years. The quantity and price of water varies depends on hydrology and participation by other parties.
- I. Annexing parties reimburse actual costs for processing specific annexations.
- J. Santa Clarita Organization for Planning the Environment v. Castaic Lake Water Agency et al., Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS 141673 and BS 147721 in FY 2016/17 and Case No. BS 147721 in FY 2017/18. Also includes settlement agreement negotiations with NCWD for Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BS148143.
- K. Work related to form a new water resources management entity in the Santa Clarita Valley.

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY New Capital Equipment FY 2017/18 Budget

The Capital Equipment Budget is funded by one percent property tax revenues.

		1	Y 2016/17 Budget	_	Y 2016/17 Estimated	F	Y 2017/18 Budget *
130001	Office Equipment Additions	•	400,000	•	100.000	Φ.	055 000 4
	Office Technology and Equipment - General	\$	160,000	\$	103,000	\$	255,000 A 30,000 B
	Office Technology and Equipment - Accounting		50,000 80,000		30,000 70,000		30,000 B
	Office Technology and Equipment - Boardroom Office Technology and Equipment - Staff Additions		6,000		6,000		6,000
	Subtotal - Office Equipment Additions	\$	296,000	\$	209,000	\$	291,000
	Subtotal - Office Equipment Additions	Ф	290,000	Ф	209,000	Ф	291,000
130004	Office Furniture Additions						
	Office Furniture - General	\$	30,000	\$	10,000	\$	30,000 C
	Office Furniture - Staff Additions		-		-		30,000
	Tenant Improvements - Various		-		-		100,000
	Summit Circle Tenant Improvements		170,000		10,000		170,000
	Subtotal - Office Furniture Additions	\$	200,000	\$	20,000	\$	330,000
130003	Miscellaneous Equipment						
100000	Lab Equipment	\$	_	\$	_	\$	165,000 D
	Miscellaneous Large Tools and Equipment	Ι Ψ	40,000	ľ	40,000	Ψ	40,000
	RVWTP HVAC Equipment		10.000		6.000		60,000 E
	Security Equipment Upgrades		100,000		40,000		50,000 F
	Video Surveillance Equipment		200,000		20,000		200,000 G
	Subtotal - Miscellaneous Equipment	\$	350,000	\$	106,000	\$	515,000
130002	 Vehicles						
130002	Maintenance Replacement Vehicle FY 2016/17	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	_
	Maintenance Replacement Vehicle FY 2017/18	*	-	*	-	Ψ	50,000 H
	Water Quality Replacement Vehicle FY 2017/18		_		_		28,000
	Subtotal - Vehicles	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	78,000
	Total New Capital Equipment	\$	881,000	\$	370,000	\$	1,214,000

^{*} Significant items:

A. Office Technology and Equipment - General includes:

Gateway redundancy to add redundancy capabilities at main network points and re-route network	-
traffic in the event of a disaster	60,000
VMWare host server replacements for equipment at the end of expected life cycle	72,000
VMWare software upgrade which takes place every other year	10,000
Replace one of Agency's three storage area networks, which is five years old	47,000
Scheduled replacement of workstations	25,000
Miscellaneous hardware and software supplies	10,000
New workstations	6,000
Network resiliency contingencies	25,000

- B. Contingency for accounting/payroll/human resource workflow automation project.
- C. Includes \$30,000 for general furniture.
- D. Includes \$125,000 to replace and upgrade 11-year old ICP-MS system which is no longer functional and has a repair cost in excess of \$20,000; and \$40,000 to replace and upgrade the lon chromatography system which does not provide as detailed measurements as does current equipment.
- E. Includes \$50,000 to replace one of two compressors, which is 12 years old and at the end of its useful life.
- F. Various security upgrades at Agency facilities
- G. Major upgrade and replacement of the Agency's video surveillance system, which is nine years old.
- H. Replacement of a 2004 heavy duty truck (assigned to Senior Instrumentation Technician) with a current mileage of 111,000. Replacement vehicle will be a heavy-duty 2WD supercab pickup with V8 engine and 5,250 pound payload capacity, and will include an 8-foot manufactured truck body with built-in full-length flip top boxes.
- I. Replacement of a 2008 truck with a current mileage of 75,000 miles. The vehicle is experiencing frequent mechanical issues and replacement would be more cost effective than continuing repairs. This vehicle is used for water quality sampling and testing seven days per week. Replacement vehicle will be a Ford Escape with 4WD.

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY Repair and Replacement FY 2017/18 Budget

The Major Repair and Replacement Budget is funded by one percent property tax revenues.

Major Repair and Replacement	i	Y 2016/17 Budget		FY 2016/17 Estimated	F	Y 2017/18 Budget
ESFP Repair and Replacement	\$	235,000	\$	421,600	\$	330,000
ESIPS Repair and Replacement	Ψ	40,000	Ψ	10,700	*	40,000
RVWTP Repair and Replacement		130,000		126,300		245,000
RVIPS Repair and Replacement		75,000		35,000		85,000
Pipeline Repair and Replacement		105,000		78,500		105,000
Recycled Water System Repair and Replacement		60,000		27,000		100,000
Sand Canyon System Repair and Replacement		95,000		59,000		95,000
Saugus 1 and 2 Wells Repair and Replacement		30,000		13,000		80,000
Total Major Repair and Replacement	\$	770,000	\$	771,100	\$	1,080,000
* Significant items:						•
A. ESFP Repair and Replacement items include:						
Ammonia pumps	\$	_	\$	_	\$	30,000
Dissolved ozone analyzers	•	_	-	167,000	*	80,000
Meter replacement		150,000		167,000		50,000
Ozone system equipment replacement		10,000		8,500		10,000
Pump and motor replacement		25,000		29,100		25,000
Repair back gate access road		-		20,100		50,000
Turbidity meters		_		_		35,000
Valve replacement		25,000		25,000		25,000
Miscellaneous		25,000		25,000		25,000
Micoolidiioodo	_	235,000		421,600	_	330,000
B. RVWTP Repair and Replacement items include:		200,000		421,000		330,000
Meter replacement	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	20,000
Ozone system equipment replacement	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,600	Ψ	10,000
Pump and motor replacement		50,000		10,000		50,000
Turbidity meters		-		-		25,000
Upper Mesa tank demolition		_		_		90,000
Valve replacement		25,000		26,000		25,000
Miscellaneous		25,000		59,700		25,000
Misocharicous		130,000	_			
C. RVIPS Repair and Replacement items include:		130,000		126,300		245,000
Pump and motor replacement	\$	50,000	\$	35,000	\$	50,000
Valve replacement	φ	30,000	φ	33,000	φ	10,000
Miscellaneous		25 000		-		-
Miscellarieous		25,000				25,000
D. Pipeline Repair and Replacement items include:		75,000		35,000		85,000
·	\$	50,000	Ф	13 500	\$	50,000
Cathodic test station repairs Miscellaneous	Φ	50,000	\$	13,500	Φ	50,000
Miscellarieous	_	55,000	_	65,000		55,000
E. Described Water Contain Dancis and Devilegement House include		105,000		78,500		105,000
E. Recycled Water System Repair and Replacement items includ		00.000	•	00.000	•	50.000
Pumps and motor repairs	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	50,000
Miscellaneous	_	40,000		7,000		50,000
5 0 10 0 1 B 1 1B 1 17 11 11		60,000		27,000		100,000
F. Sand Canyon System Repair and Replacement items include:	•	00.000	•	00.000	•	00.000
Meter replacement	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	20,000
Pumps and motor repairs		50,000		4,000		50,000
Miscellaneous		25,000		35,000		25,000
C. Course 4 and 2 Walls Dancin and Danlessans tite as its later		95,000		59,000		95,000
G. Saugus 1 and 2 Wells Repair and Replacement items include:		F 000	Φ.		Φ.	F 000
Meter replacement	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	5,000
Pumps and motor repairs		10,000		13,000		10,000
Saugus 1 and 2 wells		-		-		50,000
Valve replacement		5,000		-		5,000
Miscellaneous		10,000				10,000
		30,000		13,000		80,000

Debt-Funded Projects - Forecast FY 2017/18 Budget

Debt-funded Projects	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	FY 2018/19 Projected	FY 2019/20 Projected	FY 2020/21 Projected	FY 2021/22 Projected	FY 2022/23 Projected	FY 2023/24 Projected
Castaic Conduit	\$ 59,000	\$ 353,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 12,257,000	· \$	· •	· \$	· •
Distribution System - RV-2 Modifications	122.000	ω,				•	•	•
ESFP Clearwell/CT Improvements	876,000	5,786,000	1,915,000		1	1	1	•
ESFP Sludge Collection System	143,000	34,000	9,151,000	4,647,000	•	•	•	•
ESIPS Pipeline Improvements	274,000	3,706,000		1	•	•	•	
Foothill Feeder Connection	445,000	4,236,000	150,000	1	1	•	1	•
Honby Parallel	396,000	130,000	451,000	546,000	12,084,000	7,720,000	77,000	77,000
Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 4	1	75,000	3,311,000	1	,	•	•	
Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 5	1,000	23,000	98,000	3,621,000	•	•	•	•
Magic Mountain Pipeline No. 6	•	4,000	144,000	151,000	8,576,000	•	•	•
Magic Mountain Reservoir	55,000	211,000	697,000	1,102,000	1,347,000	22,956,000	11,571,000	
Recycled Water Program Phase II, 2A - Central Park	27,000	17,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	13,200,000	•
Recycled Water Program Phase II, 2B - Vista Canyon	46,000	369,000	4,657,000		•	•	•	
Recycled Water Program Phase II 2C - South End	29,000	453,000	350,000	10,500,000	2,820,000	•	•	•
Recycled Water Program Phase II, 2D - West Ranch	38,000	395,000	2,550,000	•	•	•	•	
RVWTP Clearwell Cover Improvements	102,900	1	1	1	,	•	•	
Rosedale Rio Bravo Extraction	4,812,500	2,000,000	1	1	•	•	•	•
Sand Canyon Reservoir Expansion	,	•	1	1	311,000	573,000	487,000	537,000
Saugus Formation Dry Year Reliability Wells	91,000	320,000	2,000,000	6,902,000	•	•	•	
Southern Service Areas Emergency Storage	,	,	711,000	1,416,000	1,747,000	3,247,000	18,839,000	35,786,000
Debt-Funded Subtotal	\$ 7,517,400	\$ 21,458,000	\$ 27,192,000	\$ 41,146,000	\$ 26,889,000	\$ 34,500,000	\$ 44,174,000	\$ 36,400,000
Beginning Balance	\$ 36,594,192	\$ 31,678,892	\$ 12,296,692	· \$	· У	· &	· У	· •
Bond Proceeds	•							
Grants and Reimbursements/Interest	2,602,100	2,075,800	\$ 2,250,000					
Expenditures	(7,517,400)	(21,458,000)	(27,192,000)	(41,146,000)	(26,889,000)	(34,500,000)	(44,174,000)	(36,400,000)
Annual Balance/Shortfall	\$ 31,678,892	\$ 12,296,692	\$ (12,645,308)	\$ (41,146,000)	\$ (26,889,000)	\$ (34,500,000)	\$ (44,174,000)	\$ (36,400,000)
Cumulative Shortfall	1	- \$	\$ (12,645,308)	\$ (53,791,308)	\$ (80,680,308)	\$ (115,180,308)	\$ (159,354,308)	\$ (195,754,308)
	1,000	047740	0 100 V	CV 204 0/20	74 0000 XL	00° 7000 71	0000 AL	1V 0000404
Drojecte Funded "Day-se-voll-20."	Projected	Ridget	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Groundwater Treatment Improvements	10.000	1 040 000	684 000	200 000	5 '	5000	5 '	5000
Replacement Wells	\$ 85,000	\$ 320,000	\$ 2.000,000	\$ 7.171,000	· •	· •	•	•
Water Conservation and Education Garden							,	•
"Pay-as-you-go" Subtotal	\$ 95,000	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 2,684,000	\$ 7,371,000	•	•	•	•
TOTAL MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS	\$ 7,612,400	\$ 23,158,000	\$ 29,876,000	\$ 48,517,000	\$ 26,889,000	\$ 34,500,000	\$ 44,174,000	\$ 36,400,000
GRANT REIMBURSEMENTS								
Foothill Feeder Connection	\$ 12,800	\$ 1,000,000	· &					
KVW I P Clearwell Cover Improvements Serious Formation Dry Year Deliability Wells	- 36 200	- 000	2 250 000					
Saugus Formation Dry Teal Reliability Wells Rosedale Rio Bravo Extraction	2.010.000	700,000	2,230,000					
Semitropic Stored Water Recovery Unit	316,900	1,2,1	1					
	\$ 2.375.900	\$ 1.900.000	\$ 2.250.000					

LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

WHOLESALE SYSTEM LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

LONG-TERM WATER SUPPLY CONTRACTS

State Water Project Contract Commitment

On April 30, 1963, the Agency entered into a water supply contract with the Department of Water Resources. The State bills the Agency annually for the "fixed" charges of providing water to the Agency. Provision is made in the contract for two major charges – a Delta Water Charge and a Transportation Charge – that are divided into additional components. The Delta Water Charge is intended to return to the State all costs of project conservation facilities. The Transportation Charge is for facilities necessary to deliver water to the contractors. Both charges include a capital component and a minimum operations, maintenance, power and replacement component (Capital and minimum OMP&R). These are charged to the Agency on the basis of Table A amount. Also included in the Agency bill is a Devil Canyon Castaic Charge, an Off Aqueduct Power Charge, a Water Systems Revenue Bond Surcharge and a Tehachapi Second Afterbay Facilities Charge. These bills are divided into monthly payments with the January and July payments being the largest.

The Agency also pays a transportation variable operations, maintenance, power and replacement charge to the DWR. This bill is paid monthly based upon the amount of water purchased by the Agency in the preceding month.

The Agency-set property tax fully funds both the fixed and variable components of DWR payments.

Buena Vista/Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Acquisition Commitment

On May 22, 2007, the Agency entered into a 30-year agreement with the Buena Vista Water Storage District and the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District for the acquisition of 11,000 acre-feet (AF) of water supply per year for a 30-year period. This supply is from a program that provides for the capture, spreading, storage, recovery and export of water, including high-flow Kern River water which is a pre-1914 appropriative water right. The term of the Agreement is from January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2036. When the original term expires, the Agreement will be extended to a date certain consistent with any extensions of the Agency's Water Supply Contract with DWR.

The purchase price was established in FY 2006/07 at \$486.85 per AF, or \$5,335,350. The purchase price is adjusted each calendar year by the Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers – All Items – Southern California Area). In addition, the adjusted price is also subject to "look-ins" at the end of every 10-year period. This look-in compares the actual adjustments with potential adjustments using a melded index consisting of an average of (i) the actual CPI adjustments and (ii) the increase in State Water Project (SWP) costs to the Buena Vista and Rosedale-Rio Bravo Storage Districts (billed through the Kern County Water Agency). The annual payments are due in advance of deliveries in two installments, 50% on January 1st and 50% on July 1st of each year. The current purchase price is \$803.54 per AF.

Under the agreement with the Buena Vista Water Storage District and the Rosedale-Rio Bravo Water Storage District, should the Agency lose all or a portion of its share of one percent property tax revenues, the Agency's obligation to purchase the 11,000 AF may be adjusted. In any fiscal year in which a reduction in excess of 15% of the Agency's one percent property tax revenues occurs, for each 0.1% reduction in the Agency's share of the one percent property tax revenues in excess of 15%, the Agency may reduce the annual purchase by 110 AF. In no event is the Agency allowed to reduce the annual purchase amount to less than 5,500 AF.

The acquisition of 11,000 AFY supply was originally intended, among other reasons, to supplement the Agency's SWP supplies, which are committed to users in the Agency's existing service area, by providing water for parties seeking to annex to the service area. In order to be eligible for annexation to the

Agency's service area, a potential annexing party would be required to enter into Deposit and Funding Agreement with the Agency and pay for a proportionate share of the 11,000 AFY supply.

During FY 2007/08, due to certain state and federal court rulings that potentially impacted SWP supplies, the Agency deferred consideration of potential annexations to retain for the time being the 11,000 AFY supply for the existing service area. At this time, the Agency has determined that up to 3,000 AFY may be used for annexations and is working with three developers on potential annexations.

DEBT ISSUANCE

Bond Ratings

The Bond ratings for the Agency's outstanding Debt reflect high grade investment quality debt. They are based on the Agency's good financial management, strong financial policies and diverse water supply portfolio. Debt issued at these ratings results in lower interest rates and correspondingly lower debt service payments.

	1999 COPs	2008A COPs (VRDO)	2010A COPs	2014A Revenue Refunding Bonds	2015A Revenue Refunding Bonds	2016A Revenue Bonds
Fitch	AA	AA-	AA-	AA-	AA-	AA-
Standard & Poor's	AA+	AA	AA	AA	AA	AA

Total Outstanding Debt

Total debt includes Certificates of Participation (COPs) and Revenue Bonds of \$269.8 million as of June 30, 2017. Scheduled annual debt service for FY 2017/18 is \$23.7 million. Projected annual debt service is anticipated to be \$28.2 million starting in FY 2019/20, \$28.5 million starting in FY 2020/21 and \$30 million starting in FY 2022/23 based on anticipated new debt issuance and payments on the 1999 Capital Appreciation Certificates of Participation. The source of debt service repayment is Facility Capacity Fees and one percent property tax revenues. Debt proceeds are used to fund the Agency's capital improvement program, and all facilities are allocated to future users (paid by Facility Capacity Fees) and existing users (paid by one percent property tax revenues).

Series	Outstanding Principal June 30, 2017	Debt Service FY 2017/18
2008A COPs	\$ 22,825,000	\$ 5,739,958
2014A Revenue Bonds	11,455,000	3,149,400
1999 COPs	63,355,635	
2010A COPs	54,315,000	5,278,906
2015A Revenue Bonds	61,460,000	5,036,725
2016A-R Revenue Bonds	25,730,000	2,528,900
2016A-N Revenue Bonds	30,665,000	1,960,450
Total	\$ 269,805,635	\$ 23,694,339

Planned Issuance for the Five-Year CIP

In May 2016, the Agency issued \$30.7 million in revenue bonds to fund the ongoing CIP for Major Capital projects. The Agency's current wholesale CIP for Major Capital projects shows 20 projects being constructed over the next ten years. Assuming the Agency is able to obtain some grant funding for the recycled water projects, this program would require over \$160 million in additional funding. The Agency typically funds Major Capital Projects through the issuance of debt (Minor Capital and Repair and Replacement Projects are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis). At this time, the FY 2017/18 Budget 10-

year forecast includes additional debt issuance of \$30.5 million in 2019 and \$39.1 million in 2021 to cover project funding for the next five years. At this time, the ten-year forecast does not show sufficient funds to support annual debt service payments for additional bond issues in 2023 and 2024 to complete the projects. The Agency will need to monitor is existing revenues streams (Facility Capacity Fees and one percent property tax revenues) and will likely need to consider additional revenue sources. These projections are based on the ten-year CIP and do not include projects for future infrastructure, water supply and water supply reliability projects discussed in the Facility Capacity Fee Study, the Recycled Water Master Plan, the Urban Water Management Plan and other planning documents.

Bond covenants require that the Agency maintains a minimum 1.20 debt coverage ratio on all bonds. The Agency's current projections for debt coverage ratios are as follows:

FY 2017/18	1.53
FY 2018/19	1.46
FY 2019/20	1.69
FY 2020/21	1.87
FY 2021/22	1.51

Series of Certificates of Participation (COPs) and Bonds

2008A COPs and 2014A Revenue Bonds

On June 1, 1990, \$132 million of COPs were executed and delivered to provide funds to acquire and construct the Rio Vista Water Treatment Plant and related facilities. On August 31, 1994, \$124.6 million of certificates of participation were executed and delivered to provide funds to advance refund all 1990 certificates. On May 5, 2004, the Agency refunded \$28,475,000 of the 1994 certificates (2004 Series A). On June 17, 2014, the Agency refunded \$16,750,000 of the 2004A certificates. On June 10, 2004, the Agency refunded \$37,350,000 of the 1994 certificates and concurrently entered into a "variable to fixed swap" agreement for \$40,000,000 (2004 Series B). The unrefunded 1994 COP's totaled \$40,565,000 after the refunding. The last settlement was paid during FY 2013/14. On May 9, 2008, the Agency refunded all of the 2004B certificates (2008 Series A) and in August of 2014, the Agency terminated the swap and retains the 2008A COPs in floating rate mode. These obligations are allocated 78.4% to future users (Facility Capacity Fees) and 21.6% to existing users (one percent property tax revenues).

	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
2008A COPs	\$ 5,739,958	\$ 22,825,000
2014A Bonds	3,149,400	11,455,000

1999 and 2006A COPs

In August 1999, the Agency issued \$75.8 million in COPs to provide funds to (a) reimburse the Agency for the acquisition of approximately 41,000 acre-feet of supplemental water from DWR and (b) to acquire certain capital improvements to the Agency's Wholesale System. In December 2006, the Agency advance refunded \$45,520,000 of the 1999 certificates (2006 Series A). On May 12, 2016, the Agency refunded \$35,555,000 of the 2006A certificates with refunding revenue bonds (2016 Series A). The 1999 COPs are capital appreciation certificates. No regular payments of interest are made on capital appreciation certificates prior to maturity (beginning in FY 2021/22). Interest on capital appreciation certificates is compounded annually and added to the principal amount outstanding. These obligations are allocated 77.5% to future users (Facility Capacity Fees) and 22.5% to existing users (one percent property tax revenues).

	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
1999 COPs	\$	\$ 63,355,635
2016A-R COPs	2,528,900	25,730,000

2010A COPs

In March, 2001, the Agency issued \$80 million in COPs to provide funds to acquire certain capital improvements to the Agency's Wholesale System. Primary expenditures were for the Sand Canyon Pipeline and Reservoir Project, the ESFP Expansion Project and banking programs. In June 2010, the Agency advance refunded all of the certificates (2010 Series A). These obligations are allocated 87.7% to future users (Facility Capacity Fees) and 12.3% to existing users (one percent property tax revenues).

	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
2010A COPs	\$ 5,278,906	\$ 54,315,000

2006C COPs and 2015A Revenue Bonds

In December 2006, the Agency issued \$89.8 million in COPs to provide funds to acquire certain capital improvements to the Agency's Wholesale System. Primary expenditures were for the RVWTP Expansion Project, the Sand Canyon Pipeline and Reservoir Project, the Perchlorate Distribution and Treatment projects and a portion of the stock of the Valencia Water Company. On April 28, 2015, the Agency advance refunded \$77,685,000 of the 2006C certificates with refunding revenue bonds (2015 Series A). These obligations are allocated 62.7% to future users (Facility Capacity Fees) and 37.3% to existing users (one percent property tax revenues).

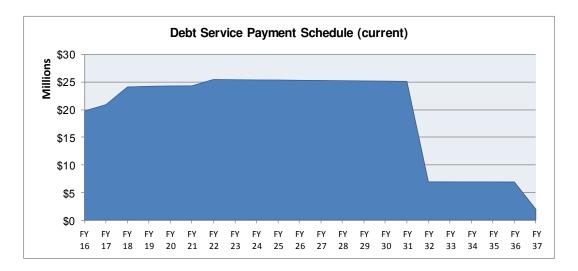
	FY 2017/18 Debt	Outstanding Balance
	Service	June 30, 2017
2015A Bonds	\$ 5,036,725	\$ 61,460,000

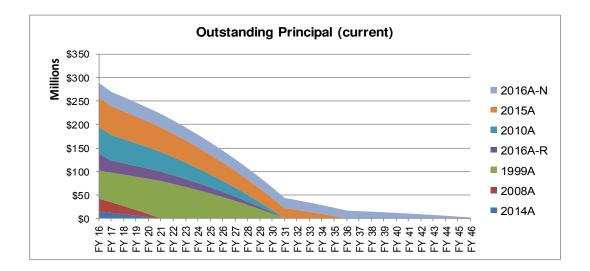
2016A Revenue Bonds (new bond proceeds)

In May 2016, concurrent with the refunding of the 2006A COPs, the Agency issued \$30.7 million in new revenue bonds to acquire certain capital improvements to the Agency's Wholesale System. Primary expenditures are anticipated to be for ESFP Clearwell/CT Improvements, ESFP Sludge Collection System, Foothill Feeder Connection, Recycled Water Program Phase II and the Saugus Formation Dry Year Reliability Wells. It is anticipated these obligations will be allocated 39.5% to future users (Facility Capacity Fees) and 60.5% to existing users (one percent property tax revenues).

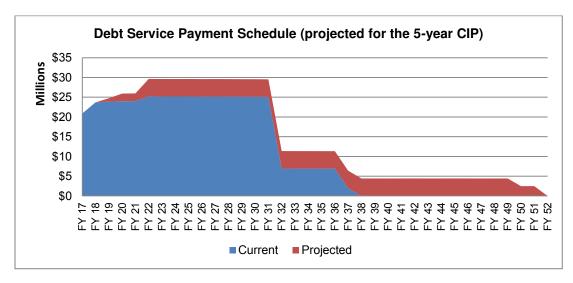
	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
2016A-N Bonds	\$ 1,960,450	\$ 30,665,000

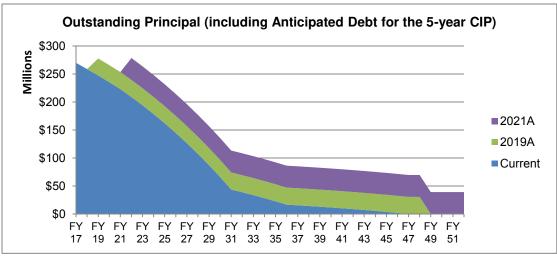
Currently Outstanding Debt





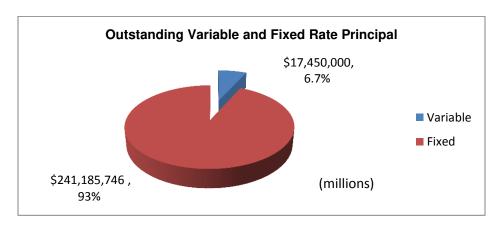
Projected Debt for the 5-Year CIP





Variable Rate Debt

The Agency's Debt Management Policy limits variable rate debt to no more than 25 percent of the Agency's total debt portfolio. As of June 30, 2017, the Agency will have 6.7 percent of its portfolio in variable rate debt.



DWR VARIABLE AND CAPITAL CHARGES - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	DWR Variable ayments	DWR Fixed Payments	DWR Refunds/ djustments	TOTAL
2007/08	\$ 4,488,388	\$ 13,368,360	\$ (1,510,873) \$	16,345,875
2008/09	4,667,948	16,484,367	(1,196,496)	19,955,819
2009/10	2,750,291	19,844,863	(3,869,057)	18,726,097
2010/11	1,893,470	19,881,442	(3,548,535)	18,226,377
2011/12	3,815,512	19,110,997	(2,759,743)	20,166,766
2012/13	4,989,452	15,545,822	(1,923,297)	18,611,977
2013/14	5,637,395	17,609,122	(2,229,263)	21,017,254
2014/15	3,997,735	17,657,459	(1,771,198)	19,883,996
2015/16	4,835,394	19,704,836	(2,832,107)	21,708,123
Estimated FY 2016/17	5,000,000	18,381,700	(1,500,000)	21,881,700
Budget FY 2017/18	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 22,300,000	\$ (1,000,000) \$	30,300,000

BUENA VISTA/ROSEDALE RIO BRAVO WATER ACQUISITION ESTIMATED PAYMENTS

Fiscal Year		Total				
2006/07	\$	6,440,213				
2007/08		5,796,256				
2008/09		5,949,400				
2009/10		5,709,627				
2010/11		5,746,405				
2011/12		5,904,266				
2012/13		6,083,451				
2013/14		6,078,380				
2014/15		6,164,510				
2015/16		6,227,100				
2016/17		8,838,900				
2017/18		9,280,900				
2018/19		9,744,945				
2019/20		10,232,192				
2020/21		10,743,802				
2021/22	11,280,99					
2022/23	11,845,04					
2023/24	12,437,294					
2024/25		13,059,158				
2025/26		13,712,116				
2026/27		14,397,722				
2027/28		15,117,608				
2028/29		15,873,489				
2029/30		16,667,163				
2030/31		17,500,521				
2031/32		18,375,547				
2032/33		19,294,325				
2033/34		20,259,041				
2034/35		21,271,993				
2035/36		22,335,592				
2036/37		-				
Total	\$	352,367,949				

Wholesale System 2008A COP PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest/Fees	Total	Principal Remaining
2007/08	\$ -	\$	109,166	\$ 109,166	\$ 39,300,000
2008/09	225,000		1,728,825	1,953,825	39,075,000
2009/10	250,000		2,057,576	2,307,576	38,825,000
2010/11	275,000		2,043,318	2,318,318	38,550,000
2011/12	275,000		1,733,735	2,008,735	38,275,000
2012/13	300,000		1,708,735	2,008,735	37,975,000
2013/14	275,000		1,623,414	1,898,414	37,700,000
2014/15 *	4,775,000		442,814	5,217,814	32,925,000
2015/16	4,950,000		296,872	5,246,872	27,975,000
2016/17	5,150,000		330,000	5,480,000	22,825,000
2017/18	5,375,000		364,958	5,739,958	17,450,000
2018/19	5,600,000		345,417	5,945,417	11,850,000
2019/20	5,800,000		249,303	6,049,303	6,050,000
2020/21	 6,050,000	_	48,284	 6,098,284	
Total	\$ 39,300,000	\$	13,082,417	\$ 52,382,417	\$ -

^{*} Beginning in FY 2014/15, Interest/Fees expense is lower than in previous budgets to reflect the termination of the Interest Rate Swap in August 2014.

Wholesale System 2014A REVENUE BONDS PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

	Fiscal Year	Dringing	Interest	Total		Principal		
	riscai fear	Principal	mieresi	TOTAL	Remaining			
	2013/14	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	16,750,000		
	2014/15	165,000	418,537	583,537		16,585,000		
	2015/16	2,535,000	633,975	3,168,975		14,050,000		
	2016/17	2,595,000	557,025	3,152,025		11,455,000		
	2017/18	2,685,000	464,400	3,149,400		8,770,000		
_	2018/19	2,780,000	355,100	3,135,100		5,990,000		
	2019/20	2,920,000	226,500	3,146,500		3,070,000		
	2020/21	 3,070,000	 76,750	 3,146,750		<u>-</u>		
	Total	\$ 16,750,000	\$ 2,732,287	\$ 19,482,287	\$	-		

Wholesale System 1999 COP PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

					Principal
Fiscal Year	Accretion	Principal	Interest	Total	Remaining
2006/07	\$ 1,984,922	\$ -	\$ 156,896	\$ 156,896	\$ 39,169,968
2007/08	2,101,316	1,060,000	133,575	1,193,575	40,211,284
2008/09	2,224,536	1,110,000	82,505	1,192,505	41,325,820
2009/10	2,354,981	1,165,000	27,378	1,192,378	42,515,801
2010/11	2,493,075	-	-	-	45,008,876
2011/12	2,639,268	-	-	-	47,648,144
2012/13	2,794,032	-	-	-	50,442,176
2013/14	2,957,873	-	-	-	53,400,049
2014/15	3,131,320	-	-	-	56,531,369
2015/16	3,314,940	-	-	-	59,846,309
2016/17	3,509,326	-	-	-	63,355,635
2017/18	3,715,111	-	-	-	67,070,746
2018/19	3,932,963	-	-	-	71,003,709
2019/20	4,163,590	-	-	-	75,167,299
2020/21	4,407,741	-	-	-	79,575,040
2021/22	4,365,394	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	73,495,434
2022/23	4,011,146	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	67,061,580
2023/24	3,636,259	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	60,252,839
2024/25	3,238,482	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	53,046,321
2025/26	2,816,363	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	45,417,684
2026/27	2,368,995	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	37,341,679
2027/28	1,894,316	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	28,790,995
2028/29	1,391,186	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	19,737,181
2029/30	858,451	10,445,000	-	10,445,000	10,150,632
2030/31	 294,368	 10,445,000	 	 10,445,000	
Total	\$ 70,599,954	\$ 107,785,000	\$ 400,354	\$ 108,185,354	\$ -

Wholesale System 2016A REFUNDING REVENUE BOND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS (Refunding of 2006A COPs)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Remaining
2015/16		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,730,000
2016/17	- -	836,498	836,498	25,730,000
2017/18	1,380,000	1,148,900	2,528,900	24,350,000
2018/19	1,410,000	1,113,950	2,523,950	22,940,000
2019/20	1,460,000	1,063,600	2,523,600	21,480,000
2020/21	1,520,000	996,400	2,516,400	19,960,000
2021/22	1,600,000	918,400	2,518,400	18,360,000
2022/23	1,685,000	836,275	2,521,275	16,675,000
2023/24	1,765,000	750,025	2,515,025	14,910,000
2024/25	1,860,000	659,400	2,519,400	13,050,000
2025/26	1,940,000	574,100	2,514,100	11,110,000
2026/27	2,020,000	494,900	2,514,900	9,090,000
2027/28	2,115,000	401,625	2,516,625	6,975,000
2028/29	2,210,000	293,500	2,503,500	4,765,000
2029/30	2,325,000	180,125	2,505,125	2,440,000
2030/31	2,440,000	61,000	2,501,000	<u> </u>
Total S	25,730,000	\$ 10,328,698	\$ 36,058,698	

Wholesale System 2010A COP PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

				Principal
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Remaining
2009/10	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,595,000
2010/11	1,300,000	1,786,708	3,086,708	69,295,000
2011/12	2,310,000	3,008,706	5,318,706	66,985,000
2012/13	2,360,000	2,948,406	5,308,406	64,625,000
2013/14	2,430,000	2,867,606	5,297,606	62,195,000
2014/15	2,520,000	2,774,606	5,294,606	59,675,000
2015/16	2,620,000	2,665,781	5,285,781	57,055,000
2016/17	2,740,000	2,542,606	5,282,606	54,315,000
2017/18	2,865,000	2,413,906	5,278,906	51,450,000
2018/19	2,995,000	2,289,056	5,284,056	48,455,000
2019/20	3,115,000	2,158,681	5,273,681	45,340,000
2020/21	3,260,000	2,014,506	5,274,506	42,080,000
2021/22	3,405,000	1,860,681	5,265,681	38,675,000
2022/23	3,560,000	1,691,556	5,251,556	35,115,000
2023/24	3,740,000	1,510,306	5,250,306	31,375,000
2024/25	3,925,000	1,339,556	5,264,556	27,450,000
2025/26	4,080,000	1,162,806	5,242,806	23,370,000
2026/27	4,285,000	971,625	5,256,625	19,085,000
2027/28	4,465,000	781,022	5,246,022	14,620,000
2028/29	4,660,000	578,500	5,238,500	9,960,000
2029/30	4,870,000	364,075	5,234,075	5,090,000
2030/31	 5,090,000	 127,254	 5,217,254	
Total	\$ 70,595,000	\$ - 37,857,949	\$ 108,452,949	\$ -

Wholesale System 2015A REVENUE BONDS PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

				Principal
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Remaining
2014/15	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,000,000
2015/16	475,000	2,280,943	2,755,943	63,525,000
2016/17	2,065,000	2,983,950	5,048,950	61,460,000
2017/18	2,105,000	2,931,725	5,036,725	59,355,000
2018/19	2,165,000	2,856,850	5,021,850	57,190,000
2019/20	2,250,000	2,768,550	5,018,550	54,940,000
2020/21	2,345,000	2,676,650	5,021,650	52,595,000
2021/22	2,440,000	2,568,750	5,008,750	50,155,000
2022/23	2,560,000	2,443,750	5,003,750	47,595,000
2023/24	2,685,000	2,312,625	4,997,625	44,910,000
2024/25	2,820,000	2,175,000	4,995,000	42,090,000
2025/26	2,960,000	2,030,500	4,990,500	39,130,000
2026/27	3,110,000	1,878,750	4,988,750	36,020,000
2027/28	3,265,000	1,719,375	4,984,375	32,755,000
2028/29	3,430,000	1,552,000	4,982,000	29,325,000
2029/30	3,600,000	1,376,250	4,976,250	25,725,000
2030/31	3,780,000	1,191,750	4,971,750	21,945,000
2031/32	3,975,000	997,875	4,972,875	17,970,000
2032/33	4,170,000	794,250	4,964,250	13,800,000
2033/34	4,375,000	580,625	4,955,625	9,425,000
2034/35	4,600,000	356,250	4,956,250	4,825,000
2035/36	 4,825,000	 120,625	 4,945,625	
Total	\$ 64,000,000	\$ 38,597,043	\$ 102,597,043	\$ -

Wholesale System 2016A BOND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS (New bond proceeds)

				Principal
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Remaining
2015/16	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,665,000
2016/17	-	1,072,116	1,072,116	30,665,000
2017/18	475,000	1,485,450	1,960,450	30,190,000
2018/19	490,000	1,473,350	1,963,350	29,700,000
2019/20	510,000	1,455,800	1,965,800	29,190,000
2020/21	535,000	1,432,225	1,967,225	28,655,000
2021/22	560,000	1,404,850	1,964,850	28,095,000
2022/23	590,000	1,376,100	1,966,100	27,505,000
2023/24	620,000	1,345,850	1,965,850	26,885,000
2024/25	650,000	1,314,100	1,964,100	26,235,000
2025/26	680,000	1,284,250	1,964,250	25,555,000
2026/27	710,000	1,256,450	1,966,450	24,845,000
2027/28	740,000	1,223,750	1,963,750	24,105,000
2028/29	780,000	1,185,750	1,965,750	23,325,000
2029/30	820,000	1,145,750	1,965,750	22,505,000
2030/31	860,000	1,103,750	1,963,750	21,645,000
2031/32	905,000	1,059,625	1,964,625	20,740,000
2032/33	950,000	1,013,250	1,963,250	19,790,000
2033/34	1,000,000	964,500	1,964,500	18,790,000
2034/35	1,050,000	913,250	1,963,250	17,740,000
2035/36	1,105,000	859,375	1,964,375	16,635,000
2036/37	1,165,000	802,625	1,967,625	15,470,000
2037/38	1,225,000	742,875	1,967,875	14,245,000
2038/39	1,285,000	680,125	1,965,125	12,960,000
2039/40	1,350,000	614,250	1,964,250	11,610,000
2040/41	1,420,000	545,000	1,965,000	10,190,000
2041/42	1,495,000	472,125	1,967,125	8,695,000
2042/43	1,570,000	395,500	1,965,500	7,125,000
2043/44	1,650,000	315,000	1,965,000	5,475,000
2044/45	1,735,000	230,375	1,965,375	3,740,000
2045/46	1,825,000	141,375	1,966,375	1,915,000
2046/47	 1,915,000	 47,875	 1,962,875	 -
Total	\$ 30,665,000	\$ 29,356,666	\$ 60,021,666	

Wholesale System TOTAL DEBT SERVICE AND OUTSTANDING PRINCIPAL

				2006A COP/		2006C/ 2015A	2016A-N			Total
Fiscal	2014A Bonds	2008A COP	1999 COP	2016A-R Bonds		COP	Bonds	Projected		Outstanding
Year	Sebt :	e P	Debt Service	e P	e P	Debt Service	Debt Service	Debt Service *	å,	Principal
2014/15	\$ 583,537	\$ 5,217,814	·	\$ 3,307,976	\$ 5,294,606	\$ 5,868,375	· •	·	\$ 20,272,308	266,881,369
2015/16	3,168,975	5,246,872	•	3,304,776	5,285,781	2,755,943	•	•	19,762,347	278,846,309
2016/17	3,152,025	5,480,000	•	836,498	5,282,606	5,048,950	1,072,116	•	20,872,195	269,805,635
2017/18	3,149,400	5,739,958		2,528,900	5,278,906	5,036,725	1,960,450		23,694,339	258,635,746
2018/19	3,135,100	5,945,417	'	2,523,950	5,284,056	5,021,850	1,963,350	863,683	24,737,406	277,613,709
2019/20	3,146,500	6,049,303		2,523,600	5,273,681	5,018,550	1,965,800	1,940,950	25,918,384	265,722,299
2020/21	3,146,750	6,098,284	1	2,516,400	5,274,506	5,021,650	1,967,225	1,939,175	25,963,990	292,460,040
2021/22			10,445,000	2,518,400	5,265,681	5,008,750	1,964,850	4,430,050	29,632,731	278,375,434
2022/23	•	,	10,445,000	2,521,275	5,251,556	5,003,750	1,966,100	4,427,175	29,614,856	263,546,580
2023/24	•	•	10,445,000	2,515,025	5,250,306	4,997,625	1,965,850	4,428,950	29,602,756	247,927,839
2024/25	•	•	10,445,000	2,519,400	5,264,556	4,995,000	1,964,100	4,427,000	29,615,056	231,466,321
2025/26	•		10,445,000	2,514,100	5,242,806	4,990,500	1,964,250	4,428,875	29,585,531	214,177,684
2026/27	•	•	10,445,000	2,514,900	5,256,625	4,988,750	1,966,450	4,427,500	29,599,225	195,976,679
2027/28	•	•	10,445,000	2,516,625	5,246,022	4,984,375	1,963,750	4,427,750	29,583,522	176,840,995
2028/29	•		10,445,000	2,503,500	5,238,500	4,982,000	1,965,750	4,429,375	29,564,125	156,707,181
2029/30	•		10,445,000	2,505,125	5,234,075	4,976,250	1,965,750	4,427,250	29,553,450	135,505,632
2030/31	•	•	10,445,000	2,501,000	5,217,254	4,971,750	1,963,750	4,431,125	29,529,879	113,185,000
2031/32	1	•	1	•	•	4,972,875	1,964,625	4,430,750	11,368,250	108,305,000
2032/33		•		•	•	4,964,250	1,963,250	4,426,125	11,353,625	103,185,000
2033/34	•	•	1	1	1	4,955,625	1,964,500	4,431,875	11,352,000	97,810,000
2034/35	•	•	•	•	•	4,956,250	1,963,250	4,427,750	11,347,250	92,160,000
2035/36	1	•	1	1	1	4,945,625	1,964,375	4,428,625	11,338,625	86,230,000
2036/37	1	•	1	•	•	•	1,967,625	4,429,125	6,396,750	85,065,000
2037/38	1	•	1	•	•	•	1,967,875	4,424,125	6,392,000	83,840,000
2038/39		•		•	•	•	1,965,125	4,428,250	6,393,375	82,555,000
2039/40	•	•	1	1	1	•	1,964,250	4,426,125	6,390,375	81,205,000
2040/41	1	•	1	1	1	•	1,965,000	4,427,500	6,392,500	79,785,000
2041/42	1	•			•	•	1,967,125	4,431,875	6,399,000	78,290,000
2042/43	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,965,500	4,424,125	6,389,625	76,720,000
2043/44	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,965,000	4,428,875	6,393,875	75,070,000
2044/45	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,965,375	4,430,500	6,395,875	73,335,000
2045/46	•	•	•	•	•		1,966,375	4,428,750	6,395,125	71,510,000
2046/47	•	1	•	ı	•	•	1,962,875	4,423,375	6,386,250	69,595,000
Total	\$ 19,482,287	\$ 39,777,648	\$ 104,450,000	\$ 42,671,450	\$ 89,441,523	\$ 108,465,418	\$ 60,021,666	\$ 119,876,608	\$ 404,288,326	
Reserve Funds with Trustee		· •	· •	· •	\$ 5,349,556	· ·	· &	· •	\$ 5,349,556	

* Projected for the next five years. Does not include funding for the full CIP.

WHOLESALE SYSTEM FORECAST ASSUMPTIONS – FY 2017/18 BUDGET

One Percent Property Tax Revenues - 10-year forecast Assumptions

Reserve Requirements

FY 2017/18 reserve amounts have been set at the targeted amount for Capital Reserves and Reserves for Economic Uncertainties and Catastrophic Situations, and an increased amount of one percent property tax funding for Debt Service Reserves to make up for a shortfall in Facility Capacity Fee funding of Reserves. Each fiscal year, the Agency reviews the allocation of reserves between Facility Capacity Fees and one percent property tax revenues and adjusts it according to the upcoming fiscal year budget, funds balances, projected activities and other such items.

The Repair and Replacement Reserve is a new reserve established by the Board of Directors during FY 2012/13 in conjunction with the new wholesale water rate structure. The new structure transfers Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo (BV/RRB) water supply costs from the Capital Improvement Program to the General Fund/Operating Budget over ten years. This will free up one percent property tax revenues to fund a Repair and Replacement Reserve that will be used for future replacement of aging infrastructure. The amount in the ten year forecast is based on transferring the costs for an additional 550 AF of BV/RRB water each year (see BV/RRB information below for further escalation information).

One Percent Property Tax Revenues

One percent property tax revenues are dedicated to fund existing users' share of the COP and bond debt and capital improvement projects and repair programs, as well as a portion of core non-SWP water supplies. FY 2017/18 revenues are estimated at \$24.7 million, assuming a 5 percent increase in assessed valuation from FY 2016/17. This is based on the 4.7 percent increase in assessed valuation from FY 2015/16 to FY 2016/17 and reflects a similar level of new development in the upcoming fiscal year. For FY 2017/18 and thereafter, the forecast uses an increase of five percent per year. This is based on a one percent increase for new development, a two percent increase per year for existing development that does not turn over and two percent to reflect properties that are sold and reassessed to a market rate.

A history of the change in service area assessed valuation is as follows:

Year	Change from previous year
FY 2016/17	4.7%
FY 2015/16	5.1%
FY 2014/15	7.75%
FY 2013/14	2.2%
FY 2012/13	(1.7%)
FY 2011/12	0.5%
FY 2010/11	(1.1%)
FY 2009/10	(5.6%)
FY 2008/09	5.0%
FY 2007/08	9.2%

Investment Revenues, Non-VWC

Based on fund balances and assumes a 1.5 percent rate of return through FY 2018/19, and then a 3.43 percent rate of return thereafter. The 3.43 percent rate of return is based on the 20-year LAIF average rate, consistent with the 2014 Facility Capacity Fee Study.

Investment Revenues, VWC Payment

Includes dividend payments from the Valencia Water Company through FY 2018/19. In FY 2019/20, assumes an Interfund Loan to repay the purchase price over thirty years.

Debt Service - Existing Users

Reflects existing debt service schedule and allocation to existing users and estimates future debt service necessary to fund infrastructure necessary to support existing users. No new debt will be issued unless revenues are sufficient to fund debt service and without approval from the Board of Directors.

Debt Service - Future Users

Reflects an Interfund Loan from one percent property tax revenues to Facility Capacity Fees to pay future users' share of debt service while Facility Capacity Fee revenues are low.

Vista Canyon Recycled Water Credit

During FY 2012/13, the Board of Directors approved an agreement with Vista Canyon to purchase excess recycled water through a Facility Capacity Fee credit. The proposed Vista Canyon development will include construction of a recycled water plant that will produce more recycled water than can be used for on-site purposes. Purchasing recycled water from Vista Canyon will reduce CLWA's recycled water capital expenditures. Reduction in CLWA's capital expenditures will result in reduced Facility Capacity Fees (FCFs) to be paid by Vista Canyon. One percent property tax revenues will fund the portion of the credit that is attributable to existing users. The payment schedule is based on when the recycled water will be available.

Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

With the exception of the BV/RRB water purchase program, CIP costs are inflated 2.36% per year.

BV/RRB Water Purchase

A portion of this item is funded in Capital Planning, Studies and Administration, but is shown separately. This uses the actual 2017 calendar year payment, then assumes five percent inflation per year thereafter.

Facility Capacity Fee Tax Revenues - 10-year forecast Assumptions

Reserve Requirements

Due to low revenue levels, the Facility Capacity Fee revenues are not projected to fund any reserves during the forecast period.

Facility Capacity Fees

Facility Capacity Fee revenues are estimated at \$8 million in FY 2016/17 and \$8 million in FY 2017/18. Revenues are inflated at 2.36% per year. The 2017 Facility Capacity Fee study is underway and may result in different assumptions for future years. Beginning in FY 2018/19, the revenue estimates are reduced by the Vista Canyon Recycled Water credit program (described above).

Investment Revenues, Non-VWC

Due to low fund balances and the Interfund Loan, no investment revenues are assumed.

Investment Revenues, VWC Payment

Includes dividend payments from the Valencia Water Company through FY 2018/19. In FY 2019/20, assumes an Interfund Loan to repay the purchase price over thirty years.

General Fund – Operating Forecast

General Fund – Operating Budget forecast information is included in the Debt Coverage 5-Year Forecast. The forecast assumes a decrease in water sales of 10% for FY 2018/19 and FY 19/20, assuming retail water purveyors return to a traditional mix of imported water and groundwater. After that, the forecast uses the 2015 UWMP growth rate of 1.3% per year. Operating expenditures are inflated by either three or five percent, depending on the nature of the expenditure.

One Percent Property Tax Revenues 10-year Forecast (in millions)

	Ĭ	EV 16/17		FV 17/18	ц	FV 18/19	Ā	FV 19/20	FV 20/21		EV 21/22		FV 22/23	Ţ	FV 23/24	à	FV 24/25 F	FV 25/26	
	. ,		· ·		. ,		. ,			•				•			•		
Fund Balance, Beginning	₩.	72.99	₩.	73.56	₩	72.21	₩.	67.55	õ s	68.71 \$	75.01	←	74.19	₩.	75.18	₩.	77.88 \$	82.04	
RESERVES Debt Service Reserve	↔	(15.55)	\$	(18.34)	69	(19.39)	s	(20.57)	(2)	(21.72) \$	(24.2	\$ (8	(24.27	\$	(24.25)	s	(24.27) \$	(24.24	_
Capital Reserve		(10.84)		(11.13)	_	(11.46)		(11.80)	Ë	(12.16)	(12.52)	7	(12.90)		(13.29)		(13.68)	(14.10)	
Economic Uncertainties (liquidity)		(26.52)	<u></u>	(27.49)		(28.14)		(28.80)	(ÿ	(29.48)	(30.18)	8	(30.89)	_	(31.62)		(32.36)	(33.13)	_
Repair and Replacement Reserve	•	(2.29)	((2.75)	_	(3.21)	•	_			(4.59)	_	(5.05)	_ .	(5.51)	•	_	(6.43)	~ I-
lotal Reserves	æ	(55.20)	A	(1).60)	Ð	(62.20)	Ð	(64.84)	9) #	(67.49)	(76.17)	<i>*</i>	(73.11)	e e	(/4.6/)	Ð	(76.28) \$	(77.90)	~I
Net Available	ઝ	17.79	⇔	13.85	છ	10.01	s	2.71	· \$	1.22 \$	3.44	4	1.08	↔	0.51	s	1.60 \$	4.14	1 1
REVENUES																			
1% Property Tax Revenues	s	23.55	8	24.75	↔	25.98	s	27.28	\$ 28	28.65 \$	30.08	8	31.58	છ	33.16	s	34.82 \$	36.56	
Settlement Agreement Reimbursement (CIP)		0.59		0.38		1		2.00		6.34	1		1		,			•	
Grants and Reimbursements		0.30		0.21							•		•					•	
One-time Water Sales		1		0.74		•					•		•					•	
Investment Revenues		1.13		1.14		0.93		2.22	•	2.31	2.45	2	2.51		2.56		2.62	2.67	
Investment, VWC payment		1		ı		0.50		2.65	•	2.65	2.65	2	2.65		2.65		2.65	2.65	
Reimbursement from Annexing Parties		0.40		0.35		0.44		0.47)	0.49	0.51	1	0.54		0.57		0.59	0.62	ı
Total Revenues	s)	25.97	↔	27.57	s)	27.85	s	34.62	\$ 4(40.44 \$	35.69	\$	37.28	s	38.94	s	40.68 \$	42.50	
EXPENDITURES																			
Debt Service - Existing Users	છ	(5.22)	\$	(6.19)	\$	(6.87)	છ	(7.70)	°) \$	3.54) \$	(8.93)	3) \$	(9.93)	\$	(9.92)	s	(8.95)	(8.95)	_
Debt Service - Future Users		(10.21)	<u> </u>	(11.60)		(15.68)		(15.17)	Ë	(15.37)	(16.54)	4	(16.34)	_	(16.21)		(16.21)	(16.17)	_
Vista Canyon Recycled Water Credit		1		ı		(0.31)		(1.05)	ڪ	(0.83)	(0.77)	<u>(</u>	(0.41)	<u> </u>	(0.15)		(0.08)	•	
Major Capital Projects		(0.10)	_	(1.70)	_	(1.00)		(1.05)	٠	1.10)	(1.16)	(9	(1.22	<u> </u>	(1.28)		(1.34)	(1.41)	_
Minor Capital Projects		(2.38)	<u></u>	(0.80)	_	(1.20)		(1.23)	٠	1.26)	(1.29)	6	(1.32)	<u> </u>	(1.35)		(1.38)	1.4	_
Planning, Studies Admin, less BV/RRB Water		(1.97)	_	(2.16)	_	(2.21)		(2.26)	٣	(2.31)	(2.37)	<u>(</u>	(2.42	<u> </u>	(2.48)		(2.54)	(2.60)	_
BV/RRB Water		(4.39)	<u> </u>	(4.18)	_	(3.94)		(3.67)	٣	3.35)	(3.08)	8	(3.23)	_	(3.39)		(3.56)	(3.74)	_
New Capital Equipment		(0.37)	_	(1.21)	_	(0.50)		(0.51)	ڪ	(0.52)	(0.54)	4	(0.55)	_	(0.56)		(0.58)	(0.29)	<u> </u>
Repair and Replacement Projects		(0.77)	((1.08)	_	(0.80)		(0.82))	(0.84)	(0.86)	(9	(0.88)	((0.90)		(0.92)	(0.94)	<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	↔	(25.41)	\$	(28.92)	↔	(32.51)	s	(33.46)	(3) \$	(34.12) \$	(36.54)	\$	(36.30)	\$	(36.24)	⇔	(36.53) \$	(36.78)	_ I
Enal Delegate Available	6	10.05	6	10 50	6	70.7	6	2 0 7		7 54 \$	02 0		30 6		600	6		20 0	
rung balance, Avallable	Ð	10.0	Ð	12.30		0.00	Ð		A		C.2	e D	7.00	A	3.6	Ð	o./.c	3.00	

Facility Capacity Fee 10-year Forecast (in millions)

	FY 16/17	/17	FY 17/	2/18	FY 18/19		FY 19/20	Ε	FY 20/21	FY 21/22	1/22	FY 22/23		FY 23/24	FY 24/25	4/25	FY 25/26	56
Fund Balance, Beginning	\	,	€	1	, ↔	€	ı	↔	1	s	<i>↔</i> '	1	↔	1	s	,	€	
RESERVES Debt Service Reserves thru 2010A Economic Uncertainties	↔		↔	1 1	. · ·	↔	1 1	↔	1 1	↔	↔	1 1	↔	1 1	↔	1 1	€	1 1
Previous Reserve Requirement Total Reserves	₩		€		· •	₩		₩		⇔	· ·		↔		₩		₩	
Net Available	o		€	,		€9		\$.	\$	\$		\$		\$		€	1.1
REVENUES Facility Capacity Fees	↔	8.00	&	8.00.8	&	8.01 \$	7.76	€	8.09	↔	8.33 \$	8.75	\$ 22	9.11	↔	9.37	o ↔	9.64
Investment, VWC payment		0:30	Ü	0:30	' o	0:30	1.62		1.62		1.62	1.62	32	1.62		1.62	_	1.62
Adjustinents Total Revenues	s	8.30	₩	8.30	8	8.31 \$	9.38	€	9.71	\$	9.95 \$	10.37	\$ 2	10.73	\$	10.99	\$	11.26
EXPENDITURES Debt Service BV/RRB Water Supply		(5.30)		(5.26)	6, 67	(5.17)	(6.13) (2.98)		(6.36)		(6.48) (3.21)	(6.78)	78) 32)	(7.02)		(7.16)	()	(7.30)
FCF Administration Repay One Percent Property Tax Total Expenditures	\$	(3.01) - (8.31)	3) \$	(3.04)		(0.26) - (8.31) \$	(0.26) - (9.37)	\$	(0.26) - (9.71)	₩	(0.26) - (9.95) \$	(0.26) - (10.36)	\$ (9 7	(0.26)	\$	(0.26) - (10.99)	(11) \$.(0.26)
Fund Balance, Available	s	0.00 (∀)	€	\$		⇔		↔		⇔	·		↔		⇔		€	

(A) FY 16/17 ends in a negative number due to rounding.

Debt Coverage 5-year Forecast FY 2017/18 Budget

REVENUES Facility Capacity Fees \$ 8,000,000 \$ 8,007,600 \$ 7,763,800 \$ 8,09	3,093 6,564	\$	
Facility Capacity Fees \$ 8,000,000 \$ 8,007,600 \$ 7,763,800 \$ 8,09	3,093 6,564	\$	
	3,093 6,564	Ψ	8,328,900
1% Property Tax Revenues 24,747,300 25,984,665 27,283,898 28,64	5,564		30,080,498
	,		14,913,318
Wholesale Water Sales - Variable Charges 8,000,000 9,832,260 10,000,000 11,00			12,000,000
	2,870		866,914
	7,418		6,797,417
taran da antara da la companya da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara	6,405		290,013
	5,000		-
	3,480		1,273,450
Grants and Reimbursements 207,500	,		, -,
and the control of th	3,400		512,800
One-time Water Sales 1,650,000	,		ŕ
Total Revenues \$62,336,500 \$62,601,211 \$70,487,524 \$78,65	7,930	\$	75,063,310
Operations and Maintenance Costs (Operations) \$24,546,700 \$26,434,021 \$26,536,616 \$28,08	,132	\$	30,187,217
Total System Net Revenues \$37,789,800 \$36,167,189 \$43,950,907 \$50,57	5,798	\$	44,876,093
Senior Debt Service			
1999 COP	-		10,445,000
Total Senior Debt Service \$ - \$ - \$	-	\$	10,445,000
Senior Debt Service Coverage * N/A N/A N/A N/A	١.		4.30
		_	
Net Revenues Available after Senior Debt Service \$37,789,800 \$36,167,189 \$43,950,907 \$50,57	5,798	\$	34,431,093
Subordinate Debt Service		•	
		\$	-
	1,506		5,265,681
taran da antara da la companya da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara da antara	3,750		-
	1,650		5,008,750
	3,400		2,518,400
	7,225		1,964,850
	9,175		1,942,150
, ,	7,663	Φ.	2,487,900
Total Subordinate Debt Service \$23,694,339 \$24,737,406 \$25,918,384 \$27,07	5,053	\$	19,187,731
Total Debt Service Coverage 1.59 1.46 1.70	1.87		1.51
Revenues Available for Other Purposes \$ 14,095,461 \$ 11,429,783 \$ 18,032,523 \$ 23,50	3,146	\$	15,243,362

^{*} Senior Debt Service only applies to 1999 COPs, for which no debt service payments are due until 2021.

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CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT POLICY

(Board Approved; Re-adopted February 2017; Reviewed Annually)

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors of the Castaic Lake Water Agency recognizes its responsibility to direct the investment of funds under its care. This policy applies to the Castaic Lake Water Agency and the Santa Clarita Water Division.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investment of funds based upon prudent cash management practices and in conformity with all applicable statutes.

Investment Goals

The investment of funds by the Castaic Lake Water Agency shall be guided by the goals of safety of principal, liquidity and return on funds invested. These goals, ranked in order of priority, are further defined as follows:

- <u>Safety of Principal</u> is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments will be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio.
- ▲ <u>Liquidity of Funds</u> invested will remain sufficient to enable the Agency to meet all operating requirements and budgeted expenditures. Investments will be undertaken with the expectation that unplanned expenses will be incurred; therefore, portfolio liquidity will be created to cover reasonable contingency costs.
- Return on Funds Invested should be focused upon with investment safety and liquidity goals in perspective. The goal is to maximize return while ensuring that safety and liquidity objectives are not compromised.

Scope

This investment policy applies to all financial assets held by Castaic Lake Water Agency. The Agency pools all cash for investment purposes. This policy is applicable, but not limited to all funds listed below:

General/Operating Fund Special Revenue Funds

- a) One Percent Property Tax Fund
- b) Facility Capacity Fee Fund
- c) State Water Project Fund

Capital Project Fund Debt Service Fund Reserve Funds Enterprise Fund Grant Funds

* A separate investment policy will be developed for the proceeds from a future potential lump sum payment of the perchlorate settlement agreement for O&M activities.

Delegation of Authority

Responsibility for the Agency's investment program is delegated to the Treasurer who shall oversee management of the portfolio consistent with this policy. With this delegation the Treasurer is given the authority to utilize internal staff and outside investment managers to assist in the investment program. The Treasurer will use care to assure that those assigned responsibility to assist in the management of the Agency's portfolio do so in accordance with this policy.

For the Santa Clarita Water Division, the Retail Manager serves as the Treasurer.

Conflicts of Interest

All Agency officials and staff members involved with investment functions will refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the execution of the investment function or could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Officials and staff members involved with the investment function will disclose to the Board of Directors any personal financial interest with a financial institution, broker or investment issuer conducting business with the Agency. Officials and staff members will further disclose to the Board of Directors any personal financial interest in any entity related to the investment performance of the Agency's portfolio.

Prudence

Agency officials and staff members responsible for the investment program, under all circumstances, will conduct themselves in accordance with the "Prudent Man Rule". This rule requires that investments will be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, direction and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Responsibility

The Treasurer and other individuals assigned to manage the investment portfolio, acting with the intent and scope of this investment policy while exercising due diligence, shall be relieved of personal responsibility for the credit risk and market price risk for securities held in the investment portfolio, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely manner and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

For the Santa Clarita Water Division, the Retail Manager serves as the Treasurer.

Portfolio Maturity Limits

The maximum maturity for any single investment in the portfolio shall not exceed five years.

The maximum weighted average maturity for the investment portfolio shall not exceed three years.

When a security has a mandatory put date, the put date should be used when calculating weighted average portfolio maturity. When a security has an optional put date, the optional put date should be used when calculating weighted average portfolio maturity so long as the put is at the discretion of the Agency and the put price is equal to or greater than the market value for the security. (A put is a contract that gives its holder the right to sell an underlying security, commodity, or currency before a certain date for a predetermined price.)

Permissible Investments and Investment Restrictions

Permissible investments and investment credit quality, maturity and concentration restrictions (in aggregate by type of restriction) are as follows:

1. <u>United States Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds</u>

Minimum Credit Quality:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration:

Maximum Concentration per Issuer:

Maximum Maturity:

Not Applicable

No Limit

5 Years

2. <u>United States Government Agency and</u>

Sponsored Enterprise Securities

Minimum Credit Quality:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration:

Maximum Concentration per Issuer:

Maximum Maturity:

Not Applicable

No Limit

5 Years

3. <u>Bankers Acceptances</u>

Minimum Credit Quality:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration:

Maximum Concentration per Issuer:

Maximum Maturity:

A-1 or P-1

30%

5%

180 days

4. <u>Medium Term Notes and Deposit Notes</u>

Minimum Credit Quality: A2 or better by Moody's or A or better by Standard &

Poor's.

Maximum Portfolio Concentration:30%Maximum Concentration per Issuer:5%Maximum Maturity:5 years

Issuer Restrictions: Issuer must be incorporated and operating in the U.S.

or a U.S. depository institution licensed by the U.S. or

any State.

5. <u>Commercial Paper</u>

Minimum Credit Quality: A-1 or P-1, long term debt rating, if any, must equal or

exceed "A" by Moody's or Standard & Poor's.

Issuer Restrictions: Issuer must be incorporated and operating in the U.S. and have assets in excess of \$500,000,000. No more

than 10% of any issuers' Commercial Paper may be purchased.

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 10%

Maximum Concentration per Issuer: 5%

Maximum Maturity: 270 Days

6. <u>Certificates of Deposit</u>

Minimum Credit Quality: A or better by the Financial Directory. The credit

quality is waived if the certificate of deposit is insured with Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 30%
Maximum Concentration per Depository: 10%
Maximum Maturity: 5 years

Maximum Maturity: 5 ye Depository Restrictions: Purs

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601.8 and 53635.8, the Agency, at its discretion, may invest funds in certificates of deposit at a commercial bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union that uses a private sector entity that assists in

the placement of certificates of deposits

7. Time Deposit

Minimum Credit Quality: A or better by the Financial Directory. The credit

quality is waived if the time deposit is insured with

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 30%
Maximum Concentration per Depository: 10%
Maximum Maturity: 5 years

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(f), 53635.2, 53648 and 53649, the Agency, at its discretion, may invest funds in a time deposit at a commercial bank, savings bank, savings and loan association or credit union that uses a private sector entity that assists in the placement of time deposit.

8. <u>Municipal Obligations</u>

Revenue Obligations

Depository Restrictions:

Minimum Credit Quality: A1 or better by Moody's, A+ or better by Standard &

Poor's or A+ by Fitch Ratings or as otherwise approved by the Agency's Board of Directors

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: Maximum Concentration per Issuer: Maximum Maturity:

Issuer Restrictions:

30% 5% 5 years

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(d), registered treasury notes or bonds of any of the other 49 United States, in addition to California, payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by a state or by a department, board, agency or authority of any of the other 49 United States, in addition to California.

General Obligations

Minimum Credit Quality:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: Maximum Concentration per Issuer: Maximum Maturity:

Issuer Restrictions:

A3 or better by Moody's, A- or better by Standard & Poor's or A- by Fitch Ratings or as otherwise approved by the Agency's Board of Directors 30%

5% 5 years

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(c). registered general obligation treasury notes or bonds of any of the 50 United States.

Adjustable Rate Obligations

Minimum Credit Quality:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: Maximum Concentration per Issuer: Maximum Maturity:

Issuer Restrictions:

P-1 or better by Moody's, A-1+ or better by Standard & Poor's or F-1+ by Fitch Ratings or as otherwise approved by the Agency's Board of Directors 30%

5% 5 years

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(d). adjustable rate registered treasury notes or bonds of any of the 50 United States, including bonds payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by a state or by a department, board, agency or authority of any of the other 49 United States, in addition to California.

Local Agency Fixed Rate Obligations

Minimum Credit Quality:

Issuer Restrictions:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: Maximum Concentration per Issuer: Maximum Maturity:

A1 or better by Moody's, A+ or better by Standard & Poor's or A+ by Fitch Ratings or as otherwise approved by the Agency's Board of Directors (the minimum rating shall apply to the local agency, irrespective of any credit enhancement) 30%

5% 5 years

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(e), taxable or tax-exempt bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within the State of California, including bonds, notes, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing

property owned, controlled, or operated by either the local agency, a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency, or of any local agency

within this state.

Local Agency Adjustable Rate Obligations

Minimum Credit Quality: P-1 or better by Moody's, A-1+ or better by Standard

& Poor's or F-1+ by Fitch Ratings or as otherwise approved by the Agency's Board of Directors

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 30%
Maximum Concentration per Issuer: 5%
Maximum Maturity: 5 years

Issuer Restrictions: Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(e),

adjustable rate notes or bonds, warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within

the State of California, including bonds, notes,

warrants, or other evidences of indebtedness payable solely out of the revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled, or operated by either the local agency, a department, board, agency, or authority of the local agency, or of any local agency

within this state.

9. Repurchase Agreements

Minimum Credit Quality: Not Applicable

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 10%
Maximum Term: 30 days

Collateral: U.S. Treasury or Government Securities – 102%

marked-to-market daily.

10. <u>California State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)</u>

Minimum Credit Quality:

Maximum Portfolio Concentration:

Maximum Term:

Not Applicable

State Max

Not Applicable

11. Los Angeles County Investment Pool

Minimum Credit Quality: Not Applicable

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 30%

Maximum Term: Not Applicable

12. Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST)

Minimum Credit Quality: Not Applicable.

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 20%

Maximum Term: Not Applicable

13. <u>Money Market Mutual Funds</u>

Minimum Credit Quality: Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601(I), AA-

or better if fund has retained an investment adviser registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years' experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000)

or otherwise AAA.

Maximum Portfolio Concentration: 20% Maximum Concentration per Issuer: 10%

Prohibited Investments

Pursuant to Government Code Section 53601.6 the Agency shall not invest any funds pursuant to this article or pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 53630) in inverse floaters, range notes, or mortgage-derived, interest-only strips. The Agency shall not invest in any funds that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity.

Safekeeping of Securities

All securities owned by the Agency, except collateral for repurchase agreements, will be held in safekeeping at a third party bank trust department that will act as agent for the Agency under terms of a custody agreement.

Securities used as collateral for repurchase agreements with a term of up to seven days can be safe kept by a third party bank trust department, or by the broker/dealer's safekeeping institution, acting as agent for the Agency under the terms of a custody agreement executed by the broker/dealer and the Agency and specifying the Agency's perfected ownership of the collateral.

Payment for all transactions will be versus delivery.

Leveraging

Investments may not be purchased on margin. Securities can be purchased on a "When Issued" basis only when a cash balance can be maintained to pay for the securities on the purchase settlement date.

Reporting

The Treasurer will issue a monthly report to the Board of Directors providing the following information:

- List of securities by security type
- Yield to maturity at purchase per asset
- Maturity date for each asset
- Par value for each security
- Percent of portfolio invested in each asset
- Average portfolio maturity

The Treasurer will issue a quarterly report to the Board of Directors within 60 days of the end of each quarter that will include the above information as well as the market value for each asset held at quarter end and the market value for the portfolio at quarter end.

Annual Review

The Board of Directors will initiate an annual review of investment practices and procedures to ensure conformance with this investment policy. This policy will be reviewed annually to ensure it is in conformance with the overall objectives of the Agency.

(Originally Adopted October 2005; revised March 2012, February 2014, February 2015; re-adopted February 2016)

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY (WHOLESALE WATER SYSTEM)

(Board Approved; Revised January 22, 2014; Revised February 22, 2017)

INTRODUCTION

The Agency's overriding goal in issuing debt is to respond to, and provide for, the infrastructure, capital project and other financing needs the Agency's wholesale water system while ensuring that debt is issued and managed prudently in order to maintain a sound fiscal position and protect credit quality.

The Agency believes that debt can provide an equitable means of financing projects for customers of the Agency and provide access to new capital needed for infrastructure and project needs. Debt will be used to meet financing needs if (i) it meets the goals of equitable treatment of all Agency customers, respectively, both current and future, (ii) it is the most cost-effective means available to the Agency, (iii) it is fiscally prudent, responsible, and diligent under the prevailing economic conditions, and (iv) if there are other important policy reasons thereof.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

This policy documents the goals for the use of debt instruments and provides guidelines for the use of debt financing by the Castaic Lake Water Agency for its Wholesale water system. Note that the retail water system (Santa Clarita Water Division) has its own debt management policy.

The Agency's Strategic Plan states that the Agency will utilize reasonable debt financing as an acceptable and appropriate approach to fund long-term facility investments and thus ensure that existing and future users pay their fair share.

Purposes and Use of Debt

The Agency will utilize reasonable debt financing as an acceptable and appropriate approach to fund long-term investments and thus ensure that existing and future users pay their fair share. Long-term investments include the acquisition of land, facilities, works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water. These investments are typically included in the Agency's Capital Improvement Program and Data Document. Bond proceeds can be issued to fund the planning, design, land acquisition, construction, attached fixtures or equipment and movable pieces or equipment, or other costs as permitted by law. Bond proceeds can also be used to refinance obligations of the wholesale system.

Purpose of Policy

The purpose of a debt management policy is to:

- Establish parameters for issuing debt
- Provide guidance to decision makers:
 - With respect to all options available to finance infrastructure, capital projects, and other financing needs
 - So that the most prudent, equitable and cost effective method of financing can be chosen
- Document the objectives to be achieved by staff both prior to issuance and subsequent to
- Promote objectivity in the decision-making process
- Facilitate the financing process by establishing important policy decisions in advance

The Agency will adhere to the following legal requirements for the issuance of public debt:

- The state law which authorizes the issuance of the debt
- The federal and state laws which govern the eligibility of the debt for tax-exempt status
- The federal and state laws which govern the issuance of tax-exempt debt
- The federal and state laws, which govern disclosure, sale, and trading of the debt

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The Agency will provide for a periodic review of its financial performance, and review its performance relative to the financial policies outlined herein. These financial policies will be taken into account during the capital planning, budgeting, and rate setting process.

Necessary appropriations for annual debt service requirements will be routinely included in the Agency's annual budget.

The Agency will maintain proactive communication with the investment community, including rating agencies, credit enhancers and investors, to ensure future capital market access at the lowest possible interest rates.

The Agency's Debt Management Policy, Reserve Policy and the Statement of Investment Policy are integrated into the decision-making framework utilized in the budgeting and capital improvement planning process. As such, the following principles outline the Agency's approach to debt management.

- The Agency will issue debt only in the case where there is an identified source of repayment. Bonds will be issued to the extent that (i) projected existing revenues are sufficient to pay for the proposed debt service together with all existing debt service covered by such existing revenues, or (ii) additional projected revenues have been identified as a source of repayment in an amount sufficient to pay for the proposed debt.
- The Agency will not issue debt to finance operating needs except in case of an extreme financial emergency which is beyond its control or reasonable ability to forecast, and unless specifically approved by the Board of Directors.
- Debt issuance for a capital project will not be considered unless such project has been incorporated into the Agency's capital planning process, or as otherwise approved by the Board of Directors.

II. CONDITIONS FOR DEBT ISSUANCE

The following guidelines formally establish parameters for evaluating, issuing, and managing the Agency's debt. The guidelines outlined below are not intended to serve as a list of rules to be applied to the Agency's debt issuance process, but rather to serve as a set of practices to promote sound financial management.

In issuing debt, the Agency's objectives will be to:

- Achieve the lowest cost of capital
- Ensure ratepayer equity for the Agency's customers
- Maintain the adopted credit rating strategy and access to credit enhancement
- Preserve financial flexibility

Standards for Use of Debt Financing

When appropriate, the Agency will use long-term debt financing to achieve an equitable allocation of capital costs/charges between current and future system users, to provide more manageable rates in the near and medium term and to minimize rate volatility.

The Agency shall not construct or acquire a facility if it is unable to adequately provide for the subsequent annual operation and maintenance costs of the facility throughout its expected life.

Capital projects financed through debt issuance will not be financed for a term longer than the expected useful life of the project.

Types of Debt

Revenue bonds, Certificates of Participation, commercial paper, capital leases and lease-purchase financing will be treated as debt and subject to these same policies.

Debt Capacity

There is no specific provision within the California Government Code that limits the amount of debt that may be issued by the Agency. The Agency's borrowing capability is limited by the debt coverage ratio required by the existing bond covenants.

Financing Criteria

Each debt issuance should be evaluated on an individual basis within the context of the Agency's overall financing objectives and current market conditions.

The Agency will evaluate alternative debt structures (and timing considerations) to ensure the most costefficient financing under prevailing market conditions.

Credit Enhancement – the Agency will consider the use of credit enhancement on a case-by-case basis. Only when clearly demonstrable savings can be realized shall credit enhancement be utilized.

Cash-Funded Reserve vs. Surety – If the issuance of debt requires a cash-funded Debt Service Reserve Fund, then the Agency may purchase a surety policy or replace an existing cash-funded Debt Service Reserve Fund when deemed prudent and advantageous. The Agency may permit the use of guaranteed investment agreements for the investment of reserve funds pledged to the repayment of any of the Agency's debt when it is approved by the Board of Directors.

Call Provisions – In general, the Agency's securities should include optional call provisions. The Agency will avoid the sale of non-callable, long-term fixed rate bonds, absent careful evaluation of the value of the call option.

Additional Bonds Test/Rate Covenants - The amount and timing of debt will be planned to comply with the additional bonds tests and rate covenants outlined in the appropriate legal and financing documents, and this policy.

Short-Term Debt – The Agency may utilize short-term borrowing to serve as a bridge for anticipated revenues, construction financing or future bonding capacity.

Variable Rate Debt – Variable rate debt products are priced at the short-end of the yield curve at low interest rates, but subject to various risks. Variable rate debt may be appropriate for the Agency's portfolio, depending on market conditions and a careful consideration of the risks involved. Variable rate debt products include variable rate demand obligations, commercial paper, and other obligations which have interest rates adjusting periodically. The Agency may consider the use of variable rate debt products to achieve a lower cost of borrowing or for shortterm borrowing. In determining whether or not to use variable rate debt, the Agency will analyze the risk associated with the variable rate debt and the impact on the Agency's overall portfolio.

The principal amount of variable rate debt products, including those synthetically fixed through the use of derivative products, shall not exceed 25% of total Agency outstanding debt.

Derivatives – The use of derivatives is covered by the Agency's Derivatives Policy. This policy states that is has been developed to guide the Agency in its use of interest rate risk mitigation products such as interest rate swaps and other such financing techniques. These financing products can increase Agency financial flexibility and provide opportunities for interest rate savings or enhanced investment yields. Careful monitoring of such products is required to preserve Agency credit strength and budget flexibility. Derivatives will not be used to speculate on perceived movements in interest rates. The notional amount of derivative products shall not exceed 15% of total Agency outstanding debt. More detailed information is contained in the policy.

Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority – The Agency is a member of the Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority. The Agency will consider issuing revenue bonds through the Authority on a case-by-case basis. The Agency will only issue revenue bonds through the Authority only when clearly demonstrable savings can be realized.

Investment of Bond Proceeds - Bond proceeds will be invested in accordance with the permitted investment language outlined in the bond documents for each transaction, unless further restricted or limited in the Agency's Statement of Investment Policy. The Agency will seek to maximize investment earnings within the investment parameters set forth in the respective debt financing documentation. The reinvestment of bond proceeds will be incorporated into the evaluation of each financing decision; specifically addressing arbitrage/rebate position, and evaluating alternative debt structures and refunding savings on a "net" debt service basis, where appropriate.

Refinancing Outstanding Debt

The Treasurer shall have the responsibility to evaluate potential refunding opportunities. The Agency will consider the following issues when analyzing potential refinancing opportunities:

Debt Service Savings – The Agency shall establish a target savings level equal to 3% for current refundings and 5% for advance refundings of the par of debt refunded on a net present value (NPV) basis. The target savings levels serve only as a guidelines and the Agency may determine that different savings targets are appropriate; the Agency shall evaluate each refunding opportunity on a case-by-case basis. In addition to the savings guideline, the following shall be taken into consideration:

- Remaining time to maturity
- Size of the issue
- Current interest rate environment
- Annual cash flow savings
- The value of the call option

The decision to take all savings upfront or on a deferred basis must be explicitly approved by the Board of Directors.

Restructuring – The Agency may seek to refinance a bond issue on a non-economic basis, in order to restructure debt, to mitigate irregular debt service payments, accommodate revenue shortfalls, release reserve funds, or comply with and/or eliminate rate/bond covenants.

Term/Final Maturity – The Agency may consider the extension of the final maturity of the refunding bonds in order to achieve a necessary outcome, provided that such extension is legal. The term of the bonds should not extend beyond the reasonably expected useful life of the asset being financed. The Agency may also consider shortening the final maturity of the bonds. The remaining useful life of the assets and the concept of inter-generational equity will guide these decisions.

Economic versus Legal Defeasance - When evaluating an economic versus legal defeasance, the Agency shall take into consideration both the financial impact on a net present value basis as well as the rating/credit impact. The Agency shall take all necessary steps to optimize the yield on its refunding escrows investments and avoid negative arbitrage.

Outstanding Debt Limitations

Prior to issuance of new debt, the Agency shall consider and review the latest credit rating agency reports and guidelines to ensure the Agency's credit ratings and financial flexibility remain at levels consistent with the most highly rated comparable public agencies.

Method of Issuance

The Agency will determine, on a case-by-case basis, whether to sell its bonds competitively or through negotiation.

Competitive Sale – In a competitive sale, the Agency's bonds shall be awarded to the bidder providing the lowest true interest cost (TIC), as long as the bid adheres to the requirements set forth in the official notice of sale.

Negotiated Sale – The Agency recognizes that some bond issues are best sold through negotiation with a selected underwriter. The Agency has identified the following circumstances below in which this would likely be the case:

- Issuance of variable rate or taxable bonds
- Complex structures or credit considerations (such as non-rated bonds), which require a strong pre-marketing effort. Significant par value, which may limit the number of potential bidders, unique/proprietary financing mechanism (such as a financing pool), or specialized knowledge of financing mechanism or process
- Market volatility, such that the Agency would be better served by flexibility in the timing
 of its sale, such as in the case of a refunding issue wherein the savings target is sensitive
 to interest rate fluctuations, or in a changing interest rate environment
- When an underwriter has identified new financing opportunities or presented alternative structures that financially benefit the Agency
- As a result of an underwriter's familiarity with the project/financing, that enables the Agency to take advantage of efficiency and timing considerations

Private Placement – From time to time the Agency may elect to issue debt on a private placement basis. Such method shall be considered if it is demonstrated to result in cost savings or provide other advantages relative to other methods of debt issuance, or if it is determined that access to the public market is unavailable and timing considerations require that a financing be completed.

Internal Controls

The Agency will maintain segregation of duties and will provide reconciliation and documentation controls.

To ensure bond proceeds from bond sales are used in accordance with legal requirements, invoices are submitted by the appropriate Project Manager and are approved for payment by the appropriate Department Manager and/or delegated staff/supervisor, the Controller and the General Manager for payment. In the case of an issuance of bonds for which the proceeds will be used by a government entity other than the Agency, the Agency may rely upon a certification by such other governmental entity that it has adopted the policies described in SB 1029.

A separate fund and/or account will be setup to hold proceeds from bond sales to ensure only properly approved invoices are paid as permitted per legal requirements.

Debt issuance transactions are approved by the Board of Directors.

Responsibility for general ledger reconciliations and records is segregated from the invoice processing, cash receipting and cash disbursement functions.

Market Communication, Debt Administration and Reporting Requirements

Rating Agencies – The Treasurer shall be responsible for maintaining the Agency's relationships with Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Fitch Ratings, and Moody's Investors Service, to the extent the Agency has ratings from such firms. The Agency shall from time to time, maintain relationships with these agencies as circumstances dictate. The Agency may choose based upon market conditions the number of ratings to obtain for any individual debt issuance. In addition to general communication, the Treasurer should attempt to meet (either in person or via phone or email) with credit analysts at least once each fiscal year. The Treasurer shall prior to each competitive or negotiated sale, offer conference calls or meeting(s) with rating agency analysts in connection with the planned sale.

Observance of Debt Covenants – The Treasurer will periodically ensure that the Agency is in compliance with all legal covenants for each debt issue.

Continuing Disclosure - The Treasurer will periodically confirm that all debt issued is in compliance with Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) by required filing as covenanted in each debt issue's Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

Record Keeping – A copy of all debt-related records shall be retained at the Agency's offices or in an approved storage facility. At minimum, these records shall include all official statements, bid documents, bond documents/transcripts, resolutions, trustee statements, leases, and title reports for each financing (to the extent available). To the extent possible, the Agency shall retain an electronic copy of each document, preferably in PDF or CD-ROM format.

Arbitrage Rebate - The use of bond proceeds and their investments must be monitored to ensure compliance with all Internal Revenue Code Arbitrage Rebate Requirements. The Treasurer shall ensure that all bond proceeds and investments are tracked in a manner that facilitates accurate calculation; if a rebate payment is due, such payment is made in a timely manner.

Policy Review - This policy should be reviewed periodically by the Board and updated as needed. This policy is intended to comply with SB 1029.

(Originally Adopted March 2006; revised January 2014; revised January 2017)

CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY DERIVATIVES POLICY

(Board Approved; Revised January 2014; re-adopted February 22. 2017)

INTRODUCTION

This policy has been developed to guide the Castaic Lake Water Agency (Agency) in its use of derivative financing/interest rate risk mitigation products such as interest rate swaps and other such financing techniques. These derivative financing products can increase the Agency's financial flexibility and provide opportunities for interest rate savings. The use of derivatives should be integrated into the Agency's overall debt and investment management policy. Careful monitoring of such products is required to preserve the Agency's credit strength and budget flexibility.

Derivatives will not be used to speculate on perceived movements in interest rates.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

PURPOSES FOR WHICH DERIVATIVES WILL BE USED

Derivatives can be structured differently, such as Interest rate swaps to create variable rate exposure through a fixed-to-floating interest rate swap or to create fixed rate exposure through a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap. In any situation, the Agency will only undertake such a financing product to achieve one or more of the following objectives:

- Derivatives may be used to lower interest expense of Agency debt, for a particular financing or for the overall debt portfolio.
- Derivatives may be used to reduce exposure to changes in interest rates.
- Derivatives may be used to achieve an appropriate asset/liability match.

PURPOSES FOR WHICH DERIVATIVES WILL NOT BE USED

- Derivatives may not be used for speculative purposes.
- Derivatives may <u>not</u> be used where they would create either extraordinary financial leverage or extraordinary financial risk.
- Derivatives may <u>not</u> be used if they present an extraordinary risk to the Agency's liquidity to terminate the agreement due to unforeseen events, or
- Derivatives may <u>not</u> be used if there is insufficient price transparency to allow for fair market valuation.

ANALYSIS OF RISK ASSOCIATED WITH DERIVATIVES

The Agency will evaluate all derivatives with respect to the unique risks they present. A specific determination must be made that the proposed or estimated benefits exceed the identified risks by an adequate margin over those available in the traditional cash market. The analysis will assess the risk associated with the following factors:

Amortization Risk for Interest Rate Swap Agreements

Amortization risk is defined as the mismatch of the expiration of the underlying obligation and its hedge, the swap agreements. Amortization risk is the possibility that, as the result of early redemption of the underlying variable rate bonds, the repayment schedule of the bonds differs from the underlying notional amount of the swap agreements. This risk will only arise if the Agency wants to redeem the variable rate bonds ahead of schedule. This is not expected for the Agency financings.

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Basis Risk

Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the actual variable rate debt service and variable rate index used to determine the derivative payments. Different fixed income market indices will be evaluated as part of the analysis of an interest rate swap agreement. The analysis will identify the amount of basis risk that may result from various indices.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the credit worthiness of the counterparty. The Agency will only enter into business with highly rated counterparties. The Agency will structure derivative agreements to protect itself from credit deterioration. The Agency will only enter into transactions with counterparties with a credit rating of AA (or equivalent) or better at the time of execution. In the event that the credit rating falls below AA (or equivalent) during the transaction, the derivative documentation shall include protections and remedies. At the time of execution, The Agency should negotiate credit enhancement, subject to market conditions, in the form of:

- ♦ Contingent swap counter party providing support
- One-way collateral
- Ratings downgrade triggers

Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk refers to the failure of the counterparty to make its required payments. This risk can be minimized by establishing strong minimum counterparty credit standards and diversifying the Agency's exposure to counterparties.

Rollover Risk

Rollover risk refers to the potential need to find a replacement counterparty as part of the overall plan of finance if the interest rate swap does not extend to the final maturity of the underlying variable rate bonds. The rollover risk can be minimized through the initial plan of finance by not relying on the execution of future swap agreements.

Tax Events Risk

Tax events risk is defined as the risk created by potential changes to the Federal and State income tax codes on the interest rates to be paid by the Agency on its variable rate bonds. Tax events risk is a form of basis risk. The evaluation should analyze the potential impact of changes in marginal tax brackets as part of its analysis of basis risk.

Termination Risk

Termination risk refers to the possibility that, upon a default by the counterparty, the Agency may be required to make a large payment to the counterparty if the swap agreement is terminated prior to its scheduled maturity pursuant to its terms. For certain types of swaps, a payment by the Agency may be required if interest rates have fallen causing the market value of the remaining payments to be in favor of the counterparty.

INTEREST RATE SWAP FINANCING DOCUMENTATION

The Agency will use standard forms and documentation for derivatives. For interest rate swaps, the Agency will use the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) swap documentation including the Schedule to the Master Agreement and a Credit Support Annex. The Agency derivative documentation should include the following terms:

- Downgrade provisions triggering termination of the swap should be bilateral.
- Governing law for swaps will be New York or California, but should reflect California authorization provisions.
- The specified indebtedness related to credit events in the master agreement should be narrowly drafted and refer only to specific debt and in no case provide recourse to the Agency.

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- Eligible collateral should be limited to Treasuries and Federal Agencies.
- Collateral thresholds should be set on a sliding scale reflective of credit ratings.
- Termination value should be set by "market quotation" methodology.

FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Savings Targets

Derivative transactions shall have higher savings targets, due to the greater complexity and higher risk. In calculating the prospective savings for implementing a fixed-to-variable swap, the cost of re-marketing, in addition to the cost of credit enhancement and liquidity fees must be added to the projected average variable rate. The specific targets are as follows:

- Financial transactions, using swaps or other derivative products, intended to produce the effect of a synthetic fixed rate transaction, must generate 8% or greater present value savings compared to standard fixed-rate bonds which have the same optional redemption features.
- The notional amount of all derivative financing products shall not exceed 15% of total Agency outstanding debt.

Reporting and Accounting

The agency shall report derivative financing transactions in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board and Financial Accounting Standards Board statements.

Derivative Procurement

The Agency shall use a professional advisor or designated swap representative (Swap Advisor) to assist in the assessment, structuring, and pricing of proposed or existing interest rate swap agreements. The Agency shall select a Swap Advisor as part of the financing team where a Swap is expected to be executed. The Swap Advisor must meet the following qualifications:

- 1. Has sufficient knowledge to evaluate the swap transaction and risks
- 2. Is not subject to a statutory disqualification
- 3. Is independent of the swap dealer or major swap participant
- 4. Undertakes a duty to act in the best interests of the Agency
- 5. Provides appropriate and timely disclosures to the Agency
- 6. Evaluates fair pricing and the appropriateness of the swap

The Agency shall obtain an opinion from its Swap Advisor that the terms and conditions of any financial product entered into reflect a fair market value as of the execution date.

The General Manager is authorized to solicit derivative-proposals from firms that meet or exceed the following criteria:

- The derivative transaction provider shall have a credit rating of AA (or equivalent) or better from at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies.
- ♦ The derivative provided shall have a demonstrated record of successfully executing derivative transactions and have a minimum capitalization of \$2 billion.

(Originally Adopted June 2003; revised December 2011; January 2014; re-adopted February 2017)

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CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY DISCLOSURE PROCEDURES POLICY

(Board Approved; Originally Adopted March 2014; re-adopted February 22, 2017)

INTRODUCTION

The Agency from time to time issues certificates of participation, revenue bonds, notes or other obligations (collectively Obligations) to fund or refund capital investments, other long-term programs and working capital needs. These Obligations may be issued directly by the Agency, through the Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority or on behalf of the Agency by the Castaic Lake Water Agency Financing Corporation (collectively the Issuer). In offering Obligations to the public, and at other times when making certain reports, the Agency and/or the Issuer (if other than the Agency) must comply with the anti-fraud rules of federal securities laws. (Anti-fraud rules refers to Section 17 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 10(b) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, and regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under those Acts, particularly Rule 10b-5 under the 1934 Act.)

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The purpose of these Disclosure Procedures (Procedures) is to memorialize and communicate procedures in connection with obligations, including notes, bonds and certificates of participation, issued by or on behalf of the Castaic Lake Water Agency (Agency) to ensure the Agency continues to comply with all applicable disclosure obligations and requirements under the federal securities laws.

BACKGROUND

The core requirement of the anti-fraud rules is that potential investors in Obligations must be provided with all material information relating to the offered Obligations. The information provided to investors must not contain any material misstatements, and the Agency and/or the Issuer (if other than the Agency) must not omit material information that would be necessary to provide to investors a complete and transparent description of the Obligations and the Agency's financial condition. In the context of the sale of securities, a fact is considered to be material if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it to be important in determining whether or not to purchase the securities being offered.

When Obligations are issued, the two central disclosure documents that are prepared are typically a preliminary official statement (POS) and a final official statement (OS, and collectively with the POS, Official Statement). The Official Statement generally consists of (i) the forepart, which describes the specific transaction including maturity dates, interest rates, redemption provisions, the specific type of financing, the leased premises (in certificate of participation financings) and other matters particular to the financing, (ii) a section that provides information on the Agency, including its financial condition as well as certain operating information of the wholesale division or the retail division, as applicable (Agency Section) and (iii) various other appendices, including the Agency's audited financial report, form of the proposed legal opinion and form of continuing disclosure undertaking. Investors use the Official Statement as one of their primary resources for making informed investment decisions regarding the Obligations.

DISCLOSURE PROCESS

When the Agency determines to issue Obligations, the Agency's Treasurer requests the involved departments to commence preparation of the portions of the Official Statement (including particularly the Agency Section) for which they are responsible. While the general format and content of the Official Statement does not normally change substantially from offering to offering, except as necessary to reflect major events, the Agency's Treasurer is responsible for reviewing and preparing or updating certain portions of the Agency Section that are within his/her particular area of knowledge. After the Official Statement has been substantially updated, the entire Official Statement is shared with the General Manager for review and input. Additionally, all participants in the disclosure process are separately responsible for reviewing the entire Official Statement.

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Members of the financing team, including the Bond Counsel and the Agency's Financial Advisor with respect to the Obligations, assist staff in determining the materiality of any particular item, and in the development of specific language in the Agency Section. Members of the financing team also assist the Agency in the development of a big picture overview of the Agency's financial condition, which is included in the Agency section. This overview highlights particular areas of concern. Bond Counsel has a confidential, attorney-client relationship with officials and staff of the Agency.

The Agency's Treasurer or a member of the financing team at the direction thereof schedules one or more meetings or conference calls of the financing team (which includes Agency officials, Bond Counsel, the Agency's Financial Advisor, the underwriter of the Obligations and the underwriter's counsel), and new drafts of the forepart of the Official Statement and the Agency Section are circulated and discussed. Such communications may occur via electronic means rather than by meetings or conference calls. During this part of the process, there is substantial contact among Agency staff and other members of the financing team to discuss issues that may arise, determine the materiality of particular items and ascertain the prominence in which the items should be disclosed.

Prior to distributing a POS to potential investors, there is typically a formal conference call that includes Agency officials involved in the preparation of the POS, members of the financing team and the underwriters and the underwriter's counsel, during which the Official Statement is reviewed in its entirety to obtain final comments and to allow the underwriters to ask questions of the Agency's senior officials. This is referred to as a due diligence meeting.

A substantially final form of the POS is provided to the Agency Board of Directors (and the Authority Board of Directors, if relevant) in advance of approval to afford the Board(s) of Directors an opportunity to review the POS, ask questions and make comments. The substantially final form of the POS is approved by the Board(s) of Directors, which generally authorizes certain senior staff to make additional corrections, changes and updates to the POS in consultation with General Counsel and Bond Counsel.

At the time the POS is posted for review by potential investors, senior Agency officials (and under certain circumstances the Issuer) execute certificates deeming certain portions of the POS complete (except for certain pricing terms) as required by SEC Rule 15c2-12.

Between the posting of the POS for review by potential investors and delivery of the final OS to the underwriter for redelivery to actual investors in the Obligations, any changes and developments will have been incorporated into the POS, including particularly the Agency Section, if required. If necessary to reflect developments following publication of the POS or OS, as applicable, supplements will be prepared and published.

In connection with the closing of the transaction, one or more senior Agency officials (and under certain circumstances the Issuer) execute 10b-5 certificates. General Counsel also provides a 10b-5 opinion letter (generally addressed to the underwriter). General Counsel does not opine to the underwriters or other third parties as to any financial, statistical, economic or demographic data or forecasts, charts, tables, graphs, estimates, projections, assumptions or expressions of opinion and certain other customary matters.

AGENCY SECTION

The information contained in the Agency Section is developed by personnel under the direction of the Treasurer. The Treasurer coordinates with the General Manager, Engineering and Operations Manager, Water Resources Manager and Controller in the case of a wholesale system financing or with the General Manager, Retail Manager, Retail Administrative Officer and Controller in the case of a retail system financing. The finance team assists as well in certain circumstances and additional officials will be involved as necessary. The following principles govern the work of the respective staffs that contribute information to the Agency Section:

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- Agency staff involved in the disclosure process is responsible for being familiar with its responsibilities under federal securities laws as described above.
- Agency staff involved in the disclosure process should err on the side of raising issues when preparing or reviewing information for disclosure. Officials and staff are encouraged to consult General Counsel, Bond Counsel or members of the financing team if there are questions regarding whether an issue is material or not.
- ♦ Care should be taken not to shortcut or eliminate any steps outlined in the Procedures on an ad hoc basis. However, the Procedures are not necessarily intended to be a rigid list of procedural requirements, but instead to provide guidelines for disclosure review. If warranted, based on experience during financings or because of additional SEC pronouncements or other reasons, the Agency should consider revisions to the Procedures.
- ♦ The process of updating the Agency Section from transaction to transaction should not be viewed as being limited to updating tables and numerical information. While it is not anticipated that there will be major changes in the form and content of the Agency Section at the time of each update, everyone involved in the process should consider the need for revisions in the form, content and tone of the sections for which they are responsible at the time of each update.
- The Agency must make sure that the staff involved in the disclosure process is of sufficient seniority so that it is reasonable to believe that, collectively, they are in possession of material information relating to the Agency, its operations and its finances.

TRAINING

Periodic training for the staff involved in the preparation of the Official Statement (including the Agency Section) is coordinated by the finance team and the Treasurer. These training sessions are provided to assist staff members involved in identifying relevant disclosure information to be included in the Agency Section. The training sessions also provide an overview of federal laws relating to disclosure, situations in which disclosure rules apply, the purpose of the Official Statement and the Agency Section, a description of previous SEC enforcement actions and a discussion of recent developments in the area of municipal disclosure. Attendees at the training sessions are provided the opportunity to ask questions of finance team members, including Bond Counsel concerning disclosure obligations and are encouraged to contact members of the finance team at any time if they have questions.

ANNUAL CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

In connection with the issuance of Obligations, the Agency has entered into a number of contractual agreements (Continuing Disclosure Certificates) to provide annual reports related to its financial condition (including its audited financial statements) as well as notice of certain events relating to the Obligations specified in the Continuing Disclosure Certificates. The Agency must comply with the specific requirements of each Continuing Disclosure Certificate. The Agency's Continuing Disclosure Certificates generally require that the annual reports be filed within 270 days after the end of the Agency's fiscal year, and event notices are generally required to be filed within 10 days of their occurrence.

Specific events which require material event notices are set forth in each particular Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

The Treasurer shall be responsible for preparing and filing the annual reports and material event notices required pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Certificates. Particular care shall be paid to the timely filing of any changes in credit ratings on Obligations (including changes resulting from changes in the credit ratings of insurers of particular Obligations).

(Originally adopted March 2014; re-adopted January 2017)

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CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY **GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE POLICY**

(Board Approved: Revised October 2014)

INTRODUCTION

This Governmental Fund Balance Policy establishes the accounting and financial reporting standards for all governments that reports governmental funds as directed by the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 54.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

POLICY

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54

In February 2009, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) published Statement No. 54, which established accounting and financial reporting standards for all governments that report governmental funds. This statement divides the fund balance into five classifications:

- 1. Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that have constraints that are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed except for stabilization arrangements. Intent should be expressed by (1) the governing body itself or (2) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents the fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

In addition to the new five fund balance classifications. GASB 54 also makes clear the definition of special revenue – for financial reporting purposes, a special revenue fund may only be established around one or more revenue sources that are restricted or committed to purposes other than capital projects or debt service.

DMS #106981 October 2014

Compliance with GASB 54

Based on the GASB 54 statement discussion above, staff proposes the following changes:

Governmental Funds

The Agency will have five (instead of four) major governmental funds grouped into four (instead of three) governmental fund types. The four governmental fund types are: (1) a general fund to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund, (2) special revenue fund to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects, (3) a capital projects fund to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (4) a debt service fund to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The Agency will have the following major governmental funds starting with Fiscal Year 2010/11 reporting:

- 1. General Fund no change
- 2. Pledged Revenue Fund (special revenue fund) debt proceeds from this fund will be move to new Capital Project Fund
- 3. Capital Projects Fund to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets
- 4. State Water Contract Fund (special revenue fund) no change
- 5. Debt Service Fund no change

Fund Balance Classifications

- 1. The Nonspendable Fund Balance accounts for fund balances that are not in "spendable" form, such as inventories and prepaid amounts.
- 2. The Restricted Fund Balance accounts for fund balances that are restricted by debt covenants and laws.
- 3. The Committed Fund Balance accounts for fund balances that are committed for specific purposes by formal action of the Board of Directors of the Agency.
- 4. The Assigned Fund Balance accounts for fund balances that are constrained by the Agency's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed except for stabilization arrangements. Intent should be expressed by the Board of Directors of the Agency itself or a subordinate high-level body (a finance and administration committee, for example) or official to which the board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- 5. The Unassigned Fund Balance accounts for fund balances that have not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes.

Summary

The two tables below summarize the fund balance categories and classifications currently (before GASB 54) and proposed (after GASB 54).

DMS #106981 October 2014

Before GASB 54

				Debt Service
		Special Rev	venue Fund	Fund
			State	
	General	Pledged	Water	Debt Service
	Fund	Revenue	Contract	Fund
Fund Balance:				
Reserved	Χ	X	X	X
Unreserved	X	N/A	N/A	N/A

After GASB 54

 -					
	! :			Debt Service	
		Special Re	venue Fund	Fund	
			State		
	General	Pledged	Water	Debt Service	Capital
	Fund	Revenue	Contract	Fund	Projects Fund
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable	X	X	X	N/A	X
Restricted	X	X	X	X	X
Committed	X	X	N/A	N/A	N/A
Assigned	X	X	N/A	X	X
Unassigned	X	X	N/A	N/A	N/A

(Originally Adopted June 2011)

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CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY PURCHASING POLICY (WHOLESALE WATER SYSTEM)

(Board Approved; Revised May 2016)

SECTION 1. APPLICABILITY OF PURCHASING MANUAL

INTRODUCTION

This Purchasing Manual provides uniform procedures for acquiring goods, services and equipment for the wholesale operations of the Castaic Lake Water Agency (CLWA). The Santa Clarita Water Division of the Castaic lake Water Agency uses its own Purchasing Manual for Retail activity.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

This Purchasing Manual authorizes the conditions under which the Administrative Services Manager (Chief Financial Officer) is authorized to release Agency funds. All purchases of goods, services and equipment to be paid for by the Agency must comply with the methods, authority and dollar limits set forth in this Purchasing Manual. This Purchasing Manual does not apply to non-discretionary operating expenditures including, but not limited to, utilities, payroll, employee benefits, water purchases and payroll taxes. Improvements or units of construction work are subject to the competitive bidding requirements of Public Contract Code, section 21530 et seg.

This Purchasing Manual does not supersede statutory law in existence at the time the Agency enters into a contract for the purchase of goods, services or equipment. California statutes that govern such contracts shall control to the extent they are in conflict with this Purchasing Manual.

SECTION 2. AUTHORITY OF GENERAL MANAGER TO EXECUTE CONTRACTS

The Agency's General Manager is hereby empowered to execute contracts for the purchase of goods, services and equipment up to a limit of \$100,000 per transaction in accordance with Section 3. In times of his absence, the General Manager may delegate his/her power.

(Revised January 2011)

SECTION 3. METHODS OF ACQUISITION - GENERAL RULES

Except as provided in Section 4, the following methods of acquisition shall be used in the circumstances indicated:

- (A) <u>Items of less than \$20,000.</u> The General Manager may acquire items, the cost or estimated cost of which does not exceed \$20,000 in any single acquisition, from any vendor who, in the General Manager's judgment, will provide the best product or service at the most favorable price.
- (B) Items of \$20,000 or more but less than \$50,000. The General Manager may acquire items, the cost or estimated cost of \$20,000 or more but less than \$50,000 in any single acquisition, by requesting three (3) or more quotations from qualified vendors, and then purchasing the item from the responsible vendor whose product or service offers CLWA the best value. The General Manager may consider quality and relevant factors other than price in reaching his/her decision as to what product or service to purchase. The General Manager shall report such acquisitions to the Board. If fewer than three vendors or contractors are available, or if the product is not readily obtainable on the open market, or in the event of an emergency, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the purchase records.

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- (C) Items of \$50,000 or more but less than \$100,000. The General Manager may acquire items, the cost or estimated cost of \$50,000 or more but less than \$100,000 in any single acquisition, by requesting three (3) or more quotations from qualified vendors, and then purchasing the item from the responsible vendor whose product or service offers CLWA the best value. The General Manager may consider quality and relevant factors other price in reaching his/her decision as to what product or service to purchase. The General Manager shall report such acquisitions to the Board. If fewer than three vendors or contractors are available, or if the product is not readily obtainable on the open market, or in the event of an emergency, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the purchase records. An acquisition made pursuant to this Subsection must be listed in the budget. If not listed in the budget, the Board approval procedures established in Subsection (D) below shall apply.
- (D) Items of \$100,000 or more. Items, the cost or estimated cost of which equals or exceeds \$100,000 in any single acquisition, shall be submitted to the Board for approval before purchase. Once approved by the Board, the General Manager may acquire such items by requesting (3) or more quotations from qualified vendors, and then purchasing the item from the responsible vendor whose product or service offers the Agency the best value. If the item is (1) of a specified brand or type which is the only article which will properly meet the needs of the Agency, or (2) is not readily obtainable on the open market, or (3) is an item or service for which comparable quotations or bids cannot be secured, the determination of sole source must be approved by the Board.

(Revised January 2011)

SECTION 4. METHODS OF ACQUISITION - SPECIAL RULES

- (A) The requirements of Section 3 shall not be applicable if:
 - a. The item is a utility service such as telephone, power or other such item where the rates or prices therefore are fixed by legislation, government regulation or contract, or
 - b. The item is to be used in improvements or units of construction work subject to the competitive bidding requirements of Public Contract Code, section 21530 et seq.
- (B) In the event of an emergency and a written finding by the General Manager that it is immediately necessary to purchase or contract for goods, services and equipment, the General Manager is authorized to make the required purchase(s) or enter into the required contract(s). The General Manager shall, however, report any such action involving a cost of more than \$25,000 to the Board as soon as practicable. This report shall identify the emergency and the actual or probable impact the emergency would have had on Agency operations.

SECTION 5. MOTOR VEHICLES

The State of California shall be used as the first source of supply for vehicle procurement. In the event the State does not offer the vehicle desired, Section 3 shall be in force. The General Manager shall report any vehicle purchase to the Board as soon as practicable.

SECTION 6. ITEMS MANUFACTURED FOR CLWA

When necessary, the Agency may contract for goods or equipment which must be manufactured especially for the Agency and are not suitable for sale to others in the ordinary course of business. Such contracts may provide for progress payments for work performed and cost incurred, so long as not less than 10% of the contract price is to be withheld until after final delivery and acceptance of the supplies or equipment. Such contracts may also provide for a faithful performance bond in a sum not less than one-half of the total amount payable under the contract.

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SECTION 7. AUTHORITY OF GENERAL MANAGER AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES MANAGER TO MAKE DISBURSEMENTS

The General Manager and Administrative Services Manager (Chief Financial Officer) are hereby authorized to make all necessary disbursements in payment for goods, services and equipment contracted for pursuant to this Purchasing Manual. This disbursement authority is, however, subject to the Agency's rules and procedures on checks exceeding \$25,000.

<u>SECTION 8. AUTHORITY OF GENERAL MANAGER TO EXECUTE CONSTRUCTION CHANGE</u> ORDERS

The Agency's General Manager is hereby empowered to bind the Agency by change order up to the total amounts identified below based on the original Contract amount.

<u>Original Contract Amount</u> <u>Change Order Authority</u>

Up to \$1,000,000 \$20,000 or 5% of original contract amount, whichever is

greater.

Greater than \$1,000,001 \$50,000 or 4% of original contract amount, whichever is

greater.

The Board may grant different change order authority on a project-specific basis. Board approval is required for any and all change orders once the total amount of change orders reach the specific level of authority given to the General Manager. The General Manager shall brief the appropriate Committee and the Board on the details of all final approved change orders.

(Revised August 2005, February 2012, March 2013)

SECTION 9. PROFESSIONAL SERVICE CONTRACTS

Professional services are defined as unique, technical and/or infrequent functions performed by an independent contractor/vendor qualified by education, experience, certification and/or technical ability to provide services. Typical Agency services that are obtained through professional services contracts include engineering and design, legal, finance, planning, environmental studies, legislative advocacy, public relations and outreach, organizational studies and strategic planning. All professional service contracts or work authorizations in excess of \$100,000 annually shall be approved by the Board. The General Manager shall have the authority to approve changes in professional service contracts or work authorizations up to 10% (cumulative) of the amount authorized by the Board. When the General Manager makes such an increase, details of the changes shall be reported to the appropriate Committee and the Board as soon as practicable. On an annual basis, the General Manager will present to an appropriate Committee a report of current professional services contracts, including name, service, amount, and expiration date. If the General Manager enters into a legal services agreement that exceeds \$25,000, the General Manager shall notify the Board as soon as practicable.

(Added October 2005; Revised January 2011; May 2016)

SECTION 10. ENGINEERING SERVICES

Engineering services provided by consulting firms for the Agency include conducting evaluations, performing studies, preparing preliminary and final designs, preparing technical specifications, providing engineering support during construction, performing construction management and inspection, water resources and other miscellaneous services.

Engineering services will be performed by a pool of engineering consulting firms working under an on-call engineering services contract.

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- **10.1 Engineering Services Consultant Selection**. Every four years, or more often if necessary, the Agency will issue a request for proposals (RFPs) to interested and qualified consulting engineering firms. Submitted proposals will be reviewed and staff will recommend to the Planning and Engineering Committee and Board of Directors the selection of between two and six firms to provide Engineering services.
- **10.2 Work Assignments**. Engineering services will be provided by the selected consultants based on the firm's qualifications, experience, similar project experience, convenience, schedule, historical knowledge and overall cost. Scope of work, schedule, and compensation for each work assignment will be detailed in a specific Work Authorization.

When a specific project requires unique qualifications or a specialty service, as determined by the General Manager, the Agency may develop a specific selection procedure and select a consultant without regard to the pool of engineering consulting firms.

10.3 Contract Duration. Each firm in the pool will be under contract to provide services for the four year duration noted above. However, should a firm have a work authorization underway at the end of the four year term, its work and its contract with the Agency will remain in effect until the completion of the work authorization.

SECTION 10.4. AUTHORITY OF GENERAL MANAGER TO APPROVE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ADVERTISING, ACCEPT CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, AND REVIEW CONSTRUCTABILITY OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS

- (A) The General Manager shall have the authority to approve plans and specifications prepared for advertising capital improvement projects for construction bids. Solicitation of construction bids shall only be performed after approval by the Board.
- (B) The General Manager shall have the authority to accept construction projects and issue and record the Notice of Completion with the Los Angeles County Recorder's Office. Staff shall notify the Board of Directors each time the General Manager accepts a construction project.
- (C) Constructability reviews shall be performed on all major capital improvement projects and other capital improvement projects, as appropriate, as determined by the General Manager or his designee.

(Entire Section 10 revised April 2012; February 2015)

SECTION 11. WORK AUTHORIZATIONS

A written Work Authorization shall be executed to define scope, schedule, and budget for tasks or projects authorized under General Services Contracts. Staff will prepare and the General Manager or his designee is authorized to execute Work Authorizations where the value is \$100,000 or less, provided the item is listed in the budget. The Board of Directors shall approve Work Authorizations when the value is greater than \$100,000, provided the item is listed in the budget. If the item is not listed in the budget, the General Manager or his designee is authorized to execute Work Authorizations when the value is is \$50,000 or less. If the item is not listed in the budget, the Board of Directors shall approve Work Authorizations when the value is greater than \$50,000. Approval by the Board shall be in accordance with its customary procedures. The General Manager shall have the authority to approve changes in Professional Services Contracts or Work Authorizations up to ten percent of the Amount authorized by the Board of Directors. When the General Manager approves such an increase, details of the change shall be reported to the Board of Directors at its next meeting. An appropriate Committee, as determined by the Board of Directors, shall review contracts as needed to determine if the terms still meet the requirements and needs of the Agency or if the contracts should be modified.

(Added October 2005; Revised January 2011)

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<u>SECTION 12. LOCAL VENDORS</u>
Staff will seek quotes from local vendors whenever feasible and will select local vendors when they provide the best product or service at the most favorable price. Requests for proposals, quotes, bids or other such processes will be advertised in the local newspaper, on the Agency's website and on other local websites, where appropriate.

(Revised January 2011)

(Originally Adopted August 2005; Revised March 2013; February 2015, May 2016)

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RESOLUTION NO. 3167

RESOLUTION OF THE CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS ADOPTING THE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017/18 AND AMENDING THE FISCAL YEAR 2016/17 BUDGET

WHEREAS, the Castaic Lake Water Agency has determined under its Board Procedures Manual that the Agency shall annually adopt a budget prior to the commencement of each fiscal year; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors has reviewed the Fiscal Year (FY) 2017/18 Budget, including sections on the Operating Budget and Capital Expenditures; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors has reviewed the revised FY 2016/17 Budget for the one percent property tax fund to reflect a contractually-required increase in the cost of the Buena Vista/Rosedale Rio Bravo Water Supply.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Castaic Lake Water Agency hereby:

- 1. Adopts the FY 2017/18 Budget (Attachment A)
- 2. Appropriates the Operating Expenditures, Capital Expenditures, and Debt Principal and Interest Payment for each fund for FY 2017/18 as shown in the FY 2017/18 Financial Summary (Attachment A).
- 3. Authorizes the General Manager to make interfund transfers up to the amounts shown in the FY 2017/18 Financial Summary (Attachment A).
- 4. Authorizes the General Manager to move operating appropriations from one line item to another or from one Department/Division by fund to another, provided that total appropriations by fund are not changed.
- 5. Amends the FY 2016/17 Budget for the one percent property tax fund as shown in the FY 2016/17 Budget Financial Summary (Attachment B).

President

I, the undersigned, hereby certify: That I am the duly appointed and acting Secretary of the Castaic Lake Water Agency, and that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of said Agency held on May 24, 2017, the foregoing Resolution No. 3167 was duly and regularly adopted by said Board, and that said resolution has not been rescinded or amended since the date of its adoption, and that it is now in full force and effect.

DATED: May 24, 2017

Secretar

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ATTACHMENT A

Castaic Lake Water Agency Financial Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

				Ö	Capital Improvement Program	ment	Program								
			Pledged Revenue Fund	venu	ie Fund			မိ	Total Capital						
Description	General Fund/ Operating		Facility Capacity Fee	0 £	One Percent Property Tax	Capi	Capital Project Fund	<u>E</u> _	mprovement Program	Stat Contr	State Water Contract Fund	Debt 9	Debt Service Fund	Ĕ	TOTAL
Fund Balance 7/1/2017 (Estimated)	\$ 11,159,015	69		83	73,557,593	69	31,678,892	€	105,236,485	\$ 46	46,928,679	\$ 5,3	,556	\$ 16	168,673,735
RESERVES: Operating Reserve	\$ (6.136.700)	89	1	69	1	69	ı	69		€9		ь	1	9	(6.136.700)
Debt Service Reserves			1	٠	(18,344,800)	.	1		(18,344,800)			٠	,	Ū	(18,344,800)
Capital Reserves	1		1		(11,126,800)		1		(11,126,800)		•		,	Ξ	(11,126,800)
Economic Uncertainties/Catastrophic Situations	•		1		(27,488,900)				(27,488,900)				,	(2	(27,488,900)
Repair and Replacement Reserves (new) Trustee Held			1 1		(2,750,200)				(2,750,200)		1 1	(5.3)	5.349.556)		(2,750,200)
Subtotal	\$ (6,136,700)	\$	•	83	(59,710,700)	69.		s	(59,710,700)	↔		\$ (5,3	+	2)	(71,196,956)
Net Available	\$ 5,022,315	69		es.	13,846,893	69	31,678,892	€	45,525,785	\$ 46	46,928,679	€		6	97,476,779
REVENUES:															
Water Sales - Fixed Charges	\$ 14,549,900	69	•	83	1	63	1	S	1	↔	1	₩	1	\$	14,549,900
Water Sales - Variable	8,000,000	_	•		ı				1						8,000,000
Recycled Water Sales	265,500	_	1		1		1		1				ı		265,500
Saugus 1 and 2 Water Sales	627,300		- 70		1				1				1		627,300
One-time Water Sales	412,500		494,000		743,500				1,237,500						1,650,000
Laboratory Kevenues	106,000		1		1		ı								106,000
Collinanications revenues Escility Capacity Fees	000,071		- 000 8		ı				- 000 000 8						000,000
One Percent Property Tax	•		-,00,0		24.747.300				24,747,300					8	24.747.300
Agency Set Property Tax	1		•		1					56	29,822,800		,	. 0	29,822,800
Settlement Agreement (CIP)	1		•		380,000				380,000		•		,		380,000
Settlement Agreement (O&M)	1,546,400	_	•		1		•		1				,		1,546,400
Grants and Reimbursements	•		1		207,500		1,900,000		2,107,500				,		2,107,500
Investment Revenues	107,400		302,400		1,135,000		175,800		1,613,200		401,000	•	152,000		2,273,600
Subtotal	\$ 25,804,100	ક્ક	8,796,400	ક્ક	27,560,200	ક	2,075,800	s	38,432,400	\$ 30	30,223,800	s	152,000	6	94,612,300
EXPENDITURES:															
Operating	\$ (24,546,700)	\$	ı	89	1	69		S	ı	s		↔	1	8	(24,546,700)
Capital Improvement Program	1		(3,038,900)		(11,126,800)	···	(21,458,000)		(35,623,700)	Ç	- 0			ლ ((35,623,700)
Department of Water Resources Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments			- (5 757 500)						- (03 543 400)	(35	(32,570,000)	ì	(152,000)	<u>ට</u> C	(32,570,000)
Subtotal	\$ (24,546,700)	\$	(8,796,400)	ક્ક	(28,912,700)	\$	(21,458,000)	s	(59,167,100)	\$ (32	(32,570,000)	\$	4	\$ (11	(116,435,800)
Fund Balance	\$ 6,279,715	69	-	69	12,494,393	\$	12,296,692	€	24,791,085	\$ 44	44,582,479	€	•	2 \$	75,653,279
Addition to Reserves	1		-		-		-		1		-		1		1
Available Fund Balance 6/30/2018 (Estimated)	\$ 6,279,715	69	-	69	12,494,393	ب	12,296,692	⇔	24,791,085	\$ 44	44,582,479	\$		2	75,653,279

ATTACHMENT B

Castaic Lake Water Agency Financial Summary FY 2016/17 Estimated

			Cap	Capital Improvement Program	ment Pro	ogram							
		Pledged Revenue Fund	evenue	Fund			Total Capital	apital					
Description	General Fund/ Operating	Facility Capacity Fee	One Prop	One Percent Property Tax	Capital Project Fund	Project Id	Improvement Program	ement	State Water Contract Fund	Vater t Fund	Debt Service Fund		TOTAL
Fund Balance 7/1/2016	\$ 10,277,815		\$	72,989,193	\$ 36,5	36,594,192	\$ 109,5	109,583,385	\$ 40,33	40,334,279	\$ 5,349,556	& (C	165,545,035
RESERVES: Operating Reserve	\$ (5,920,000)	· \$9	8	- 0	69	ı	⇔	- 0	€	ı	. ↔	€	(5,920,000)
Detr Service Reserves Capital Reserves		1 1		(15,546,200) (10,839,800)		1 1	(15, ((10,8	(15,546,200) (10,839,800)		1 1			(15,546,200) (10,839,800)
Economic Uncertainties/Catastrophic Situations Repair and Replacement Reserves (new)				(26,518,500)		1 1	(26, 9	(26,518,500)			1 1		(26,518,500)
Trustee Held	-	•		-,,,-			,1,				(5,349,556)	3)	(5,349,556)
Subtotal	\$ (5,920,000)		*)	(55, 190, 700)	\$,	\$ (55,1	(55,190,700)	\$		\$ (5,349,556)	\$ (9	(66,460,256)
Net Available	\$ 4,357,815		ક્ક	17,798,493	\$ 36,5	36,594,192	\$ 54,3	54,392,685	\$ 40,33	40,334,279	\$	↔	99,084,779
REVENUES:													
Water Sales - Fixed Charges	\$ 13,603,800	· &	69		83	1	ss.		⇔		ا ج	↔	13,603,800
Water Sales - Variable	7,275,700	1		1		1							7,275,700
Saudus 1 and 2 Water Sales	656,000												656,000
One-time Water Sales	, '	1				1		,		,	1		. '
Laboratory Revenues	103,000	ı				ı		,		,	1		103,000
Communications Revenues	168,000	ı		•		,				,	•		168,000
Facility Capacity Fees	1	8,000,000					9,0	8,000,000			1		8,000,000
One Percent Property Tax	1	ı		23,547,300		ı	23,6	23,547,300	0	- 0	•		23,547,300
Agency Set Property Lax Settlement Agreement (CIP)				290 000		1 1	ц.	- 290 000	28,4	28,422,800			28,422,800
Settlement Agreement (O&M)	1,223,400	1)))		,	•)		,	1		1,223,400
Grants and Reimbursements	101,200	•		302,000	2,3	2,375,900	2,6	2,677,900			•		2,779,100
Investment Revenues	106,400	302,400		1,128,100	• •	226,200	7,1	1,656,700	S	371,300	151,800		2,286,200
Subtotal	\$ 23,510,000	\$ 8,302,400	89	25,969,200	\$ 2,6	2,602,100	\$ 36,8	36,873,700	\$ 28,79	28,794,100	\$ 151,800	\$	89,329,600
EXPENDITURES: Operating	\$ (22.628.800)	\$	89	1	\$	1	€9	,	69	,	· &	49	(22.628.800)
Capital Improvement Program	-	(3,006,400)		(9,975,700)		(7,517,400)		(20,499,500)		,			(20,499,500)
Department of Water Resources	ı	1				,	•	. '	(22,19	(22,199,700)	•		(22,199,700)
Debt Service Principal and Interest Payments				(15,425,100)		_		(20,721,100)		_		_	(20,872,900)
Subtotal	\$ (22,628,800)	\$ (8,302,400)	ક	(25,400,800)	\$ (7,5	(7,517,400)	\$ (41,2	(41,220,600)	\$ (22,18	(22,199,700)	(151,800)	\$	(86,200,900)
Fund Balance	\$ 5,239,015	•	69	18,366,893	\$ 31,6	31,678,892	\$ 50,0	50,045,785	\$ 46,92	46,928,679	· •	€9	102,213,479
Addition to Reserves	1	•		1							•		•
Available Fund Balance 6/30/2017 (Estimated)	\$ 5,239,015	ا چ	69	18,366,893	\$ 31,6	31,678,892	\$ 50,0	50,045,785	\$ 46,92	46,928,679	•	↔	102,213,479

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RESOLUTION NO. 3165

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY ADOPTING THE APPROPRIATION LIMIT FOR FY 2017/18

WHEREAS, the Agency's General Manager has caused to be prepared a calculation of the Agency's annual appropriation limit for the Agency FY 2017/18; and

WHEREAS, documentation used in the determination of said appropriation limit has been publicly available at the Agency's offices for the period required by law; and

WHEREAS, Proposition 111 has determined that the appropriation limit may be set by using either the change in California per capita income or the change in assessed value of non-residential development; and

WHEREAS, it has been determined that the change in California per capita income is the appropriation selection of the Agency; and

WHEREAS, the calculation is hereby found to have been completed in full accordance with Article XIII-B of the California State Constitution and the implementing legislation for Article XIII-B.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Directors of the Castaic Lake Water Agency does hereby, based upon said calculation, adopt the sum of \$34,170,105 as its FY 2017/18 appropriation limit.

President

I, the undersigned, hereby certify: That I am the duly appointed and acting Secretary of the Castaic Lake Water Agency, and that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of said Agency held on May 24, 2017, the foregoing Resolution No. 3165 was duly and regularly adopted by said Board, and that said resolution has not been rescinded or amended since the date of its adoption, and that it is now in full force and effect.

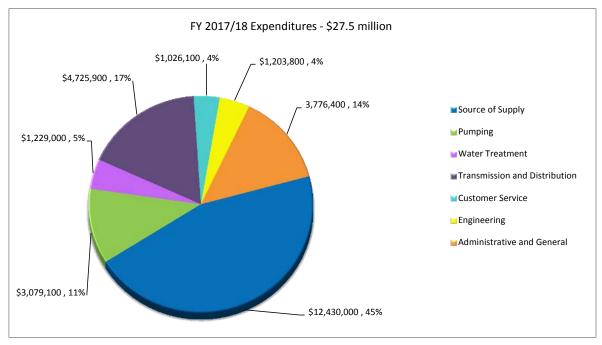
DATED: May 24, 2017

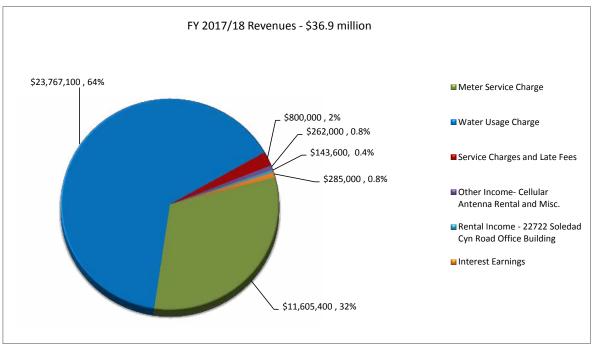
Secretary

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Retail System Financial Summary FY 2017/18 Budget





Santa Clarita Water Financial Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18

						FY 2017/18
	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Budget
Santa Clarita Water Division	Budget	Estimated	Variance	% Variance	Budget	% Variance
Total Operating Revenues	\$28,840,800	\$ 31,520,272	\$ 2,679,472	8.5%	\$ 36,172,500	15.0%
Operating Evpanditures						
Operating Expenditures Source of Supply	10,936,100	11,366,434	430,334	3.8%	12,430,000	9.0%
Pumping	2,674,400	2,821,420	147.020	5.2%	3,079,100	9.0%
Water Treatment	1,178,000	1,126,416	(51,584)	-4.6%	1,229,000	9.0%
Transmission and Distribution	4,681,300	4,492,854	(188,446)	-4.2%	4,725,900	5.0%
Customer Service	1,012,800	985,688	(27,112)	-2.8%	1,026,100	4.0%
Engineering	1,002,900	895,789	(107,111)	-12.0%	1,203,800	34.0%
Administrative and General		,			3,776,400	
	3,574,400	3,494,659	(79,741)	- <u>2.3</u> %		8.0%
Total Operating Expenses	25,059,900	25,183,260	123,360	0.5%	27,470,300	9.0%
Operating Income	3,780,900	6,337,012	2,556,112	40.3%	8,702,200	37.0%
Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense)						
Other Income - Cellular Antenna Rental						
and Miscellaneous	286,000	259,967	(26,033)	-10.0%	262,000	1.0%
Rental Income - 22722 Soledad Canyon Road						
Office Building	134,400	134,394	(6)	0.0%	143,600	7.0%
Interest Earnings - SCWD Fund	236,000	282,866	46,866	16.6%	285,000	1.0%
Interest Expense - COP Series 2010 B						
(Capital Projects)	(670,588)	(670,582)	6	0.0%	(666,238)	-1.0%
Interest Expense - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A						
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)	(2,138,513)	(2,138,480)	33	0.0%	(2,077,138)	<u>-3.0%</u>
Total Non-Operating, Net	(2,152,701)	(2,131,835)	20,866	-1.0%	(2,052,776)	-4.0%
Net Income Before Debt Principal Payment	1,628,199	4,205,177	2,576,978	61.3%	6,649,424	58.0%
Principal Payment - COP Series 2010 B						
(Capital Projects)	_	_	-		(290,000)	
Principal Payment - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A					(,,	
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)	-	-	-		(2,455,000)	
Increase/(Decrease) to Fund Balance	1,628,199	4,205,177	2,576,978	61.3%	3,904,424	-7.2%
Total Revenue Requirements	\$28,840,800	\$31,520,272	\$ 2,679,472		\$ 36,172,500	15.0%
Total Nevende Hequilements	Ψ =0,0 +0,000	Ψ 51,020,272	Ψ 2,010, 1 12	<u>5.5</u> /6	Ψ 30,11 <u>2,000</u>	10.0

	FY 2017/18			FY 2017/18
	Estimated			Estimated
Santa Clarita Water Division	Beginning	FY 2017/18	FY 2017/18	Ending
Fund Summary	Balance	Additions	Use of Funds	Balance
Developer Refundable Deposit	\$ 3,990,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,990,386
Expansion Fund	4,516,840	2,000,000	(1,555,500)	4,961,340
CIP Fund	-	5,536,400	(5,536,400)	-
Operating Reserve Fund	6,265,000	602,600	-	6,867,600
Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund	2,884,080	2,541,795	-	5,425,875
Capital Reserve Fund	1,000,000	4,000,000	-	5,000,000
Emergency Reserve Fund	1,000,000	1,200,000	-	2,200,000
Liability Repayment Reserve Fund	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
Unrestricted Reserve Fund	16,210,254	<u> </u>	(11,976,371)	4,233,883
Total Funds Available	\$35,866,560	\$17,880,795	\$(19,068,271)	\$34,679,084
	·			-

Summary of Personnel Costs FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Source of Supply				
Salary	\$ 122,136	\$ 141,700	\$ 142,683	\$ 151,400
Burden and Benefits	44,333	73,000	78,404	82,500
Pumping				
Salary	\$ 344,142	\$ 403,600	\$ 407,366	\$ 447,000
Burden and Benefits	84,362	206,300	209,586	254,000
Water Treatment				
Salary	\$ 362,356	\$ 401,400	\$ 386,480	\$ 415,500
Burden and Benefits	137,614	205,800	198,588	225,000
Transmission and Distribution				
Salary	\$1,598,781	\$1,906,200	\$1,824,573	\$1,898,000
Burden and Benefits	743,188	1,029,000	985,646	1,040,000
Customer Service				
Salary	\$ 323,407	\$ 332,900	\$ 340,573	\$ 365,000
Burden and Benefits	123,053	185,200	193,774	215,000
Engineering				
Salary	\$ 302,214	\$ 462,300	\$ 398,139	\$ 470,000
Burden and Benefits	71,352	236,200	208,013	246,000
Administrative and General				
Salary	\$ 597,264	\$ 799,200	\$ 780,931	\$ 801,200
Shared Staff Salary/Burden and Benefits	519,834	620,500	608,174	720,200
	190,633	390,200	391,079	423,000
TOTAL				
Salary	\$3,650,300	\$4,447,300	\$4,280,745	\$4,548,100
Shared Staff Salary/Burden and Benefits*	519,834	620,500	608,174	720,200
Burden and Benefits	1,394,535	2,325,700	2,265,090	2,485,500
Total Personnel Costs	\$5,564,669	\$7,393,500	\$7,154,009	\$7,753,800
Burden and Benefits as a % of Salary	38.20%	52.29%	52.91%	54.65%

* Agency-wide Position Allocation - Salary and Associated Benefits

Administrative Services Manager

Assistant General Manager

Senior Accounting Technician

Controller

Facilities Maintenance Technician

Human Resources Analyst

Human Resources Analyst

Human Resources/Risk Management Supervisor

Human Resources/Risk Management Administrative Technician

Information Technology Technician - Senior

Information Technology Technician

Safety Officer

Staff Count* FY 2017/18 Budget

Authorized Staff		FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Retail Administration					
Retail Manager		1	1	1	1
Retail Administrative Officer		1	1	1	1
Executive Assistant		1	1	1	1
Accountant		1	1	1	1
Accounting Technician II		1	1	1	1
Administrative Technician	Α	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Financial Analyst		1	1	1	1
Conservation Specialist II		1	1		1
		7.5	7.5	6.5	7.5
Customer Service					
Customer Service Supervisor		1	1	1	1
Administrative Technician	Α	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Customer Service Representative II		4	4	4	4
		5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Engineering					
Principal Engineer		_	_	-	1
Senior Engineer		1	1	1	_
Civil Engineer		1	1	1	1
Administrative Technician		1	1	1	1
Inspector		2	2	2	2
Engineering Technician II		2	3	3	3
		7	8	8	8
Operations					
Operations Superintendent		1	1	1	1
Administrative Technician		1	2	1	2
Warehouseman/Mechanic		1	1	1	1
Utility Maintenance Supervisor		1	1	1	1
Senior Utility Worker		3	3	3	3
Senior Field Customer Service Representative		1	1	1	1
Field Customer Service Representative II		5	6	6	6
Utility Worker II		9	9	9	9
Production Supervisor		1	1	1	1
Senior Production Operator Senior Instrumentation Technician		3	3	3	3
Production Operator II		- 7	- 0	- 0	1 9
r Toudellott Operator II			9	9	
		33	37	36	38
Total		53	58	56	59

^{*} This chart reflects authorized positions. Positions may be under-filled with lower-level classifications.

A. Allocation of employee between two Departments.

Reserve Funds FY 2017/18 Budget

Operating Reserve Fund - 25% of Annual Operating Expense Budget

The Operating Reserve Fund is used for working cash and unscheduled costs relating to the operation of the retail water system. Additions to the Operating Reserve Fund come from retail water revenues. The fund was established in January 2004 to reach the target by June 2014. Currently the Operating Reserve Fund is set at 25% of annual operating expense budget.

Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund - 15% of Annual Operating Revenue Budget

The Rate Stabilization Fund covers variations in water sales resulting from unusual seasons, major consumption reduction due to voluntary conservation and to adjust for net loss of revenues in the event of a catastrophic loss of water supplies which serves to buffer rate increases due to temporary reductions in water sales. Currently the Rate Stabilization Fund is set at 10% of annual operating revenue budget. Staff has proposed an increase to 15% pending Board approval in FY 2017/18.

Capital Reserve Fund - \$1,000,000

The Capital Reserve Fund is to cover unexpected and unplanned infrastructure and replacement repairs not included in the budget. The Fund was established in November 2013 to reach the target by June 2014. Currently the Capital Reserve Fund is set at a flat amount of \$1,000,000. Staff is proposing an increase to \$5,000,000 which is the average annual CIP and industry standard pending Board approval in FY 2017/18.

Emergency Reserve Fund - \$1,000,000

The Emergency Reserve Fund is to cover emergency repairs due to unforeseen natural disasters such as earthquake, fire, etc. The Emergency Fund would assist to cover immediate repairs to restore SCWD's operations for continued water delivery to its customers. The fund was established during the FY 2015/16 budget process and to reach the target by June 2016. Currently the Emergency Reserve Fund is set at a flat amount of \$1,000,000, staff is proposing to increase to \$2,200,000 which is approximately 2 percent of net capital assets per industry standards and FEMA guidelines pending Board approval in FY 2017/18.

Liability Repayment Reserve Fund - \$0

The Liability Repayment Reserve Fund is currently set at zero balance. This is a new proposed reserve fund to mitigate significant future financial impacts for long term debts such as CalPERS Unfunded Liability, OPEB Liability and other such liabilities. It can also be used for future refunding of 2010B COP and/or 2011A Revenue Bond in order to reduce future interest expense. This reserve fund is being proposed by staff for Board consideration and approval in FY 2017/18.

Unrestricted Reserve Fund

The Unrestricted Reserve Fund balance is the residual net resources in excess of the Operating Reserve Fund, Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Emergency Reserve Fund, Liability Repayment Reserve Fund and the CIP Fund. The Unrestricted Fund can be used to fund future CIP, increase existing or add new Reserve Funds and/or mitigate any future risks and ensure the Division's creditworthiness. Unrestricted Reserve amounts are available for any purposes approved by the Board of Directors. The liquidity of the Unrestricted Reserve Fund helps to maintain and strengthen the Division's credit rating.

Reserve Funds FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2017/18 Estimated						FY 2017/18
Reserve Fund	Beginning Balance	A	Additions to Reserves		ses of und	Er	Estimated nding Balance
Operating Reserve Fund	\$ 6,265,000	\$	602,600	\$	-	\$	6,867,600
Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund	2,884,080		2,541,795		-		5,425,875
Capital Reserve Fund	1,000,000		4,000,000		-		5,000,000
Emergency Reserve Fund	1,000,000		1,200,000		-		2,200,000
Liability Repayment Reserve Fund	-		2,000,000		-		2,000,000
Unrestricted Reserve Fund	16,210,254		-	(11,	976,371)		4,233,883
Total	\$ 27,359,334	\$	10,344,395	\$(11,	976,371)	\$	25,727,358

Reserve Fund	FY 2017/18 Estimated Beginning Balance	Target as of 6/30/2018*	% of Target	Funding Level
Operating Reserve Fund ¹	\$ 6,265,000	\$ 6,867,600	100%	25% of Annual Operating Budget
Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund ²	2,884,080	5,425,875	* 100%	15% of Annual Operating Revenues
Capital Reserve Fund	1,000,000	5,000,000	* 100%	Flat amount
Emergency Reserve Fund	1,000,000	2,200,000	* 100%	Flat amount
Liability Repayment Reserve Fund	-	2,000,000	* 100%	Flat amount
Unrestricted Reserve Fund	16,210,254	4,233,883		
Total Reserve Funds	\$ 27,359,334	\$ 25,727,358		

^{*}Proposed in FY 2017/18, pending Board approval

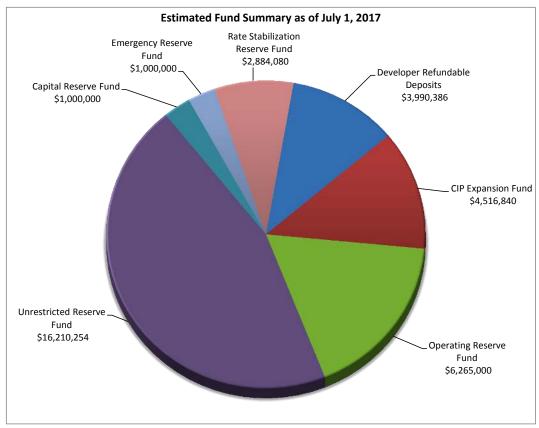
 1 Operating Reserve Fund - 25% of Annual Operating Expense Budget

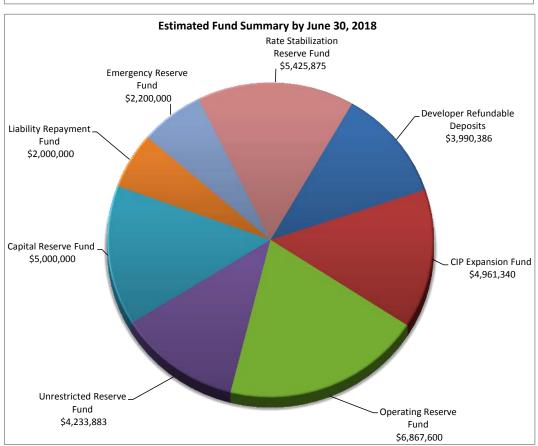
 FY 2017/18 Annual Operating Expense Budget
 \$ 27,470,300

 25%

 Target Balance
 \$ 6,867,600

Retail System Fund Balance Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

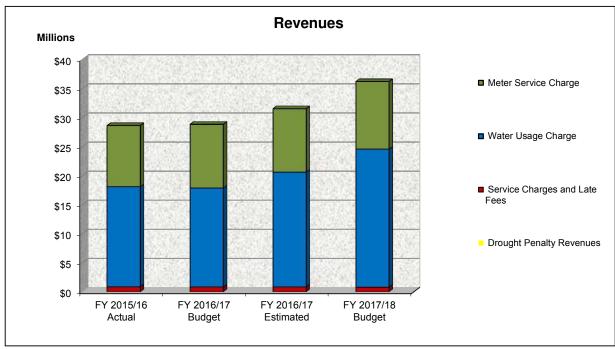


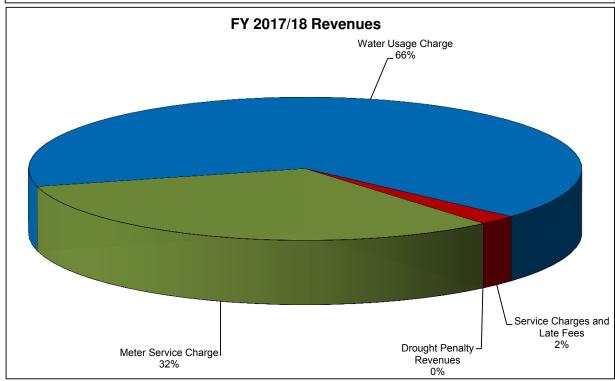


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Operating Revenues FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Operating Revenues	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Meter Service Charge	\$10,526,167	\$10,967,300	\$10,902,123	\$11,605,400
Water Usage Charge	17,227,352	17,058,500	19,775,923	23,767,100
Service Charges and Late Fees	857,093	800,000	834,126	800,000
Drought Penalty Revenues	14,100	15,000	8,100	-
Total Operating Revenues	\$28,624,712	\$28,840,800	\$31,520,272	\$36,172,500





Revenues FY 2016/17 Budget vs FY 2017/18 Budget

Operating Revenues

Meter Service Charge Water Usage Charge Service Charges and Late Fees Drought Penalty Revenues Total Operating Revenues

FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 Budget	% Change	*
\$ 10,526,167	\$ 10,967,300	\$ 11,605,400	\$ 638,100	6%	l
17,227,352	17,058,500	23,767,100	6,708,600	39%	Α
857,093	800,000	800,000	-	0%	Ì
14,100	15,000	=	(15,000)	-100%	
\$ 28,624,712	\$ 28,840,800	\$ 36,172,500	\$ 7,331,700	25%	

Growth budgeted at 500 new services

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

A. Water Usage Charge revenue increases \$6,708,600 due to a combination of estimated growth in customer accounts an a 34 percent increase in consumption from prior year budget due to the rescinding of the drought proclamation by Governor Brown on April 7, 2017. Part of the 34 percent is due to grading operations for a major development under construction, 12 percent.

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

Revenues FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

Operating Revenues

Meter Service Charge Water Usage Charge Service Charges and Late Fees Drought Penalty Revenues Total Operating Revenues

FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 Estimated	% Change	*
\$ 10,526,167 17,227,352	\$ 10,902,123 19,775,923	\$ 11,605,400 23,767,100	\$ 703,277 3,991,177	6% 20%	Α
857,093 14,100 \$ 28.624.712	834,126 8,100 \$31,520,272	800,000 - \$ 36,172,500	(34,126) (8,100) \$ 4,652,228		

Growth budgeted at 500 new services

* Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

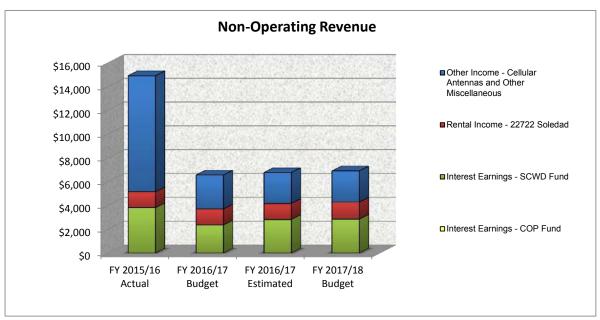
FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

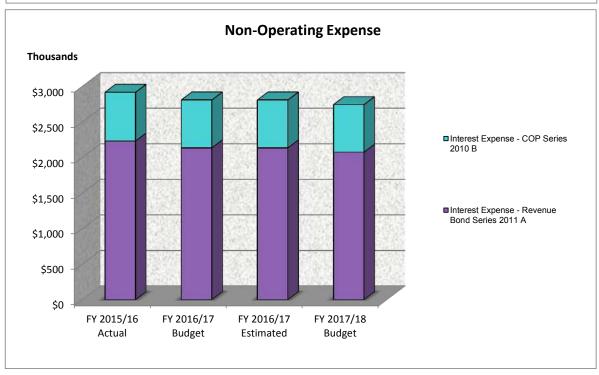
A. Water Usage Charge revenues increases \$3,991,177 due to a combination of estimated growth in customer accounts and an overall 18 percent increase in consumption due to the anticipated 8 percent increase from Estimated FY 2016/17 additional 10 percent for grading operations for a major development under construction.

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Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense) FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense)	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Other Income - Cellular Antenna Rental and Misc.	\$ 976,114	\$ 286,000	\$ 259,967	\$ 262,000
Rental Income - 22722 Soledad Cyn Rd Office Bldg.	134,062	134,400	134,394	143,600
Interest Earnings - SCWD Fund	380,723	236,000	282,866	285,000
Interest Earnings - COP Fund	711	-	-	-
Interest Expense - COP Series 2010 B (Capital Proj)	(682,904)	(670,588)	(670,582)	(666,238)
Interest Expense - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A	(2,234,479)	(2,138,513)	(2,138,480)	(2,077,138)
Total Non-Operating, Net	\$ (1,425,773)	\$ (2,152,701)	\$ (2,131,835)	\$ (2,052,776)





Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense) FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense)
Other Income - Cellular Antenna Rental
and Miscellaneous
Rental Income - 22722 Soledad Canyon Road
Office Building
Interest Earnings - SCWD Fund
Interest Earnings - COP Fund
Interest Expense - COP Series 2010 B
Capital Projects
Interest Expense - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)
Total Non-Operating, Net

ı	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2017/18 Budget			*
\$	976,114	\$ 286,000	\$ 262,000	\$ (24,000)	-8%	
	134,062	134,400	143,600	9,200	7%	
	380,723	236,000	285,000	49,000	21%	Α
	711	-	-	-		
	(682,904)	(670,588)	(666,238)	4,350	-1%	
	(2,234,479)	(2,138,513)	(2,077,138)	61,375	-3%	
\$	(1,425,773)	\$ (2,152,701)	\$ (2,052,776)	\$ 99,925	-5%	

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

A. Interest Earnings - SCWD Fund increases by \$49,000, or 21%, based on prior year estimated actual and anticipated small increase

Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense) FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

Non-Operating	Revenue/	(Expense)

Total Non-Operating, Net

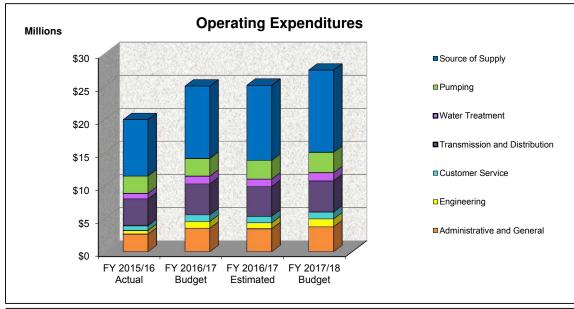
Other Income - Cellular Antenna Rental and Miscellaneous
Rental Income - 22722 Soledad Canyon Road
Office Building
Interest Earnings - SCWD Fund
Interest Earnings - COP Fund
Interest Expense - COP Series 2010 B
Capital Projects
Interest Expense - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)

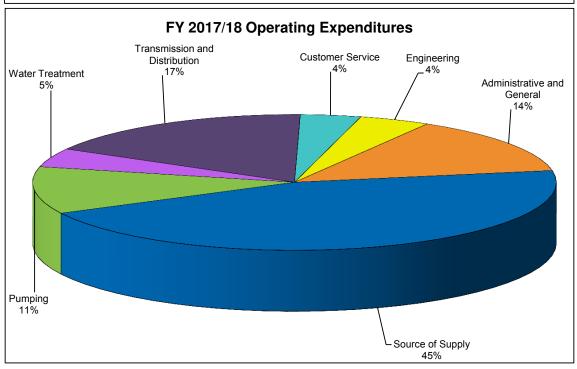
F	FY 2015/16 Actual					Change from FY 2016/17 Estimated	% Change
\$	976,114	\$ 259,967	\$ 262,000	\$ 2,033	1%		
	134,062	134,394	143,600	9,206	7%		
	380,723 711	282,866 -	285,000	2,134	1%		
	(000,004)	(070 500)	(000,000)	4044	40/		
	(682,904)	(670,582)	(666,238)	4,344	-1%		
	(2,234,479)	(2,138,480)	(, , , ,	61,342	-3%		
\$	(1,425,773)	\$ (2,131,835)	\$ (2,052,776)	\$ 79,059	-4%		

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Operating Expenditure Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Operating Expenses	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Source of Supply	\$ 8,508,698	\$10,936,100	\$ 11,366,434	\$12,430,000
Pumping	2,629,656	2,674,400	2,821,420	3,079,100
Water Treatment	831,626	1,178,000	1,126,416	1,229,000
Transmission and Distribution	4,042,902	4,681,300	4,492,854	4,725,900
Customer Service	744,474	1,012,800	985,688	1,026,100
Engineering	551,836	1,002,900	895,789	1,203,800
Administrative and General	2,667,137	3,574,400	3,494,659	3,776,400
Total Operating Expenditures	\$ 19,976,329	\$ 25,059,900	\$ 25,183,260	\$27,470,300





Operating Expenditure Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

	F	Y 2015/16	F۱	Y 2016/17	F۱	Y 2016/17	F۱	/ 2017/18
	l •	Actual	•	Budget		Estimated	l · ·	Budget
Source of Supply		, lotau.		<u> </u>	_			-aago:
Purchased Water	\$	8,326,909	\$	10,706,000	\$	11,129,436	\$	12,178,700
Salary	_	122,136	*	141,700	*	142,683	*	151,400
Burden and Benefits		44,333		73,000		78,404		82,500
Transportation		13,007		14,500		15,122		16,500
Materials and Supplies		-		100		100		100
Outside Services		1,650		-		-		-
Other		663		800		689		800
Total Source of Supply	\$	8,508,698	\$	10,936,100	\$	11,366,434	\$	12,430,000
Pumping	Ť	-,,,,,,,,,		10,000,100	Ť	,	Ť	,,
Power for Pumping	\$	1,816,955	\$	1,700,000	\$	1,826,382	\$	1,954,200
Salary	lΨ	344,142	ľ	403,600	Ψ	407,366	ļΨ	447,000
Burden and Benefits		84,362		206,300		209,586		254,000
Transportation		49,132		42,000		58,706		60,000
Materials and Supplies		99,509		105,200		104,374		130,200
Outside Services		218,919		198,000		199,742		217,000
Other		16,637		19,300		15,264		16,700
Total Pumping	\$	2,629,656	\$	2,674,400	\$	2,821,420	\$	3,079,100
Water Treatment	Ψ	2,020,000	Ψ	2,014,400	Ψ	2,021,420	Ψ	0,070,100
Chemicals	\$	62.853	\$	95,000	\$	94,638	\$	100,000
Salary	Ψ	362,356	۳	401,400	Ψ	386,480	Ψ	415,500
Burden and Benefits		137,614		205,800		198,588		225,000
Transportation		59,390		50,700		49,872		52,000
Materials and Supplies		22,327		77,500		77,019		80,300
Outside Services		183,543		343,800		316,571		352,800
Other		3,543		3,800		3,248		•
Total Water Treatment	\$	831,626	\$	1,178,000	\$	1,126,416	\$	3,400 1,229,000
Transmission and Distribution	Ψ	001,020	<u> </u>	1,110,000	Ť	1,120,110	Ψ.	1,220,000
Salary	\$	1,598,781	\$	1,906,200	\$	1,824,573	\$	1,898,000
Burden and Benefits	lΨ	743,188	ľ	1,029,000	Ψ	985,646	ļΨ	1,040,000
Transportation		168,890		180,000		166,478		175,000
Materials and Supplies		738,646		626,600		619,736		619,900
Outside Services		696,918		818,000		783,867		873,000
Other		96,479		121,500		112,554		120,000
Total Transmission and Distribution	\$	4,042,902	\$	4,681,300	\$	4,492,854	\$	4,725,900
Customer Service	Ť	.,0,00_		1,001,000	Ť	.,,	Ť	.,. ==,===
Uncollectibles	\$	52,749	\$	75,000	\$	65,712	\$	70,000
Salary	Ť	323,407	*	332,900	Ψ.	340,573	*	365,000
Burden and Benefits		123,053		185,200		193,774		215,000
Transportation		-		-		-		,
Materials and Supplies		141,244		172,100		159,766		180,700
Outside Services		99,758		241,000		220,126		189,100
Other		4,263		6,600		5,737		6,300
Total Customer Service	\$	744,474	\$	1,012,800	\$	985,688	\$	1,026,100
Engineering	Ť	,	<u> </u>	1,012,000	_	000,000	Ť	1,0=0,100
Salary	\$	302,214	\$	462,300	\$	398,139	\$	470,000
Burden and Benefits	*	71,352	*	236,200	*	208,013	*	246,000
Transportation		5,802		5,800		5,471		6,200
Materials and Supplies		5,375		29,100		23,585		24,800
Outside Services		144,588		243,600		237,286		420,600
Other		22,505		25,900		23,295		36,200
Total Engineering	\$	551,836	\$	1,002,900	\$	895,789	\$	1,203,800
. Juli Engineering	Ψ	551,500	Ψ	.,552,500	Ψ	555,755	Ψ	1,230,300

Operating Expenditure Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Administrative and General	Actual	Duaget	LStillated	Duaget
Salary	\$ 597,264	\$ 799,200	\$ 780,931	\$ 801,200
Burden and Benefits	190,633	390,200	391,079	423,000
Shared Staff Salary/Burden and Benefits	519,834	620,500	608,174	720,200
Transportation	3.693	6.500	3,293	3,500
Materials and Supplies	74,894	117,000	104,726	94,800
Outside Services	715,104	946,700	932.537	1,002,800
Directors Compensation	7,469	12,000	9,863	12,000
Professional Services	274.591	305,000	303.593	315,000
Property, Liability and Retiree Medical Insurance	313,560	361,100	354,406	381,600
Dues and Memberships	44,905	60,200	53,134	61,900
Other	63,827	91,400	88,041	96,400
Administrative and General Transfer Labor	(138,637)	(135,400)	(135,118)	(136,000)
Total Administrative and General	\$ 2,667,137	\$ 3,574,400	\$ 3,494,659	\$ 3,776,400
Total Summary				
Purchased Water	\$ 8,326,909	\$ 10,706,000	\$ 11,129,436	\$ 12,178,700
Power for Pumping	1,816,955	1,700,000	1,826,382	1,954,200
Chemicals	62,853	95,000	94,638	100,000
Uncollectibles	52,749	75,000	65,712	70,000
Labor	3,650,300	4,447,300	4,280,745	4,548,100
Burden and Benefits	1,394,535	2,325,700	2,265,090	2,485,500
Shared Staff Salary/Burden and Benefits	519,834	620,500	608,174	720,200
Transportation	299,914	299,500	298,942	313,200
Materials and Supplies	1,081,995	1,127,600	1,089,306	1,130,800
Outside Services	2,060,480	2,791,100	2,690,129	3,055,300
Property, Liability and Retiree Medical Insurance	313,560	361,100	354,406	381,600
Dues and Memberships	44,905	60,200	53,134	61,900
Directors Compensation	7,469	12,000	9,863	12,000
Professional Services	274,591	305,000	303,593	315,000
Administrative and General Transfer Labor	(138,637)	(135,400)	(135,118)	
Other Total Operating Expanditures	207,917	269,300	248,828	279,800 \$ 27,470,200
Total Operating Expenditures	\$ 19,976,329	\$ 25,059,900	\$ 25,183,260	\$ 27,470,300

DEPARTMENT: OPERATIONS

Department Objective

Divisions in this department include Source of Supply, Pumping, Water Treatment, and Transmission and Distribution. Objectives include maintaining division facilities such as wells, boosters, imported water connections, pressure stations, tanks, hydrants, mainlines, service lines, meters, and other appurtenances to provide a reliable source of supply to the Division's customers. Ensure that all water within the system meets stringent water quality standards and regulations through disinfection, monitoring, sampling, and testing.

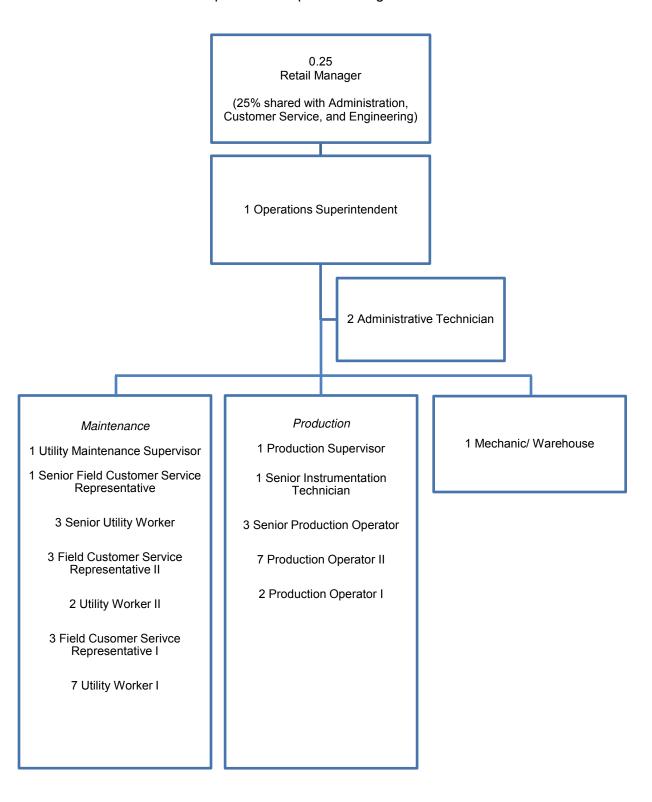
Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- Completed Deane No. 2 tank interior coating replacement/retrofit.
- Completed the Placerita No. 2 tank interior coating replacement/retrofit.
- Completed upgrade of the Placerita Canyon pressure regulating valve (PRV).
- ♦ Completed upgrade of the Whites Canyon/Americana (PRV).
- Completed upgrades for the Clark Well based on the ARC Flash study.
- Completed first phase of earthquake valve retrofit on tanks.
- Completed Mesa Bridge and Tank road.
- Completed the fourth phase installation of the AMR System by installing approximately 4,270 AMR meters (14% of system). Approximately 84% of system has been converted to date.
- Conducted annual tank inspection and maintenance program.
- Conducted annual well inspection and maintenance program.
- ♦ Removed and replaced site access road at Sky Blue Tank.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

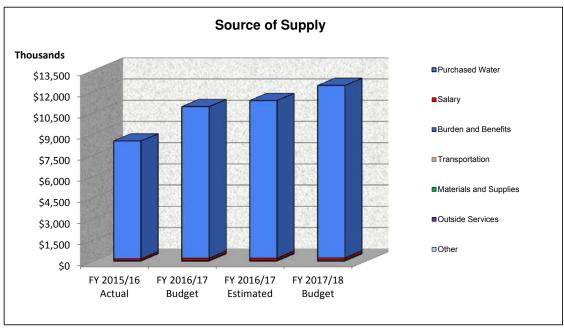
•	Remove and replace one pressure reducing valve station at Rainbow Glen/Sierra Highway. P1	B.7.16
•	Complete the fifth phase installation of the Automated Meter Reading (AMR) System. P1	B.7.17
•	Complete aged meter replacement program. 305 meters are budgeted for replacement/relocation. P1	B.7.18
•	Complete Well Mag meter upgrade program. P1	B.7.24
•	Prepare and implement formal Meter Testing Program/Schedule for Large Customer Meter and Production Meters. P1	B.7.25
•	Conduct annual tank inspection and maintenance program. Inspection of 10 tanks plus warranty dives. Repair and overcoat 3 exterior tank coating systems. P2	B.7.19
•	Conduct annual well inspection, video inspection of 3 wells and perform any needed maintenance as needed. P2	B.7.20
•	Complete Rainbow Glen pipeline (WMP PIPE #5). P2	B.7.21
•	Complete West Newhall Alley pipeline upgrade. P2	B.7.22
•	Complete SCADA (sensor/Equipment Upgrade). P2	B.7.23
•	Continue to emphasize safety through weekly tailgate and safety meetings.	E.5.2
•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	D.1.6

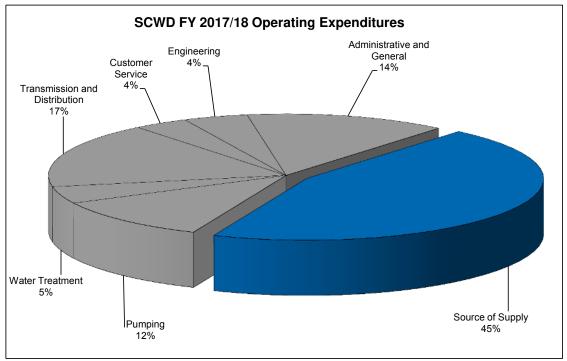
Operations Department Organization



Source of Supply Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Source of Supply Expenditures	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Purchased Water	\$ 8,326,909	\$ 10,706,000	\$ 11,129,436	\$ 12,178,700
Salary	122,136	141,700	142,683	151,400
Burden and Benefits	44,333	73,000	78,404	82,500
Transportation	13,007	14,500	15,122	16,500
Materials and Supplies	-	100	100	100
Outside Services	1,650	-	-	-
Other	663	800	689	800
Total Source of Supply	\$ 8,508,698	\$ 10,936,100	\$ 11,366,434	\$ 12,430,000





Source of Supply FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901281501 Source of Supply	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 Budget	% Change	*
Operating and Maintenance Expenses		, ,	, in the second	Ĭ	J	l
52086 Purchased Water	\$ 8,326,909	\$ 10,706,000	\$ 12,178,700	\$ 1,472,700	14%	Α
Salary and Benefits						l
51001 Salary	121,832	140,700	150,000	9,300	7%	l
51007 Overtime	304	1,000	1,400	400	40%	l
51050 Burden and Benefits	44,333	73,000	82,500	9,500	13%	l
52653 Transportation	13,007	14,500	16,500	2,000	14%	l
Materials and Supplies						l
52024 Internal Relations	-	100	100	-	0%	l
Outside Services						l
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	1,650	-	-	-		l
<u>Other</u>						l
51505 Employee Expense	-	100	100	-	0%	l
53331 Uniforms	663	700	700	-	0%	l
Total Expenses	\$ 8,508,698	\$ 10,936,100	\$ 12,430,000	\$ 1,493,900	14%	l

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

A. Purchased Water increases \$1,472,700 due to a combination of higher imported water blend from prior year and increased consumption due to growth and a 34 percent increase in water demand from prior year's budget.

Source of Supply FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

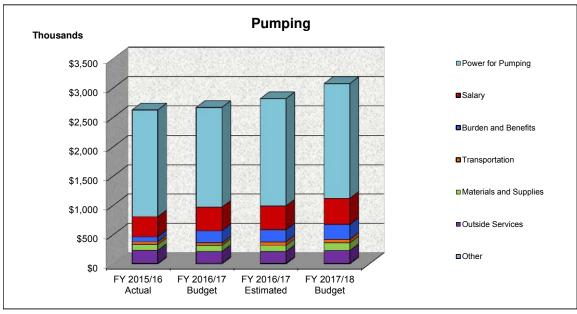
901281501 Source Of Supply

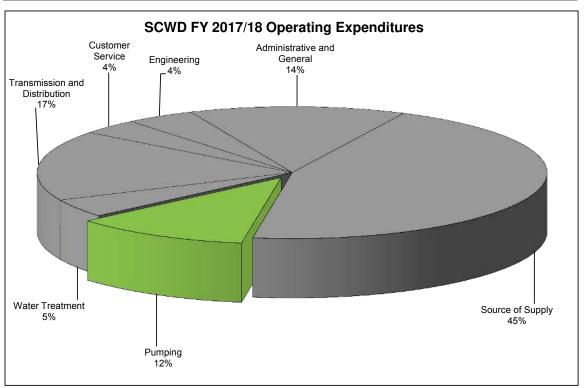
	Operating and Maintenance Expenses
52086	Purchased Water
	Salary and Benefits
51001	Salary
51007	Overtime
51050	Burden and Benefits
52653	Transportation
	Materials and Supplies
52024	Internal Relations
	Outside Services
53105	Outside Services and Contracting
	<u>Other</u>
51505	Employee Expense
53331	Uniforms
	Total Expenses

FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	% Change
\$ 8,326,909	\$11,129,436	\$12,178,700	\$ 1,049,264	9%
121,832	141,510	150,000	8,490	6%
304	1,173	1,400	227	19%
44,333	78,404	82,500	4,096	5%
13,007	15,122	16,500	1,378	9%
-	100	100	-	0%
1,650	-	-	-	
-	100	100	-	0%
663	589	700	111	19%
\$ 8,508,698	\$11,366,434	\$12,430,000	\$ 1,063,566	9%

Pumping Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

Pumping Expenditures	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget
Power for Pumping	\$ 1,816,955	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,826,382	\$ 1,954,200
Salary	344,142	403,600	407,366	447,000
Burden and Benefits	84,362	206,300	209,586	254,000
Transportation	49,132	42,000	58,706	60,000
Materials and Supplies	99,509	105,200	104,374	130,200
Outside Services	218,919	198,000	199,742	217,000
Other	16,637	19,300	15,264	16,700
Total Pumping	\$ 2,629,656	\$ 2,674,400	\$ 2,821,420	\$ 3,079,100





Pumping FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901283501 Pumping	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Change from FY 2016/17	%	
	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	% Change	*
Operating and Maintenance Expenses	Actual	Buuget	Buuget	Budget	Change	l
54401 Power for Pumping	\$ 1,816,955	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,954,200	\$ 254,200	15%	Δ
Salary and Benefits	Ψ 1,010,933	Ψ 1,700,000	Ψ 1,954,200	Ψ 254,200	1370	
51001 Salary	320.821	381,100	410,000	28,900	8%	l
51007 Overtime	23,321	22,500	37,000	14,500	64%	l
51050 Burden and Benefits	84,362	206,300	254,000	47,700	23%	R
52653 Transportation	49,132	42,000	60.000	18,000	43%	
Materials and Supplies	73,132	42,000	00,000	10,000	4370	l
52024 Internal Relations		200	200		0%	l
52075 Parts and Materials	99,509	105,000	130,000	25,000	24%	
Outside Services	99,309	103,000	130,000	23,000	24 /0	
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	47,052					l
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	168,481	190,000	205,000	15,000	8%	l
9	3,386	8,000	12,000	4,000	50%	l
53110 Equipment Repair and Rental	3,300	0,000	12,000	4,000	50%	l
Other		100	100		0%	l
51505 Employee Expense	-			(2.400)		l
53332 Utilities - SCADA	14,844	17,400	15,000	(2,400)	-14%	l
53331 Uniforms	1,793	1,800	1,600	(200)	-11%	l
Total Expenses	\$ 2,629,656	\$ 2,674,400	\$ 3,079,100	\$ 257,680	10%	ı

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

- A. Power for Pumping increases \$254,200, or 15%, due to anticipated increase in consumption from FY 2016/17 Budget.
- B. Burden and Benefits increase by \$47,700, or 23% due to the addition of the Senior Instrumentation Technician and the anticipated increase in medical insurance premiums.
- C. Parts and Materials increase by \$25,000, or 24% due to more pumping replacement parts needed and laptops for the field staff to monitor SCADA.

Pumping FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901283501 Pumping	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Change from FY 2016/17	%	
	Actual	Estimated	Budget	Estimated	Change	*
Operating and Maintenance Expenses						İ
54401 Power for Pumping	\$ 1,816,955	\$ 1,826,382	\$ 1,954,200	\$ 127,818	7%	i
Salary and Benefits						i
51001 Salary	320,821	372,090	410,000	37,910	10%	Α
51007 Overtime	23,321	35,276	37,000	1,724	5%	i
51050 Burden and Benefits	84,362	209,586	254,000	44,414	21%	В
52653 Transportation	49,132	58,706	60,000	1,294	2%	ĺ
Materials and Supplies						i
52024 Internal Relations	-	200	200	-	0%	İ
52075 Parts and Materials	99,509	104,174	130,000	25,826	25%	С
Outside Services						ĺ
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	47,052	-	-	-		ĺ
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	168,481	189,672	205,000	15,328	8%	ĺ
53110 Equipment Repair and Rental	3,386	10,070	12,000	1,930	19%	ĺ
<u>Other</u>						ĺ
51505 Employee Expense	-	50	100	50	100%	ĺ
53332 Utilities - SCADA	14,844	13,671	15,000	1,329	10%	i
53331 Uniforms	1,793	1,543	1,600	57	4%	İ
Total Expenses	\$ 2,629,656	\$ 2,821,420	\$ 3,079,100	\$ 257,680	9%	j

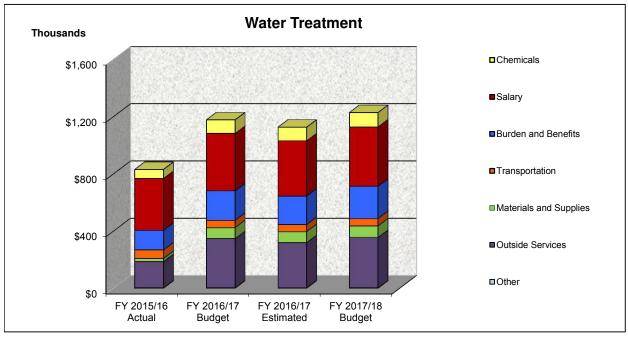
^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

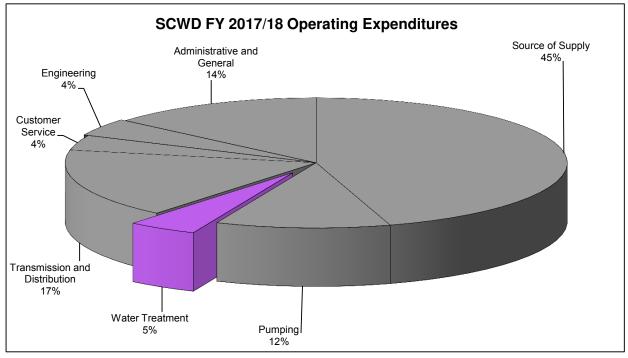
FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

- A. Salary increases by \$37,910 or 10% due to the full year funding of prior year vacant positions and the addition of the Senior Instrumentation Technician.
- B. Burden and Benefits increase by \$44,414, or 21% due to the full year funding of prior year vacant positions, the addition of the Senior Instrumentation Technician and the anticipated increase in medical insurance premiums.
- C. Parts and Materials increase by \$25,826, or 25% due to more pumping replacement parts needed and laptops for the field staff to monitor SCADA.

Water Treatment Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

Water Treatment Francistituses	FY 2015/16						F	Y 2017/18
Water Treatment Expenditures		Actual		Budget	Estimated		Budget	
Chemicals	\$	62,853	\$	95,000	\$	94,638	\$	100,000
Salary		362,356		401,400		386,480		415,500
Burden and Benefits		137,614		205,800		198,588		225,000
Transportation		59,390		50,700		49,872		52,000
Materials and Supplies		22,327		77,500		77,019		80,300
Outside Services		183,543		343,800		316,571		352,800
Other		3,543		3,800		3,248		3,400
Total Water Treatment	\$	831,626	\$	1,178,000	\$	1,126,416	\$	1,229,000





Water Treatment FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

0040400	04.14.1	_		_				-		1
9012400	01 Water Treatment			_					nange from	
		FY 2015/16		F	FY 2016/17		/ 2017/18	F	Y 2016/17	%
			Actual		Budget	Budget		udget Budget		Change
	Operating and Maintenance Expenses									
52600	Chemicals	\$	62,853	\$	95,000	\$	100,000	\$	5,000	5%
	Salary and Benefits									
51001	Salary		345,592		380,400		398,000		17,600	5%
51007	Overtime		16,764		21,000		17,500		(3,500)	-17%
51050	Burden and Benefits		137,614		205,800		225,000		19,200	9%
52653	Transportation		59,390		50,700		52,000		1,300	3%
	Materials and Supplies									
52024	Internal Relations		140		400		300		(100)	-25%
52075	Parts and Materials		22,187		77,100		80,000		2,900	4%
	Outside Services									
53105	Outside Services and Contracting		65,603		214,000		214,000		-	0%
53110	Equipment Repair and Rental		117,940		129,800		138,800		9,000	7%
	<u>Other</u>									
51505	Employee Expense		65		200		200		-	0%
53331	Uniforms		3,478		3,600		3,200		(400)	-11%
	Total Expenses	\$	831,626	\$	1,178,000	\$ -	1,229,000	\$	51,000	4%

Water Treatment FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901240001 Water Treatment	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 Estimated	% Change	*
Operating and Maintenance Expenses						l
52600 Chemicals	\$ 62,853	\$ 94,638	\$ 100,000	\$ 5,362	6%	l
Salary and Benefits						l
51001 Salary	345,592	371,022	398,000	26,978	7%	l
51007 Overtime	16,764	15,458	17,500	2,042	13%	l
51050 Burden and Benefits	137,614	198,588	225,000	26,412	13%	Α
52653 Transportation	59,390	49,872	52,000	2,128	4%	l
Materials and Supplies						l
52024 Internal Relations	140	400	300	(100)	-25%	l
52075 Parts and Materials	22,187	76,619	80,000	3,381	4%	l
Outside Services						l
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	65,603	193,013	214,000	20,987	11%	В
53110 Equipment Repair and Rental	117,940	123,558	138,800	15,242	12%	l
Other						l
51505 Employee Expense	65	200	200	-	0%	l
53331 Uniforms	3,478	3,048	3,200	152	5%	l
Total Expenses	\$ 831,626	\$ 1,126,416	\$ 1,229,000	\$ 102,584	9%	l

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

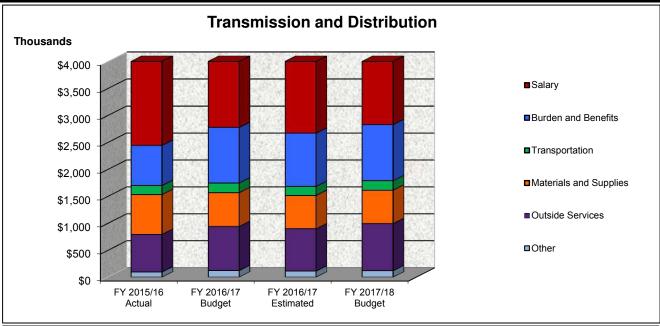
- FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

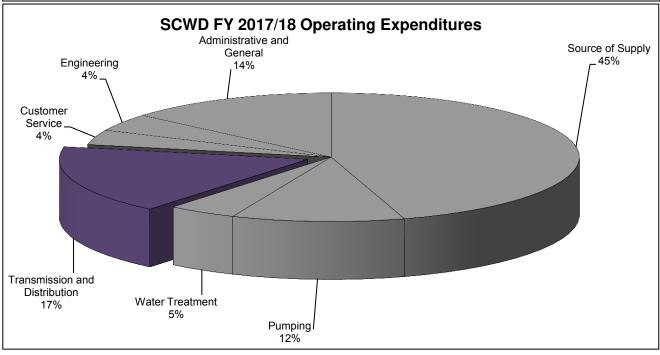
 A. Burden and Benefits increase \$26,412 or 13% due to the full year funding for vacant positions.

 B. Outside Services increases \$20,987 or 11% due to an increase in the annual HACH contract for analyzer maintenance.

Transmission and Distribution Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16		FY 2016/17		FY 2016/17		F	Y 2017/18
Transmission and Distribution Expenditures		Actual		Budget	E	Estimated		Budget
Salary	\$	1,598,781	\$	1,906,200	\$	1,824,573	\$	1,898,000
Burden and Benefits		743,188		1,029,000		985,646		1,040,000
Transportation		168,890		180,000		166,478		175,000
Materials and Supplies		738,646		626,600		619,736		619,900
Outside Services		696,918		818,000		783,867		873,000
Other		96,479		121,500		112,554		120,000
Total Transmission and Distribution	\$	4,042,902	\$	4,681,300	\$	4,492,854	\$	4,725,900





Transmission and Distribution FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901282501 Transmission and Distribution

01282501 Transmission and Distribution	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Change from FY 2016/17	%
	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Change
Operating and Maintenance Expenses					
Salary and Benefits					
51001 Salary	\$1,501,101	\$1,781,000	\$1,772,000	\$ (9,000)	-1%
51007 Overtime	97,680	125,200	126,000	800	1%
51050 Burden and Benefits	743,188	1,029,000	1,040,000	11,000	1%
52653 Transportation	168,890	180,000	175,000	(5,000)	-3%
Materials and Supplies					
52024 Internal Relations	125	400	400	-	0%
52015 Office Supplies	4,540	22,500	7,500	(15,000)	-67%
52075 Parts and Materials	674,372	450,000	466,000	16,000	4%
52005 Safety Training and Equipment	29,338	55,000	55,000	-	0%
52085 Small Tools and Power Equipment	30,271	98,700	91,000	(7,700)	-8%
Outside Services					
53101 Education and Seminars	25,855	39,000	76,000	37,000	95%
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	120,086	-	-	-	
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	383,967	354,000	372,000	18,000	5%
53110 Equipment Repair and Rental	12,562	25,000	25,000	-	0%
53108 Asphalt and Concrete Patch Services	154,448	400,000	400,000	-	0%
<u>Other</u>					
53329 Utilities - Mobile Devices, Phone, Electricity and Gas	55,222	62,500	62,000	(500)	-1%
51505 Employee Expense	2,599	4,000	4,000	-	0%
53331 Uniforms	11,993	13,000	12,000	(1,000)	-8%
53239 Other - Miscellaneous Permits	26,665	42,000	42,000	<u> </u>	0%
Total Expenses	\$4,042,902	\$4,681,300	\$4,725,900	\$ 44,600	1%

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

A. Education and Seminars increase by \$37,000, or 95% due to the addition of in depth electrical seminars and safety training on the operation of electrical panels and drives.

Transmission and Distribution FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901282501 Transmission and Distribution

901282	501 Transmission and Distribution				Change from		l
		FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2016/17	%	l
		Actual	Estimated	Budget	Estimated	Change	*
	Operating and Maintenance Expenses						l
	Salary and Benefits						l
51001	Salary	\$ 1,501,101	\$ 1,698,079	\$ 1,772,000	\$ 73,921	4%	l
51007	Overtime	97,680	126,494	126,000	(494)	0%	l
51050	Burden and Benefits	743,188	985,646	1,040,000	54,354	6%	l
52653	Transportation	168,890	166,478	175,000	8,522	5%	l
	Materials and Supplies						l
52024	Internal Relations	125	400	400	-	0%	l
52015	Office Supplies	4,540	13,501	7,500	(6,001)	-44%	l
52075	Parts and Materials	674,372	501,197	466,000	(35,197)	-7%	l
52005	Safety Training and Equipment	29,338	35,974	55,000	19,026	53%	l
52085	Small Tools and Power Equipment	30,271	68,664	91,000	22,336	33%	Α
	Outside Services						l
	Education and Seminars	25,855	38,766	76,000	37,234	96%	В
53241	Temporary Personnel Services	120,086	1,088	-	(1,088)	-100%	l
53105	Outside Services and Contracting	383,967	338,959	372,000	33,041	10%	l
53110	Equipment Repair and Rental	12,562	14,623	25,000	10,377	71%	l
53108	Asphalt and Concrete Patch Services	154,448	390,431	400,000	9,569	2%	l
	<u>Other</u>						l
53329	Utilities - Mobile Devices, Phone, Electricity and Gas	55,222	57,043	62,000	4,957	9%	l
	Employee Expense	2,599	3,806	4,000	194	5%	l
	Uniforms	11,993	10,804	12,000	1,196	11%	l
53239	Other - Miscellaneous Permits	26,665	40,901	42,000	1,099	3%	l
	Total Expenses	\$4,042,902	\$ 4,492,854	\$ 4,725,900	\$ 233,046	5%	ı

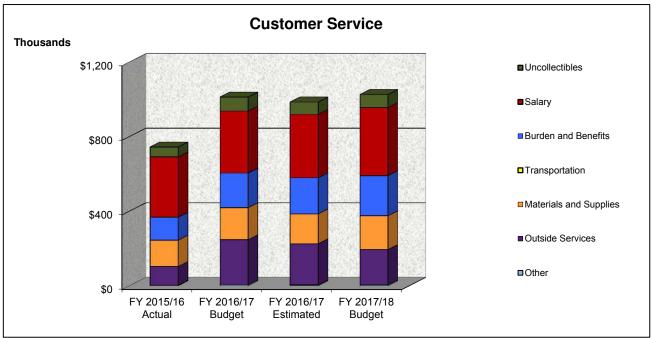
^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

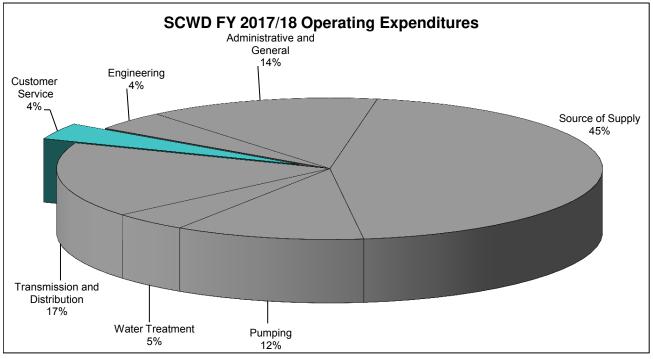
FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

- A. Small Tools and Power Equipment increases by \$22,336 or 33%, which includes leak detection equipment and handheld units for meter reading and programming.
- B. Education and Seminars increase by \$37,234, or 96% due to the addition of in depth electrical seminars and safety training on the operation of electrical panels and drives.

Customer Service Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Customer Service Expenditures	Actual	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Uncollectibles	\$ 52,749	\$ 75,000	\$ 65,712	\$ 70,000
Salary	323,407	332,900	340,573	365,000
Burden and Benefits	123,053	185,200	193,774	215,000
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Materials and Supplies	141,244	172,100	159,766	180,700
Outside Services	99,758	241,000	220,126	189,100
Other	4,263	6,600	5,737	6,300
Total Customer Service	\$ 744,474	\$ 1,012,800	\$ 985,688	\$ 1,026,100





DEPARTMENT: CUSTOMER SERVICE

Department Objective

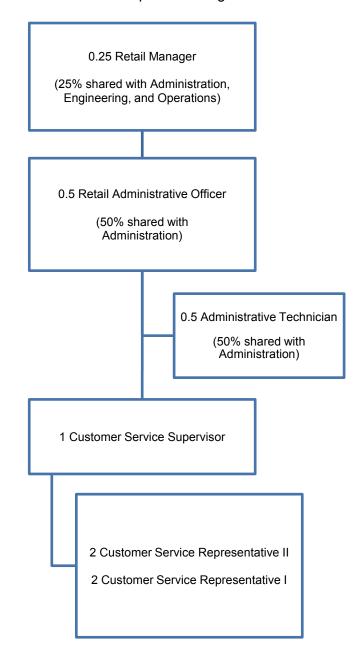
Generate timely billing statements including regular bills, reminder notices and termination notices. Responsible for incoming calls, opening and closing customer accounts. Investigate and resolve customer questions and concerns on a wide variety of service-related issues including billing questions.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

Objectives - FY 2017/18

•	Conduct a Customer Service Survey. P2	A.3.1
•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately	D.1.6
	expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	

Customer Service Department Organization



Customer Service FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901222502 Customer Service

901222502 Customer Service	F	/ 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Budget	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 Budget	% Change	
Operating Expenses		7 totau.	Daugot	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Gildinge	
53301 Uncollectibles	\$	80,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 70,000	\$ (5,000)	-7%	
Salary and Benefits		•			,		
51001 Salary		350,900	332,400	364,500	32,100	10%	Α
51007 Overtime		500	500	500	-	0%	
51050 Burden and Benefits		190,100	185,200	215,000	29,800	16%	В
52653 Transportation		-	-	-	-		
Materials and Supplies							
52024 Internal Relations		300	300	200	(100)	-33%	
52015 Office Supplies		5,000	5,800	6,000	200	3%	
52020 Postage		132,000	155,000	161,000	6,000	4%	
52075 Parts and Materials		11,100	11,000	13,500	2,500	23%	
Outside Services							
53101 Education and Seminars		9,200	7,500	5,800	(1,700)	-23%	
53105 Outside Services and Contracting		193,000	233,500	183,300	(50,200)	-21%	С
<u>Other</u>							
53332 Cell Phone		2,600	2,600	2,600	-	0%	
51505 Employee Expense		2,300	4,000	3,700	(300)	-8%	
Total Customer Service	\$	977,000	\$ 1,012,800	\$ 1,026,100	\$ 13,300	1%	

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

- A. Salary increases by \$32,100, or 10%, due to salary step increases for eligible employees.
- B. Burden and Benefits increase by \$29,800 or 16%, due to projected increases in medical insurance premium costs and changes in benefits selection.
- C. Outside Services and Contracting decreases by \$50,200, or 21%, due to less software support required following the completion of the utility billing automation module.

Customer Service FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901222502 Customer Service	FY 2015/16 Actual	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18 Budget	Change from FY 2016/17 Estimated	% Change	*
Operating Expenses						
53301 Uncollectibles	\$ 52,749	\$ 65,712	\$ 70,000	\$ 4,288	7%	
Salary and Benefits						İ
51001 Salary	321,499	340,154	364,500	24,346	7%	İ
51007 Overtime	1,908	419	500	81	19%	İ
51050 Burden and Benefits	123,053	193,774	215,000	21,226	11%	Α
52653 Transportation	-	-	-	-		İ
Materials and Supplies						İ
52024 Internal Relations	-	300	200	(100)	-33%	
52015 Office Supplies	1,443	4,495	6,000	1,505	33%	İ
52020 Postage	133,324	143,989	161,000	17,011	12%	İ
52075 Parts and Materials	6,477	10,982	13,500	2,518	23%	İ
Outside Services						İ
53101 Education and Seminars	1,458	4,411	5,800	1,389	31%	İ
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	98,300	215,715	183,300	(32,415)	-15%	В
<u>Other</u>						
53332 Cell Phone	2,533	2,471	2,600	129	5%	i
51505 Employee Expense	1,730	3,266	3,700	434	13%	İ
Total Customer Service	\$ 744,474	\$ 985,688	\$ 1,026,100	\$ 40,412	4%	i

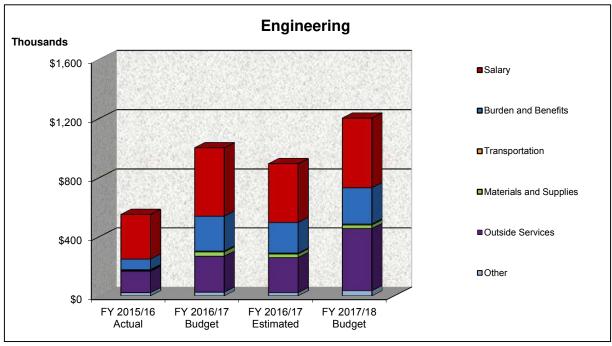
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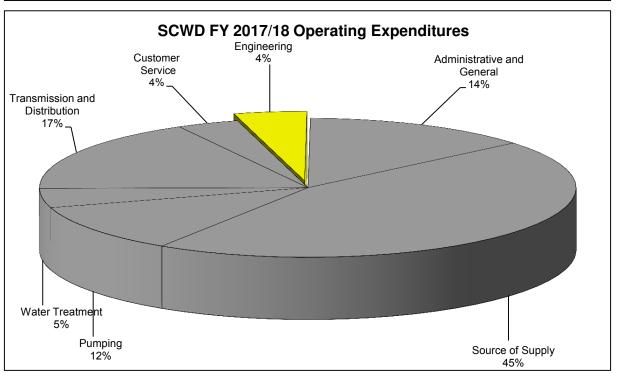
FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

- A. Burden and Benefits increase by \$21,226 or 11%, due to projected increases in medical insurance premium costs and changes in benefits selection.
- B. Outside Services and Contracting decreases by \$32,415, or 15%, due to less software support required following the completion of the utility billing automation module.

Engineering Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

Engineering Expenditures	/ 2015/16 Actual	F	Y 2016/17 Budget	FY 2016/17 Estimated		F	Y 2017/18 Budget
Salary	\$ 302,214	\$	462,300	\$	398,139	\$	470,000
Burden and Benefits	71,352		236,200		208,013		246,000
Transportation	5,802		5,800		5,471		6,200
Materials and Supplies	5,375		29,100		23,585		24,800
Outside Services	144,588		243,600		237,286		420,600
Other	22,505		25,900		23,295		36,200
Total Engineering	\$ 551,836	\$	1,002,900	\$	895,789	\$	1,203,800





DEPARTMENT: ENGINEERING

Department Objective

Provide planning, design and construction management of Division capital projects and oversee developer activities to ensure that capital facilities meet division standards.

Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- Coordinated with the CLWA Engineering Department in the update of Recycled Water Master Plan.
- Purchased and installed water system hydraulic model.
- ♦ Implemented first phase of GIS by setting up GIS software and converting existing base maps from AutoCAD to a GIS platform.

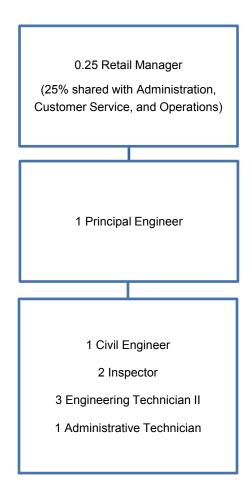
Objectives - FY 2017/18

•	Complete design and bidding of Water Pipeline to LARC Ranch. P1	B.6.40
•	Prepare design of Phase 2B Recycled Water backbone pipeline and tank, and	B.6.43
	distribution Pipeline. P1	
•	Implement next phase of GIS by setting up structured database and migrating attribute	B.6.47
	data from base maps. P1	
•	Prepare design of Deane Storage Tank. P2	B.6.41
•	Conduct CEQA Initial Study for Placerita Storage Tank. P2	B.6.42
•	Construct new pipeline in Rainbow Glen Drive. P2	B.6.44
•	Construct new intertie with NCWD at Gary Drive. P2	B.6.45
•	Complete design of pipeline in Warmuth Drive from SC-12 to Sand Canyon Road. P2	B.6.46
•	Develop and configure water system hydraulic model. P2	B.6.48
•	Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	D.1.6

Long Term Actions

•	Develop recycled water standards and specifications.	B.6.49
•	Create recycled water policies and ordinances.	B.6.50

Engineering Department Organization



Engineering FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901260001 Engineering	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Change from FY 2016/17	%	
	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Change	*
Operating Expenses						l
Salary and Benefits						l
51001 Salary	302,214	462,300	470,000	7,700	2%	l
51050 Burden and Benefits	71,352	236,200	246,000	9,800	4%	l
52653 Transportation	5,802	5,800	6,200	400	7%	l
Materials and Supplies						l
52024 Internal Relations	-	300	300	-	0%	l
52015 Office Supplies	5,018	7,000	8,000	1,000	14%	l
52020 Postage	-	800	800	-	0%	l
52075 Parts and Materials	357	21,000	15,700	(5,300)	-25%	l
Outside Services				, ,		l
53101 Education and Seminars	4,825	29,600	34,300	4,700	16%	l
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	34,330	-	95,000	95,000		Α
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	113,420	205,000	283,300	78,300	38%	В
53110 Equipment Repair and Rental	(7,987)	9,000	8,000	(1,000)	-11%	l
Other	,		·	,		l
53332 Cell Phone	1,647	3,100	3,100	-	0%	l
53304 Dues and Memberships	10,960	5,500	5,600	100	2%	l
51505 Employee Expense	9,898	17,300	27,500	10,200	59%	l
Total Engineering	\$ 551,836	\$ 1,002,900	\$ 1,203,800	\$ 200,900	20%	

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

- A. Temporary Personnel Services increase by \$95,000 based on interns needed for GIS data entry.
- B. Outside Services and Contracting increases by \$78,300, or 38%, due to more general engineering, survey and CEQA services needed.

Engineering FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

9012600	01 Engineering	F۱	Y 2015/16	F۱	/ 2016/17	F	Y 2017/18	ange from Y 2016/17	%	
		· ·	Actual		stimated	•	Budget	Estimated	Change	*
	Operating Expenses				Estimated					
	Salary and Benefits									
51001	Salary	\$	302,214	\$	398,139	\$	470,000	\$ 71,861	18%	Α
51050	Burden and Benefits		71,352		208,013		246,000	37,987	18%	В
52653	Transportation		5,802		5,471		6,200	729	13%	
	Materials and Supplies									
52024	Internal Relations		-		100		300	200	200%	
52015	Office Supplies		5,018		6,355		8,000	1,645	26%	
52020	Postage		-		399		800	401	101%	
52075	Parts and Materials		357		16,731		15,700	(1,031)	-6%	
	Outside Services									
53101	Education and Seminars		4,825		27,617		34,300	6,683	24%	
53241	Temporary Personnel Services		34,330		7,335		95,000	87,665	1195%	С
53105	Outside Services and Contracting		113,420		194,447		283,300	88,853	46%	D
53110	Equipment Repair and Rental		(7,987)		7,887		8,000	113	1%	
	<u>Other</u>									
53332	Cell Phone		1,647		2,456		3,100	644	26%	
53304	Dues and Memberships		10,960		5,015		5,600	585	12%	
51505	Employee Expense		9,898		15,824		27,500	11,676	74%	
	Total Engineering	\$	551,836	\$	895,789	\$	1,203,800	\$ 308,011	34%	

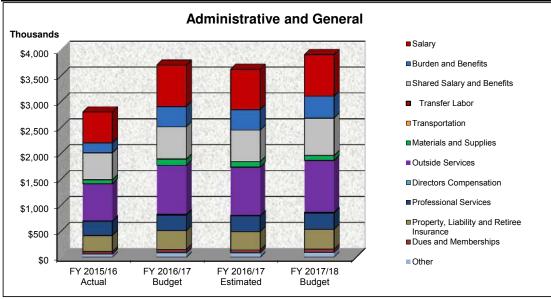
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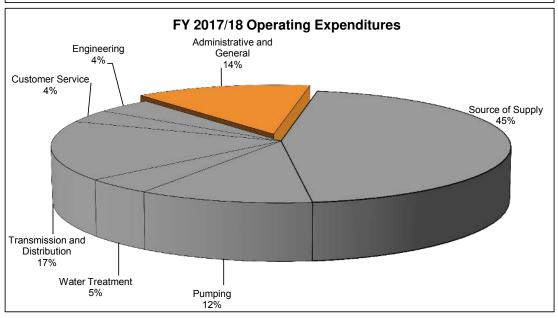
FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

- A. Salary increases by \$71,861, or 18%, due to full year funding for one previous vacant position and salary step increases for eligible employees.
- B. Burden and Benefits increase by \$37,987, or 18%, due to full year funding for one previous vacant position and the projected increases in medical insurance premiums.
- $\hbox{C. Temporary Personnel Services increase by $87,665 based on interns needed for GIS data entry.}\\$
- D. Outside Services and Contracting increases by \$88,853, or 46%, due to more general engineering, survey and CEQA services needed.

Administrative and General Expenditures FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2015/16		F	Y 2016/17	F	Y 2016/17	F	Y 2017/18
Administrative and General Expenditures		Actual		Budget	Е	Stimated		Budget
Salary	\$	597,264	\$	799,200	\$	780,931	\$	801,200
Burden and Benefits		190,633		390,200		391,079		423,000
Shared Salary and Benefits		519,834		620,500		608,174		720,200
Transportation		3,693		6,500		3,293		3,500
Materials and Supplies		74,894		117,000		104,726		94,800
Outside Services		715,104		946,700		932,537		1,002,800
Directors Compensation		7,469		12,000		9,863		12,000
Professional Services		274,591		305,000		303,593		315,000
Property, Liability and Retiree Insurance		313,560		361,100		354,406		381,600
Dues and Memberships		44,905		60,200		53,134		61,900
Other		63,827		91,400		88,041		96,400
Administrative and General								
Transfer Labor		(138,637)		(135,400)		(135,118)		(136,000)
Total Administrative and General	\$	2,667,137	\$	3,574,400	\$	3,494,659	\$	3,776,400





DEPARTMENT: ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL

Department Objective

Implement the accounting needs of SCWD. Maintain proactive, strategic and budgetary financial direction for the Division to ensure internal financial controls and accurate financial reporting according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

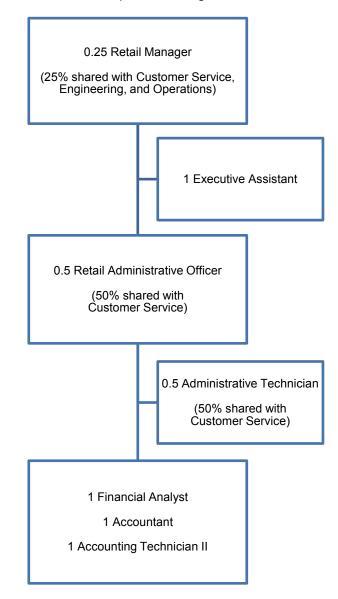
Major Accomplishments - FY 2016/17

- Received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officer Association for FY 2016/17 (sixth consecutive year).
- ♦ Received the Excellence Award in Operating Budget FY 2016/17 from the California Society of Finance Officers (sixth consecutive year).
- **♦** Implemented at 3.5% rate increase effective January 1, 2017.
- ♦ Completed Capacity Fee study.
- Implemented a revised Capacity Fee effective January 1, 2017.

Objectives - FY 2017/18

Continue enforcement of Ordinance No. 44 Restrictions to minimize violations and	B.4.5
encourage conservation in accordance with the SWRCB mandatory restrictions	
through October 2017. P1	
Implement revised retail water rates. P1	D.1.1
Update retail capacity fees based on Los Angeles Specific Engineering News Record	D.1.2
(ENR) Construction Cost Index (CCI) and Implement new fees. P1	
Evaluate Current Retail Reserve Fund Policy. P1	D.1.3
Reevaluate and prioritize outreach targets and methods to maximize rebates and	B.4.6
incentive benefits to encourage additional conservation. P2	
Review financial policies to ensure compliance or provide recommendations for	D.1.4
revision if necessary. P2	
Enhance customer outreach through web-based and social media programs.	A.2.1
Promote various water conservation programs.	B.4.7
Monitor revenue impact of continuous customer water conservation performance as a	D.1.5
result of the SWRCB conservation extension through October 2017.	
•	D.1.6
expended by actively managing and controlling expenditures.	
	encourage conservation in accordance with the SWRCB mandatory restrictions through October 2017. P1 Implement revised retail water rates. P1 Update retail capacity fees based on Los Angeles Specific Engineering News Record (ENR) Construction Cost Index (CCI) and Implement new fees. P1 Evaluate Current Retail Reserve Fund Policy. P1 Reevaluate and prioritize outreach targets and methods to maximize rebates and incentive benefits to encourage additional conservation. P2 Review financial policies to ensure compliance or provide recommendations for revision if necessary. P2 Enhance customer outreach through web-based and social media programs. Promote various water conservation programs. Monitor revenue impact of continuous customer water conservation performance as a result of the SWRCB conservation extension through October 2017. Ensure the Agency, Division/Department and capital budgets are appropriately

Administration Department Organization



Administrative and General FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901210001 Administrative and General				Change from		
	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	%	
	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Change	*
Operating Expenses						
Salary and Benefits						
51001 Salary	\$ 577,362	\$ 787,500	\$ 797,500	\$ 10,000	1%	
51007 Overtime	19,902	11,700	3,700	(8,000)	-68%	
51050 Burden and Benefits	190,633	390,200	423,000	32,800	8%	
51036 Shared Salary and Benefits	519,834	620,500	720,200	99,700	16%	Α
52653 Transportation	3,693	6,500	3,500	(3,000)	-46%	
Materials and Supplies						
52024 Internal Relations	-	200	200	-	0%	
52015 Office Supplies	11,488	24,100	22,000	(2,100)	-9%	
52020 Postage	1,918	2,500	2,500	-	0%	
52075 Parts and Materials	61,488	90,200	70,100	(20,100)	-22%	В
Outside Services						
53101 Education and Seminars	5,137	17,200	13,400	(3,800)	-22%	
53241 Temporary Personnel Services	137,568	-	-	-		
53105 Outside Services and Contracting	559,575	918,500	978,500	60,000	7%	
53110 Office Equipment Repair	12,824	11,000	10,900	(100)	-1%	
51326 Directors Compensation	7,469	12,000	12,000	-	0%	
53202 Professional Services - Legal	139,013	140,000	165,000	25,000	18%	С
53236 Professional Services - Other	135,578	165,000	150,000	(15,000)	-9%	
<u>Other</u>						
53332 Telephone - Office and Cell Phone	39,393	33,000	41,000	8,000	24%	
53333 Utilities - Electricity and Gas (Office Building)	33,842	38,000	38,000	-	0%	
53239 Miscellaneous including permits	(14,345)	13,000	10,000	(3,000)	-23%	
53237 Rent	4,937	6,000	6,000		0%	
55000 Insurance	313,560	361,100	381,600	20,500	6%	
53304 Dues, Memberships and Employee Expense	44,905	60,200	61,900	1,700	3%	
53238 Franchise Requirements	_	1,400	1,400	-	0%	
51034 Administrative and General Transfer Labor	(138,637)	(135,400)	(136,000)	(600)	0%	
Total Administrative and General Expenses	\$2,667,137	\$3,574,400	\$3,776,400	\$ 202,000	6%	

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

- FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

 A. Shared Salary and Benefits increase \$99,700, or 16%, due to the addition of two new shared positions.

 B. Parts and Materials decrease \$20,100, or 22%, due to fewer PC replacements needed.
- C. Professional Services Legal increases \$25,000, or 18%, due to the new cost of service study and Proposition 218 review.

Administrative and General FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

901210001 Administrative and General							Cha	ange from		1
	FY	2015/16	F١	2016/17	F١	/ 2017/18		Y 2016/17	%	
		Actual	E	stimated		Budget	Е	stimated	Change	*
Operating Expenses										
Salary and Benefits										
51001 Salary	\$	577,362	\$	773,531	\$	797,500	\$	23,969	3%	
51007 Overtime		19,902		7,400		3,700		(3,700)	-50%	
51050 Burden and Benefits		190,633		391,079		423,000		31,921	8%	
51036 Shared Salary and Benefits		519,834		608,174		720,200		112,026	18%	Α
52653 Transportation		3,693		3,293		3,500		207	6%	
Materials and Supplies										
52024 Internal Relations		-		200		200		-	0%	
52015 Office Supplies		11,488		21,678		22,000		322	1%	
52020 Postage		1,918		2,492		2,500		8	0%	
52075 Parts and Materials		61,488		80,356		70,100		(10,256)	-13%	
Outside Services										
53101 Education and Seminars		5,137		11,916		13,400		1,484	12%	
53241 Temporary Personnel Services		137,568		-		-		-		
53105 Outside Services and Contracting		559,575		909,039		978,500		69,461	8%	
53110 Office Equipment Repair		12,824		11,582		10,900		(682)	-6%	
51326 Directors Compensation		7,469		9,863		12,000		2,137	22%	
53202 Professional Services - Legal		139,013		160,360		165,000		4,640	3%	
53236 Professional Services - Other		135,578		143,233		150,000		6,767	5%	
<u>Other</u>										
53332 Telephone - Office and Cell Phone		39,393		38,976		41,000		2,024	5%	
53333 Utilities - Electricity and Gas (Office Building)		33,842		35,867		38,000		2,133	6%	
53239 Miscellaneous including permits		(14,345)		6,502		10,000		3,498	54%	
53237 Rent		4,937		5,296		6,000		704	13%	
55000 Insurance		313,560		354,406		381,600		27,194	8%	
53304 Dues, Memberships and Employee Expense		44,905		53,134		61,900		8,766	16%	
53238 Franchise Requirements		-		1,400		1,400		-	0%	
51034 Administrative and General Transfer Labor		(138,637)		(135,118)		(136,000)		(882)	1%	
Total Administrative and General Expenses	\$2	2,667,137	\$3	3,494,659	\$3	3,776,400	\$	281,741	8%	

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:
A. Shared Salary and Benefits increase \$112,026, or 18%, due to the addition of two new shared positions.

Burden and Benefits FY 2016/17 Budget vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

Burden and Benefits				Change from		1
	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2016/17	%	
	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget		*
51051 Employee Assistance Program	\$ 1,408	\$ 1,700	\$ 1,700	\$ -	0%	
51052 In-Lieu Sick Salary	32,342	34,000	35,000	1,000	3%	
51053 In-Lieu Medical Insurance	165,465	165,000	231,400	66,400	40%	
51054 Deferred Compensation	95,336	137,500	141,800	4,300	3%	
51055 PERS Retirement	616,884	752,600	734,900	(17,700)	-2%	
51056 Medical Insurance	556,055	705,600	615,000	(90,600)	-13%	В
51057 Dental Insurance	76,514	93,700	89,700	(4,000)	-4%	
51058 Life Insurance	10,845	13,100	12,500	(600)	-5%	
51059 Vision Insurance	10,783	12,900	13,000	100	1%	
51060 Long Term Disability	19,923	24,400	24,200	(200)	-1%	
51061 FICA/Medicare Tax	57,690	64,300	70,800	6,500	10%	
51080 OPEB - Retiree Medical Insurance	260,749	320,900	515,500	194,600	61%	С
OPEB Unfunded Liability	(431,960)	-	-	-		
Total Burden and Benefits/Distribution	\$ 1,472,034	\$ 2,325,700	\$ 2,485,500	\$ 159,800	7%	
Transfer Organization Complete Press (its	Ø (404.000)	# (7 0.000)	Φ (00 F00)	6 (0.500)	400/	
Transfer Source of Supply Benefits	\$ (121,832)		, ,	, ,	13%	
Transfer Pumping Benefits	(84,362)	, ,	, , ,	` ' '	23%	
Transfer Water Treatment Benefits	(137,614)		, , ,	(19,200)	9%	
Transfer Transmission and Distribution Benefits	(743,188)	(1,029,000)	(1,040,000)	(11,000)	1%	
Transfer Customer Service Benefits	(123,053)	(185,200)	(215,000)	(29,800)	16%	Ε
Transfer Engineering Benefits	(71,352)	(236,200)	(246,000)	(9,800)	4%	
Transfer Administrative and General Benefits	(190,633)		,	(32,800)	8%	l
Total Transfer of Burden and Benefits	\$(1,472,034)	\$(2,325,700)	\$(2,485,500)	\$ (159,800)	7%	İ

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Budget:

- A. In-Lieu Medical Insurance increases \$66,400, or 40%, due to changes in benefits selection.
- B. Medical Insurance decreases \$90,600, or 13%, due to changes in benefits selection.
- C. OPEB increases \$194,600, or 61%, due to full year funding for vacant positions and the proposed additional position
- D. Transfer Pumping Benefits increase \$47,700, or 23%, due to a new proposed Senior Intrumentation Technician, full year funding for vacant positions and estimated increases in medical insurance premiums.
- E. Transfer Customer Service Benefits increase \$29,800, or 16%, due to changes in benefits selection and estimated increases in medical insurance premiums.

Burden and Benefits FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18 Budget

Burden and Benefits				Change from		
	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	FY 2016/17	%	1
	Actual	Estimated	Budget	Estimated	Change	*
51051 Employee Assistance Program	\$ 1,408	\$ 1,520	\$ 1,700	\$ 180	12%	
51052 In-Lieu Sick Salary	32,342	28,425	35,000	6,575	23%	
51053 In-Lieu Medical Insurance	165,465	201,502	231,400	29,898	15%	Α
51054 Deferred Compensation	95,336	116,804	141,800	24,996	21%	В
51055 PERS Retirement	616,884	657,328	734,900	77,572	12%	С
51056 Medical Insurance	556,055	611,359	615,000	3,641	1%	
51057 Dental Insurance	76,514	85,340	89,700	4,360	5%	1
51058 Life Insurance	10,845	12,041	12,500	459	4%	
51059 Vision Insurance	10,783	11,866	13,000	1,134	10%	
51060 Long Term Disability	19,923	22,282	24,200	1,918	9%	
51061 FICA/Medicare Tax	57,690	70,300	70,800	500	1%	1
51080 OPEB - Retiree Medical Insurance	260,749	441,248	515,500	74,252	17%	D
OPEB - Unfunded Liability	(431,960)	-	-	-		l
Total Burden and Benefits/Distribution	\$ 1,472,034	\$ 2,260,015	\$ 2,485,500	\$ 225,485	10%	
Transfer Source of Supply Benefits	\$ (121,832)	\$ (78,404)	\$ (82,500)	\$ (4,096)	5%	
Transfer Pumping Benefits	(84,362)	, , ,	,	. , ,		
Transfer Water Treatment Benefits	(137,614)	, , ,	,	` ' '		
Transfer Transmission and Distribution	(743,188)	, , , , ,		` '		
Benefits	(743,100)	(980,371)	(1,040,000)	(39,429)	0 70	
Transfer Customer Service Benefits	(123,053)	(193,774)	(215,000)	(21,226)	11%	G
Transfer Engineering Benefits	(71,352)	, , , , ,				
Transfer Administrative and General Benefit		, , ,	, , ,	` ' '		
Total Transfer of Burden and Benefits	\$ (1,472,034)	\$ (2,260,015)	\$ (2,485,500)	\$ (225,485)	10%	

Notes:

FY 2017/18 Budget compared to FY 2016/17 Estimated:

- A. In-Lieu Medical Insurance increases \$29,898, or 15%, due to changes in benefits selections.
- B. Deferred Compensation increases by \$24,996 or 21%, due to proposed additional position, full year funding for vacant positions.
- C. PERS Retirement increases \$77,572, or 12%, due to proposed additional position and full year funding for vacant positions.
- D. OPEB Retiree Medical Insurance increases by \$74,252, or 17% due to proposed additional position and full year funding for vacant positions.
- E. Transfer Pumping Benefits increase \$44,414, or 21%, due to a new proposed Senior Intrumentation Technician, full year funding for vacant positions and estimated increases in medical insurance premiums.
- F. Transfer Water Treatment Benefits increase \$26,412, or 13%, due to a new proposed Senior Intrumentation Technician, full year funding for vacant positions and estimated increases in medical insurance premiums.
- G. Transfer Customer Service Benefits increase \$21,226, or 11%, due to changes in benefits selection and estimated increases in medical insurance premiums.

^{*} Changes of more than 10% and more than \$20,000.

Performance Measures FY 2017/18 Budget

The Santa Clarita Water Division's mission is:

"To Provide Reliable, Quality Water at a Reasonable Cost to our Customers"

The foundation of our culture is strengthened by the following values:

- Appearance
- Personal Accountability
- Work Ethic
- Quality
- Camaraderie
- Professionalism
- **♦** Communication
- Honesty
- Trustworthiness

Performance measures provide benchmarks that help SCWD achieve its goals. The performance measures articulate and quantify the mission, strategic plan and goals for SCWD. In addition to workload measures, SCWD measures performance in four key areas:

- 1. Maintain a commitment to excellence and continue to improve customer satisfaction and communications related to water quality.
- 2. Evaluate and optimize operations to improve system efficiency.
- 3. Identify alternative water supplies to help meet future water demands and encourage water conservation through implementation of water conservation programs.
- 4. Strive to be under or at fiscal year operating expense budget and capital expense budget.

Maintain a commitment to excellence and continue to improve customer satisfaction and communications related to water quality.

Performance Measures include customer satisfaction related to water hardness, odor, taste and color. The majority of inquiries that SCWD received were in regards to a Yellow/Brown color in the water. When customers experience yellow, brown, or discolored water it is sometimes caused from naturally occurring sediment being stirred-up within the mainline. This could be caused from numerous actions including, mainline leaks, mainline flushing activities, water trucks pulling water from hydrants, or many other high demand situations. In most cases, the water clears up within a few minutes after customers flush the discolored water from their private plumbing. It should be noted that occasional "dirty" water complaints end up being private plumbing issues. Most often noted "dirty" water private plumbing complaints are from water softener bottle exchanges—when the new bottle wasn't properly backwashed by their service provider.

Evaluate and optimize operations to improve system efficiency.

SCWD measures system efficiency by carefully monitoring water produced, water sold and water loss. The Operations Department has established a preventive maintenance program to take a proactive approach to the routine maintenance of infrastructure. Performance measures include tracking service leaks, main line breaks, meter replacements, valve exercising, dead end flushing, blow-off maintenance and service line replacement.

Performance Measures FY 2017/18 Budget

Due to the recent drought, the Maintenance department is utilizing alternative means of reducing potable water usage for routine maintenance. For example, instead of discharging water into storm drains while flushing wells, the water is directed to a holding tank and utilized to wash down well sites or recovered by a water truck to be reused for development grading, dust control or watering of trees.

Identify alternative water supplies to help meet future water demands and encourage water conservation through implementation of water conservation programs.

Recycled water provides for a reliable, drought-proof supply of water for irrigation purposes. While SCWD does not currently have access to recycled water; efforts are currently underway in the planning design phase for a recycled water system in a new community in SCWD's service area. The recycled water system will provide excess recycled water beyond the needs of the new community, which will enable SCWD to distribute recycled water to neighboring existing irrigation customers.

Strive to be under or at fiscal year operating expense budget and capital expense budget.

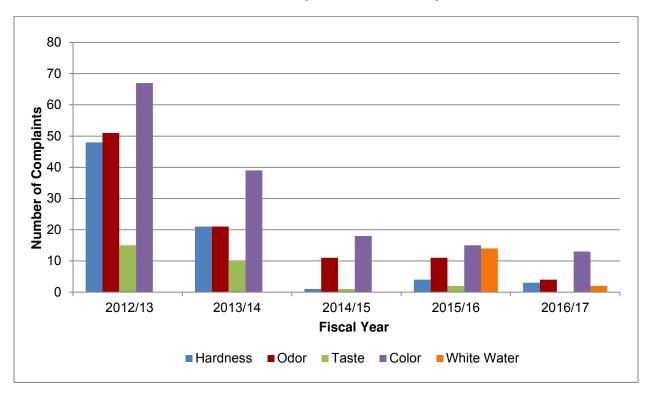
SCWD monitors both operating and capital expenditures monthly and historically, and has been under budget the past five years. With the guidance of the Board of Directors, SCWD has strengthened its policies and procedures and has made prudent financial decisions. Innovative ideas by employees in combination with equipment conversions have resulted in additional savings. SCWD has been proactive with energy cost savings by participating in energy efficiency programs including solar power and restructuring rates with the Southern California Edison Company.

Workload Measures

SCWD measures workload for key activities in each of the departments.

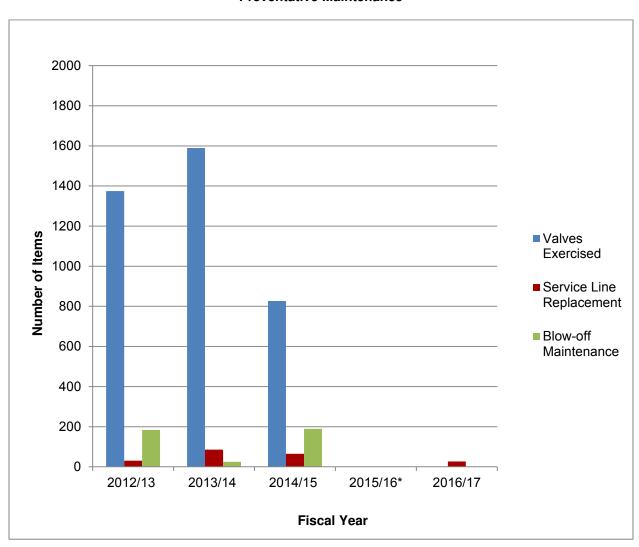
Maintain a commitment to excellence and continue to improve customer satisfaction and communications related to water quality.

Customer Complaints: Water Quality



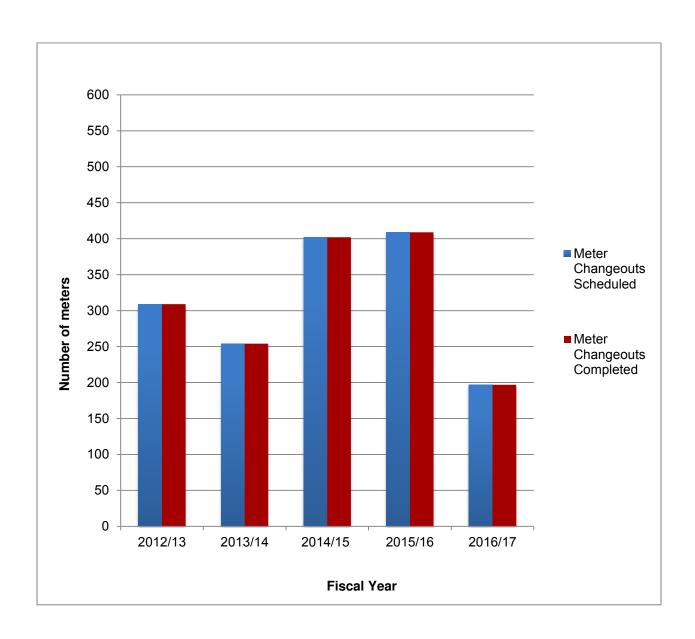
Evaluate and optimize operations to improve system efficiency.

Preventative Maintenance

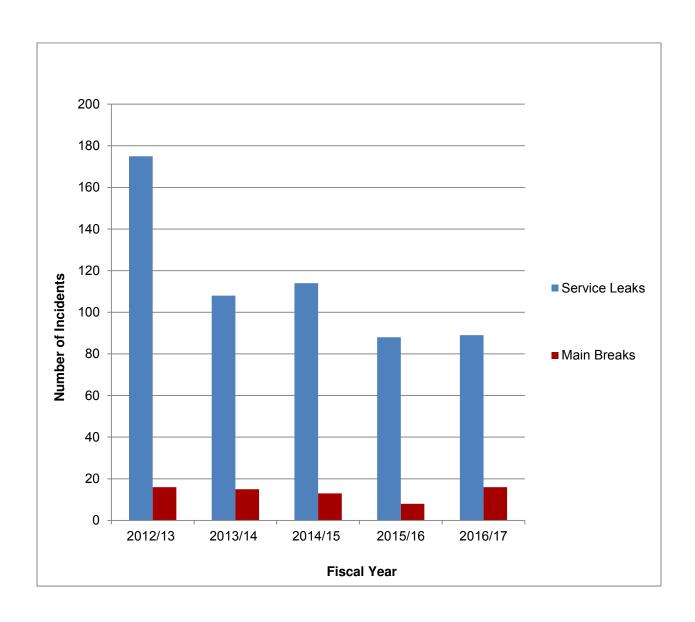


^{*} Valves Exercised and Blow-off Maintenance were on hold in FY 2015/16 and FY 2016/17 due to mandatory conservation. Service line replacements scheduled for FY 2015/16 were deferred to FY 2016/17.

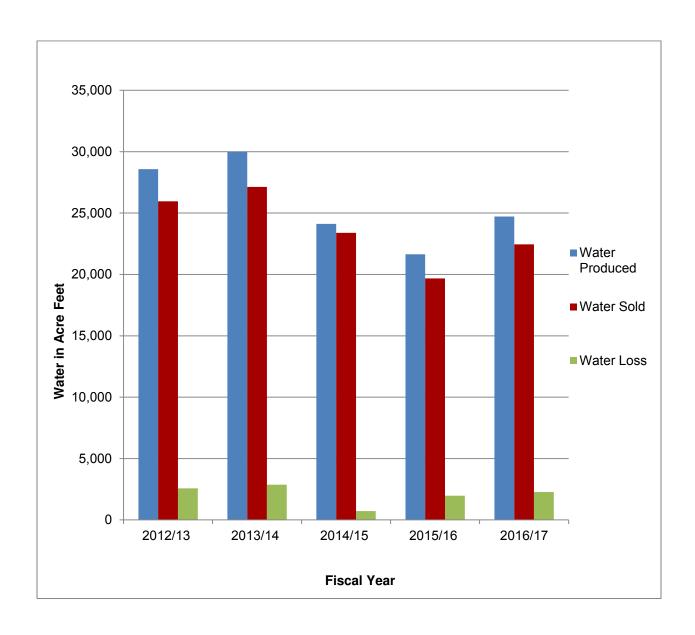
Preventative Maintenance



System Leaks, Breaks and Failures

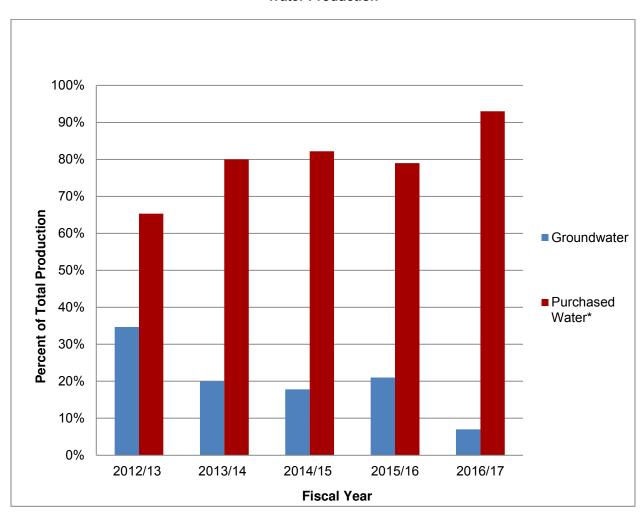


Water Produced, Sold and Lost



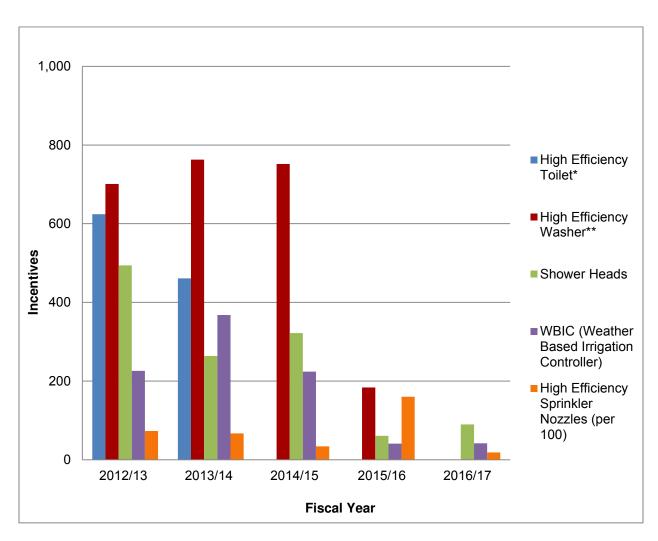
Identify alternative water supplies to help meet future water demands and encourage water conservation.

Water Production



^{*}Purchased Water includes Import and perchlorate treated Saugus Well water.

Conservation Incentives

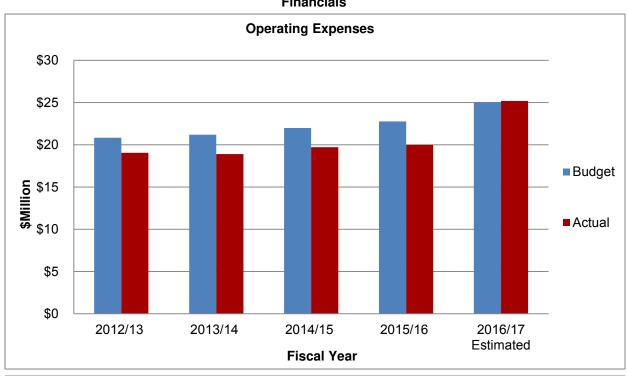


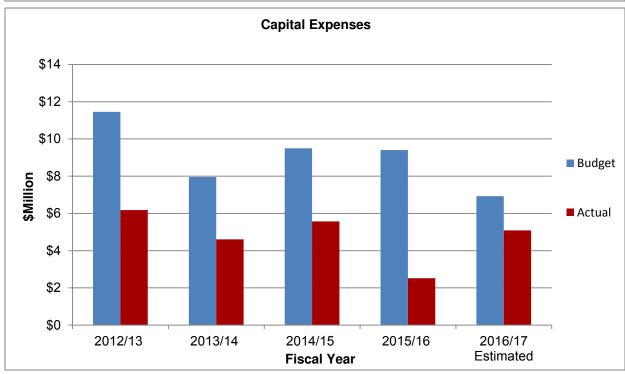
^{*}High Efficiency Toilet Program ended in FY 2013/14.

^{**}High Efficiency Washer Program ended in FY 2015/16.

Strive to be under or at fiscal year operating expense budget and capital expense budget.

Financials





Performance Measures FY 2017/18 Budget

Financials

Financial Measures

		FY 2011/12 F Actual		FY 2012/13 Actual		FY 2013/14 Actual		FY 2014/15 Actual		FY 2015/16 Actual		FY 2016/17 Budget		FY 2016/17 Estimated		2017/18 Budget
Capital Expenditures per connection Operating Expenditures per connection Operating Revenues per connection Debt Service Ratio*	\$ \$ \$	102 633 1,011 3.43	\$ \$ \$	215 664 1,079 2.71	\$	701	\$ \$ \$	189 668 979 1.38	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	224 822 946 1.58	٠.	165 816 1,022 2.50	\$ \$ \$	226 876 1,154 1.71

^{*} Debt Service Ratio for FY 2015/16 Estimated and FY 2016/17 Budget includes Defeasance transactions

Performance Measures FY 2017/18 Budget

Workload Measures

WORKLOAD MEASURES

	FY 2012/13	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16	FY 2015/16	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	Budget
Customer Service							
Active service connections	28,688	29,232	29,502	29,602	30,278	30,851	31,351
Accounts closed and opened	3,660	3,900	4,980	5,100	5,242	5,600	5,300
Service orders	11,151	11,500	12,575	13,000	12,378	15,116	15,675
Connections per employee	574	552	628	519	571	593	531
Administration							
Regular Committee meetings	10	9	9	12	10	13	28
Safety training classes	35	34	36	36	24	16	16
Operations							
Valves exercised*	1,375	1,520	827	2,250	-	-	-
Meter changeouts	309	254	402	856	409	197	305
Service line replacements**	31	87	65	100	-	27	100
Blow-off maintenance*	184	25	207	150	-	-	-
Number of water quality tests/samples	6,314	5,150	6,300	4,700	5,552	7,188	7,200
Engineering							
Consumption per service connection	382	400	344	269	282	317	363
Major Capital Improvement Projects underway	4	5	5	13	7	11	11
Value of Major Capital Improvement Projects underway	\$ 5,165,742	\$ 3,208,069	\$ 3,953,566	\$3,991,000	\$ 1,598,175	\$ 1,813,013	\$4,419,000

Capital Improvement Projects FY 2017/18 Budget

Introduction

The FY 2017/18 CIP has been developed based on capital improvements identified in the 2013 Water Master Plan Update (2013 SCWD WMP), and asset management related improvements to maintain or enhance overall system integrity and performance. The FY2017/18 CIP includes \$805,000 in projects identified in the 2013 SCWD WMP and \$5,617,900 in asset management related improvements. The 2013 SCWD WMP identified \$42,683,000 in CIP projects covering all aspects of the supply and distribution system such as storage, booster pumps, pressure reducing stations, pipelines and control systems. Approximately \$5,348,000 of 2013 SCWD WMP projects were completed through FY2016/17 with a remaining balance of \$37,335,000 from the 2013 SCWD WMP CIP. Capacity Fees from new development are forecasted to be approximately \$2,000,000 in FY2017/18 based on developer projects currently in the planning phase.

Capital Projects

Capital projects are defined as non-operating expense items of the budget, which includes expenditures for fixed asset/equipment purchases as well as the accumulation of expenditures associated with construction projects. Capital Projects typically have a life of five years or more. The categories of capital projects are:

- Major Capital Projects: The acquisition of land, facilities, works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water. Major and minor capital projects are distinguished by dollar threshold. Major Capital Projects are those that cost more than \$250,000.
- Minor Capital Projects: Minor capital projects include the acquisition of land, facilities, works and improvements; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities. Major and minor capital projects are distinguished by dollar threshold. Minor Capital Projects are those that cost \$250,000 or less.
- ♠ <u>Capital Planning, Studies and Administration:</u> Non-operating expenses, including but not limited to (1) studies in support of major capital projects and (2) non-recurring studies.
- New Capital Equipment: The purchase of fixed asset equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more. New Capital Equipment has all of the following characteristics: (1) normal useful life of at least one year or more, (2) an acquisition cost of at least \$5,000, and (3) generally is facility or plant specific and not portable or used in various locations.
- Repair and Replacement: Minor changes or additions to existing Retail-owned grounds or buildings and the electrical, lighting, plumbing, air-conditioning or heating systems contained therein, which correct unsafe or unhealthful working conditions, increase operating efficiency, promote improved service to the public, and provide for the installation of equipment and security devices. Repair and Replacement also includes equipment which are installed components to Repair and Replacement Projects and the cost including tax is \$5,000 or greater. Generally, this includes replacement of equipment after end of mechanical or electrical service life such as impellers, circuit breakers, transformers, stator coils, valves or HVAC components. It also includes repairs or modifications that will bring plant or facility equipment back to normal functioning level. Repair and Replacement equipment has all of the following characteristics: (1) replacement of spare parts and components initially furnished by a contractor or manufacturer not included with the original machinery, (2) equipment that will be attached to original machinery throughout its useful life, and (3) plant, facility or building-specific electrical or mechanical

components. The capital budget for repair and replacement generally excludes portable equipment and small tools that can be used in various locations. Major and minor capital projects are distinguished by dollar threshold. Major Repair and Replacement projects are those that cost more than \$250,000 and Minor Repair and Replacement projects are those that cost \$250,000 or less.

Additional detail is included on the following pages for both major and minor capital improvement projects. Details for projects costing over \$250,000 include title, type, source, description, purpose, justification, cost estimate, benefit/impact, location/extent and schedule. Details for projects costing \$250,000 and below include title, type, description and cost estimate. The projects are listed in alphabetical order within each category and type.

Capital Improvement Program Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Changes from 2016/17
Category	Budget	Estimated	Budget	Budget
Major Capital Improvement Projects	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,321,000	\$ 121,000
Repair and Replacement Projects	4,088,200	3,344,200	3,298,900	(789,300)
Capital Equipment	1,643,000	1,489,636	2,472,000	829,000
Total Capital Projects	6,931,200	5,083,836	7,091,900	160,700
Less Expansion Capital Projects	(2,191,500)	(1,212,000)	(1,555,500)	636,000
Total SCWD Capital Projects	\$ 4,739,700	\$ 3,871,836	\$ 5,536,400	\$ 796,700

Capital Improvement Program FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Major Capital Improvement Projects	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Pipelines			
Los Angeles Residential Community (LARC) Water Pipeline	700,000	100,000	600,000
Recycled Water Pipeline	250,000	50,000	270,000
Pumps Deane Pump Station			150,000
Reservoirs 2 - 2.5 MG Deane Zone Tanks 3.25 MG Placerita Pressure Zone Storage (originally 3.25 MG Placerita Tank)	- \$ 250,000	- \$ 100,000	201,000
Total Major Capital Improvement Projects	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,321,000

Repair and Replacement Projects	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17 Estimated	FY 2017/18
nepair and nepracement Projects	Budget	Estimateu	Budget
Wells			
Chlorinator Replacement Program	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000
Clark Well	70,500	70,500	-
Well Allowance	60,000	60,000	60,000
Well Mag Meter	-	-	37,500
Pressure Regulating Stations			
Gary Street Intertie with Newhall County Water District			
- Pressure Regulating Station and Meter	-	-	60,000
Haskel Canyon/Susan Beth	-	-	5,200
Nadal Street PRV #3	-	-	30,000
North Prairie Lane Intertie at Marilyn Drive PRV #2	-	-	30,000
Oaks Springs Canyon/Soledad Canyon Road	-	-	5,200
Placerita Canyon Road	53,000	53,000	-
Rainbow Glen/Sierra Highway	5,700	5,700	54,000
Whites Canyon and Americana	55,000	55,000	-
Booster Pumps			
Booster Allowance	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Booster Mag Meter	41,000	41,000	43,000
Motor Drive Replacement	-	-	84,000
Whites Canyon Booster	100,000	100,000	-
Circle J Pressure Station	230,000	230,000	-
Circle J Pressure Station (Expansion)	230,000	230,000	-
Subtotal Circle J Pressure Station	460,000	460,000	-
Placerita Booster Station - SC-12	669,000	334,500	334,500
Placerita Booster Station - SC-12 (Expansion)	669,000	334,500	334,500
Subtotal Placerita Booster Station - SC-12	1,338,000	669,000	669,000
Surge Protection			
Mitchell Well - Surge Protection	-	-	35,000
Princess Booster - Surge Protection	75,000	-	75,000
Sky Blue Booster - Surge Protection	-	-	125,000
Subtotal Repair and Replacement Projects	\$ 2,418,200	\$ 1,674,200	\$ 1,472,900

Capital Improvement Program FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Repair and Replacement Projects (Cont.)	Budget	Estimated	Budget
Topan and replacement rejects (com/			
Reservoir Access			
Asphalt Replacement/Repair Program	117,500	117,500	125,000
Asphalt Replacement/Repair Program (Expansion)	117,500	117,500	125,000
Subtotal Asphalt Replacement/Repair Program	235,000	235,000	250,000
Mary Billion of Trad Book	440.000	4.40.000	
Mesa Bridge and Tank Road	142,000	142,000	-
Reservoir Maintenance			
Bouquet Tank Exterior Repaint	_	_	57,500
Bouquet Tank Exterior Repaint	_	_	57,500
Subtotal Bouquet Tank Exterior Repaint	_	-	115,000
			,
Deane Tank No. 1 Tank Exterior Repaint	_	-	36,000
Deane Tank No. 1 Tank Exterior Repaint	-	-	36,000
Subtotal Dean No. 1 Tank Exterior Repaint	-	-	72,000
Deane Tank No. 2 Interior Coating Replacement/Retrofit	170,000	170,000	-
Deane Tank No. 2 Interior Coating Replacement/Retrofit (Expansion)	170,000	170,000	-
Subtotal Dean No. 2 Interior Coating Replacement/Retrofit	340,000	340,000	-
Fortheruska Valua Datrafit	450,000	450,000	144 000
Earthquake Valve Retrofit	156,000	156,000	141,000
Honby Tank No. 1 Exterior Roof	_	_	160,000
Honby Tank No. 1 Exterior Roof	_	_	160,000
Subtotal Honby No. 1 Exterior Roof	_	-	320,000
			5=5,555
Placerita No. 2 Tank Interior Coating Replacement/Retrofit	235,000	235,000	-
Placerita No. 2 Tank Interior Coating Replacement/Retrofit (Expansion)	235,000	235,000	-
Subtotal Placerita No. 2 Interior Coating Replacement/Retrofit	470,000	470,000	-
Tank Allowance	50,000	50,000	50,000
Dinalina and Comica Bankaamant			
Pipeline and Service Replacement Rainbow Glen (WMP Pipe #5)	25.000	25 000	155,000
SC-12 Warmouth Pipeline to Sand Canyon Road	25,000	25,000	155,000
Service Line Replacement Program FY 2016/17	200,000	200,000	40,000
Service Line Replacement Program FY 2017/18	200,000	200,000	500,000
Soledad Canyon Road from Oak Springs Canyon Road to Rue Entrée	35,000	35,000	-
West Newhall Alley	17,000	17,000	183,000
,		,	72,230
Total Repair and Replacement Projects	\$ 4,088,200	\$ 3,344,200	\$ 3,298,900

Capital Improvement Program FY 2017/18 Budget

	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18
Capital Equipment	Budget	Estimated	Budget
			Ŭ
Meters			
Automated Meter Reading (AMR)	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 724,000
Computer Hardware			60,000
Gateway Redundancy Network Switch Stacking	8,000	8,000	-
Summit Circle SAN Upgrade	-	-	46,500
VMWare Host Server Replacements	_	_	71,500
·			
Computer Software			
Core Automation Suite - Northstar	11,000	11,000	-
Electronic Timesheet Upgrade	20,000	20,000	-
GIS Implementation GIS Implementation (Expansion)	70,000 70,000	25,000 25,000	95,000 95,000
Subtotal GIS	140,000	50,000	190,000
oubtotul Gio	1 10,000	00,000	100,000
Planet Bids	-	-	30,000
VMWare Software Upgrade	-	-	10,000
Water Budgets	-	-	300,000
Water Distribution System Hydraulic Model	100,000	50,000	100,000
Madia Favinasat			
Media Equipment	24.000	16.605	
26521 Summit Circle Conference Room Projection System	24,000	16,695	-
Office Equipment			
Copier/Scanner	25,000	24,306	30,000
Oce ColorWave 500	28,000	22,635	-
Building Improvements			
22722 Soledad Canyon Road Building Exterior Lighting Replacement	40,000	40,000	-
26521 Summit Circle Bullpen Gate Upgrade	15,000	15,000	-
Facility Video Surveillance	166,000	166,000	-
Transportation Equipment			
1/2 Ton 4x4 Crew Truck	-	-	35,000
1/2 Ton Crew Truck	120,000	120,000	35,000
Office Vehicle	35,000	35,000	45,000
Service Truck	45,000	45,000	115,000
Super Cab Truck	66,000	66,000	30,000
Vacuum Trailer	-	-	70,000
Vactron Truck Chassis	-	-	70,000
Communications Equipment			
SCADA Allowance	-	-	30,000
SCADA Radio Upgrade	-	-	65,000
SCADA Tank Equipment	-	-	120,000
00404 0 (5 - 1 111 1			4.5 500
SCADA - Sensor/Equipment Upgrade	-	-	147,500
SCADA - Sensor/Equipment Upgrade (Expansion) Subtotal SCADA - (Sensor/Equipment Upgrade)	-	- -	147,500 295,000
oubtotal output - (ourson-Equipment opgrade)	_	_	233,000
Total Capital Equipment	\$ 1,643,000	\$ 1,489,636	\$ 2,472,000
	. , .		. ,

Total Capital \$ 6,931,200 \$ 5,083,836 \$ 7,091,900

Major Capital Improvement Projects - Pipelines

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Los Angeles Residential Community (LARC) Water Pipeline

Type:

Pipelines

Source:

Engineering/Civiltec Technical Memorandums (August 2014 and November 2014)

Description:

Construct 9,500 feet of 12-inch ductile iron pipe (DIP) in Bouquet Canyon Road from Shadow Valley Lane to the LARC turnout. The 12-inch pipeline is sized to accommodate LARC demands and other existing water users along the pipeline route. An 8-inch polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe would be adequate to meet LARC demand and is eligible for grant funding from the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB). The SCWD CIP budget is based on the cost to upsize the pipeline from 8-inch PVC to 12-inch DIP and the anticipated approval of grant funding for LARC's portion of the pipeline from the SWRCB. The scope includes grant application administration, bidding and construction.

Purpose:

Provide potable water service to LARC, and provide adequate pipeline capacity to support LARC and other existing water users along the pipeline route in North Bouquet Canyon Road. Funding to upsize the pipeline from 8-inch PVC to 12-inch DIP would be from the existing expansion fund.

Justification:

Construction of the system to serve LARC provides the benefit of funding a portion of the project through grant funding with the balance being funded by capacity fees.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$100,000 estimated for preparation of grant application, CEQA, and final design
- FY 2017/18 \$600,000 budgeted for grant administration, bidding and construction of upsize from 8-inch PVC to 12-inch DIP

Total Estimated Cost is \$700,000 excluding design deposit received from LARC.

Benefit/Impact:

Provide reliable service to LARC and other customers along North Bouquet Canyon Road currently served by private wells with declining production or that have become inactive during the drought.

Location/Extent:

North Bouquet Canyon Road (Catala Pressure Zone) within SCWD service area.

Schedule:

The pipeline will be constructed in FY 2017/18 and FY 2018/19.

Major Capital Improvement Projects - Pipelines

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Recycled Water Pipeline

Type:

Pipelines

Source:

Engineering/Recycled Water System Phase 2B Preliminary Design Report (October 2015)

Description:

Construct 6,300 feet of 6-inch PVC pipeline for recycled water distribution in the Fair Oaks Ranch area, in conjunction with the Recycled Water Phase 2B backbone system.

Purpose:

Provide recycled infrastructure to serve recycled water to major irrigation customers in Fair Oaks Ranch area.

Justification:

Provide recycled water supply and infrastructure to reduce potable water demands used for irrigation in the North Oaks Pressure Zone.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$50,000 estimated for CEQA
- FY 2017/18 \$270,000 budgeted for site investigations and design
- FY 2018/19 \$400,000 anticipated for construction
- FY 2019/20 \$700,000 anticipated for completion of construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$1,420,000.

Benefit/Impact:

Help reduce reliance on imported water and local groundwater by using recycled water. At buildout, the project is expected to deliver 300 acre-feet (AF) of recycled water per year.

Location/Extent:

Various streets in Fair Oaks Area (e.g., Lost Canyon Road, W. Scott Lane, Honey Maple Street).

Schedule:

- Complete CEQA in FY 2016/17
- Complete site investigations and design in FY 2017/18
- Construct pipelines in FY 2018/19 and FY 2019/20

Major Capital Improvement Projects - Pumps

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Deane Pump Station

Type:

Pump Stations

Source:

Engineering/Civiltec Technical Memorandum (January 2013) and 2013 SCWD WMP Appendix H Profiles H.7 and H.8.

Description:

Construct new booster pump station from North Oaks Zone to Deane Zone to improve refill pumping rates to meet 2013 SCWD WMP primary and secondary pumping criteria. The developer of Tract 60922 is contributing the land and a portion of the pump station construction.

Purpose:

To add booster pump capacity to meet 2013 SCWD WMP criteria for the Deane Zone, including existing deficiencies and new demands associated with Tract 60922. A portion of the pump station will be funded by the developer.

Justification:

The new booster pump station will provide additional pumping capacity from the North Oaks Zone to the Deane Zone to meet maximum day demands of the expanded Deane Zone (including Tract 60922, Skyline Ranch) and to refill fire and emergency storage within 48 hours, in accordance with 2013 SCWD WMP pumping criteria. The additional capacity is needed to supplement the existing booster pump stations from North Oaks Zone to Deane Zone (Soledad, Linda Vista and Honey House pump stations).

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$150,000 budgeted for design and start of construction
- FY 2018/19 \$250,000 anticipated to complete construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$400,000. (This budget is based on SCWD's share of the pump station to address existing deficiencies).

Benefit/Impact:

The proposed booster pump station will improve pumping capacity needed to meet maximum day demand plus refill of depleted fire and emergency storage.

Location/Extent:

The proposed site is located along the new Skyline Ranch Road for Tract No. 60922 Skyline Ranch owned by Pardee Homes.

Schedule:

The pump station site will be provided by Pardee Homes as part of the Tract No. 60922 Skyline Ranch development. Based on the developer's schedule, the pump station site may be available in late 2017. SCWD plans to complete the design and start construction in FY 2017/18, and complete construction in FY 2018/19.

Major Capital Improvement Projects - Reservoirs

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: 2 – 2.5 MG Deane Zone Tanks

Type: Reservoirs

Source:

2013 SCWD WMP, Chapter 9, Table 9.46

Description:

Construct two (2) 2.5 MG above grade steel tanks and associated site and piping improvements. The current project approach is to collaborate with Pardee Homes on the Skyline Ranch development project to construct a site for the new tanks. Pardee Homes will design a grading plan for a site to contain two (2) 2.5 MG tanks to provide for the storage deficit of 4.22 MG and to satisfy the storage requirements of the new Deane Zone housing within Skyline Ranch.

Purpose:

Adequate storage capacity ensures sufficient volume of water to fight fires, to accommodate diurnal demand fluctuation and provide uninterrupted water service to repair infrastructure or restore service due to emergencies such as pipe breaks or power outages.

Justification:

The following 2013 SCWD WMP Design Criteria were applied to existing storage capacity in each pressure zone: each pressure zone should provide a volume equal to the sum of (1) Operational Storage (30% of one day of maximum day demand), (2) Emergency Storage (one day of maximum day demand) and (3) Fire Storage (per fire flow and duration according to Zoning and Land Use category). The Deane Pressure Zone was determined to have a storage deficiency of 4.22 MG per 2013 SCWD WMP, Table 9.6. There are no opportunities to share excess storage capacity with adjacent pressure zones.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$ 201,000 budgeted for design and site investigations
- FY 2018/19 \$1,588,000 anticipated to start construction of first tank and piping
- FY 2019/20 \$1,517,000 anticipated to complete construction of first tank
- FY 2020/21 \$1,517,000 anticipated to start construction of second tank
- FY 2021/22 \$1,517,000 anticipated to complete construction of second tank

Total Estimated Cost is \$6,340,000.

Benefit/Impact:

Sufficient storage adds adequate redundancy to a booster pump/reservoir system. In the event of a power outage or other emergency, water contained in this reservoir will continue to provide service to the pressure zone until power can be restored.

Location/Extent:

The proposed site is located within Tract No. 60922 Skyline Ranch owned by Pardee Homes.

Schedule:

The tank site has been secured within Tract No. 60922 Skyline Ranch owned by Pardee Homes. The Tentative Tract Map has been approved by Los Angeles County. Pardee Homes plans to begin grading Phase 1 of the development in calendar year 2017 and has tentatively indicated the tank site may be available in 2018. Based on this, SCWD plans to perform the design in FY 2017/18, construct the first new tank in FY 2018/19 and 2019/20, and construct the second tank in FY 2020/21 and 2021/22.

Major Capital Improvement Projects - Reservoirs

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: 3.25 MG Placerita Pressure Zone Storage

Type:

Reservoirs

Source:

2013 SCWD WMP, Chapter 9, Table 9.46 - Storage Tank CIP

Description:

Construct 3.25 MG of new storage in the Placerita Pressure Zone, including land acquisition, CEQA, design and construction of site improvements, tanks, and piping.

Purpose:

To provide adequate emergency storage in the Placerita Pressure Zone in accordance with the 2013 SCWD WMP storage design criteria.

Justification:

The Placerita Pressure Zone was determined to have a storage deficiency of 3.25 MG per 2013 SCWD WMP, Table 9.6 – Storage Analysis, Page 9-5, based on storage design criteria and existing demands. There is adequate storage to meet operational and fire flow criteria, but additional storage is needed to meet emergency storage criteria.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2015/16 \$ 68,487 actual for Feasibility and Geotechnical studies
- FY 2016/17 \$ 100,000 estimated for land acquisition
- FY 2017/18 \$ 100,000 budgeted for CEQA and site investigations
- FY 2018/19 \$ 250,000 anticipated for design
- FY 2019/20 \$ 250,000 anticipated for site improvements and piping
- FY 2020/21 \$1,783,000 anticipated to start constructing tanks
- FY 2021/22 \$1,783,000 anticipated to complete construction of tanks

Total Estimated Cost is \$4,334,487.

Benefit/Impact:

Adequate emergency storage ensures sufficient volume of water to provide uninterrupted water service to repair infrastructure or restore service due to emergencies such as pipe breaks or power outages.

Location/Extent:

The proposed tank site is located on the north side of Placerita Canyon Road, approximately 4,000 feet west of Sand Canyon Road.

Schedule:

The purchase of land is being coordinated with the City of Santa Clarita's purchase of adjacent property for open space in FY 2016/17. Site investigations, CEQA, design and construction are scheduled over a four (4) year period from FY 2017/18 through FY 2021/22.

Minor Repair and Replacement - Wells

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Chlorinator Replacement Program
Type: Wells

Description:

Replace current Accu-tab Chlorinator with a Trichlor Chlorinator system to improve efficiency, reduce labor and treatment costs.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$60,000 budgeted

Title: Well Allowance

Type: Wells

Description:

To provide funding for unforeseen repairs, motors, pumps, controllers, etc.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$60,000 budgeted

Title: Well Mag Meter

Type: Wells

Description:

Replace propeller meters with Mag meters.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$37,500 budgeted

Minor Repair and Replacement - Pressure Regulating Stations

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Gary Street Intertie with Newhall County Water District – Pressure Regulating Station and Meter

Type:

Pressure Regulating Stations

Description:

Install a new emergency intertie with Newhall County Water District with pressure regulating station and meter in a vault at Gary Drive north of Carrousel Drive to improve fire flows per recommendations in 2013 SCWD WMP, Table 9.48 (PRV#2).

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$60,000 budgeted for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$95,000.

Title: Haskell Canyon/Susan Beth

Type:

Pressure Regulating Stations

Description:

Design of the removal and installation of new regulators and vault. Station was originally constructed in 1980.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$ 5,200 budgeted for design
- FY 2018/19 \$50,000 anticipated for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$55,200.

Minor Repair and Replacement - Pressure Regulating Stations

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Nadal Street PRV (PRV#3)

Type:

Pressure Regulating Stations

Description:

Install a new pressure regulating station at Whites Canyon and Nadal Street to improve fire flows per recommendations in 2013 SCWD WMP, Table 9.48 (PRV#3).

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$ 30,000 budgeted for design
- FY 2018/19 \$213,000 anticipated for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$243,000.

Title: North Prairie Lane Intertie at Marilyn Drive

Type:

Pressure Regulating Stations

Description:

Removal and installation of new regulators and vault. Station was originally constructed in 1980.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$ 30,000 budgeted for design
- FY 2018/19 \$100,000 anticipated for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$130,000.

Minor Repair and Replacement - Pressure Regulating Stations

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Oak Springs Canyon/Soledad Canyon Rd.

Type:

Pressure Regulating Stations

Description:

Design of the removal and installation of new regulators and vault. Station was originally constructed in 1980.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$ 5,200 budgeted for design
- FY 2018/19 \$50,000 anticipated for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$55,200.

Title: Rainbow Glen/Sierra Highway

Type:

Pressure Regulating Stations

Description:

Removal and installation of new regulators and vault. Design for this project was completed during FY 2016/17. Station was originally constructed in 1988.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$5,700 estimated for design
- FY 2017/18 \$54,000 budgeted for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$59,700.

Minor Repair and Replacement - Booster Pumps

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title:	Booster	Allowance

Type:

Booster Pumps

Description:

To provide funding for unforeseen repairs, motors, pumps, controllers or efficiency upgrades.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$100,000 budgeted

Title: Booster Mag Meter

Type:

Booster Pumps

Description:

Replace propeller meter with a mag meter.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$43,000 budgeted

Title: Motor Drive Replacement

Type:

Booster Pumps

Description:

Remove and replace outdated motor control equipment.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$84,000 budgeted

Major Repair and Replacement - Booster Pumps

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Placerita Booster Station SC-12

Type:

Booster Pumps

Source:

2013 SCWD Water Master Plan Chapter 9, Table 9.47 - Pump Station CIP

Description:

Equip SC-12 with a booster station and reconfigure to pump to the Placerita Zone.

Purpose:

To increase the flow from SC-12 to the North Oaks zone and to avoid the double lift via the Live Oaks zone to the Placerita zone.

Justification:

Demands in the east end of system are greater than current turnout capacity by gravity flows. SCWD currently utilizes a diesel pump to increase the flows. The diesel pump is limited to day use only and there is planned growth in the east end of the valley.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2015/16 \$ 9,211 actual for site acquisition, site investigations and CEQA
- FY 2016/17 \$ 669,000 estimated for design and construction of pump station
- FY 2017/18 \$ 669,000 budgeted for design and construction of pump station

Total Estimated Cost is \$1,347,211.

Benefit/Impact:

The proposed booster pump station will address deficiencies in booster pump capacity in the Placerita and North Oaks Pressure Zones and reduce pumping costs to the Placerita Zone.

Location/Extent:

SC-12 State connection

Schedule:

Construction to start in FY 2016/17 and to be completed in FY 2017/18.

Minor Repair and Replacement - Surge Protection

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Mitchell Well – Surge Protection

Type:

Surge Protection - Wells

Description:

Install surge anticipation valves on the discharge pipeline at Mitchell Well.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$35,000 budgeted for design and installation of surge anticipation valve

Title: Princess Booster - Surge Protection

Type:

Surge Protection - Booster Pumps

Description:

Install surge anticipation valves on the intake and discharge pipelines at the Princess Booster Station.

Cost Estimate:

FY 2017/18 - \$75,000 budgeted for design and installation of surge anticipation valves

Title: Sky Blue Booster – Surge Protection

Type:

Surge Protection - Booster Pumps

Description:

Install surge tank on the discharge pipelines at the Sky Blue Booster Station.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$125,000 budgeted for design and installation of surge tank

Minor Repair and Replacement - Reservoir Access

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Asphalt Replacement/Repair Program

Type:

Reservoir Access

Description:

Remove, replace or repair asphalt at storage facilities.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$250,000 budgeted

Minor Repair and Replacement - Reservoir Maintenance

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Bouquet Tank Exterior Repaint

Type:

Reservoir Maintenance

Description:

Spot repair and overcoat complete exterior of the tank.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$115,000 budgeted

Title: Deane No.1 Tank Exterior Repaint

Type:

Reservoir Maintenance

Description:

Spot repair and overcoat complete exterior of the tank.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$72,000 budgeted

Title: Earthquake Valve Retrofit

Type:

Reservoir Maintenance

Description:

To install Earth Quake Valves at Reservoir sites.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$141,000 budgeted

Major Repair and Replacement - Reservoir Maintenance

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Honby No. 1 Exterior Roof

Type:

Reservoir Maintenance

Source:

CSI Services, Inc. annual inspection and SCWD Operations Department

Description:

Remove and replace the exterior coating system.

Purpose:

Increase the life expectancy of the tank.

Justification:

During the tank inspection it was determined that the tank exterior coating has reached its life expectancy and needs to be replaced.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$320,000 budgeted

Benefit/Impact:

Extend the life of the tank.

Location/Extent:

Honby Tank No.1

Schedule:

To be completed during FY 2017/18

Minor Repair and Replacement - Reservoir Maintenance

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Tank Allowance

Type:

Reservoir Maintenance

Description:

Unforeseen equipment failures, necessary upgrades or repairs.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$50,000 budgeted

Minor Capital Improvement - Pipeline and Service Replacement

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Rainbow Glen (WMP Pipe #5)

Type:

Pipeline and Service Replacement

Description:

Construct 800 linear feet (LF) of new 10-inch PVC waterline in Rainbow Glen Drive north of Scarlett Meadow Drive to improve fire flows in the residential area north of Spanish Oak Drive. This pipeline will expand the limits of the Rainbow Glen Sub-Zone.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$ 25,000 estimated for design
- FY 2017/18 \$155,000 budgeted for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$180,000.

Major Capital Improvement - Pipeline and Service Replacement

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: SC-12 Warmuth Pipeline to Sand Canyon Road

Type:

Pipeline and Service Replacement

Source:

Engineering and 2013 SCWD WMP, Table 9.47

Description:

Construct 4,000 feet of 16-inch ductile iron pipe (DIP) in Rolling Hills Avenue and Warmuth Drive to connect SC-12 to existing line in Sand Canyon Road to improve emergency refill capacity to the Placerita Pressure Zone.

Purpose:

Provide new pipeline to connect SC-12 to existing water line in Sand Canyon Road to provide adequate pipeline capacity for new booster pumps to be installed at SC-12. The new pumps and pipeline will address the emergency refill deficit identified in the 2013 SCWD WMP (Section 9.4.4, Item 6).

Justification:

Construction of the pipeline is needed to provide adequate pipeline capacity from SC-12 to the Placerita Pressure Zone.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2017/18 \$ 40,000 budgeted for design
- FY 2018/19 \$520,000 anticipated for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$560,000.

Benefit/Impact:

Provide improved emergency refill capacity to Placerita Pressure Zone.

Location/Extent:

SC-12 to Sand Canyon Road, along Rolling Hills Avenue and Warmuth Drive (Placerita Pressure Zone).

Schedule:

The pipeline will be designed in FY 2017/18 and constructed in FY 2018/19.

Major Repair and Replacement - Pipeline and Service Replacement

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Service Line Replacement Program FY 2017/18

Type:

Programmed Pipeline and Service Replacement

Source:

SCWD Operations Department

Description:

Remove old service lines or components.

Purpose:

Preventative maintenance that would replace service lines in areas that have excessive leak history and relocate meters that pose a high risk.

Justification:

Current in-ground materials are failing and creating frequent leaks.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$500,000 budgeted

Benefit/Impact:

More reliable distribution system and reduced customer service outages. Risk mitigation on services that pose a financial threat.

Location/Extent:

Various locations

Schedule:

To be completed during FY 2017/18.

Minor Capital Improvement - Pipeline and Service Replacement

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: West Newhall Alley

Type:

Pipeline and Service Replacement

Description:

Construct 500 feet of new 4-inch PVC laterals and 150 feet of new 2-inch PVC laterals to replace existing 2-inch and 3-inch laterals in an alley along Lyons Avenue in West Newhall. The project will replace six (6) existing services to businesses located along Lyons Avenue between Fourl Road and Everett Drive (located within the Circle J Pressure Zone). The existing laterals will be abandoned in place.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$ 17,000 estimated for design
- FY 2017/18 \$183,000 budgeted for construction

Total Estimated Cost is \$200,000.

Major Capital Equipment - Meters

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Automated Meter Reading (AMR)

Type: Meters

Source:

SCWD Operations Department

Description:

Installation of a drive-by AMR system and Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) pilot program.

Purpose:

To increase meter reading accuracy, improve customer service and strengthen a safe working environment.

Justification:

The current meter reading method is labor intensive. AMR will increase efficiency and minimize safety hazards.

Cost Estimate:

FY 2008/09 - \$	600,000 actual	FY 2013/14 - 9	0 actual
FY 2009/10 - \$	150,000 actual	FY 2014/15 - S	\$1,311,000 actual
FY 2010/11 - \$	0 actual	FY 2015/16 - S	886,000 actual
FY 2011/12 - \$	875,000 actual	FY 2016/17 - S	8 800,000 estimated
FY 2012/13 - \$	0 actual	FY 2017/18 - S	724,000 budgeted
		FY 2018/19 - S	450,000 anticipated

Total Estimated Cost is \$5,796,000

Benefit/Impact:

The AMR system will provide faster read times. This system will also allow staff to attend training and other programs without interrupting reading schedules. It will reduce human error and enhance staff safety. This program will allow SCWD to utilize employees, currently dedicated to reading meters, for other projects without adding additional employees and increasing payroll costs. This program will also allow SCWD to migrate to an AMI system in the future.

Location/Extent:

All metered service connections and various SCWD water company properties.

Schedule:

Fiscal Year 2017/18:

Installation of an AMI pilot program and installation of 1,700 meters and smart point transmitters.

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Gateway Redundancy

Type:

Computer Hardware

Description:

The gateway redundancy project will add redundant switch capabilities at all main network points. This project will also create a new re-route of network traffic.

Cost Estimate:

 FY 2017/18 - \$ 60,000 budgeted for hardware purchase (\$120,000 total, split cost with Wholesale).

Title: Summit Circle SAN (Storage Area Network) Upgrade

Type:

Computer Hardware

Description:

The existing SANs at the Summit Circle location are coming to the end of their expected life cycle and will be replaced with the most current model. The original SANs were installed in 2012.

Cost Estimate:

FY 2017/18 - \$ 46,500 budgeted to purchase hardware (\$93,000 total, split cost with Wholesale).

Title: VMWare Host Server Replacements

Type:

Computer Hardware

Description:

The existing host servers at all server room locations are at the end of their expected life cycles and will be replaced with the most current models. The original hosts were installed between the years 2010 and 2012.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$ 71,500 budgeted to purchase hardware (\$143,000 total, split cost with Wholesale).

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Geographical Information System (GIS) Implementation

Type:

Computer Software

Description:

Develop GIS strategic plan with phased implementation. The first phase was completed in FY 2016/17 with purchase and installation of ArcGIS software and creating maps of SCWD major water system infrastructure in (GIS) from existing AutoCAD base maps. The next phase will include setup and configuration of structured database, migration of attribute data from computer-aided design (CAD) base maps, and on-going map cleanup. The software costs are based on annual sharing of licensing fees with CLWA. Budget includes purchase of new field survey unit and software to collect and process field coordinates, and staff time to collect field data and start database development, and technical support from Esri.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$ 50,000 estimated for software purchase and labor for initial conversion
- FY 2017/18 \$190,000 budgeted for next phase of implementation

Total Estimated Cost is \$240,000.

Title: PlanetBids

Type:

Computer Software

Description:

A modular suite of eProcurement solutions that organizes, automates, and manages the complete bidding process. This software is easy-to-use, comprehensive and streamlined to fulfill tasks in a timely manner, increase productivity, and to effectively manage projects.

Cost Estimate:

FY 2017/18 - \$30,000 budgeted

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: VMWare Software Upgrades

Type:

Computer Software

Description:

Upgrades on the VMWare software, which runs our server virtualization, are done every other year to keep up to date with the most current release. The last upgrade was completed in 2015.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$10,000 budgeted to purchase software (\$20,000 total, split cost with Wholesale).

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: Water Budgets

Type:

Computer Software

Source: SCWD

Description:

Software and programming support services to set up water budgeting.

Purpose:

To put the necessary systems in place to allow for implementation of Water Budgets within SCWD's Customer Service billing system.

Justification:

Water Budget based billing system provides for a method of billing that can be readily explained to customers, is seen as fair by them and will help with the SCWDs ability to achieve future conservation goals.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$300,000 budgeted

Benefit/Impact:

Better customer acceptance than straight tier-based billing, allowing for better conservation target achievement.

Schedule:

To be completed during FY2017/18

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Water Distribution System Hydraulic Model

Type:

Computer Software

Description:

Purchase software to develop SCWD distribution system hydraulic model to support design of capital improvements and optimize operations. Budget includes staff time to setup and develop the system model, including technical support from Innovyze.

Cost Estimate:

- FY 2016/17 \$ 50,000 estimated to purchase software and provide labor for initial setup
- FY 2017/18 \$100,000 budgeted to setup and develop the system model

Total Estimated Cost is \$150,000.

Minor Capital Equipment - Office Equipment

Projects \$250,000 or Less

Title: Copier/Scanner

Type:

Office Equipment

Description:

The unit would replace the Canon 7055 that was purchased in February 2011. The Canon 7055 requires frequent maintenance, is unreliable and has exceeded its useful life.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$30,000 budgeted

Minor Capital Equipment - Transportation Equipment

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: ½ Ton 4x4 Crew Cab

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

The vehicle category and Mileage Guideline: Sedan and light duty trucks having a gross weight rating (GVWR) 8,500 pounds or less: 125,000 miles or 10 years of age. This will replace a ½ ton 4x4 crew cab 2009 Ford F-150; Unit #21 with 162,000 miles.

Cost Estimate:

FY 2017/18 - \$35,000 budgeted

Title: ½ Ton Crew Cab

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

The vehicle category and Mileage Guideline: Sedan and light duty trucks having a gross weight rating (GVWR) 8,500 pounds or less: 125,000 miles or 10 years of age. This will replace a ½ ton crew cab 2009 Ford F-150; Unit #2 with 145,000 miles.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$35,000 budgeted

Title: Office Vehicle

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

The vehicle category and Mileage Guideline: Sedan and light duty trucks having a gross weight rating (GVWR) 8,500 pounds or less: 125,000 miles or 10 years of age. This will replace the 2003 Jeep Liberty; Unit #28 with 52,000 miles.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$45,000 budgeted

Minor Capital Equipment - Transportation Equipment

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Service Trucks ¾ ton

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

The vehicle category and Mileage Guideline: Heavy duty trucks, vans or vehicles (class 3 and under having a GVWR of 8,501 pounds or more: 125,000 miles or 10 years of age. The replacements are for the following trucks; three \(^3\)4 ton fleet vehicles which are over 10 years in age.

2004 Chevy 2500; Unit # 31 with 95,000 miles 2004 Chevy 1500; Unit # 32 with 116,500 miles 2005 Chevy 2500; Unit # 35 with 124,400 miles

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$115,000 budgeted

Title: 1/2 Ton Super Cab

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

New addition to fleet as we currently do not have enough equipment for staff.

Cost Estimate:

FY 2017/18 - \$30,000 budgeted

Title: Vacuum Trailer

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

Vacuum excavation unit to mount on separately mounted chassis.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$70,000 budgeted

Minor Capital Equipment – Transportation Equipment

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: Vactron Chassis

Type:

Transportation Equipment

Description:

New addition to fleet. Chassis to mount Vactron.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$70,000 budgeted

Minor Capital Equipment - Communications Equipment

Projects \$250,000 or less

Title: SCADA Allowance

Type:

Communications Equipment

Description:

Unforeseen repairs or upgrades.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$30,000 budgeted

Title: SCADA Radio Upgrade

Type:

Communication Equipment

Description:

To upgrade to radios at 34 facilities that are starting to fail and are under sized.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$65,000 budgeted

Title: SCADA Tank Equipment

Type:

Communications Equipment

Description:

To install SCADA at three storage facilities that do not have SCADA: Honby South – Sky Blue North – Sky Blue East.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$120,000 budgeted

Major Capital Improvement - Communications Equipment

Projects Over \$250,000

Title: SCADA Software/Hardware Upgrade

Type:

Communications Equipment

Source:

SCWD Operations Department

Description:

Upgrade the SCADA system to run a current version of software and on a virtual platform that is consistent with CLWA and SCWD network as well as the other local retailers.

Purpose:

To add redundancy to the SCADA system and bring the system up to current standards.

Justification:

The current system is not supported as the software is out of date. Local retailer have already made the change to a virtual operating platform, these changes will help IT manage the operating system.

Cost Estimate:

• FY 2017/18 - \$295,000 budgeted

Benefit/Impact:

Upgrades will allow for a fast and more secure operating system. It will allow more department staff to operate or monitor SCADA.

Schedule:

To be completed during FY 2017/18.

LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

RETAIL SYSTEM LONG-TERM COMMITMENTS

INTERFUND LOAN

CLWA acquired Santa Clarita Water Company's stock through condemnation in September 1999 for a purchase price of \$63 million. The acquisition was treated as an Interfund Loan. At the time of the purchase, the CLWA Financial Advisor prepared a financial analysis of SCWC's cash flow. The analysis showed that it was financially feasible to fund the acquisition of the company with its own revenue stream. The interest rate on CLWA's Interfund Loan was 5.04%. SCWD began making payments on the loan in FY 2000/01.

In June 2010 CLWA refunded the 2001 COPs with the 2010 refunding COPs, achieving an all-in true interest cost of 4.23%. As a result, the Board of Directors adopted Resolution Number 2765 on January 26, 2011, adopting the revised payment schedule for the SCWD Interfund Loan at the interest rate of 4.23%.

On September 15, 2011, SCWD refinanced the CLWA Interfund Loan by selling \$52,290,000 of Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 3.52% for a net present value savings of \$3,671,785.53, or 6.32%, over the life of the bond issue.

DEBT ISSUANCE

Certificates of Participation (COPs) and Bonds

2010B COPs

SCWD sold \$14,475,000 million of COPs through the issuance of premium COPs, which generated \$15,293,202 million in cash to pay issuance costs and to generate construction proceeds of \$15 million.

	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
2010B COPs	\$ 956,238	\$ 12,900,000

2011A Revenue Bonds

SCWD sold \$52,290,000 million of Revenue Bonds (Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority), which generated \$58,830,049 million in cash to pay issuance cost and to generate the proceeds of \$58,286,314 to refund the Interfund Loan to CLWA.

	FY 2017/18 Debt Service	Outstanding Balance June 30, 2017
2011A Bonds	\$ 4,532,138	\$ 43,295,000

Retail System
2010B COP PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

Fiscal Year	Principal	Coupon	Interest	Total	Principal Remaining
2010/11	\$ -	•	\$ 518,907.64	\$ 518,907.64	\$ 14,475,000.00
2011/12	245,000	2.000%	716,037.50	961,037.50	14,230,000.00
2012/13	250,000	2.000%	711,087.50	961,087.50	13,980,000.00
2013/14	255,000	3.000%	704,762.50	959,762.50	13,725,000.00
2014/15	265,000	3.000%	696,962.50	961,962.50	13,460,000.00
2015/16	275,000	4.000%	687,487.50	962,487.50	13,185,000.00
2016/17	285,000	4.000%	676,287.50	961,287.50	12,900,000.00
2017/18	290,000	3.000%	666,237.50	956,237.50	12,610,000.00
2018/19	305,000	3.250%	656,931.25	961,931.25	12,305,000.00
2019/20	315,000	5.000%	644,100.00	959,100.00	11,990,000.00
2020/21	330,000	5.000%	627,975.00	957,975.00	11,660,000.00
2021/22	345,000	5.000%	611,100.00	956,100.00	11,315,000.00
2022/23	365,000	5.000%	593,350.00	958,350.00	10,950,000.00
2023/24	380,000	5.000%	574,725.00	954,725.00	10,570,000.00
2024/25	400,000	5.250%	554,725.00	954,725.00	10,170,000.00
2025/26	420,000	5.250%	533,200.00	953,200.00	9,750,000.00
2026/27	445,000	5.250%	510,493.75	955,493.75	9,305,000.00
2027/28	465,000	5.250%	486,606.25	951,606.25	8,840,000.00
2028/29	490,000	5.250%	461,537.50	951,537.50	8,350,000.00
2029/30	515,000	5.250%	435,156.25	950,156.25	7,835,000.00
2030/31	545,000	5.250%	407,331.25	952,331.25	7,290,000.00
2031/32	570,000	5.250%	378,062.50	948,062.50	6,720,000.00
2032/33	600,000	5.250%	347,350.00	947,350.00	6,120,000.00
2033/34	635,000	5.250%	314,931.25	949,931.25	5,485,000.00
2034/35	665,000	5.250%	280,806.25	945,806.25	4,820,000.00
2035/36	700,000	5.250%	244,975.00	944,975.00	4,120,000.00
2036/37	740,000	5.500%	206,250.00	946,250.00	3,380,000.00
2037/38	780,000	5.500%	164,450.00	944,450.00	2,600,000.00
2038/39	820,000	5.500%	120,450.00	940,450.00	1,780,000.00
2039/40	865,000	5.500%	74,112.50	939,112.50	915,000.00
2040/41	915,000	5.500%	25,162.50	940,162.50	-
	\$ 14,475,000.00		\$ 14,631,551.39	\$ 29,106,551.39	\$ -

Retail System 2011A USCVJPA BOND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS

Figure Voca	Deimainal	0	Intovost	Tatal	Principal
Fiscal Year	Principal	Coupon	Interest	Total	Remaining
2011/12	\$ -		\$ 925,919.17	\$ 925,919.17	\$ 52,290,000.00
2012/13	1,200,000	3.000%	2,432,962.50	3,632,962.50	51,090,000.00
2013/14	1,685,000	3.000%	2,389,687.50	4,074,687.50	49,405,000.00
2014/15	1,850,000	3.000%	2,336,662.50	4,186,662.50	47,555,000.00
2015/16	2,030,000	4.000%	2,268,312.50	4,298,312.50	45,525,000.00
2016/17	2,230,000	4.000%	2,183,112.50	4,413,112.50	43,295,000.00
2017/18	2,455,000	5.000%	2,077,137.50	4,532,137.50	40,840,000.00
2018/19	2,705,000	5.000%	1,948,137.50	4,653,137.50	38,135,000.00
2019/20	2,950,000	4.000%	1,821,512.50	4,771,512.50	35,185,000.00
2020/21	3,210,000	5.000%	1,682,262.50	4,892,262.50	31,975,000.00
2021/22	3,490,000	4.000%	1,527,262.50	5,017,262.50	28,485,000.00
2022/23	3,785,000	5.000%	1,357,887.50	5,142,887.50	24,700,000.00
2023/24	4,110,000	5.000%	1,160,512.50	5,270,512.50	20,590,000.00
2024/25	4,460,000	5.000%	946,262.50	5,406,262.50	16,130,000.00
2025/26	4,825,000	5.000%	714,137.50	5,539,137.50	11,305,000.00
2026/27	5,220,000	5.250%	456,487.50	5,676,487.50	6,085,000.00
2027/28	6,085,000	5.250%	159,731.25	6,244,731.25	0.00
	\$ 52,290,000.00		\$ 26,387,987.92	\$ 78,677,987.92	\$ -

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RETAIL SYSTEM FORECAST ASSUMPTIONS – FY 2017/18 BUDGET

Revenues

SCWD engaged a financial consultant to update the financial plan and to complete a new cost of service rate study with anticipated completion by the end of 2017. The financial plan will ensure that SCWD is financially stable in order to maintain the water system and meet operation and maintenance requirements, capital expenditures, reserve targets and the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.2 per bond covenants. The cost of service analysis determines the equitable allocation of the revenue requirements to the various customer classes of service, e.g., Single Family Residential and Other Customers (non-single family residential and irrigation). Preliminary plans are to transition from a single family tiered residential rate to a uniform flat rate for all customer classes.

The financial forecast is based on the new cost of service rate study and proposed uniform flat rate structure for all classes of customers. There will be no proposed revenue adjustment effective January 2018, but there will be new meter service charges and one uniform commodity charge for all customer classes. Also effective in January 2018, there will be an additional charge for CLWA Purchased Water pass-through costs and incremental pass-through for power from Southern California Edison. A modest estimated revenue adjustment of 2 percent is proposed in January 2019 and 2020, plus the pass-through for purchased water and incremental pass-through for power. Estimated adjustments of 4.2 percent are anticipated in 2021 and 2022 with no adjustment in 2023.

Customer Account Growth and Consumption

Although the Santa Clarita Valley housing development is rebounding, SCWD is forecasting a modest overall growth of 1.6 percent annually starting in FY 2018/19 through FY 2022/23 which is consistent with historical growth patterns.

In FY 2017/18, SCWD is estimating an 18 percent increase in overall consumption from actual FY 2016/17, in part due to anticipated rebound in demand due to Governor Brown's declaration that the Drought State of Emergency in most of California which includes Santa Clarita ended on April 7, 2017. Although Governor Brown rescinded the drought proclamation, certain SWRCB water restrictions are still in effect. Due to several years of strict conservation targets, conservation has become a way of life for most of Southern California; however some rebound in demand is anticipated. Another significant portion of the estimated 18 percent increase in overall demand is due to water demands for major grading projects.

In FY 2018/19, SCWD anticipates 1.6 percent growth in overall customer accounts. Effective January 1, 2017, SCWD no longer installs new meters below 1 inch in size. SCWD anticipates that consumption increases will start to taper off in FY 2018/19 through FY 2022/23.

Below is the year over year consumption increases including the anticipated 1.6 percent growth in customer accounts:

- FY 2018/19 (4.2) percent
- FY 2019/20 3.5 percent
- FY 2020/21 2.3 percent
- FY 2021/22 1.1 percent
- FY 2022/23 1.1 percent

In FY 2018/19, consumption is estimated to decrease by 4.2 percent due to the completion of a major grading project in FY 2017/18. SCWD anticipates customers will maintain some level of conservation due to installation of new low flow toilets, shower heads, irrigation efficiency improvements and installation of permanent drought tolerant landscapes. SCWD will be actively communicating with customers to ensure continued conservation necessary to meet SCWD's 20x2020 GPCD target.

Purchased Water

The Purchased Water rate is based on the April 1, 2016 wholesale water rate structure approved by the CLWA Board of Directors on March 23, 2016. The Board approved the rates through December 31, 2018. SCWD is forecasting a 5 percent purchased water annual rate increase starting January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2023 for both the fixed and variable rates in its financial forecast. The actual CLWA Purchased Water pass-through amounts will be based on the adopted Board approved rates.

Historically, the purchased water/groundwater ratio has been approximately a 60/40 blend (sixty percent purchased water and forty percent groundwater). CLWA Purchased Water includes perchlorate treated Saugus Well water. Due to the drought, the blend has shifted to more purchased water in the last five years. Below is a summary of the purchased water/groundwater blend for the last five fiscal years:

- FY 2015/16 79/21 blend
- FY 2014/15 82/18 blend
- FY 2013/14 83/17 blend
- FY 2012/13 65/35 blend
- FY 2011/12 64/36 blend

SCWD is estimating FY 2016/17 blend at 93/7 due to the significant rain and snow in Northern California during the past winter. This resulted in a large allocation of imported water, some of which would have been lost or "spilled" if not used. In FY 2017/18 budgeted blend is 84/16. Below is a summary of the projected purchased water/groundwater blend for the next five fiscal years:

- FY 2018/19 70/30 blend
- FY 2019/20 60/40 blend
- FY 2020/21 60/40 blend
- FY 2021/22 60/40 blend
- FY 2022/23 60/40 blend

The blend may be adjusted according to weather and operational circumstances.

Other Operating Expense

Other Operating expenses are budgeted to increase 3 percent annually with the exception of 5 percent for electricity and Purchased Water.

Capital Improvement Program

The forecast for CIP is based on projects identified in the 2013 Water Master Plan and on identified operational repair and replacement projects.

Debt Service

SCWD has two existing debt service schedules, COP Series 2010B for capital projects and Revenue Bond Series 2011A for refunding of the CLWA Interfund Loan. At this time, SCWD is not anticipating any new debt issuance and plans on pay-as-you-go funding of CIP through FY 2022/23, although SCWD is proposing to do an advance refunding of the Revenue Bond Series 2011A and possibly also the 2010B COP Series.

SCWD defeased (prepaid) all the principal due and a portion of the interest due in FY 2015/16 and FY 2016/17 due to anticipated lower revenues from conservation. The debts were defeased in order to increase the debt service coverage ratio, ensuring that SCWD would meet the required minimum of 1.2 per bond covenants. In both of those years, SCWD would have ultimately met the minimum 1.2 debt service coverage ratio since realized customer consumption was higher than originally budgeted.

The proposed annual 2.0 percent revenue adjustment starting January 1, 2019 and January 1, 2020 and 4.2 percent adjustment in 2021 and 2022 along with anticipated increased consumption will ensure SCWD continues to meet its debt service coverage requirements.

Financial Summary 5-year Forecast

	F	Y 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22	FY 2022/23
Total Operating Revenues	\$	36,172,500	\$36,494,512	\$38,768,695	\$41,254,530	\$44,091,449	\$46,132,307
Operating Expenditures							
Source of Supply		12,430,000	12,391,533	12,388,788	13,128,578	13,760,964	14,187,262
Pumping		3,079,100	3,537,435	3,881,218	4,064,550	4,249,825	4,443,994
Water Treatment		1,229,000	1,263,476	1,307,130	1,351,204	1,395,465	1,441,288
Transmission and Distribution		4,725,900	4,642,978	4,747,008	4,889,418	5,036,101	5,187,184
Customer Service		1,026,100	1,056,884	1,088,590	1,121,248	1,154,885	1,189,532
Engineering		1,203,800	1,239,914	1,277,111	1,315,425	1,354,887	1,395,534
Administrative and General		3,776,400	3,804,455	3,915,094	4,044,745	4,178,895	4,317,709
Total Operating Expenses	\$	27,470,300	\$27,936,675	\$28,604,939	\$29,915,168	\$31,131,022	\$32,162,503
Operating Income	\$	8,702,200	\$ 8,557,837	\$10,163,756	\$11,339,362	\$12,960,427	\$13,969,804
Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense)							
Other Income		405,600	437,384	446,132	455,054	464,156	473,439
Interest Earnings		285,000	236,000	236,000	236,000	236,000	236,000
Interest Expense - COP Series 2010 B (Capital Projects))	(666,238)	(656,931)	(644,100)	(627,975)	(611,100)	(593, 350)
Interest Expense - Revenue Bond Series 2017 A		(2,077,138)	(1,765,400)	(1,696,625)	(1,593,250)	(1,449,250)	(1,275,750)
Total Non-Operating, Net	\$	(2,052,776)	\$ (1,748,947)	\$ (1,658,593)	\$ (1,530,171)	\$ (1,360,194)	\$ (1,159,661)
Net Income Before Debt Principal Payment	\$	6,649,424	\$ 6,808,890	\$ 8,505,163	\$ 9,809,191	\$11,600,233	\$12,810,143
Principal Payment - COP Series 2010 B (Capital Projects) Principal Payment - Revenue Bond Series 2017 A		(290,000)	(305,000)	(315,000)	(330,000)	(345,000)	(365,000)
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)		(2,455,000)	(2,640,000)	(2,825,000)	(3,050,000)	(3,320,000)	(3,620,000)
Increase/Decrease to Fund Balance	\$	3,904,424	\$ 3,863,890	\$ 5,365,163	\$ 6,429,191	\$ 7,935,233	\$ 8,825,143
Total Revenue Requirements	\$	36,172,500	\$36,494,512	\$38,768,695	\$41,254,530	\$44,091,449	\$46,132,307
Table Balta Commission Commission		4 74	4 70	4.00	0.45	0.00	
Total Debt Service Coverage		1.71	1.72	1.98	2.15	2.39	2.51

Active Service Connections 5-year Forecast

	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22	FY 2022/23
Growth in Accounts						
1"	14.1%	10.2%	9.4%	7.8%	7.3%	6.9%
Other Accounts	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Total Growth	489	486	493	447	454	459
Meter Size						
5/8" x 3/4"	6,296	6,296	6,296	6,296	6,296	6,296
3/4"	18,105	18,105	18,105	18,105	18,105	18,105
1"	4,431	4,883	5,342	5,758	6,180	6,607
1 1/2"	740	752	764	775	786	797
2"	1,212	1,231	1,250	1,267	1.285	1,303
3"	45	46	47	48	49	50
4"	115	117	119	121	123	125
6"	24	24	24	24	24	24
8"	8	8	8	8	8	8
Total Accounts	30,976	31,462	31,955	32,402	32,856	33,315
Customer Consumption						
5-year Forecast						
3-year rolecast						
Description	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22	FY 2022/23
Usage						
Residential - Single Family	7,389,253	7,730,265	8,008,497	8,201,629	8,316,255	8,432,484
Landscape	2,087,243	2,191,605	2,301,186	2,347,210	2,347,210	2,347,210
All Others	1,914,090	991,956	990,328	1,014,210	1,028,386	1,042,759
Total Usage, Ccf	11,390,586	10,913,826	11,300,011	11,563,049	11,691,851	11,822,453
• .						
Increase/Decrease in Consumption						
Residential - Single Family	7%	5%	4%	2%	1%	1%
Landscape	6%	5%	5%	2%	0%	0%
All Others	117%	-48%	0%	2%	1%	1%
Total Annual Consumption						
Increase/Decrease	16.5%	-4.2%	3.5%	2.3%	1.1%	1.1%
more ase/ Decirease	10.5 /6	- 2/0	J.J /0	2.3/0	1.1/0	1.1/0

Capital Improvement Expenditures 5-year Forecast

Description	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22	FY 2022/23
Upgrade Projects						
Pay As You Go Funded						
Reservoirs	\$ 316,238	\$2,140,200	\$2,270,401	\$4,367,868	\$ 6,877,858	\$3,378,385
Pipeline and Service Replacements	922,449	1,096,750	851,006	646,350	1,531,872	1,791,019
Recycle Water Pipeline	270,000	410,000	735,438	-	-	-
Tank Maintenance (painting)	598,331	373,613	483,288	306,375	209,724	339,422
Meters (AMR)	760,653	461,250	-	-	-	-
Capital Equipment	1,436,730	389,500	462,275	543,830	623,654	820,271
Other Projects	1,231,999	1,360,073	880,634	573,337	1,432,087	1,665,999
Subtotal Upgrade Projects	\$ 5,536,400	\$ 6,231,386	\$ 5,683,042	\$ 6,437,760	\$ 10,675,195	\$ 7,995,096
Expansion Projects						
Wells and Other Projects	\$1,460,500	\$ 235,235	\$ 519,009	\$ 340,836	\$ 1,224,128	\$1,508,733
GIS (Master Plan and Data Collection)	95,000	51,250	26,266	26,922	-	-
Subtotal Expansion Projects	\$ 1,555,500	\$ 286,485	\$ 545,275	\$ 367,758	\$ 1,224,128	\$ 1,508,733
Total Project Expenditures	\$7,091,900	\$ 6,517,871	\$ 6,228,317	\$ 6,805,518	\$11,899,323	\$ 9,503,829

Water Supplies and Water Supply Costs 5-year Forecast

SCWD Total Water Supplies	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22	FY 2022/23
CLWA Imported Water Supplies, acre-ft/yr	20,505	15,768	13,656	14,044	14,233	14,426
CLWA Groundwater Supplies, acre-ft/yr *	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
SCWD Groundwater Supplies, acre-ft/yr	4,477	8,043	11,104	11,362	11,489	11,617
Total acre-ft/yr	27,982	26,811	27,760	28,406	28,722	29,043
Water Supply Blend Percent from CLWA (Imported and Groundwater)	84%	70%	60%	60%	60%	60%
Percent from SCWD (Groundwater)	16%	30%	40%	40%	40%	40%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
CLWA Purchased Water Supplies	FY 2017/18	FY 2018/19	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2020/21	FY 2020/21
CLWA Imported Water Supplies, acre-ft/yr	20,505	15,768	13,656	14,044	14,233	14,426
CLWA Groundwater Supplies, acre-ft/yr *	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Total acre-ft/yr	23,505	18,768	16,656	17,044	17,233	17,426
CLWA Purchased Water Supply Cost						
Fixed Charge, Annual	\$7,183,167	\$7,688,021	\$7,998,771	\$8,419,625	\$8,768,180	\$8,893,146
Variable Charge- Imported	4,525,043	3,864,683	3,514,412	3,794,902	4,038,514	4,297,790
Variable Charge - Groundwater	470,490	579,990	609,000	639,450	671,430	705,000
Calculated CLWA Purchased Water Cost	\$12,178,700	\$12,132,694	\$12,122,183	\$12,853,977	\$13,478,124	\$13,895,936

^{*} Maximum 250 AF/mo.

Debt Service and Debt Coverage 5-year Forecast

	FY	2017/18	F	Y 2018/19	F	Y 2019/20	F	Y 2020/21	F	Y 2021/22	F	Y 2022/23
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 36	6,172,500	\$	36,494,512	\$	38,768,695	\$ 4	41,254,530	\$	44,091,449	\$	46,132,307
Operating Expenditures												
Source of Supply	\$ 12	2,430,000	\$	12,391,533	\$	12,388,788	\$	13,128,578	\$	13,760,964	\$	14,187,262
Pumping	(3,079,100		3,537,435		3,881,218		4,064,550		4,249,825		4,443,994
Water Treatment		1,229,000		1,263,476		1,307,130		1,351,204		1,395,465		1,441,288
Transmission and Distribution	4	4,725,900		4,642,978		4,747,008		4,889,418		5,036,101		5,187,184
Customer Service		1,026,100		1,056,884		1,088,590		1,121,248		1,154,885		1,189,532
Engineering		1,203,800		1,239,914		1,277,111		1,315,425		1,354,887		1,395,534
Administrative and General	(3,776,400		3,804,455		3,915,094		4,044,745		4,178,895		4,317,709
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 27	7,470,300	\$:	27,936,675	\$	28,604,939	\$:	29,915,168	\$	31,131,022	\$	32,162,503
Operating Income	\$ 8	8,702,200	\$	8,557,837	\$	10,163,756	\$	11,339,362	\$	12,960,427	\$	13,969,804
Non-Operating Revenue												
Other Income	\$	405,600	\$	437,384	\$	446,132	\$	455,054	\$	464,156	\$	473,439
Interest Earnings		285,000		236,000		236,000		236,000		236,000		236,000
Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$	690,600	\$	673,384	\$	682,132	\$	691,054	\$	700,156	\$	709,439
Total Net Revenues	\$ 9	9,392,800	\$	9,231,221	\$	10,845,888	\$	12,030,416	\$	13,660,583	\$	14,679,243
Parity Debt Service												
COP Series 2010B	\$	956,238	\$	961,931	\$	959,100	\$	957,975	\$	956,100	\$	958,350
USCVJPA Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A	4	4,532,138		4,405,400		4,521,625		4,643,250		4,769,250		4,895,750
Total Debt Service	\$!	5,488,376	\$	5,367,331	\$	5,480,725	\$	5,601,225	\$	5,725,350	\$	5,854,100
Debt Service Coverage		1.71		1.72		1.98		2.15		2.39		2.51
Payanua Available for Other Durage	• •	2 004 424	ф	3 063 000	¢	E 26E 162	¢	6 420 101	•	7 025 222	Φ	0 005 142
Revenues Available for Other Purposes	ф,	3,904,424	Þ	ა,იია,იყ0	Ф	5,365,163	Ф	6,429,191	Þ	7,935,233	Þ	8,825,143

SANTA CLARITA WATER DIVISION RESERVE FUND POLICY (RETAIL WATER SYSTEM)

(Revised May 2015)

INTRODUCTION

This policy has been developed to maintain prudent management of a retail water system which requires that reserve funds be established and maintained to fund scheduled and unscheduled expenses including operation and maintenance, debt service, emergencies, capital improvement, repair and replacement, and for the stabilization of retail water rates.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

The purposes of the Castaic Lake Water Agency's Reserve Policy for the retail water system is to ensure the Agency's financial stability and to have sufficient funding available to meet its operating, capital and debt service cost obligations. This policy establishes the level of reserves necessary for maintaining the Agency's credit worthiness and ratings and for adequately providing for:

- Cash flow requirements and working capital.
- Economic uncertainties and other financial hardships, including performance of the regional economy and water supply reliability.
- ♦ Infrastructure replacements.
- Emergency repairs.
- Local disasters, natural disasters or catastrophic events.
- Loss of significant revenue sources due to variations in water sales resulting from variable weather conditions or conservation.
- Unfunded mandates including costly regulatory requirements.

Types of Reserves

- 1. Operating Reserve Fund. Covers unscheduled costs relating to the operation of the retail water system, including, but not limited to, unforeseen repairs, emergencies, unexpected increases in treatment costs, regulatory changes, unforeseen legal expenses and disruption of a source of supply. The target balance for the Operating Reserve Fund shall be set at 25% of the Retail Annual Operating Expense Budget. Funds from the Operating Reserve Fund shall be used exclusively for operating expenses of the retail water system, unless otherwise authorized by the Board of Directors. The Operating Reserve Fund was fully funded by June 2014. When the fund has reached its target balance, additional allocations to the Operating Reserve Fund, to replace funds expended over the fiscal year or to increase the balance to match increases in the Annual Operating Expense Budget, shall be included in the annual budget. If the balance in the Operating Reserve Fund drops below 50% of the target amount during a fiscal year, staff will advise the Board of Directors and recommend appropriate action. In any year, the balance in the Operating Reserve Fund shall not exceed 25% of that year's Operating Expense Budget.
- 2. Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund. Offsets revenue reductions resulting from reduced retail water sales during periods when consumption is 10% or more below average

consumption. The Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund shall have a target balance of 10% of Retail Annual Operating Revenue Budget and shall be fully funded by June 2016. When the fund has reached its target balance, additional allocations to the Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund to replace funds expended over the fiscal year or to increase the balance to match increases in the Annual Operating Revenue Budget, shall be included in the annual budget. If the balance in the Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund drops below 50% of the target amount during a fiscal year, staff will advise the Board of Directors and recommend appropriate action. In any year, the balance in the Operating Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund shall not exceed 10% of that year's Operating Revenue Budget.

- 3. Capital Reserve Fund. Covers any unexpected and unplanned infrastructure and replacement repairs not included in the budget. The Capital Reserve Fund shall have a target balance of \$1,000,000 and was fully funded by June 2014. When the fund has reached its target balance, additional allocation to the Capital Reserve Fund to replace funds expended over the fiscal year shall be included in the annual budget. If the balance in the Capital Reserve Fund drops below 50% of the target amount during a fiscal year, staff will advise the Board of Directors and recommend appropriate action. In any year, the balance in the Capital Reserve Fund shall not exceed \$1,000,000.
- 4. Emergency Reserve Fund. Covers any emergency repairs due to unforeseen natural disasters such as earthquake, fire, etc. The Emergency Fund covers immediate repairs to restore SCWD's operations for continued water delivery to its customers. The Emergency Fund shall have a target balance of \$1,000,000 and be fully funded by June 2016. When the fund has reached its target balance, additional allocation to the Emergency Reserve Fund to replace funds expended over the fiscal year shall be included in the annual budget. If the balance in the Emergency Reserve Fund drops below 50% of the target amount during a fiscal year, staff will advise the Board of Directors and recommend appropriate action. In any year, the balance in the Emergency Reserve Fund shall not exceed \$1,000,000.

Reporting

The annual Budget document will include a reserve analysis, showing reserve amounts and targets for each type of reserve. Should a major change in conditions compromise reserve levels, the Retail Manager will provide an analysis to the Board of Directors. This analysis would include an explanation of why reserve levels are below targeted levels and/or a recommended course of action to improve reserve levels.

(Originally Adopted November 2003; revised May 2012, November 2013, May 2015)

SANTA CLARITA WATER DIVISION DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICY (RETAIL WATER SYSTEM)

(Revised June 2017)

INTRODUCTION

This policy documents Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD or the Division) of the Castaic Lake Water Agency (the Agency) goals for the use of debt instruments and provides guidelines for the use of debt for financing SCWD infrastructure and project needs. The Division's overriding goal in issuing debt is to respond to, and provide for, the infrastructure, capital project and other financing needs of the Retail water system while ensuring that debt is issued and managed prudently in order to maintain a sound fiscal position and protect credit quality.

SCWD will pay for all infrastructures, projects, and other financing needs from a combination of current revenues, available reserves, if any, and prudently issued debt. SCWD believes that debt can provide an equitable means of financing projects for its customers and provide access to new capital needed for infrastructure and project needs. Debt will be used to meet financing needs if (i) it meets the goals of equitable treatment of all customers, both current and future, (ii) it is the most cost-effective means available (iii) it is fiscally prudent, responsible, and diligent under the prevailing economic conditions and (iv) if there are other important policy reasons thereof. SCWD issues debt instruments, administers Division-held debt proceeds and makes debt service payments only when all the financing needs mentioned above are met.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

This policy documents the goals for the use of debt instruments and provides guidelines for the use of debt financing by the Santa Clarita Water Division for its Retail water system. Note that the wholesale water system (Castaic Lake Water Agency) has its own debt management policy.

Purpose and Use of Debt

The Division will utilize reasonable debt financing as an acceptable and appropriate approach to fund long-term investments and thus ensure that existing and future users pay their fair share. Long-term investments include the acquisition of land, facilities, works, improvements and supplies of water; and enhancements or enlargements to existing capacity and facilities for obtaining, importing, transporting and delivering additional quantities of water. These investments are typically included in the Division's Capital Improvement Program and Water Master Plan. Bond proceeds can be issued to fund the planning, design, land acquisition, construction, attached fixtures or equipment and moveable pieces or equipment, or other costs as permitted by law. Bond proceeds can also be used to refinance obligations of the retail system.

Purpose of Policy

The purpose of this debt management policy is to:

- Establish parameters for issuing debt
- ♦ Provide guidance to decision makers:
 - With respect to all options available to finance infrastructure, capital projects, and other financing needs
 - So that the most prudent, equitable and cost effective method of financing can be chosen

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- Document the objectives to be achieved by staff both prior to issuance and subsequent to issuance
- Promote objectivity in the decision-making process
- Facilitate the financing process by establishing important policy decisions in advance

SCWD will adhere to the following legal requirements for the issuance of public debt:

- The state law which authorizes the issuance of the debt
- The federal and state laws which govern the eligibility of the debt for tax-exempt status
- ♦ The federal and state laws which govern the issuance of tax-exempt debt
- The federal and state laws which govern disclosure, sale, and trading of the debt

Types of Debt

Revenue Bonds, Notes, Certificates of Participation, special tax or special assessment bonds, capital leases, commercial paper, and lease-purchase financings will be treated as debt and subject to these same policies.

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The Division will provide for a periodic review of its financial performance, and review its performance relative to the financial policies outlined herein. These financial policies will be taken into account during the capital planning, budgeting, and rate setting process.

Necessary appropriations for annual debt service requirements will be routinely included in the Division's annual budget.

SCWD will maintain proactive communication with the investment community, including rating agencies, credit enhancers and investors, to ensure future capital market access at the lowest possible interest rates.

The Division's Debt Management Policy, Reserve Policy and the Agency's Statement of Investment Policy are integrated into the decision-making framework utilized in the budgeting and capital improvement planning process. As such, the following principles outline the Division's approach to debt management:

- SCWD will issue debt only in the case where there is an identified source of repayment. Debt will be issued to the extent that (i) projected existing revenues are sufficient to pay for the proposed debt service together with all existing debt service covered by such existing revenues, or (ii) additional projected revenues have been identified as a source of repayment in an amount sufficient to pay for the proposed debt.
- ♦ SCWD will not issue debt to finance operating needs except in case of an extreme financial emergency which is beyond its control or reasonable ability to forecast, and unless specifically approved by the Agency's Board of Directors (Board).
- Debt issuance for a capital project will not be considered unless such project has been incorporated into the Division's capital planning process, or as otherwise approved by the Board.

II. CONDITIONS FOR DEBT ISSUANCE

The following guidelines formally establish parameters for evaluating, issuing, and managing the Division's debt. The guidelines outlined below are not intended to serve as a list of rules to be

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applied to the Division's debt issuance process, but rather to serve as a set of practices to promote sound financial management.

In issuing debt, the Division's objectives will be to:

- Achieve the lowest cost of capital
- Ensure ratepayer equity for SCWD's customers
- Maintain the adopted credit rating strategy and access to credit enhancement
- Preserve financial flexibility

Standards for Use of Debt Financing

When appropriate, SCWD will use long-term debt financing to achieve an equitable allocation of capital costs/charges between current and future system users, to provide more manageable rates in the near and medium term and to minimize rate volatility.

SCWD shall not construct or acquire a facility if it is unable to adequately provide for the subsequent annual operation and maintenance costs of the facility throughout its expected life.

Capital projects financed through debt issuance will not be financed for a term longer than the expected useful life of the project.

Types of Debt

Revenue bonds, Certificates of Participation, commercial paper, capital leases and leasepurchase financing will be treated as debt and subject to these same policies.

Debt Capacity

There is no specific provision within the California Government Code that limits the amount of debt that may be issued by the Division. The Division's borrowing capability is limited by the debt coverage ratio required by the existing bond covenants.

Financing Criteria

Each debt issuance should be evaluated on an individual basis within the context of the Division's overall financing objectives and current market conditions.

SCWD will evaluate alternative debt structures (and timing considerations) to ensure the most cost-efficient financing under prevailing market conditions.

Credit Enhancement – SCWD will consider the use of credit enhancement on a case-bycase basis. Only when clearly demonstrable savings can be realized shall credit enhancement be utilized.

Cash-Funded Reserve vs. Surety – If the issuance of debt requires a cash-funded Debt Service Reserve Fund, then the Division may purchase a surety policy or replace an existing cash-funded Debt Service Reserve Fund when deemed prudent and advantageous. SCWD may permit the use of guaranteed investment agreements for the investment of reserve funds pledged to the repayment of any of the Division's debt when it is approved by the Board.

Call Provisions – In general, the Division's securities should include optional call provisions. SCWD will avoid the sale of non-callable, long-term fixed rate bonds, absent careful evaluation of the value of the call option.

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Additional Bonds Test/Rate Covenants – The amount and timing of debt will be planned to comply with the additional bonds tests and rate covenants outlined in the appropriate legal and financing documents, and this policy.

Short-Term Debt – SCWD may utilize short-term borrowing to serve as a bridge for anticipated revenues, construction financing or future bonding capacity.

Variable Rate Debt – Variable rate debt products are priced at the short-end of the yield curve at low interest rates, but subject to various risks. Variable rate debt may be appropriate for the Division's portfolio, depending on market conditions and careful consideration of the risks involved. Variable rate debt products include variable rate demand obligations, commercial paper and other obligations which have interest rates adjusting periodically. The Division may consider the use of variable rate debt products to achieve a lower cost of borrowing or for short-term borrowing. In determining whether or not to use variable rate debt, the Division will analyze the risks associated with the variable rate debt and the impact on the Division's overall portfolio. The principal amount of variable rate debt products, including those synthetically fixed through the use of derivative products, shall not exceed 25% of total SCWD outstanding debt.

Derivatives – The use of derivatives is covered by the Agency's Derivatives Policy. This policy states that it has been developed to guide the Division in its use of interest rate risk mitigation products such as interest rate swaps and other such financing techniques. These financing products can increase the Division's financial flexibility and provide opportunities for interest rate savings or enhanced investment yields. Careful monitoring of such products is required to preserve Division credit strength and budget flexibility. Derivatives will not be used to speculate on perceived movements in interest rates. The notional amount of derivative products shall not exceed 15% of total Division outstanding debt. More detailed information is contained in the Derivatives Policy.

Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority – The Division is a member of the Upper Santa Clara Valley Joint Powers Authority. The Division will consider issuing revenue bonds through the Authority on a case-by-case basis. The Division will only issue revenue bonds through the Authority only when clearly demonstrable savings can be realized.

Investment of Bond Proceeds – Bond proceeds will be invested in accordance with the permitted investment language outlined in the bond documents for each transaction, unless further restricted or limited in the Agency's Statement of Investment Policy. The Division will seek to maximize investment earnings within the investment parameters set forth in the respective debt financing documentation. The reinvestment of bond proceeds will be incorporated into the evaluation of each financing decision; specifically addressing arbitrage/rebate position, and evaluating alternative debt structures and refunding savings on a "net" debt service basis, where appropriate.

Refinancing Outstanding Debt

The Treasurer shall have the responsibility to evaluate potential refunding opportunities. The Division will consider the following issues when analyzing potential refinancing opportunities:

Debt Service Savings - The Division shall establish a target savings level equal to 3% for current refundings and 5% for advanced refundings of the par of debt refunded on a net present value (NPV) basis. The target savings levels serve only as guidelines and SCWD

DMS #160199 June 2017 Page 4 of 7 may determine that different saving targets are appropriate; SCWD shall evaluate each refunding opportunity on a case-by-case basis. In addition to the savings guideline, the following shall be taken into consideration:

- Remaining time to maturity
- ♦ Size of the issue
- ♦ Current interest rate environment
- ♦ Annual cash flow savings
- The value of the call option
- Other factors that may be particularly relevant to the Division at the time

The decision to take all savings upfront or on a deferred basis must be explicitly approved by the Board.

Restructuring – The Division may seek to refinance a bond issue on a non-economic basis, in order to restructure debt, to mitigate irregular debt service payments, accommodate revenue shortfalls, release reserve funds, or comply with and/or eliminate rate/bond covenants.

Term/Final Maturity – SCWD may consider the extension of the final maturity of the refunding bonds in order to achieve a necessary outcome, provided that such extension is legal. The term of the debt should not extend beyond the reasonably expected useful life of the asset being financed. SCWD may also consider shortening the final maturity of the bonds. The remaining useful life of the assets and the concept of inter-generational equity will guide these decisions.

Economic versus Legal Defeasance – When evaluating an economic versus legal defeasance, SCWD shall take into consideration both the financial impact on a net present value basis as well as the rating/credit impact. SCWD shall take all necessary steps to optimize the yield on its refunding escrows investments and avoid negative arbitrage.

Outstanding Debt Limitations

Prior to issuance of new debt, SCWD shall consider and review the latest credit rating agency reports and guidelines to ensure the Division's credit ratings and financial flexibility remain at levels consistent with the most highly rated comparable public agencies.

Method of Issuance

SCWD will determine, on a case-by-case basis, whether to sell its bonds competitively or through negotiation.

Competitive Sale – In a competitive sale, the Division's debt shall be awarded to the bidder providing the lowest true interest cost (TIC), as long as the bid adheres to the requirements set forth in the official notice of sale.

Negotiated Sale – SCWD recognizes that some bond issues are best sold through negotiation with a selected underwriter. SCWD has identified the following circumstances below in which this would likely be the case:

• Issuance of variable rate or taxable bonds

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- Complex structures or credit considerations (such as non-rated bonds), which require a strong pre-marketing effort. Significant par value, which may limit the number of potential bidders, unique/proprietary financing mechanism (such as a financing pool), or specialized knowledge of financing mechanism or process
- Market volatility, such that SCWD would be better served by flexibility in the timing of its sale, such as in the case of a refunding issue wherein the savings target is sensitive to interest rate fluctuations, or in a changing interest rate environment
- When an underwriter has identified new financing opportunities or presented alternative structures that financially benefit SCWD
- As a result of an underwriter's familiarity with the project/financing, that enables SCWD to take advantage of efficiency and timing considerations

Private Placement – From time to time SCWD may elect to issue debt on a private placement basis. Such method shall be considered if it is demonstrated to result in cost savings or provide other advantages relative to other methods of debt issuance, or if it is determined that access to the public market is unavailable and timing considerations require that a financing be completed.

Internal Controls

SCWD will maintain segregation of duties and will provide reconciliation and documentation controls.

To ensure bond proceeds from bond sales are used in accordance with legal requirements, invoices are submitted by the appropriate Project Manager and are approved for payment by the appropriate Department Manager and/or delegated staff/supervisor, the Retail Administrative Officer and the Retail Manager for payment. In the case of an issuance of bonds for which the proceeds will be used by a government entity other than SCWD, SCWD may rely upon a certification by such other governmental entity that it has adopted the policies described in SB 1029.

A separate fund and/or account will be setup to hold proceeds from bond sales to ensure only properly approved invoices are paid as permitted per legal requirements.

Debt issuance transactions are approved by the Board of Directors.

Responsibility for general ledger reconciliations and records are segregated from the invoice processing, cash disbursement and cash receipts functions.

Market Communication, Debt Administration and Reporting Requirements

Rating Agencies – The Treasurer and/or Retail Administrative Officer shall be responsible for maintaining the Division's relationships with Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Fitch Ratings, and Moody's Investors Service to the extent the Division has ratings from such firm. SCWD shall, from time to time, maintain relationships with these agencies as circumstances dictate. The Division may choose based upon market conditions the number of ratings to obtain for any individual debt issuance. In addition to general communication, the Treasurer and/or Retail Administrative Officer should attempt to meet, (either in person or via phone or email) with credit analysts at least once each fiscal year. The Treasurer and/or Retail

DMS #160199 June 2017 Page 6 of 7 Administrative Officer shall prior to each competitive or negotiated sale, offer conference calls or meeting(s) with rating agency analysts in connection with the planned sale.

Observance of Debt Covenants – The Treasurer and/or Retail Administrative Officer will periodically ensure that SCWD is in compliance with all legal covenants for each debt issue.

Continuing Disclosure – The Treasurer and/or Retail Administrative Officer will periodically comply for all debt issued with Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) by required filing as covenanted in each debt issue's Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

Record Keeping – A copy of all debt-related records shall be retained at the Division's offices or in an approved storage facility. At minimum, these records shall include all official statements, bid documents, bond documents/transcripts, resolutions, trustee statements, leases, and title reports for each financing (to the extent available). To the extent possible, SCWD shall retain an electronic copy of each document, preferably in PDF or CD-ROM format.

Arbitrage Rebate – The use of bond proceeds and their investments must be monitored to ensure compliance with all Internal Revenue Code Arbitrage Rebate Requirements. The Treasurer and/or Retail Administrative Officer shall ensure that all bond proceeds and investments are tracked in a manner that facilitates accurate calculation; if a rebate payment is due such payment is made in a timely manner.

Policy Review – This policy should be reviewed periodically by the Board and updated as needed. This policy is intended to comply with SB 1029.

(Originally Adopted October 2009; revised June 2012; revised May 2014; revised June 2017)

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SANTA CLARITA WATER DIVISION PURCHASING AND BIDDING POLICY (RETAIL WATER SYSTEM)

(Revised August 2012)

SECTION 1: APPLICABILITY OF POLICY

INTRODUCTION

This Purchasing and Bidding Policy provides uniform procedures for acquiring goods, services and equipment¹ for the retail operations of the Santa Clarita Water Division (SCWD) of the Castaic Lake Water Agency (CLWA). These procedures do not apply to the wholesale operations of CLWA, which uses its own Purchasing Manual.

STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

This Purchasing and Bidding Policy authorizes the conditions under which the financial department head is authorized to release SCWD funds. All purchases of goods, services and equipment to be paid for by SCWD must comply with the methods, authority and dollar limits set forth in this Policy. This Purchasing and Bidding Policy does not apply to nondiscretionary operating expenditures including, but not limited to, utilities, payroll, employee benefits, water purchases and payroll taxes.

This Policy does not supersede statutory law in existence at the time SCWD purchases or contracts for goods, services or equipment. California statutes that govern such purchases and/or contracts shall control to the extent they are in conflict with this Policy. Pursuant to statute, SCWD operates in accordance with the County Water District Law (Cal. Water Code §§ 30000).

The procedures stated in this Purchasing and Bidding Policy shall be followed for:

- (1) The procurement of equipment, materials, or supplies to be furnished, sold, or leased to SCWD, whether contained in the budget or not.
- (2) Repairs.
- (3) Maintenance, which means the routine, recurring and usual work for the preservation, protection and keeping of SCWD facilities for their intended purposes in a safe and continually usable condition for which they were designed, improved, constructed, altered or repaired. "Facilities" means any plants, buildings, structures, ground facilities, utility systems or real property.
- (4) Services, including engineering and other professional services.
- (5) Construction (excluding repairs and maintenance).

SECTION 2. AUTHORITY OF GENERAL MANAGER AND RETAIL MANAGER TO EXECUTE CONTRACTS

The CLWA General Manager and the SCWD Retail Manager are hereby empowered to execute contracts without express Board authority for the purchase of goods, services and equipment up

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The phrase "goods, services and equipment," as used in this Policy, is a general reference to all manner of SCWD purchases and contracts, including contracts for public works construction.

to the limits established herein, which for the General Manager is up to \$100,000 and for the Retail Manager is up to \$50,000. In times of their absence, both may delegate this power.

SECTION 3. METHODS OF ACQUISITION FOR (1) EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OR SUPPLIES, (2) REPAIRS AND, (3) MAINTENANCE

Except as otherwise provided in Section 6, the following methods of acquisition shall be used for (1) equipment, materials, or supplies, (2) repairs, and (3) maintenance. (See Table 3-1 and Flow Charts.) In each case, the appropriate method of identifying potential vendors, or contractors and obtaining performance, quality and price information to enable SCWD staff or the CLWA Board of Directors to make an advised decision will be determined by SCWD staff based on the amount and type of information (1) required by SCWD to adequately communicate its requirements to potential vendors, and contractors, and (2) required by potential vendors, and contractors to adequately describe a responsive proposal.

- Items up to \$100. The acquisition shall be made from a vendor or contractor who, in the judgment of the department supervisor responsible for the acquisition, will provide the best product or service at the most favorable price. Purchase Order is not required.
- Items \$101 to \$5,000.2 The acquisition shall be made from a vendor, or contractor who, in the judgment of the department supervisor responsible for the acquisition, will provide the best product or service at the most favorable price. Purchase Order is required.

The appropriate method of identifying potential vendors, or contractors and obtaining performance, quality and price information shall be determined by the department supervisor. An acquisition made pursuant to this Subsection may or may not be listed in the budget.

(C) Items \$5,001 to \$10,000. The acquisition shall be made from a vendor, or contractor who, in the judgment of the department head responsible for the acquisition, will provide the best product or service at the most favorable price. The appropriate method of identifying potential vendors, or contractors and obtaining performance, quality and price information shall be determined by the department head. An acquisition may be made pursuant to this Subsection may or may not be listed in the budget. Purchase Order is required.

Items \$10,001 to \$25,000. The department head responsible for the acquisition shall, by written or verbal requests to at least two (2) potential vendors or contractors, obtain at least two (2) written or verbal quotes and the acquisition must be made from the party that the Retail Manager determines will provide the best product or service at the most favorable price. The appropriate method of identifying potential vendors, or contractors and obtaining performance, quality and price information shall be determined by the department head. If fewer than two vendors or contractors are available, or if the product or service is not readily obtainable on the open market, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the purchase records. An acquisition made pursuant to this Subsection may or may not be listed in the budget. Purchase Order and written or verbal guotes are required.

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For purposes of complying with this Policy, costs may be estimated by the department supervisor or by other SCWD staff as directed by the Retail Manager.

- (D) Items \$25,001 to \$50,000. The Retail Manager shall, by written or verbal requests to at least three (3) potential vendors or contractors, obtain at least two (2) written quotes and the acquisition must be made from the party that the Retail Manager determines will provide the best service at the most favorable price. The appropriate method of identifying potential vendors, or contractors and obtaining performance, quality and price information shall be determined by the Retail Manager. If fewer than three vendors or contractors are available, or if the product or service is not readily obtainable on the open market, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the acquisition records and in a verbal report to the Retail Operations Committee. An acquisition made pursuant to this Subsection must be listed in the budget. If not listed in the budget, the same procedures may be followed by the General Manager. Purchase Order and written quotes are required.
- (E) Items \$50,001 to \$100,000. The General Manager shall, by written or verbal request to at least three (3) potential vendors or contractors, obtain at least two (2) written quotes and the acquisition must be made from the party that the General Manager determines will provide the best service at the most favorable price. The appropriate method of identifying potential vendors, or contractors and obtaining performance, quality and price information shall be determined by the General Manager. If fewer than three vendors or contractors are available, or if the product or service is not readily obtainable on the open market, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the acquisition records and in a written report to the Retail Operations Committee. An acquisition made pursuant to this Subsection must be listed in the budget. If not listed in the budget, the Board approval procedures established in Subsection (G) below shall apply. Written agreement and written quotes are required.
- (F) Items greater than \$100,000. The Retail Manager may acquire such items by issuing a written request for proposals/quotations to three (3) or more potential vendors, or contractors, and then purchasing the item from the vendors, or contractors that offers SCWD the best product or service at the most favorable price. Consideration of proposals/quotations received shall be made through an evaluation panel or other procedure, as established by the Retail Manager and recommendations shall be submitted to the CLWA Board for approval. If the item is (1) of a specified brand or type which is the only article that will properly meet the needs of SCWD, or (2) is not readily obtainable on the open market or (3) is an item or service for which comparable quotations or bids cannot be secured, the determination of sole source must be approved by the CLWA Board. Written agreement and written quotes are required.

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Table 3-1

	Amount	Item In Budget?	Documentation	Authorization Required
Α	\$0 – \$100	Yes/No	N/A	Department supervisor
В	\$101 – \$5,000	Yes/No	Purchase Order	Department supervisor
	\$5,001 – \$10,000	Yes/No	Purchase Order	Department head
D	\$10,001 – \$25,000	Yes/No	P.O.; Two Written or Verbal Quotes	Retail Manager
E	\$25,001 – \$50,000	Yes	P.O.; Two Written Quotes;	Retail Manager
F	\$25,001 – \$50,000	No	P.O.; Two Written Quotes;	General Manager
F	\$50,001 - \$100,000	Yes	Two Written Quotes; Written Agreement	General Manager
F	\$50,001 - \$100,000	No	Two Written Quotes; Written Agreement	Board
G	Over \$100,000	Yes/No	Request for Proposals or Quotations (three minimum); Written Agreement	Board

SECTION 4. METHODS OF ACQUISITION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS.

Except as otherwise provided in Section 6, the following methods of acquiring construction services, excluding repairs and maintenance, shall be used in the circumstances indicated. (See Table 4-1 and Flow Charts)

- (A) Items up to \$10,000. The department head responsible for the construction work shall, by written or verbal request to potential contractors obtain a quote that set forth a fixed price and a complete description of the proposed work. The work must be awarded to the contractor that the department head or Retail Manager determines will provide the best service at the most favorable price. The appropriate method of identifying potential contractors and obtaining information about experience, qualifications and price shall be determined by the department head or Retail Manager.
- (B) Items \$10,001 to \$25,000. The department head responsible for the construction work or the Retail Manager shall, by written or verbal request to potential contractors, obtain at least two (2) written bids that set forth a fixed price and a complete description of the proposed work. The work must be awarded to the bidder that the Retail Manager determines will provide the best service at the most favorable price. The appropriate method of identifying potential contractors and obtaining information about experience, qualifications and price shall be determined by the Retail Manager. If fewer than two contractors are available, or if the service is not readily obtainable on the open market, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the acquisition records.

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- (C) Items \$25,001 to \$100,000. The Retail Manager or the General Manager shall, by written request to potential contractors and preparation of a complete set of plans and specifications that is made available to potential contractors, obtain at least two (2) written bids that set forth a fixed price and a complete description of the proposed work. The Retail Manager shall determine the appropriate method of identifying potential contractors. A construction contract based on SCWD's bid documents shall be used for the work, but formal bidding procedures (see description of formal procedures in Section 4(C) below) are not required and the Retail Manager and the General Manager may consider quality, experience and other relevant factors in addition to price in awarding the contract. If fewer than two contractors are available, or if the service is not readily obtainable on the open market, this procedure shall be adjusted as required and the reasons for such adjustments shall be noted on the acquisition records and in a written report to the Retail Operations Committee. If listed in the budget, a contract awarded pursuant to this Subsection may be executed by the General Manager if the contract amount is between \$50,000 and \$100,000, and may be executed by the Retail Manager if the contract amount is between \$25,000 and \$50,000. If not listed in the budget, the contract must be authorized by the CLWA Board.
- (D) Items greater than \$100,000. For construction projects in this category formal bidding procedures shall consist of a notice inviting sealed proposals sent to at least three (3) qualified contractors, as determined by SCWD staff and confirmed by the Retail Manager, before a specified time and date for the construction or performance of the improvement or work. Sealed proposals shall be opened at a set date and time, and all legal formalities shall be followed in evaluating proposals and determining the lowest responsible bidder. Contract awards, if any, shall be made by the CLWA Board to the lowest responsible bidder, subject to the terms of the contract documents.

The Board shall require the successful bidder to file with SCWD good and sufficient bonds for faithful performance of the contract and payment of claims for labor and material.

(E) <u>Contract Documents</u>. Standard construction contract form approved by General Counsel must be utilized for execution by the General Manager or Retail Manager.

Table 4-1

	Amount	Documentation	Authorization Required
7	A \$0 – \$25,000	Purchase Order; Obtain Written Bids	Department supervisor
	B \$25,001 – \$100,000	'	If in budget, Retail Manager (\$25,000 - \$50,000), General Manager (\$50,000 - \$100,000); otherwise Board Approval
(C Over \$100,000	Bid Documents with Plans and Specifications to 3+; Formal Construction Contract	Board Must Award Contract

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SECTION 5. ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF DELIVER FOR CONSTRUCTION SERVICES -**DESIGN-BUILD PROJECTS**

When the Board determines that a design-build delivery system is in the best interests of SCWD, it may exempt the project from the requirements of this Policy and award a design-build contract through an appropriate competitive process. SCWD staff and the CLWA Board shall look for guidance in this process to Government Code §14661 (d) (3) (A) (i).

SECTION 6. METHODS OF ACQUISITION - EMERGENCY

The requirements of Sections 3 and 4 shall not be applicable in the event of an emergency and a written finding by the Retail Manager that it is immediately necessary to acquire equipment, materials, or supplies, perform repairs, including maintenance or acquire services, including construction. The Retail Manager is authorized to make the required purchase(s) or enter into the required contract(s). The Retail Manager shall, however, report any such action involving a cost of more than \$50,000 to the Retail Operations Committee as soon as practicable. This report shall identify the emergency and the actual or probable impact the emergency would have had on SCWD's operations.

SECTION 7. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

The procurement of services, equipment, software, training and other elements of SCWD's retail system that involve information technology, communications and telemetry (collectively, "information technology") shall place paramount importance on the qualifications and experience of the consultants and contractors under consideration. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 3 or 4 above, the award of contracts for information technology services shall be made to the vendor, consultant or contractor that, as determined by the process established for evaluating proposals, is the most qualified to provide the services and/or equipment required. When an information technology project has both design and construction elements and the construction elements will constitute less than 20% of the entire project, as determined by SCWD staff, the project shall be let as one contract.

SECTION 8. AUTHORITY OF THE GENERAL MANAGER OR RETAIL MANAGER TO **EXECUTE CONSTRUCTION CHANGE ORDERS**

The General Manager and/or the Retail Manager are hereby empowered to bind SCWD by change order up to the amounts identified below based on the contract amount:

Contract Amount Change Order Authority

Less than \$500,000 Up to \$50,000

\$500,000 to \$1,000,000 Up to \$75,000

Over \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000 Up to \$100,000

Greater than \$5,000,000 \$200,000

DMS #162474 August 2012 Page 6 of 13 The Board may grant different change order authority on a project-specific basis. Board approval is required for all change orders that exceed the specific levels of authority given to the General Manager and Retail Manager in this Policy. The General Manager or Retail Manager shall brief the appropriate committee and the Board on the details of all final approved change orders.

SECTION 9. PROFESSIONAL SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Retail Manager shall have the authority to approve all professional service contracts as defined in the County Water District Law (Water Code Section 30000 et seq.) or work authorizations including engineering service contracts other than on calls up to \$50,000 annually that the Retail Manager determines will provide the best service at the most favorable price. All professional service contracts or work authorizations over \$50,000 and up to \$100,000 annually shall require the General Manager's approval. All professional service contracts or work authorizations in excess of \$100,000 annually shall require a written request for proposals to three (3) or more potential consultants.

Consideration of proposals received shall be made through an evaluation panel or other procedure, as established by the Retail Manager and recommendations shall be submitted to the CLWA Board for approval to the consultant that offers SCWD the best service at the most favorable price. The Retail Manager shall have the authority to approve changes in professional service contracts or work authorizations up to 10% (cumulative) of the amount authorized by the CLWA Board. When the amount exceeds the approved change authorization, details of the change shall be noted on the acquisition records and in a general report to the Retail Operations Committee and the CLWA Board as soon as practicable.

SECTION 10. ENGINEERING SERVICES CONTRACT/ON-CALL ONLY

Every four years, a Request for Statement of Qualifications (RFQ) shall be issued for on call engineering services to conduct evaluations, perform studies, prepare preliminary and final designs, prepare technical specifications, provide engineering support during construction and provide other miscellaneous services for SCWD's water distribution, pumping and conveyance facilities. The RFQ shall solicit Statement of Qualifications (SOQs) from engineering firms interested in being placed in SCWD's engineering consultant pool. The consultants would provide a wide range of engineering services for projects for SCWD's water distribution, pumping and conveyance facilities in accordance with CLWA's existing policies and procedures. Consultants in the preapproved engineering consultant pool would provide services to SCWD on an on-call basis for work authorizations with a value not to exceed \$250,000 annually. For work authorizations greater than \$250,000, a project-specific Request for Proposal process would be used (see Section 9). Consideration of SOQs received shall be made through an evaluation panel or other procedure, as established by the Retail Manager and recommendations of SCWD's engineering consultant pool list shall be submitted to the CLWA Board for approval. All other engineering services shall be subject to Section 9 above.

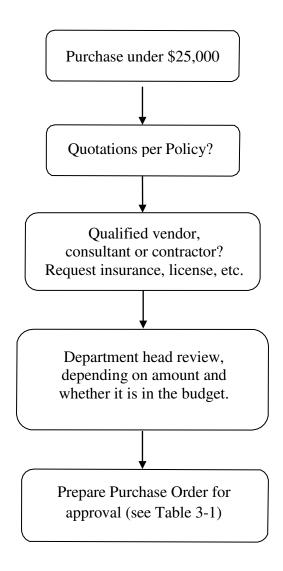
(Originally Adopted April 2010, Revised August 2012)

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Purchasing and Bidding Policy Effective Date: August 9, 2012



Process Flow Chart Purchases Under \$25,000

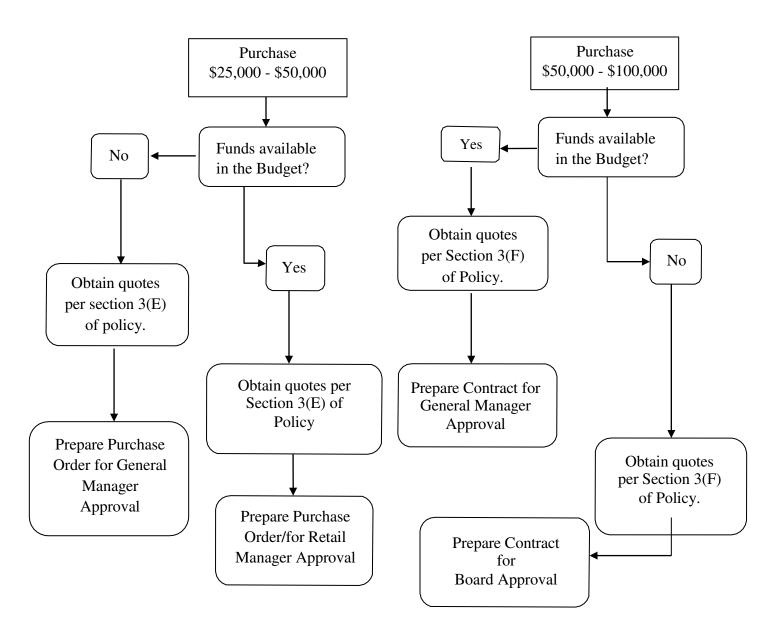


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Purchasing and Bidding Policy Effective Date: August 9, 2012



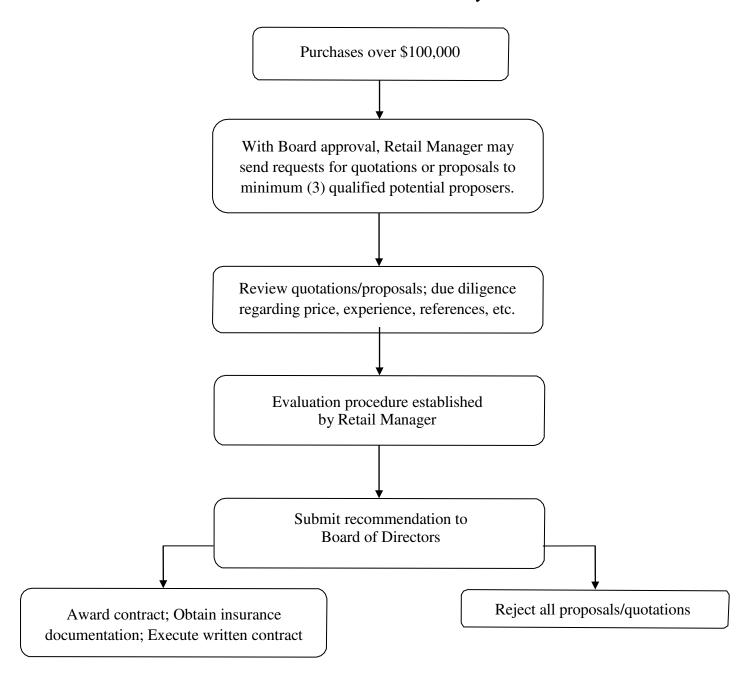
Process Flow Chart Purchases \$25,000 - \$100,000



DMS #162474

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Process Flow Chart Purchases Over \$100,000

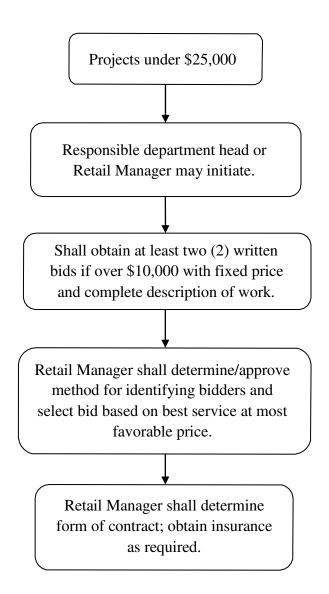


DMS #162474

Purchasing and Bidding Policy Effective Date: August 9, 2012



Construction/CIP Process Flow Chart Projects Under \$25,000

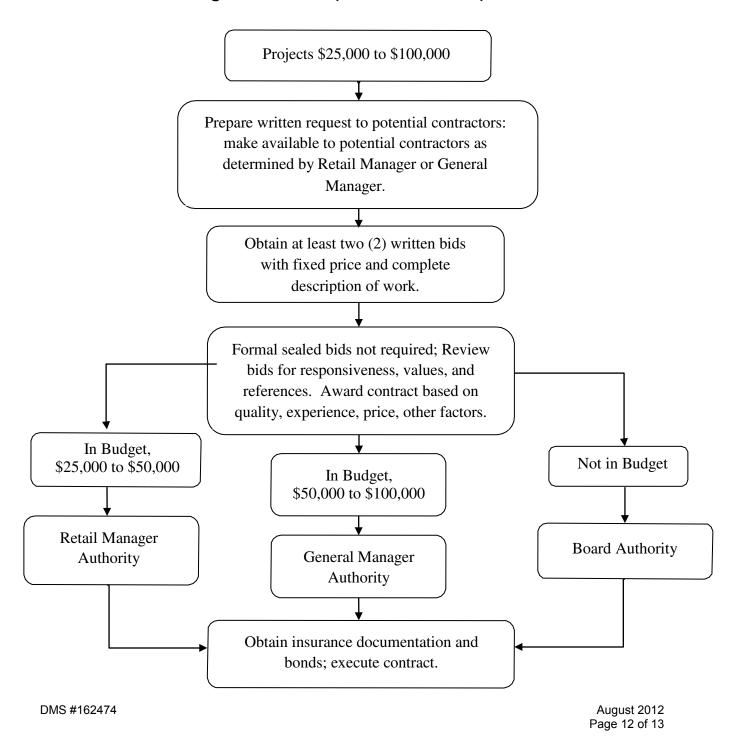


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Purchasing and Bidding Policy Effective Date: August 9, 2012



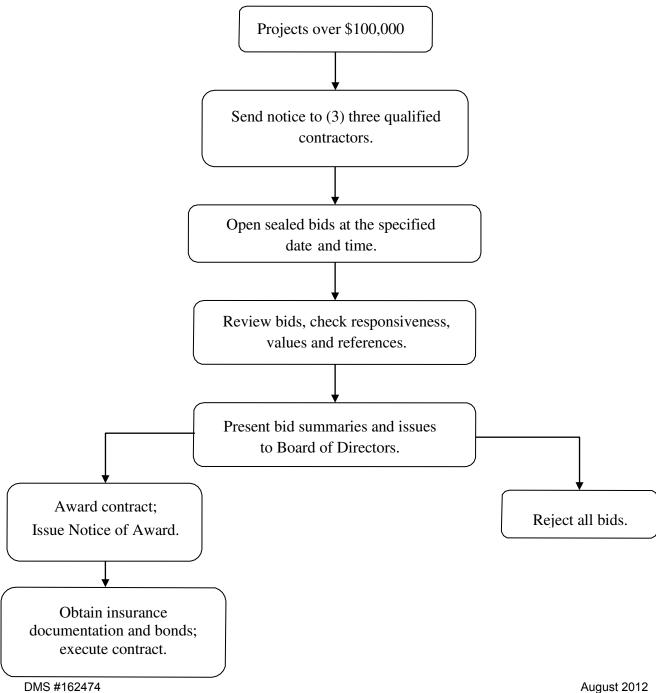
Construction/CIP Process Flow Chart Projects \$25,000 - \$100,000



Purchasing and Bidding Policy Effective Date: August 9, 2012



Construction/CIP Process Flow Chart Projects Over \$100,000



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RESOLUTION NO. 3168

RESOLUTION OF THE CASTAIC LAKE WATER AGENCY BOARD OF DIRECTORS ADOPTING THE RETAIL BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017/18

WHEREAS, the Santa Clarita Water Division of Castaic Lake Water Agency complies with the Board Procedures Manual requirement that the Agency shall annually adopt a budget prior to the commencement of each fiscal year; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors has reviewed and concluded no modifications or adjustments to the Fiscal Year (FY) 2017/18 Budget are required and, as such, this Budget can be considered for adoption as the Santa Clarita Water Division FY 2017/18 Budget; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors has reviewed the Retail FY 2017/18 Budget, including sections on the Operating Budget and Capital Expenditures.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Castaic Lake Water Agency hereby:

- 1. Adopts the attached Retail FY 2017/18 Budget (Attachment C).
- 2. Appropriates the Operating Expenditures, Capital Expenditures and Debt Principal and Interest Payment for each fund for FY 2017/18 shown on the attached Financial Summary (Attachment C).
- 3. Authorizes the General Manager or Retail Manager to make interfund transfers up to the amounts shown on the attached Financial Summary.
- 4. Authorizes the General Manager or Retail Manager to move operating appropriations from one line item to another or from one department/division by fund to another, provided that total appropriations by fund are not changed.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify: That I am the duly appointed and acting Secretary of the Castaic Lake Water Agency, and that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of said Agency held on May 24, 2017, the foregoing Resolution No. 3168 was duly and regularly adopted by said Board, and that said resolution has not been rescinded or amended since the date of its adoption, and that it is now in full force and effect.

ul Jacobs

DATED: May 24, 2017

ATTACHMENT C

Santa Clarita Water Financial Summary FY 2017/18 Budget

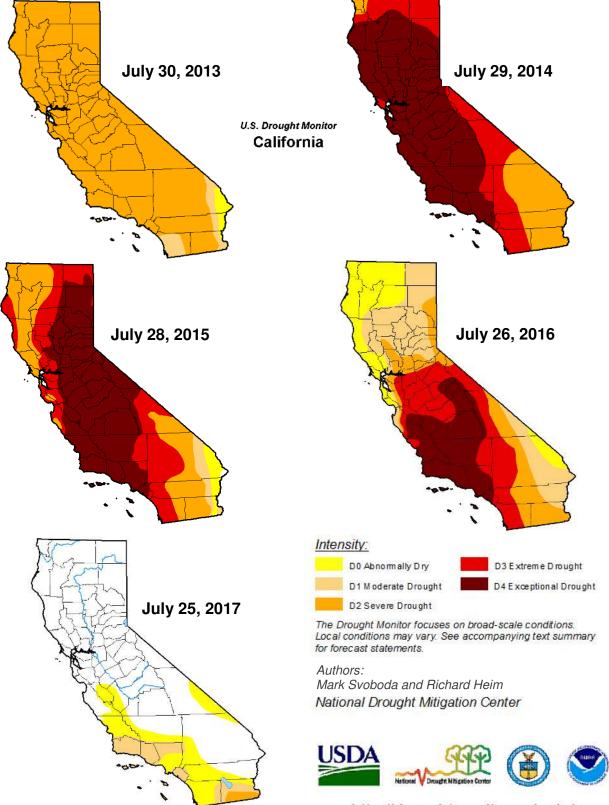
> FY 2016/17 Estimated vs. FY 2017/18

						FY 2017/18
	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2016/17	FY 2017/18	Budget
Santa Clarita Water Division	Budget	Estimated	Variance	% Variance	Budget	% Variance
Total Operating Revenues	\$28,840,800	\$ 31,520,272	\$ 2,679,472	8.5%	\$ 36,172,500	15.0%
Oneveting Evnenditures						
Operating Expenditures Source of Supply	10,936,100	11,366,434	430,334	3.8%	12,430,000	9.0%
Pumping	2,674,400	2,821,420	147.020	5.2%	3,079,100	9.0%
Water Treatment	1,178,000	1,126,416	(51,584)	-4.6%	1,229,000	9.0%
Transmission and Distribution	4,681,300	4,492,854	(188,446)	-4.2%	4,725,900	5.0%
Customer Service	1,012,800	985,688	(27,112)	-2.8%	1,026,100	4.0%
Engineering	1,002,900	895,789	(107,111)	-12.0%	1,203,800	34.0%
Administrative and General		,			3,776,400	
	3,574,400	3,494,659	(79,741)	- <u>2.3</u> %		8.0%
Total Operating Expenses	25,059,900	25,183,260	123,360	0.5%	27,470,300	9.0%
Operating Income	3,780,900	6,337,012	2,556,112	40.3%	8,702,200	37.0%
Non-Operating Revenue/(Expense)						
Other Income - Cellular Antenna Rental						
and Miscellaneous	286,000	259,967	(26,033)	-10.0%	262,000	1.0%
Rental Income - 22722 Soledad Canyon Road						
Office Building	134,400	134,394	(6)	0.0%	143,600	7.0%
Interest Earnings - SCWD Fund	236,000	282,866	46,866	16.6%	285,000	1.0%
Interest Expense - COP Series 2010 B						
(Capital Projects)	(670,588)	(670,582)	6	0.0%	(666,238)	-1.0%
Interest Expense - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A						
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)	(2,138,513)	(2,138,480)	33	0.0%	(2,077,138)	<u>-3.0%</u>
Total Non-Operating, Net	(2,152,701)	(2,131,835)	20,866	-1.0%	(2,052,776)	-4.0%
Net Income Before Debt Principal Payment	1,628,199	4,205,177	2,576,978	61.3%	6,649,424	58.0%
Principal Payment - COP Series 2010 B						
(Capital Projects)	_	_	-		(290,000)	
Principal Payment - Revenue Bond Series 2011 A					(,,	
(Retail Acquisition Repayment)	-	-	-		(2,455,000)	
Increase/(Decrease) to Fund Balance	1,628,199	4,205,177	2,576,978	61.3%	3,904,424	-7.2%
Total Revenue Requirements	\$28,840,800	\$31,520,272	\$ 2,679,472		\$ 36,172,500	15.0%
Total Nevende Hequilements	Ψ =0,0 +0,000	Ψ 51,020,272	Ψ 2,010, 1 12	<u>5.5</u> /6	Ψ 30,11 <u>2,000</u>	10.0

	FY 2017/18 Estimated			FY 2017/18 Estimated	
Santa Clarita Water Division	Beginning	FY 2017/18	FY 2017/18	Ending	
Fund Summary	Balance	Additions	Use of Funds	Balance	
Developer Refundable Deposit	\$ 3,990,386	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,990,386	
Expansion Fund	4,516,840	2,000,000	(1,555,500)	4,961,340	
CIP Fund	-	5,536,400	(5,536,400)	-	
Operating Reserve Fund	6,265,000	602,600	-	6,867,600	
Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund	2,884,080	2,541,795	-	5,425,875	
Capital Reserve Fund	1,000,000	4,000,000	-	5,000,000	
Emergency Reserve Fund	1,000,000	1,200,000	-	2,200,000	
Liability Repayment Reserve Fund	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	
Unrestricted Reserve Fund	16,210,254		(11,976,371)	4,233,883	
Total Funds Available	\$35,866,560	\$ 17,880,795	\$(19,068,271)	\$34,679,084	

California Drought Monitor

Pictured: Graphics of the same week over the past 5 consecutive years from the drought monitor of the National Drought Mitigation Center depicting California's ongoing drought.



http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

The U.S. Drought Monitor is jointly produced by the National Drought Mitigation Center at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, the United States Department of Agriculture, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Map courtesy of NDMC-UNL. Used with permission.



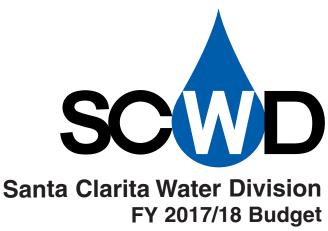
Castaic Lake Water Agency FY 2017/18 Budget

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Please visit our Facebook page: www.facebook.com/castaiclakewateragency



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